

Reserve MW Effective Time and Performance Measure Rules

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- Purpose
 - Provide a high-level understanding of the real-time Synchronized Reserve commitment timeline, duration of commitment obligation, and performance validation
- Key Takeaways
 - Effective RT SR MW at the start of a Spin Event
 - Scenario of capped and uncapped SR RT MW



- ★ RT SCED Case Approval
- ▲ Dispatch LPC Case Executes

RTSCED Case Sequence





Resource Reserve Assignment Timeline

- Key Takeaway
 - PJM considers the assignment for the 11:55 SCED case to be effective from 11:50 - 11:55.



	Flexible SR & No Ramp Constraint Approved SR Max < Eco Max			
	Energy + AS ≤ Min [Eco Max, SR Max]			
	Parameters	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3
Eco Min = 404 MW	SE MW	820	860	870
Eco Max = 875 MW	Target MW	850	870	837
SK WAX - 000 WW	SR MW	15	0	28

Key Takeaway	Resource may be considered for reserve when the target energy MW is below SR Max	No reserve consideration when the target MW is above SR Max	Reserve MW materializes at the target MW: For a downward dispatch, potential issue exist if Spin Event is called before energy target time or if unit is not following dispatch
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Capped & Uncapped Synch Reserve MW

- M28 Section 6.2.2
 - If no Synch Reserve event occurs, RT SR MW used in settlement is capped at the amount of reserves the resource actually could have provided based its on real-time energy output.
 - min {RT SR MW, max[(min(EcoMax,SRMax) RT MW), 0]}
 - If Synch Reserve event occurs, SR MW used in settlement is uncapped. The full RT SR MW assignment is used in settlements and performance assessment.
- Resources are measured for performance based the net MW change before (-1, 1 min) and after (9, 11 min) the event and compared to the RT SR MW
 - No consideration for available headroom or ramp rate constraints from the discrete dispatch instruction

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Capped & Uncapped RT SR MW - Example

EcoMax = 100 MW	SR	Max = 100 MW
SE MW = 100	Tar	rget MW = 90
RT SR MW = 10	RT	MW = 95
Scenario	No Spin Event	Spin Event
Settlement Credit (SR MW)	5 MW	10 MW then claw back 5 MW of non-compliance



RT SR MW Obligation & Assessment

- Key Takeaways
 - 1. Only resources with <u>RT SR MW in effect</u> at the start of spin event are obligated to respond and are measured for compliance if the event lasted for 10 minutes or longer.
 - 2. All performance assessments are <u>evaluated against the RT SR MW</u>, no other considerations in the evaluation today.



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Acronym	Term & Definition
RT SCED	Real-Time Security Constrained Economic Dispatch is the application responsible for dispatching resources in real-time for a target five minute interval as a result of a co-optimization of Energy and Reserves for the forecasted system conditions.
Synchronized Reserve Maximum (SR Max)	SR Max is the highest incremental MW output level that a unit can reliably achieve while providing Synchronized Reserve.
Economic Maximum (EcoMax)	EcoMax is the highest incremental MW output level that a unit can reliably achieve while providing Energy.
Synchronized Reserve (SR)	SR is from resources that are electrically synchronized to the system, with the capability to be converted fully into energy within 10 minutes or customer load that can be removed from the system within 10 minutes of the request from the PJM dispatcher
Real-Time Synchronized Reserve Assigned MW (RT SR MW)	RT SR MW is the Real-Time Synchronized Reserve megawatt assigned to a resource and expected to be converted fully into energy within 10 minutes (for generator) or load that can be removed from the system within 10 minutes (Economic Load Response) of the request from the PJM dispatcher



Acronyms

Acronym	Term & Definition
State Estimator MW or Initial MW (SE MW)	SE MW is the State Estimator megawatt.
RTSCED Target MW	Target MW is the expected megawatt output of a resource at the interval target time.
Real-Time MW (RT MW)	RT MW is the megawatt output of a resource at a moment in time.

