Balancing Congestion Conference Call

February 6, 2013

Agenda

- Introduction / Background
- II. Proposal: 3 Components

Component #1:

Part 1: remove net Market-to-Market (M2M) payments under the MISO/PJM Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) from the balancing congestion account and allocate to BOR for deviations account.

Part 2: request that PJM and the IMM separate M2M balancing congestion costs for MISO facilities from M2M balancing costs for PJM facilities.

- Component #2: Options/timeframes for addressing remaining FTR underfunding;
- Component #3: Request to PJM and the IMM to provide data assessing the impact of Up To Congestion (UTC) transactions on balancing congestion and FTR revenue adequacy.

III. Discussion

FTR Underfunding/Balancing Congestion - Introduction

- I. <u>Introduction / Background</u>:
- Current FTR revenue adequacy: < 75% for June 2011-December 2012.
- Two main drivers of FTR revenue inadequacy are increases in:
 - 1. M2M payments paid under the MISO/PJM JOA;
 - Negative balancing congestion on M2M-related facilities (consists of both PJM & MISO facilities on which PJM sells FTRs).
- Both 1 and 2 are a piece of the balancing congestion component of the FTR funding pool.

FTR Underfunding/Balancing Congestion - Introduction

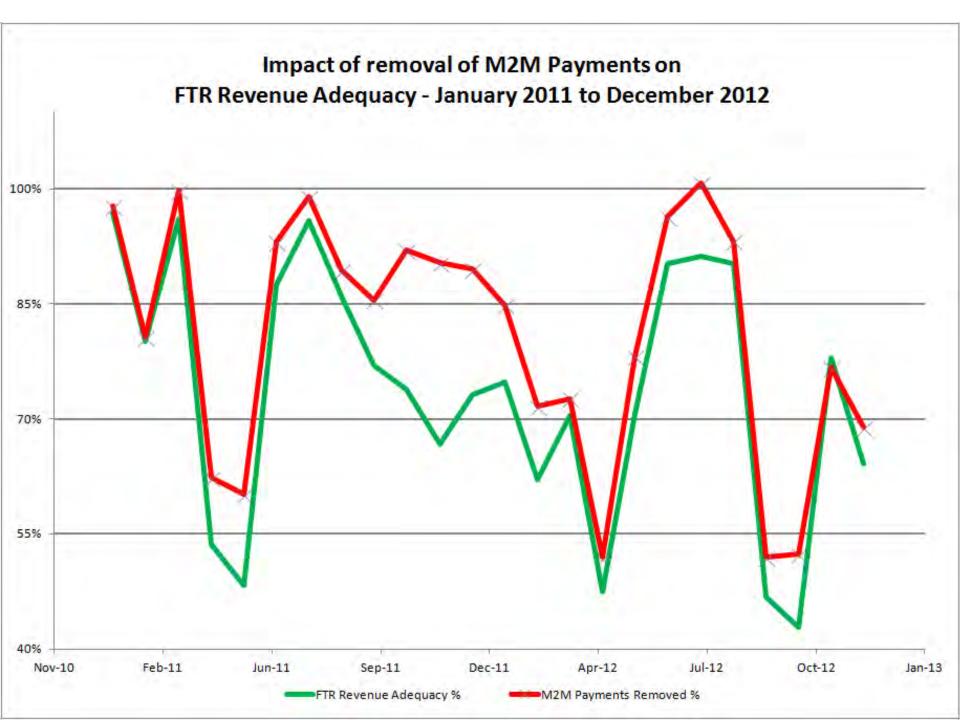
I. <u>Introduction / Background</u>: (continued)

Current FTR Funding equation:

- FTR Auction Revenues + Day-Ahead Congestion + Balancing Congestion.
- FTR revenue inadequacy is currently allocated pro-rata to prevailing flow FTRs based on FTR target allocations.

II. Component #1, Part 1:

- 1. Remove 100% of M2M payments paid under the MISO/PJM JOA from the balancing congestion account and allocate M2M payments to the BOR for deviations account.
 - Effective 6/1/13 for the 13/14 Planning Year (PY).
 - M2M payments: \$46 MM in 2012; \$79.6 MM for 11/12 PY.
 - Negative balancing congestion, excluding M2M payments, was \$251 MM in 2012 and \$254.8 MM in the 11/12 PY.
 - If the unit that relieves PJM's overuse of a binding flow-gate in MISO is located in PJM, the cost of the unit is assigned to BOR. However, if the unit that relieves PJM's overuse of a binding flow-gate in MISO is located in MISO, the cost of the unit is assigned to FTR holders.
 - Removal of M2M payments would improve FTR funding.



- II. Component #1, Part 2:
- 2. A major component of FTR Underfunding is negative balancing congestion on M2M Flowgate facilities.
 - M2M flow-gate facilities consists of both PJM and MISO facilities on which PJM directly or indirectly sells FTRs.
 - Request: PJM & IMM jointly work to isolate the \$ quantity of M2M balancing congestion as to PJM facilities and MISO facilities, respectively. Request detailed information to be provided by April 15 (48 bus. days from today; 32 days from February 28 MRC/MC).
 - Once split of M2M balancing congestion between PJM and MISO facilities is completed, will evaluate options to allocate MISO-related M2M balancing congestion. Consistent with 12/20/12 MRC vote, will not alter status quo allocation of balancing congestion on PJM M2M facilities.

- II. Component #2 Addressing Remaining FTR Underfunding
- After removal of M2M payments from balancing congestion, several options for addressing remaining FTR underfunding exist:
 - Retain Status quo: allocate FTR revenue inadequacy pro-rata to positive flow FTRs based on FTR target allocations;
 - Retain the basic underfunding formula but allocate FTR revenue inadequacy pro-rata based on the positive difference between the target allocation and total congestion of each FTR;
 - 3. Retain the basic underfunding formula but include counter flow FTRs in the allocation, as discussed in the IMM's 1/28/31 MC Webinar presentation.
- Timeframe: once the requests for information are completed, will propose a method for addressing remaining FTR underfunding.

- II. Component #3 Request for information from PJM/IMM
- 3. Request: that PJM and the IMM jointly provide data assessing the impact UTC transactions have on balancing congestion and FTR underfunding.
 - Detailed information to be provided by April 15.
 - Once report and analysis is provided, will evaluate allocation of balancing congestion related to UTC activity, if appropriate.
- Growth in UTCs has been significant in past several years, from 57.9 MM MWh (09/10 PY) to 258.6 million MWh (11/12 PY).
- At the same time, FTR revenue adequacy has been noticeably deteriorated (please see next slide for comparison of UTC growth and FTR rev. adequacy).

