Operations Report

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Member Committee Webinar
July 24, 2017
Load Forecasting Error (Achieved 80% of the Time)

- **Forecast Error (Absolute %)**
  - **On-Peak**
  - **Off-Peak**
  - **Average**
  - **3% Line**

### 2016
- **Jun**: 2.96, 2.20, 3.79
- **Jul**: 2.18, 1.88, 1.98
- **Aug**: 1.35, 1.28, 1.25
- **Sep**: 1.28, 1.63
- **Oct**: 1.69
- **Nov**: 1.69
- **Dec**: 1.69
- **Jan**: 1.69
- **Feb**: 1.69
- **Mar**: 1.69
- **Apr**: 2.14
- **May**: 1.50
- **Jun**: 2.14

### 2017
- **Jun**: 2.20, 2.25
Average RTO load forecast error performance for June was 2.20%, within the goal of 3%.
### Peak Load Average Forecast Error by Zone

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>RTO</th>
<th>MIDATL</th>
<th>AP</th>
<th>CE</th>
<th>AEP</th>
<th>DAY</th>
<th>DUQ</th>
<th>DOM</th>
<th>ATSI</th>
<th>DEOK</th>
<th>EKPC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015 Q1</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015 Q2</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015 Q3</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
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<td>2.5%</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015 Q4</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>4.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016 Q1</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>1.8%</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
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<td>3.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PJM's BAAL performance has exceeded the goal of 99% for each month in 2017.
Two spinning events in the month of June
Five reserve sharing events with NPCC
The following Emergency Procedures occurred in June:
- 33 Post-Contingency Local Load Relief Warnings (PCLLRW)
- 2 High System Voltages
- 9 Minimum Generation Alerts
- 4 Hot weather Alerts
The 13-month average forced outage rate is 4.21% or 7,901 MW. The 13-month average total outage rate is 14.44% or 29,208 MW.
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2017 Planned Emergency & Unplanned Transmission Outage Summary

Note: “Unplanned Outages” include tripped facilities. One tripping event may involve multiple facilities.
### Spin Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Start Time</th>
<th>End Time</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Tier 1 Estimate (MW)</th>
<th>Tier 1 Response (MW)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>06/08/2017</td>
<td>15:29</td>
<td>15:39</td>
<td>00:10</td>
<td>RTO</td>
<td>974.4</td>
<td>726.7</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>06/20/2017</td>
<td>17:38</td>
<td>17:47</td>
<td>00:09</td>
<td>RTO</td>
<td>1085.8</td>
<td>759.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Start Time</th>
<th>End Time</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Tier 2 Assigned (MW)</th>
<th>Tier 2 Response (MW)</th>
<th>Tier 2 Penalty (MW)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>06/08/2017</td>
<td>15:29</td>
<td>15:39</td>
<td>00:10</td>
<td>RTO</td>
<td>575.7</td>
<td>522.4</td>
<td>53.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>06/20/2017</td>
<td>17:38</td>
<td>17:47</td>
<td>00:09</td>
<td>RTO</td>
<td>480.4</td>
<td>480.4</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CT LOC $ Estimated Savings

Monthly CT LOC $ Savings ($ in Millions)

Cumulative CT LOC Savings ($ in Millions)

CT LOC $
Cumulative CT LOC Savings

[Graph showing monthly and cumulative savings from 1/1/2016 to 6/1/2017]
Perfect Dispatch Estimated Production Cost Savings Through June 2017

- **Monthly Production Cost Savings**
- **Cumulative Production Cost Savings**

**Month/Year**

- **2008**
- **2009**
- **2010**
- **2011**
- **2012**
- **2013**
- **2014**
- **2015**
- **2016**
- **2017**

**Cumulative Production Cost Savings ($ in Millions)**

- $0
- $4
- $8
- $12
- $16
- $20
- $24
- $28
- $32

**Monthly Production Cost Savings ($ in Millions)**

- $0
- $4
- $8
- $12
- $16
- $20
- $24
- $28
- $32
The year-to-date Perfect Dispatch performance score through June 2017 is 79.38%.

The estimated cumulative production cost savings through June 2017 is over $1.3 billion with over $61 million in savings in 2017.
### DASR Related to Hot Weather Events

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Hot Weather Events</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Avg Hourly Additional DASR MW</th>
<th>Avg DASR Clearing Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>5740</td>
<td>$3.47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Goal Measurement: Balancing Authority ACE Limit (BAAL)

- The purpose of the new BAAL standard is to maintain interconnection frequency within a predefined frequency profile under all conditions (normal and abnormal), to prevent frequency-related instability, unplanned tripping of load or generation, or uncontrolled separation or cascading outages that adversely impact the reliability of the interconnection. NERC requires each balancing authority demonstrate real-time monitoring of ACE and interconnection frequency against associated limits and shall balance its resources and demands in real time so that its ACE does not exceed the BAAL (BAALLOW or BAALHIGH) for a continuous time period greater than 30 minutes for each event.

- PJM directly measures the total number of BAAL excursions in minutes compared to the total number of minutes within a month. PJM has set a target value for this performance goal at 99% on a daily and monthly basis. In addition, current NERC rules limit the recovery period to no more than 30 minutes for a single event.
Perfect Dispatch refers to the hypothetical least production cost commitment and Dispatch, achievable only if all system conditions (load forecast, unit availability / performance, interchange, transmission outages, etc.) were known and controllable in advance. While being hypothetical and not achievable in reality, this is useful as a baseline for performance measurement.

The Perfect Dispatch performance goal is designed to measure how well PJM commits combustion turbines (CTs) in real time operations compared to a calculated optimal CT commitment profile.

The Perfect Dispatch performance measure is calculated as $100\% \times \left( \frac{\text{The accumulative year-to-date optimal CT production cost in Perfect Dispatch}}{\text{The accumulative year-to-date actual real-time CT production cost}} \right)$.

The Perfect Dispatch performance goal was removed as a goal beginning in 2015. Currently Perfect Dispatch does not have a performance goal, but the metric will continue to be tracked.

The cumulative Estimated Production Cost Savings helps to demonstrate the savings that result from PJM's process changes since the inception of the Perfect Dispatch analysis in 2008. This estimate is determined by comparing the Perfect Dispatch performance for all resources to benchmarks set at the beginning of the Perfect Dispatch analysis. A benchmark of 98.18% is used for comparison of the 2017 metric which is 99.27% through the end of June.