

PJM Guideline for Ride Through Performance of Distribution-Connected Generators

Revision 1 PJM Interconnection Q4, 2019



This page is intentionally left blank



I. Summary

This non-binding document provides the PJM guideline for ride through and minimum trip clearing time performance during abnormal frequency and voltage conditions for distribution-connected generators. This guideline is applicable only to distribution-connected generators. For the purposes of this document, distribution-connected generators means all generators connected to radial distribution lines of voltage < 50 kV that are operating in parallel with the grid. This document should not be construed as applying to generators connected to Transmission Facilities.

II. Performance During Abnormal Conditions

Generators generally have contractual obligations to follow the standards referenced in the interconnection agreement with the local Transmission Owner or distribution utility or the Interconnection Service Agreement (ISA) with PJM. These standards may include trip settings and ride-through performance requirements in accordance with IEEE Std 1547TM-2018. Current versions of engineering and construction standards for all PJM Transmission Owners are found at:

https://www.pjm.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards.aspx

III. Ride Through Capability and Trip Settings

Distribution-connected generators installed after January 1, 2022 should have the capability to ride through abnormal frequency and voltage events according to either Category II or Category III of IEEE Std 1547™-2018, as specified by the electric distribution company, except that generators using technology types that are generally incapable of meeting Category II or Category III performance should instead meet the ride through requirements specified by the electric distribution company¹.

Generators that are designed and configured to effectively ride through abnormal low voltage conditions according to the voltages and durations in the following table provide adequate ride through for Bulk Power System stability and reliability needs in PJM^{2,3}.

Table 1: Minimum Ride Through Capability and Effective Ride Through Time

	Minimum Ride Through Capability	Minimum ride through time	Acceptable ride through modes
Voltages between 65% and 88%	Category II or Category III	1.84 seconds	Mandatory Operation
Voltages between 30% and 65%	Category II or Category III	0.16 seconds	Mandatory Operation, Permissive Operation, or Momentary Cessation

PJM © 2019 <u>www.pjm.com</u> 2 | P a g e

¹ Inverter-based technology is capable of meeting Category II and Category III performance requirements.

² Longer trip settings should be considered in areas that may exhibit fault induced delayed voltage recovery of greater than 1.84 seconds, or that utilize transmission fault clearing times of greater than 1.84 seconds.

³ Note that, under IEEE Std 1547™-2018, where the trip duration settings are equal to or less than the ride through duration, the effective ride-through requirements duration requirement only applies until 160ms prior to the prescribed tripping time. For trip durations of greater than 16 seconds, this "grace period" is extended to equal 1% of the trip time.

Distribution-connected generators configured with trip clearing times greater than or equal to the values in the below table provide effective ride through that meets the above minimum effective ride through need. The following table is provided only as a guide; specific units, or specific individual company practices, may provide for different periods of operation in these specified voltage ranges. However, in considering the possible consequences during a wide area low voltage condition, it is recommended that the following table be used in developing operating practices other than those that apply to specific generating plants or individual units.

Table 2: Minimum Trip Clearing Times to Provide Adequate Effective Ride Through

Table 21 miniman Trip Cleaning Times to Free Table 4 acquate 2 mount of the Free Times agri		
	Minimum trip clearing time	
Voltages between 50% and 88%	2 seconds	
Voltages between 0% and 50%	0.32 seconds	

For abnormal overvoltage and for abnormal over- or underfrequency, the ride through capability requirements and default trip clearing times for Category II and Category III generally provide adequate effective ride through for Bulk Power System stability and reliability needs in PJM.

The default abnormal overvoltage trip times are different for Category II and Category III, and are as follows in Table 3.

Table 3. Default Overvoltage Trip Times for Category II and Category III

	Default trip clearing time	
	Category II	Category III
Voltage above 120%	0.16 seconds	0.16 seconds
Voltage between 110% and 120%	2.0 seconds	13.0 seconds

The default abnormal over- and underfrequency trip clearing times are the same for Category II and Category III, and are as follows in Table 4.

Table 4. Default Abnormal Frequency Trip Times for both Category II and Category III

	Default trip clearing time
Frequency above 62 Hz	0.16 seconds
Frequency between 61.2 Hz and 62 Hz	300.0 seconds
Frequency between 58.5 Hz and 56.5 Hz	300.0 seconds
Frequency below 56.5 Hz	0.16 seconds

PJM © 2019 www.pjm.com 3 | Page