Energy Storage (Order 841) Education

December 6, 2019
1. Update on 841 filing status
2. Overview
3. Rule/manual changes
4. Opt-in process/timeline
5. Markets Gateway changes
7. Participating in Ancillary Services
8. Settlements
“In this order, we accept PJM’s proposed revisions, to become effective December 3, 2019, subject to a further compliance filing, to become effective on a date to be established by PJM, as discussed below. We also institute an investigation pursuant to section 206 of the Federal Power Act (FPA) and establish paper hearing procedures regarding the justness and reasonableness of PJM’s minimum run-time rules and procedures.” - Issued October 17, 2019

New filing by December 16, 2019 in existing docket ER19-469:
1. Add additional definitions and items into the Tariff.
2. Add to the Model to account for additional parameters.
   – FERC allowing PJM to propose a later effective date in order to achieve full compliance with the Final Rule.

New filing by Dec 12, 2019 in new docket EL19-100 (including paper hearing):
3. Add provisions reflecting “minimum run-time” rules and procedures applicable to all resources into the Tariff.
4. Brief on “minimum run-time” rules as applied to Capacity Storage Resources (10 hour rule).

*“Minimum run-time” in Order 841 refers to the continuous output capability requirement in the Capacity market. This usage is not related to the PJM Tariff Term “Minimum Run Time”.*
Directive 1: Items to add to the Tariff

A. Add Minimum and Maximum Charge Limit; Minimum and Maximum Discharge Limit; and Charge and Discharge Ramp Rate bidding parameters into Tariff language.

B. Add descriptions of three modes (continuous, charge, discharge) into Tariff language.

C. Add which services constitute “dispatched to provide a service” in Dispatched Charging Energy definition into Tariff language.

D. Add a general description and references for metering and accounting practices into Tariff language.

E. Add provisions ensuring the separation and proper accounting of wholesale and retail uses into Tariff language.

F. Add statement that PJM will not charge a distribution-connected Energy Storage Resource for charging energy if the distribution utility is unwilling or unable to net out any energy purchases associated with the Energy Storage Resource’s wholesale charging activities from the host customer’s retail bill into Tariff language.
G. Enhance the participation model to more appropriately account for an ESR’s State of Charge, Maximum State of Charge, and Minimum State of Charge through bidding parameters or other means in both PJM’s day-ahead and real-time market dispatch.
Conceptual Timeline for Energy Storage under Order 841

Initial Proposed PJM ESR Participation Model

Go Live Dec 3

More Definitions & Detail in Tariff Dec 16

Continuous Output Requirement for RPM in Tariff

“Account for State of Charge” enhancement in PJM ESR Participation Model

ER19-469

EL19-100

ER19-469
Energy Storage Overview
841 Requirements

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>1.</strong> Can sell* energy, <strong>Capacity</strong>, and A/S (incl. Black Start etc.) the resource is technically capable of providing</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>2.</strong> Dispatched and sets price as seller and buyer</td>
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<td><strong>3.</strong> Bid parameters that account for ESR characteristics</td>
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<td><strong>4.</strong> Min market threshold is 100 kW</td>
<td>✓ = already in compliance</td>
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<td><strong>5.</strong> Stored MWh are billed at LMP as wholesale</td>
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* “Eligible to provide…”
Electric Storage Resource Definition

- Electric Storage Resource (ESR) = “a resource capable of receiving electric energy from the grid and storing it for later injection of electric energy back to the grid.”
- Connected at: transmission, distribution, or behind a customer meter.
  - PJM has ESR at both T and D today, none behind a meter that inject.
- Excludes demand response.
- Includes pumped hydro

Over 5,300 MW of Electric Storage Resources currently in PJM

- Pumped Hydro 96%
- Other Storage 4%

** Data taken from Generation Queue and EIA 860
ESR Participation Model Overview

- ESRs will be modeled as one continuous resource
- PJM will not make commitment decisions in the ESR model
  - Start-up and no load cost will not be considered
- PJM will not manage state of charge
  - Resource owners use mode of operation, offers, and parameters
- 3 modes of operation:
  - Continuous, Charge & Discharge
- Parameters
  - Max/Min charge/discharge, etc
  - Ramp rate considered infinite only in continuous mode
ESRs can update their max charge and discharge limits hourly in day-ahead, and more frequently in real-time.

** State of charge telemetry will be requested for telemetered resources
PJM maintaining the requirement, per manual 21, that capacity resources have a minimum 10 hour duration.

ESR capacity interconnection rights will be derated based on the total energy capability of the resource
- Total MWh/10h
Review of Manual Updates
# 2019 FERC 841 Manual Changes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Committee</th>
<th>May</th>
<th>Jun</th>
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<th>Aug</th>
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- **Information**
- **First Read**
- **Endorsement**
Review Opt-in Process
• Per Manual 11: ESR Participation Model Election (i.e. Opt In/Opt Out)
  – Existing resources must send opt-in requests no later than September 30 for the upcoming January 1 to December 31 participation months.
  – Resources within the new resource queue process must send an opt in request no later than three months in advance of their initial start in the energy markets.
Markets Gateway Changes
Provider Gateway | Markets Gateway

[Image of a page from PJM's Provider Gateway showing a grid of units with various data columns such as 'Name', 'Capacity (MW)', 'Outage (MW)', 'Charge', 'Discharge', 'Efficiency', 'Commit Status', 'Demand', and 'Cost'.]

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Generator > Unit > Hourly Updates

[Image of a page from PJM's Provider Gateway showing a grid of units with various data columns such as 'Name', 'Capacity (MW)', 'Outage (MW)', 'Charge', 'Discharge', 'Efficiency', 'Commit Status', 'Demand', and 'Cost'.]
Generator > Unit > Energy Ramp Rates

### Energy Ramp Rates

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<th>Up Ramp Rate</th>
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<td>3.0</td>
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One continuous ramp rate that supports negative MW
Generator > Unit > Synchronized Reserve Ramp Rates

One continuous ramp rate that supports negative MW
### ESR Updates

**Market Day:** 10/11/2019 | **Location:** PJM TEST UNIT

<table>
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<th>State Of Charge (kW)</th>
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*Information Only*
### Generator > Schedules > Offers

#### Markets Gateway

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<th>Offers</th>
<th>Offer Updates</th>
<th>Detail</th>
<th>Detail Updates</th>
<th>Manager</th>
<th>Selection</th>
<th>Availability Update</th>
<th>Restriction Information</th>
<th>TPS Schedule Switch</th>
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- Supports negative MW
- Supports negative price
Generator > Schedules > Offer Updates
**Generator > Schedules > Detail**

- **Time**
  - Cold Notification
  - Cold Notification Limit
  - Intermediate Notification
  - Intermediate Notification Limit
  - Hot Notification
  - Hot Notification Limit
  - Hot-To-Cold
  - Cold Soak Time
  - Hot Soak Time

- **Economic B Emergency**
  - Discharge Emergency Min
  - Discharge Emergency Min Default
  - Discharge Economic Min
  - Discharge Economic Min Default
  - Discharge Economic Max
  - Discharge Economic Max Default
  - Discharge Emergency Max
  - Discharge Emergency Max Default
  - Charge Emergency Min
  - Charge Emergency Min Default
  - Charge Economic Min
  - Charge Economic Min Default
  - Charge Economic Max
  - Charge Economic Max Default
  - Charge Emergency Max
  - Charge Emergency Max Default

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**Images**

- Market Day: 10/11/2019
- Portfolio: PJM TEST PORTFOLIO
- Location: PJM TEST UNIT
- Schedule: Schedule (1)

**Links**

- [www.pjm.com](http://www.pjm.com) | Public

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Operating in the Energy Markets (DA & RT)
ESR Participation Model Overview

- ESRs will be modeled as one continuous resource
- PJM will not make commitment decisions in the ESR model
  - Start-up and no load cost will not be considered
- PJM will not manage state of charge
  - Resource owners use mode of operation, offers, and parameters
- 3 modes of operation:
  - Continuous, Charge & Discharge
- Parameters
  - Max/Min charge/discharge, etc
  - Ramp rate considered infinite only in continuous mode
ESRs can update their max charge and discharge limits hourly in day-ahead, and more frequently in real-time.

** State of charge telemetry will be requested for telemetered resources
Charge & Discharge mode will be available to ESR resources in Day Ahead and Real Time.
Summary - Dispatch of ESRs

- ESRs will be dispatched following the operational mode for the applicable hour.
  - Economic limits for the operational mode will be honored.
  - Ramp considered infinite only in continuous mode.
  - State of charge managed by the market participant.
- Dispatchable ESRs will have the ability to set price.
  - Applies to all three operational modes.
- Regulation assignments for ESR will be honored in the real time dispatch.
  - No change from current logic.
Participating in Ancillary Services
ESR Participation in Ancillary Services

- Resources cannot be both in the ESR model and also a non-energy resource
- However, ESRs can select Ancillary Only = ‘Yes’ for any hours they wish to provide Regulation or Reserves and not provide Energy
ESR Participation in Reserves

• ESRs can provide Synchronized Reserve in charge, discharge, or continuous modes
• An ESR that is providing both Energy and Reserves will be considered flexible Tier 2 SR
• For ESRs that choose Ancillary Only:
  – Pumped storage hydro will need to offer as Spin as Condenser = Yes and will be considered inflexible Tier 2 SR
  – All other Ancillary Only ESRs can set their flexibility by the Flexible parameter under Unit > Synchronized Reserve Market > Offers (Daily) or Updates (Hourly)
• By default, ESRs are not included in the Tier 1 Synchronized Reserve calculation, but can follow the current process to request an exception
• Available ESRs are always considered online, therefore they are not eligible to be considered for Non-Synchronized Reserve
### New Ancillary Parameters in Markets Gateway

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>New Parameters</th>
<th>Location</th>
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</table>
| Charge Spin Max     | Unit > Detail (Default)  
                     Synchronized Reserve Market > Updates (Hourly)  |
| Flexible            | Synchronized Reserve Market >  
                     Offers (Daily) & Updates (Hourly)  |
| Ancillary Only      | Unit > Hourly Updates                                                  |

![Graph showing Charge and Discharge Modes](image)

- **Charge Spin Max**: Min / Max
- **Discharge Spin Max**: Min / Max
- **Charge Mode**: Max / 0 MW
- **Discharge Mode**: Max / Discharge Spin Max
ESR Participation in Regulation

- ESRs can provide Regulation in charge, discharge, or continuous modes

The Regulation MWs available to clear are bounded by the following limits:

\[
\text{RegMW} \leq \min \left[ \frac{\text{Abs} \left( \text{RegHigh} - \text{RegLow} \right)}{2}, \text{Reg Offer} \right]
\]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Charge Mode</th>
<th>Discharge Mode</th>
<th>Continuous Mode</th>
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<tr>
<td>RegHigh = Min(RegMax, ChargeMin)</td>
<td>Min(RegMax, DischargeMax)</td>
<td>Min(RegMax, DischargeMax)</td>
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<tr>
<td>RegLow = Max(RegMin, ChargeMax)</td>
<td>Max(RegMin, DischargeMin)</td>
<td>Max(RegMin, ChargeMax)</td>
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</table>
Definition of Energy Storage Resource and Charging

PJM Order 841 Compliance filing ER19-462 and current Tariff:
“Energy Storage Resource” shall mean a resource capable of receiving electric energy from the grid and storing it for later injection to the grid that participates in the PJM Energy, Capacity and/or Ancillary Services markets as a Market Participant.

M28 draft:
“An Energy Storage Resource shall be considered charging when the Revenue Data for Settlements for a Real Time Settlement Interval corresponds to a withdrawal.”
Non-Dispatched Charging Energy

- New sections 22.1 and 22.2 of Manual 28 and matching new sections 8.1 and 8.2 of Manual 27
- Manual 28 new section 8.4
Dispatch Implications for Charging Energy

• Dispatched Charging Energy
  – Dispatched for a service
    • Economically dispatched by PJM in real-time
    • Assigned Regulation, Tier 2 Sync Reserves or Reactive Service
    • Manually dispatched for system reliability

• Non-Dispatched Charging Energy
  – Pays applicable transmission service charges as a Network Service User
“Therefore, Non-Dispatched Charging Energy is eligible for allocation of the following non-LMP charges and credits:”

• Schedule 1A Transmission Owner Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service
• Schedule 9-3, 9-FERC, 9-OPSI, 9-CAPS, 9-FINCON, 9-MMU, and 9-PJM Settlement
• Schedule 10-NERC and 10-RFC
• Network Integration Transmission Service
• Network Transmission Service Offset

• Network Integration Transmission Service (ATSI Low Voltage)
• MTEP Project Cost Recovery
• Transmission Enhancement
• Other Supporting Facilities
• Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service
• RTO Start-up Cost Recovery
• Black Start Service
• Unscheduled Transmission Service
• Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Generation and Other Sources Service”
Load Serving Charging Energy

• New section 22.1 of Manual 28 and matching new section 8.1 of Manual 27
• Manual 27 new section 8.3
• Manual 28 new sections 22.3, 22.4, and 22.5
Possible Load Serving Energy Storage Resources
Order 841 Compliance: categories of charging energy

PJM Energy Market

Charging stored for later wholesale sale = "Direct Charging Energy"

- Dispatched Charging Energy
- Non-Dispatched Charging Energy

Charging stored for later end use = "Load Serving Charging Energy" → must be LSE
Settling Charging Energy for Load Serving ESR

- Load Serving Energy Storage Resources are capable of directly serving end use load.
- Metering and methods are defined to distinguish:
  1. Charging energy that is later returned to PJM (“Direct Charging Energy”) from
  2. Charging energy that is later provided to end use load (“Load Serving Charging Energy”)
- PJM to provide Electric Distribution Company with processes to appropriately account for Direct Charging Energy (as negative generation) vs. Load Serving Charging Energy (as load).
Example: Resilience ESR Alone

- 100% of withdrawals initially settled as negative generation (i.e., Direct Charging Energy)
- ESR can only charge from grid.
- **Monthly M4 appropriately captures** stored grid energy that is sent to end user → monthly “Load Serving Charging Energy”.
- The sum of M4 over a month is the monthly quantity that should be ex-post adjusted from “Direct Charging Energy” into “Load Serving Charging Energy”.

**Diagram:**
- Utility grid
- POI
- ESR
- LOAD
- N.C. = normally closed switch.
- N.O. = normally open switch.
Section 22.5: Adjusting ESR Charging Energy

**Initial Settlement**

- **PJM Settlements**
- **Debit**
  - 100% of Charging
    - ESR
- **LSE**

**Final Settlement**

- **PJM Settlements**
- **EDC**
- **Debit**
  - 10% of Charging
- **Credit**
  - 90% of Charging
- **Meter Correction**
  - EDC
- **Load reconciliation**
  - ESR
- **Debit**
  - 10%
- **ESR**
- **LSE**
Section 22.5: Adjusting ESR Charging Energy

**Initial Settlement**

PJM Settlements

- ESR
- LSE

**Final Settlement**

PJM Settlements

- ESR
- LSE

EDC

- Meter Correction
- Load reconciliation

Debit

- 100% of Charging
- 10%
- 90% of Charging
- 10%

Credit
• 100% of withdrawals initially settled as negative generation (i.e., Direct Charging Energy)
• ESR can charge from grid or on-site gen.
• EDC to determine how much of the ESR inventory that was discharged to the end user consisted of energy charges from the grid → “Load Serving Charging Energy”
• An appropriate billing convention: if monthly M2 > monthly M4, then all end-use energy came from stored or directly-provided on-site gen, and no Load Serving Charging Energy was consumed.
• 100% of withdrawals initially settled as load (i.e., load and/or Load Serving Charging Energy)

• Net injections measured at M6 consist of previously-stored Direct Charging Energy.
  – Corresponding losses are also Direct Charging Energy. ESR can report losses to EDC through PJM, or EDC can work directly with ESR to quantify losses.
  – **Monthly Direct Charging Energy is the sum of monthly injections at meter “M6” plus associated losses.**
  – EDC calculates monthly quantity for ex-post adjustment from Load Serving Charging Energy into Direct Charging Energy.

• M8 is required to identify which intervals the ESR was charging to use in ex-post adjustment.
• Net injections measured at M6 could consist of Direct Charging Energy, self-supplied charging energy, and/or on-site Generation.
  – The inventory in the ESR could also consist of a mix of grid energy and self supplied energy.
  – Losses corresponding to stored grid energy that is resold to PJM is also Direct Charging Energy.
• EDC calculates monthly Direct Charging Energy for ex-post adjustment.
• M8 is required to identify which intervals the ESR was charging for ex-post adjustment.
Questions?