

Dynamic Ratings

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Static vs Dynamic Ratings

STATIC RATINGS

Transmission lines are typically operated using a Static Rating calculated using near worst-case values for assumed weather conditions.

DYNAMIC RATINGS

The rating can be calculated in real-time if the variables in the conductor heat balance equation are known.

Wind Speed Increase 3 ft/s, 90° angle

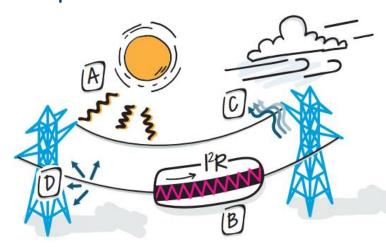


Capacity Increase + 44%

Wind cools the conductor allowing more power to safely be transmitted on the line

What are Dynamic Ratings?

Temperature of Overhead Conductors¹



Conductor temperature is determined by:

- A. Sunlight warming the conductor surface
- B. Resistive heating (I²R)
- C. Convective cooling by wind
- D. Blackbody (radiative) cooling of the conductor
- E. Heat capacity of the conductor

1. IEEE Standard 738-2012



Dynamic Rating Technologies

Generally speaking, dynamic rating deployments will involve the installation of a data collection sensor on or near an **existing** transmission line asset to collect real-time conductor temperature information.

Sensor technologies include:

- Weather Stations
- Electromagnetic Field
- Light Detection And Ranging (LiDAR)
- Vibration
- Tension
- Thermal Cameras

Dynamic Rating project installations should target:

- Congested transmission facilities where:
- The transmission conductor is the most limiting element





History of Dynamic Rating Projects at PJM

- Early 2000s: EMS enhancements made to receive telemetered ratings for a small group of transmission lines in PJM. This project lasted ~2 years, and this EMS functionality was last tested in 2015.
- 2016/ 2017: PJM, AEP, and Genscape (LineVision) conducted a DLR pilot on a 345kV transmission line AEP. The focus of this pilot was to gain understanding of:
 - Design & Installation process
 - Passive data collection
 - Estimated economic impacts in an RTO
- 2017/2018: PJM, AEP, and Lindsey conducted a DLR pilot on a 138 kV transmission line in AEP located near a large wind unit with focus on:
 - Simultaneous benefit (co-convection) between DLR and wind unit output
- 2020 and beyond: Dynamic Rating deployments on three 230 kV in the PPL transmission zone.
 - Juniata to Cumberland
 - Hardwood to Susquehanna 1 & 2

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Stakeholder Communication Timeline

PJM Stakeholder Presentations:

- Emerging Technologies Forum (ETF)
 - DLR Primer (8/27/2020)
 - Review of PJM's DLR impacts (11/13/2020)
 - Modeling DLR in Market Efficiency (1/11/2021)
- Transmission Expansion Advisory Committee (TEAC)
 - Modeling DLR in Market Efficiency (12/23/2020)
- Operating committee
 - OC Special Session on Dynamic Rating Education (3/20/2021)
 - https://pjm.com/-/Dynamic Rating Impacts
 - https://pjm.com/-/Dynamic Rating Market Efficiency
 - https://pjm.com/-/Emergent Technologies Modeling Overview
 - https://pjm.com/-/Dynamic Line Ratings



PJM has identified that the following manuals may require guidance language on Dynamic Line Ratings:

- Manual 01, Section 3: Member Control Center Requirements
- Manual 03, Section 2: Thermal Operating Guidelines
- Manual 03A, Appendix A: TERM Equipment Ratings Update Process



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