Markets Report

MC Webinar
June 20, 2023
Executive Summary

- PJM Wholesale Cost in 2023 is $50.72/MWh, down from full-year 2022 costs of $102.56/MWh. (Slides 5 & 6)
- Slides pertaining to weather conditions, in addition to slides showing average fuel prices, generation on-line fuel mixes, and System Marginal Prices have been combined into a Market Conditions section. (Slides 8-22)
- In May, temperatures were mild for most of the month. Thus, the sum of Heating and Cooling Degree Days was below its historic average. (Slides 8-10)
- Energy use was also below its historic average for May. (Slides 8-10)
- In May, uplift exceeded $800,000 on one day. (Slides 25 & 26)
Executive Summary

- Load-weighted average LMP for 2023 is $29.75/MWh: (Slides 34-36)
  - May 2023 was $28.40/MWh, which is much lower than May 2022 ($83.20/MWh) but in-line with May 2021 ($29.40/MWh).

- There were 35 5-minute intervals that experienced shortage pricing in May. (Slide 33, Report Appendix)

- FTR revenue adequacy for the month of May is 100% and the 2022-2023 Planning Year is currently funded at 100%. (Slides 51-54)

- Congestion values have been trending lower in 2023 as compared to 2022. (Slide 52)

- Regulation and Synchronized Reserve market costs have generally tracked with energy prices over time. (Slides 68-70)
Markets Report
Market Conditions
The weather parameter shown in the following slide is a monthly sum of daily Heating Degree Days (HDD) and Cooling Degree Days (CDD).

Degree days represent a deviation from a baseline temperature, in this case 60 degrees for HDD and 65 degrees for CDD. As temperatures get more extreme, colder or hotter, either HDDs or CDDs, respectively, will increase.

Typically, winter months will only record HDDs, while summer months will only record CDDs. Shoulder months may have both HDDs and CDDs.

Degree Days are calculated using a daily load weighting that weights values from stations in each TO zone according to the zonal contribution to the RTO peak on that day.

Average values use data from 1998 to the most recent complete year, in this case, 2020. Averages include load data for all of TO zones in the current RTO footprint.
Historic Average Weather and Energy versus Current Month

- **Current Month Total Energy**
- **Current Month HDD+CDD**
- **Average Monthly Total Energy**
- **Average Monthly HDD + CDD**

The chart shows the comparison between historic average weather and energy for each month from May 22 to May 23, with a focus on Total Wh (TWh) and Heating Degree Days + Cooling Degree Days.
Historic Average Weather and Energy versus Current Month - Daily

- **Daily Energy as a Percent of the Historic Average for May**
- **Daily HDD + CDD as a Percent of the Historic Average for May**
- **Daily Temperature as a Percent of the Historic Average for May**
Positive values represent days when the DA daily average price was higher than RT. Negative values represent days when the DA price was lower.
Load Forecast Error - Monthly Absolute Error, 10:00 Forecast

- All Hours
- Peak Hours Only
- Winter
- Summer
- 25-month Average
- 25-month Average
Load Forecast Error - May Daily Peaks, 10:00 Forecast
PJM prepares a day-ahead load forecast at 10:00 am for use by our members.

This forecast is not used to clear the day-ahead market and is not utilized for the reliability tools that run subsequent to the day-ahead market.

- On May 13, peak load was over-forecasted because clouds took longer to depart the Mid-Atlantic Region and it did not get as warm as expected.
- On May 19, the peak load was under-forecasted due to weather forecast error as a cold front was slower resulting in warmer temperatures than forecast in the Western Region.
- On May 20, peak load was under-forecasted due to model error as lighting load was higher due to extensive cloud cover in the Mid-Atlantic and Southern Regions.
- On May 23, peak load was over-forecasted as load did not come in as high as expected with the warm temperatures in the Western Region.
Monthly Generation by Fuel

'Mother' includes Hydro, Oil, Solar, Wind, and Other
'Other' includes Flywheels, Multiple Fuels, Storage, and Other Renewables
Daily Generation by Fuel - May

'Mother' includes Hydro, Oil, Solar, Wind, and Other
'Other' includes Flywheels, Multiple Fuels, Storage, and Other Renewables.
Operating Reserve
(Uplift)
Zonal Uplift - May

- Day-Ahead Operating Reserve
- Balancing Operating Reserve
- Reactive
- Blackstart
- Lost Opportunity Cost

$ Millions

- AECO
- AEP
- APS
- ATSI
- BGE
- COMED
- DAY
- DEOK
- DOM
- DPL
- EKPC
- JCPL
- METED
- PECO
- PENELCO
- PEPCO
- PPL
- PSEG
Daily Uplift - May

$ Millions

- Day-Ahead Operating Reserve
- Balancing Operating Reserve
- Reactive
- Blackstart
- Lost Opportunity Cost

• In May, uplift exceeded $800,000 on 1 day – May 9th.

• Contributing factors to uplift were:
  • Reliability needs required additional steam to support the north to south flows.

• More information on Uplift can be found on the PJM website at Drivers of Uplift
Uplift as a Percent of Energy Costs
Percent of Total CT, CC and Steam Hours with LMP < Offer
• Beginning in December 2008, the daily Balancing Operating Reserves (BOR) rate was replaced with six different BOR rates: RTO BOR for Reliability Rate, RTO BOR for Deviations Rate, East BOR for Reliability Rate, East BOR for Deviations Rate, West BOR for Reliability Rate, West BOR for Deviations Rate.

• Reliability rates are charged to all real-time load and exports, whereas deviation rates, as before, are charged only to real-time deviations. RTO rates are charged to the whole footprint, whereas East and West rate adders are charged based on location.
Reliability Balancing Operating Reserve Rates

$/MWh

MAY21  JUL21  OCT21  JAN22  MAY22  JUL22  OCT22  JAN23  MAY23

RTO
East
West
Deviations Balancing Operating Reserve Rates

$\text{$/MWh}$

- **RTO**
- **East**
- **West**

**Graph Timeline**:
- MAY21
- JUL21
- OCT21
- JAN22
- MAY22
- JUL22
- OCT22
- JAN23
- MAY23
Energy Market

LMP Summary
Information on constraints and shadow prices can be found here.
Monthly Load-Weighted Average Real-time LMP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Price ($/MWh)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MAY21</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JUN21</td>
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<tr>
<td>JUL21</td>
<td>37</td>
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<td>NOV21</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEC21</td>
<td>39</td>
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<td>JAN22</td>
<td>69</td>
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<tr>
<td>FEB22</td>
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<tr>
<td>APR23</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAY23</td>
<td>28</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Daily Load-Weighted Average DA & RT LMP

- Load-Weighted DA LMP
- Load-Weighted RT LMP

($/MWh)

01 May 23 to 31 May 23

Graph showing the daily load-weighted average Day-Ahead (DA) and Real-Time (RT) LMP prices.
Fuel Cost Adjusted LMP (Referenced to 1999 Fuel Prices)
LMP Price Posting Suspensions and Reruns

Percentage of Intervals Price Posting Suspended
Percentage of Intervals Rerun prior to Final LMP Posting

Percentage of 5-Minute Intervals

MAY21 | JUN21 | JUL21 | AUG21 | SEP21 | OCT21 | NOV21 | DEC21 | JAN22 | FEB22 | MAR22 | APR22 | MAY22 | JUN22 | JUL22 | AUG22 | SEP22 | OCT22 | NOV22 | DEC22 | JAN23 | FEB23 | MAR23 | APR23 | MAY23
Energy Market

Demand Response Summary
Economic Demand Response Activity

*Data for the last few months are subject to significant change due to the settlement window.
Total Registered MW in PJM's Economic Demand Response
Energy Market

Virtual Activity Summary
The following six charts depict trends in submitted and cleared virtual and up-to-congestion transactions, in terms of number and volume, into the PJM Energy Market. The first two of these charts show the submitted and cleared increment and decrement bids (virtual transactions or virtuals) and they are the same as what was previously being presented in this report. The two charts after them display the trends in submitted and cleared up-to-congestion transactions into the PJM Energy Market. The last two of these six charts combine the virtual and up-to-congestion transactions and show the sum of these two categories.

To clarify what a bid or transaction is, please consider the following example: An offer (increment, decrement or up-to-congestion) of 10 MW, valid for eight hours for a given day, is captured in the charts as eight submitted bids/transactions and 80 submitted MWh. If this offer fully clears for three of the hours it was submitted for, it shows in the charts as three cleared bids/transactions and 30 cleared MWh.
Virtual Bids (INCs & DECs) - Total Number

Number of Bids (Millions)
Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Number

Number of Transactions (Millions)

Submitted Transactions
Cleared Transactions

MAY21 | JUN21 | JUL21 | AUG21 | SEP21 | OCT21 | NOV21 | DEC21 | JAN22 | FEB22 | MAR22 | APR22 | MAY22 | JUN22 | JUL22 | AUG22 | SEP22 | OCT22 | NOV22 | DEC22 | JAN23 | FEB23 | MAR23 | APR23 | MAY23
INCs, DECs and Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Number
INCs, DECs and Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Volume

- Submitted MWh
- Cleared MWh
Energy Market

Congestion and FTR Summary
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Surplus / Underfunding</th>
<th>Payout Ratio</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>May 2023</td>
<td>$9,122,588</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2023</td>
<td>$99,761,584</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2022/2023</td>
<td>$233,306,274</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
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</table>
Monthly FTR Payout Ratio

MAY21 JUN21 JUL21 AUG21 SEP21 OCT21 NOV21 DEC21 JAN22 FEB22 MAR22 APR22 MAY22 JUN22 JUL22 AUG22 SEP22 OCT22 NOV22 DEC22 JAN23 FEB23 MAR23 APR23 MAY23
The ten most heavily congested facilities account for 98% of total congestion for May.
Ten Most Heavily Congested Transmission Facilities - Overall, 2023

The ten most heavily congested facilities account for 61% of total congestion for 2023.
Balancing Congestion Charge Revenues (BLI 2215)
Energy Market

Interchange/Seams Summary
Monthly Average MISO Interface Pricing

$/MW/h

PJM MISO Price (RT)
MISO PJM Price (RT)
PJM MISO Price (DA)
MISO PJM Price (DA)

MAY21 JUL21 OCT21 JAN22 MAY22 JUL22 OCT22 JAN23 MAY23
Monthly Average NYISO Interface Pricing

- PJM NYISO Price (RT)
- NYISO PJM Price (RT)
- PJM NYISO Price (DA)
- NYISO PJM Price (DA)
Hourly Difference Between PJM and MISO Real-Time Prices

Positive values represent hours when the PJM price was higher. Negative values represent hours when the PJM price was lower.

Average price difference for May = $-1.64
Percent of hours in which the direction of flow is consistent with price differentials = 59.81%
Hourly Difference Between PJM and MISO Day-Ahead Prices

Positive values represent hours when the PJM price was higher. Negative values represent hours when the PJM price was lower.
Hourly Difference Between PJM and NYISO Real-Time Prices

Positive values represent hours when the PJM price was higher. Negative values represent hours when the PJM price was lower.

Average price difference for May = $0.47
Percent of hours in which the direction of flow is consistent with price differentials = 61.56%
Hourly Difference Between PJM and NYISO Day-Ahead Prices

Positive values represent hours when the PJM price was higher. Negative values represent hours when the PJM price was lower.

Average price difference for May = $0.86
PJM-MISO Market-to-Market Coordination Settlement

Negative M2M Credit represents PJM payment to MISO
Negative M2M Credit represents PJM payment to NYISO.
Ancillary Service Market

Summary
Synchronized Reserve and Synchronous Condenser Costs

![Bar Chart]

- **Synchronized Reserve Market Payments**
- **Synchronous Condenser Payments**

$ Millions

- MAY21
- JUN21
- JUL21
- AUG21
- SEP21
- OCT21
- NOV21
- DEC21
- JAN22
- FEB22
- MAR22
- APR22
- MAY22
- JUN22
- JUL22
- AUG22
- SEP22
- OCT22
- NOV22
- DEC22
- JAN23
- FEB23
- MAR23
- APR23
- MAY23
Load-Adjusted Synchronized Reserve and Synchronous Condenser Costs
DR Participation in PJM Regulation Markets

- Total Payments ($ Millions)
- MWh Cleared (MWh)

Chart showing payments and MWh cleared from May 2021 to May 2023.
DR Participation in PJM Synchronized Reserve Markets

- **Total Payments ($ Millions)**
- **MWh Cleared (MWh)**

**$ Millions**

- $3.0
- $2.5
- $2.0
- $1.5
- $1.0
- $0.5
- $0.0

**MWh**

- 300,000
- 250,000
- 200,000
- 150,000
- 100,000
- 50,000
- 0
Synchronized Reserve Market Daily Prices and Charges

- Total Daily Synchronized Reserve Charges ($ Millions)
  - Minimum Interval Price ($/MWh)
  - Average Interval Price ($/MWh)
  - Maximum Interval Price ($/MWh)

Price and charges data for May 2023.
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