## 3.6 Metering Reconciliation.

## 3.6.1 Meter Correction Billing.

Metering errors and corrections will be reconciled at the end of each month by a meter correction charge (positive or negative). The monthly meter correction charge for tie meter corrections shall be the product of the positive or negative deviation in energy amounts, times and the load weighted average real-time Locational Marginal Price for all hours of that month for all load buses in the PJM Region. The monthly meter correction charge for generator meter corrections, including Pseudo Tie generator imports into the PJM Region, shall be the product of the positive or negative deviation in energy amounts, times and the generation weighted average Locational Marginal Price at that generator's bus for all hours of that month.

The monthly meter correction charge for Dynamic Schedule imports into the PJM Region, and non-unit specific Dynamic Schedule exports out of the PJM Region, shall be the product of the positive or negative deviation in energy amounts and the Dynamic Schedule's weighted average interface real-time Locational Marginal Price at the applicable Interface Pricing Point for all hours of that month.

The monthly meter correction charge for Pseudo Tie generator exports and unit specific Dynamic Schedule exports out of the PJM Region shall be the product of the positive or negative deviation in energy amounts and the difference between the weighted average interface real-time Locational Marginal Price at the applicable Interface Pricing Point, and the generation weighted average Locational Marginal Price at that generator's bus, for all hours of that month.

# 3.6.2 Meter Corrections Between Market Participants.

If a Market Participant or the Office of the Interconnection discovers a meter error affecting an interchange of energy with another Market Participant and makes the error known to such other Market Participant prior to the completion by the Office of the Interconnection of the accounting for the interchange, and if both Market Participants are willing to adjust hourly load records to compensate for the error and such adjustment does not affect other parties, an adjustment in load records may be made by the Market Participants in order to correct for the meter error, provided corrected information is furnished to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the Office of the Interconnection's accounting deadlines. No such adjustment may be made if the accounting for the Operating Day in which the interchange occurred has been completed by the Office of the Interconnection. If this is not practical, the error shall be accounted for by a correction at the end of the billing cycle. The Market Participants experiencing the error shall account for the full amount of the discrepancy and an appropriate debit or credit shall be applied to the Market Participants. For Market Participants that are Electric Distributors that request the debit and credit to be further allocated to all Network Service Users in their territory (as documented in the PJM Manuals), where all Load Serving Entities in the respective Electric Distributor territory agree, the appropriate debit or credit shall be applied among Network Service Users in proportion to their deliveries to load served in the applicable territory.

### 3.6.3 500 kV Meter Errors.

Billing shall be adjusted to account for errors in meters on 500 kV Transmission Facilities within the PJM Pre-Expansion Zones (excluding Allegheny Power) or between the PJM Pre-Expansion Zones (excluding Allegheny Power) and Allegheny Power. The Market Participant with the tie meter or generator meter experiencing the error shall account for the full amount of the discrepancy and an

appropriate debit or credit shall be applied among Electric Distributors that report hourly net energy flows from metered Tie Lines in the Pre-Expansion Zones (excluding Allegheny Power) in proportion to the load consumed in their territories. The error shall be accounted for by a correction at the end of the billing cycle. For Market Participants that are Electric Distributors that request the debit and credit to be further allocated to all Network Service Users in their territory (as documented in the PJM Manuals), where all Load Serving Entities in the respective Electric Distributor territory agree, the appropriate debit or credit shall be applied among Network Service Users in proportion to their deliveries to load served in the applicable territory.

### 3.6.4 Meter Corrections Between Control Areas.

An error between accounted for and metered interchange between a Party in the PJM Region and an entity in a Control Area other than the PJM Region shall be corrected by adjusting the hourly meter readings. If this is not practical, the error shall be accounted for by a correction at the end of the billing cycle. The Market Participant with ties or Dynamic Transfers with to such other Control Area experiencing the error shall account for the full amount of the discrepancy. However, if the meter correction applies to a tie on the 500 kV system between the PJM Pre-Expansion Zones (excluding Allegheny Power) and other Control Areas, Electric Distributors that report hourly net energy flows from metered Tie Lines in the Pre-Expansion Zones (excluding Allegheny Power) shall account for the full amount of the discrepancy in proportion to the load consumed in their territories. The appropriate debit or credit shall be applied among Network Service Users in proportion to their deliveries to load served in the PJM Region. The Office of the Interconnection will adjust the actual or scheduled interchange between the other Control Area and the PJM Region to maintain a proper record of inadvertent energy flow.

#### 3.6.5 Meter Correction Data.

Meter error data shall be submitted to the Office of the Interconnection not later than the last business day of the month following the end of the monthly billing cycle applicable to the meter correction.

## 3.6.6 Correction Limits.

A Market Participant may not assert a claim for an adjustment in billing as a result of a meter error for any error discovered more than two years after the date on which the metering occurred. Any claim for an adjustment in billing as a result of a meter error shall be limited to bills for transactions occurring in the most recent annual accounting period of the billing Market Participant in which the meter error occurred, and the prior annual accounting period.