

## Preview of Conforming Tariff Changes

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## Tariff Attachment DD Section 5.10 (a)(iii)

 Add review of ELCC transition mechanism to a quadrennial review (no later than 2026). Intra-PJM Tariffs --> OPEN ACCESS TRANSMISSION TARIFF --> OATT VI. ADMINISTRATION AND STUDY OF NEW SERVICE REQUESTS; R -> OATT ATTACHMENT DD --> OATT ATTACHMENT DD -> OATT ATTACHMENT DD.5.10 Auction Clearing Requirements

LDA, and such Variable Resource Requirement Curve on its internet site no later than the March 31 last preceding the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year. The same process as set forth in subsection (a)(i) shall be used to establish the Variable Resource Requirement Curve for any such LDA, except that the Locational Deliverability Area Reliability Requirement for such LDA shall be substituted for the PJM Region Reliability Requirement and, for Delivery Years through May 31, 2018, the LDA Short-Term Resource Procurement Target shall be substituted for the PJM Region Short-Term Resource Procurement Target. For purposes of calculating the Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit under this section, all generation resources located in the PJM Region that are, or that qualify to become, Capacity Resources, shall be modeled at their full capacity rating, regardless of the amount of capacity cleared from such resource for the immediately preceding Delivery Year.

For each such LDA, for the 2018/2019 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the Office of the Interconnection shall (a) determine the Net Cost of New Entry for each Zone in such LDA, with such Net Cost of New Entry equal to the applicable Cost of New Entry value for such Zone minus the Net Energy and Ancillary Services Revenue Offset value for such Zone, and (b) compute the average of the Net Cost of New Entry values of all such Zones to determine the Net Cost of New Entry for such LDA. The Net Cost of New Entry for use in an LDA in any Incremental Auction for the 2015/2016, 2016/2017, and 2017/2018 Delivery Years shall be the Net Cost of New Entry used for such LDA in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year.

Procedure for ongoing review of Variable Resource Requirement Curve shape.

Beginning with the Delivery Year that commences June 1, 2018, and continuing no later than for every fourth Delivery Year thereafter the Office of the Interconnection shall perform a review of the shape of the Variable Resource Requirement Curve, as established by the requirements of the common subsection. Such analysis shall be based on simulation of market conditions to quantify the abinty of the management of the results of such review, PJM shall prepare a recommendation to either midify or retain the existing Variable Resource Requirement Curve shape. The Office of the Interconnection shall post the recommendation and shall review the recommendation through the takeholder process to solicit stakeholder input. If a modification of the Variable resource Requirement Curve shape is recommended, the following process shall be followed.

If the Office of the Interconnection determines that the Variable Resource Requirement Curve shape should be modified, Staff of the Office of the Interconnection shall propose a party Variable.

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## Tariff Attachment DD Section 5.6.1(h)

 Add "not to exceed Accredited UCAP" or similar language. Intra-PJM Tariffs → OPEN ACCESS TRANSMISSION TARIFF → OATT VI. ADMINISTRATION AND STUDY OF NEW SERVICE REQUESTS; R → OATT ATTACHMENT DD → OATT ATTACHMENT DD.5.6 CAPACITY RESOURCE COMMITMENT → OATT ATTACHMENT DD.5.6 SAI

- e) For Delivery Years through May 31, 2018, a Demand Resource with the potential to qualify as two or more of a Limited Demand Resource, Extended Summer Demand Resource or Annual Demand Resource may submit separate but coupled Sell Offers for each Demand Resource type for which it qualifies at different prices and the auction clearing algorithm will select the Sell Offer that yields the least-cost solution. For such coupled Demand Resource offers, the offer price of an Annual Demand Resource offer must be at least \$.01 per MW-day greater than the offer price of a coupled Extended Summer Demand Resource offer and the offer price of a Extended Summer Demand Resource offer must be at least \$.01 per MW-day greater than the offer price of a coupled Limited Demand Resource offer.
- f) For a Qualifying Transmission Upgrade, the Sell Offer shall identify such upgrade, and the Office of the Interconnection shall determine and certify the increase in CETL provided by such upgrade. The Capacity Market Seller may offer the upgrade with an associated increase in CETL to an LDA in accordance with such certification, including an offer price that will be accepted by the Capacity Market Seller, stated in dollars and cents per megawatt-day as a price difference between a Capacity Resource located outside such an LDA and a Capacity Resource located inside such LDA; and the increase in CETL into such LDA to be provided by such Qualifying Transmission Upgrade, as certified by the Office of the Interconnection.
- g) For the 2018/2019 and 2019/2020 Delivery Years, each Capacity Market Seller owning or controlling a resource that qualifies as both a Base Capacity Resource and a Capacity Performance Resource may submit separate but coupled Sell Offers for such resource as a Base Capacity Resource and as a Capacity Performance Resource, at different prices, and the auction clearing algorithm will select the Sell Offer that yields the least-cost solution. Submission of a coupled Base Capacity Resource Sell Offer shall be mandatory for any Capacity Performance Resource Sell Offer that exceeds a Sell Offer Price equal to the applicable Net Cost of New Entry times the Balancing Ratio as provided for in section 6.4. For such coupled Sell Offers, the offer price of a Capacity Performance Resource offer must be at least \$.01 per MW-day greater than the offer price of a coupled Base Capacity Resource offer.
- (h) For the 2018/2019 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls one or more Capacity Storage Resources, Intermittent Resources, Demand Resources, or Energy Efficiency Resources may submit a Sell Offer as a Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with their average expected output ods Alternatively, for the 2018/2019 Delivery Year and sub-Delivery Years, a Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls one or more Capacity Storage Resources, Intermittent Resources, Demand Resources, Energy Efficiency Resources, or Environmentally-Limited Resources may submit a Sell Offer which represents the aggregated Unforced Capacity value of such resources, where such Sell Offer shall be considered to be located in the smallest modeled LDA common to the aggregated resources. Such aggregated resources shall be owned by or under contract to the Capacity Market Seller, including all such resources obtained through bilateral contract and reported to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the Office of the Interconnection's rules related to its eRPM tools. For the 2018/2019 and 2019/2020 Delivery Years, any such offer may be submitted as Capacity Performance Resource, Base Capacity Resource, or as a coupled offer for Capacity Performance Resource and Base Capacity Resource, provided that, for any such coupled Sell Offers, the offer



## MOPR filing: Tariff Attachment DD Section 5.14.(h-1)(2)(A)

 Potential conforming changes to clarify role of ELCC Accredited UCAP values in calculating default MOPR prices. 2022/2023 Delivery Year, net of estimated net energy and ancillary service revenues for the resource type and Zone in which the resource is located.

| Resource Type          | Gross Cost of New Entry<br>(2022/2023 \$/ MW-day)<br>(Nameplate) |
|------------------------|--|
| Nuclear                | \$2,000  |
| Coal                   | \$1,068  |
| Combined Cycle         | \$320  |
| Combustion Turbine     | \$294  |
| Fixed Solar PV         | \$271  |
| Tracking Solar PV      | \$290  |
| Onshore Wind           | \$420  |
| Offshore Wind          | \$1,155  |
| Battery Energy Storage | \$532  |
| Generation Backed      | \$254  |
| Demand Resource        |  |

The gross cost of new entry values in the table above are expressed in dollars per MW-day in terms of nameplate megawatts. For purposes of submitting a Sell Offer, the gross cost of new entry values must be converted to a net cost of new entry by subtracting the estimated net energy and ancillary service revenues, as determined below, from the gross cost of new entry. However, the resultant net cost of new entry of the battery energy storage resource type in the table above must be multiplied by 2.5. The net cost of new entry based on nameplate capacity is then converted to Unforced Capacity ("UCAP") MW-day. To determine the applicable UCAP MW-day value, the net cost of new entry is adjusted as follows: for thermal generation resource types and battery energy storage resource types, the applicable class average EFORd; for wind and solar generation resource types, the applicable class average capacity value factor; or for Demand Resources and Energy Efficiency Resources, the Forceast Pool Requirement, as applicable to the relevant RPM Auction. The resulting default New Entry MOPR Floor Offer price in UCAP/MW-day terms shall be applied to each MW offered for the Capacity Resource regardless of the actual Sell Offer quantity and regardless of whether the Sell Offer is for a Seasonal Capacity Performance Resource.

The default New Entry MODE Floor Offer Drice for load backed Demand Recourses (i.e. the

PDF page 158: <a href="https://pjm.com/directory/etariff/FercDockets/4571/20200601-er18-1314-006.pdf">https://pjm.com/directory/etariff/FercDockets/4571/20200601-er18-1314-006.pdf</a>

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