

# **Generation Initial Training Program**

Introduction to the PJM Markets & Operational Reliability

PJM State & Member Training Dept.

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#### **Objectives**



- Students will be able to:
  - Describe some of the basic functions of PJM

#### **Growth of PJM**

Joined in 1927

Joined in 1956

Joined in 1965

Joined in 1981

Joined in 2002

Joined in 2004

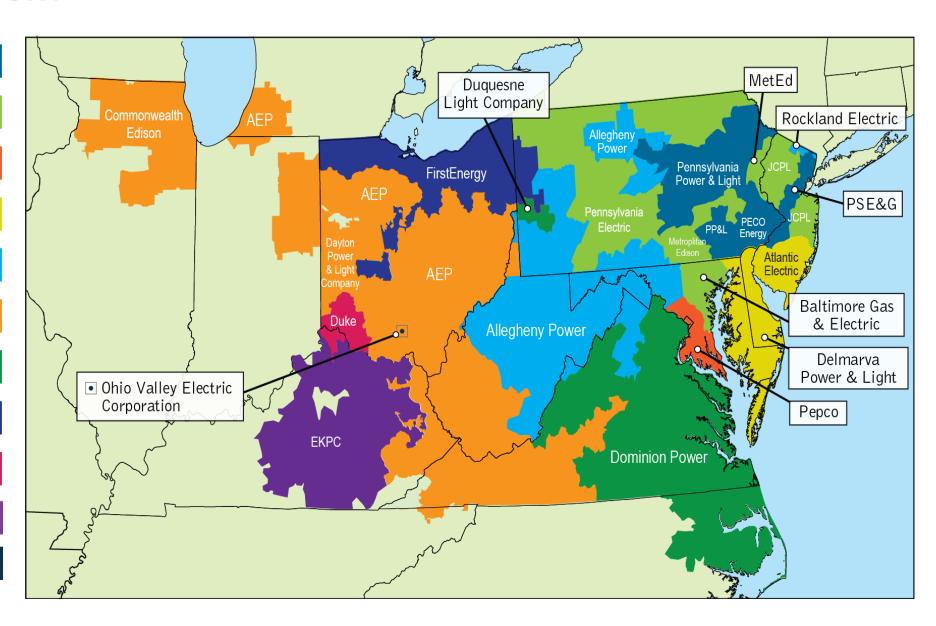
Joined in 2005

Joined in 2011

Joined in 2012

Joined in 2013

Joined in 2018

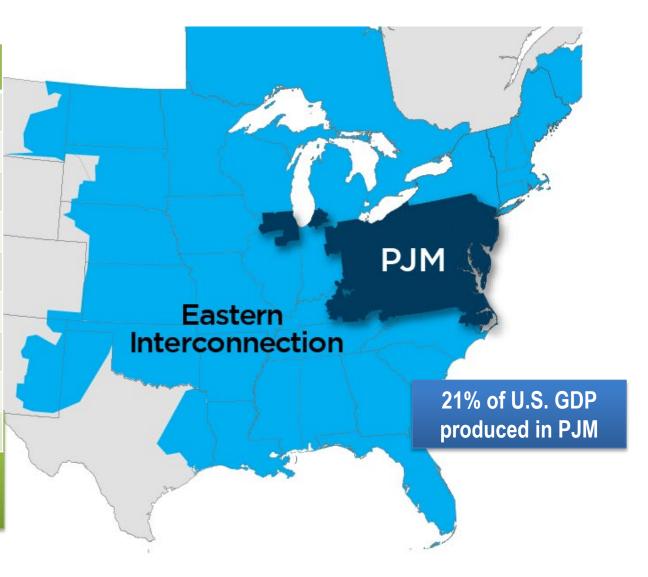


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#### PJM as Part of the Eastern Interconnection

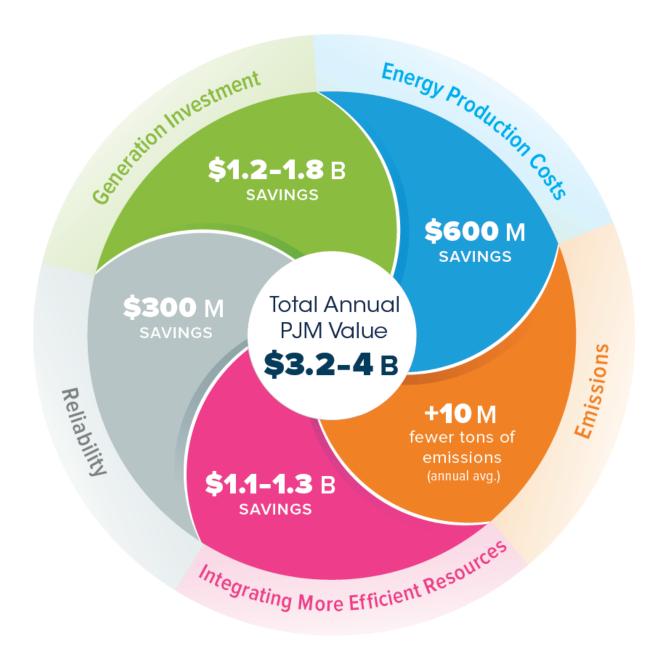
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Key Statistics	
Member companies	1,060+
Millions of people served	65
Peak load in megawatts	165,563
MW of generating capacity	185,442
Miles of transmission lines	84,236
2021 GWh of annual energy	782,683
Generation sources	1,436
Square miles of territory	368,906
States served	13 + DC

- 25% of load in Eastern Interconnection
- 26% of generation in Eastern Interconnection

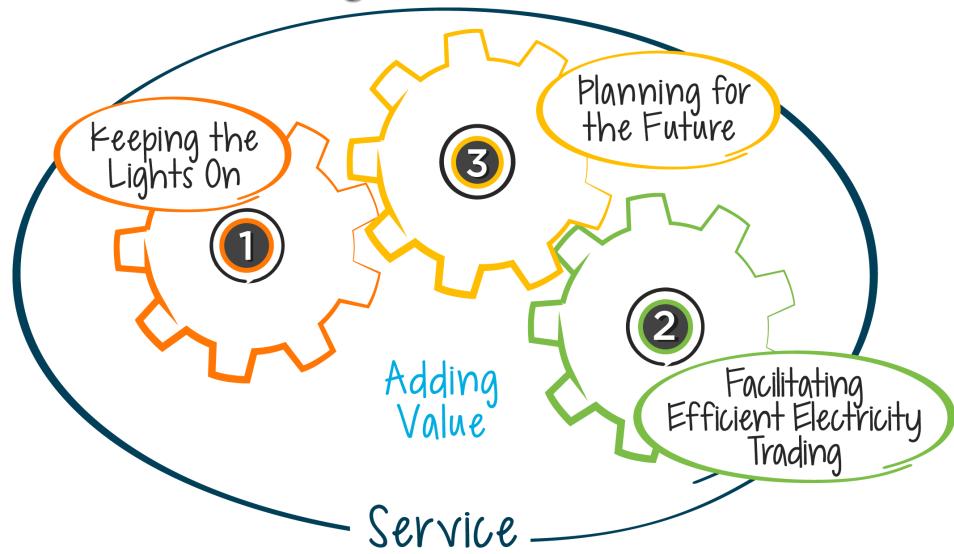


As of 2/2022

## **Value Proposition**



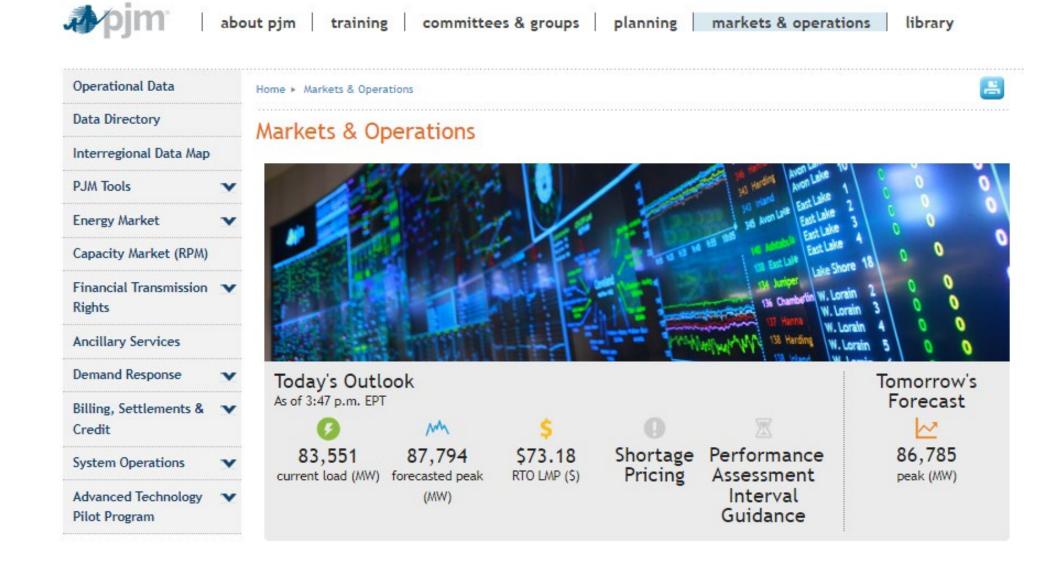
**Focus on Just Three Things** 





# How do the Energy Markets work?

#### **PJM Markets**



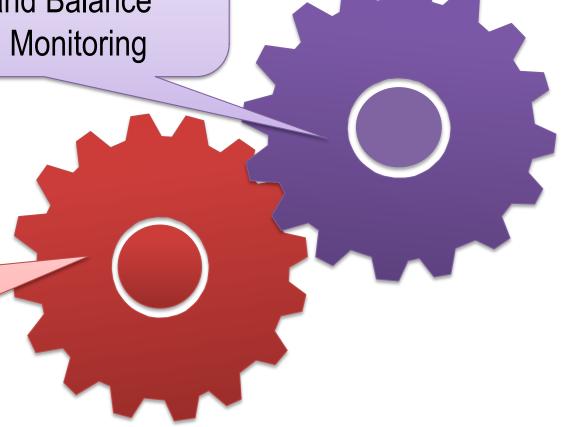
## Reliability

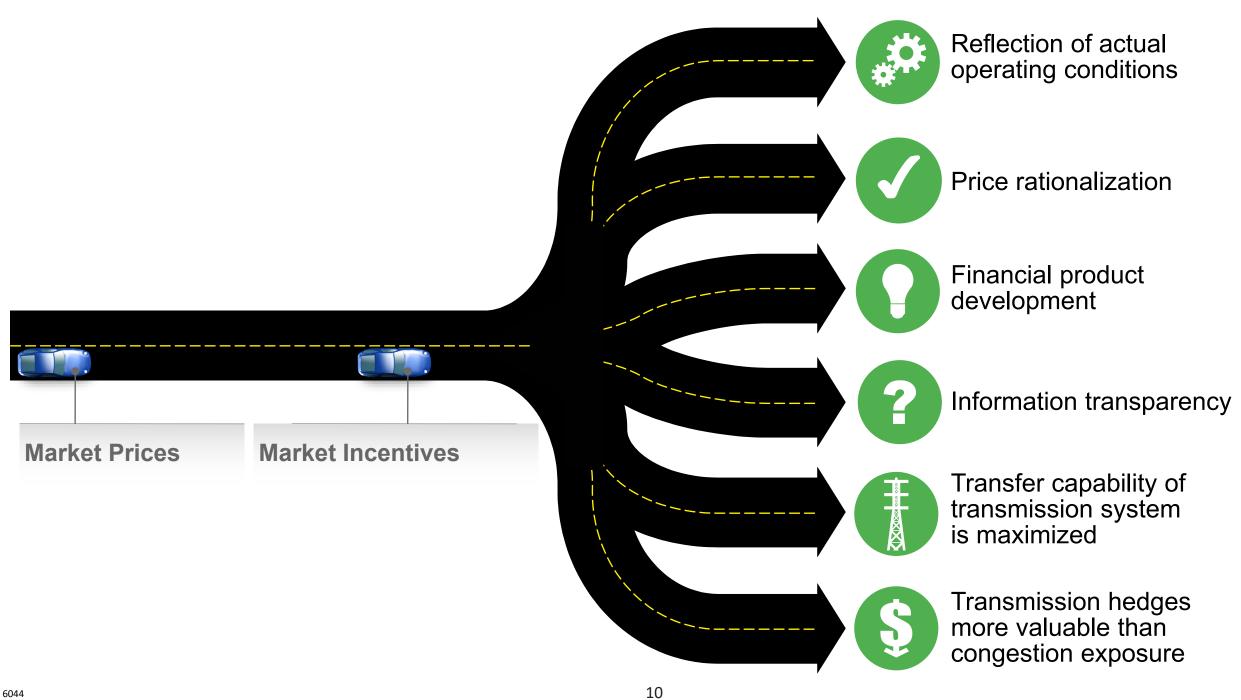
- Grid Operations
- Supply/Demand Balance
- Transmission Monitoring

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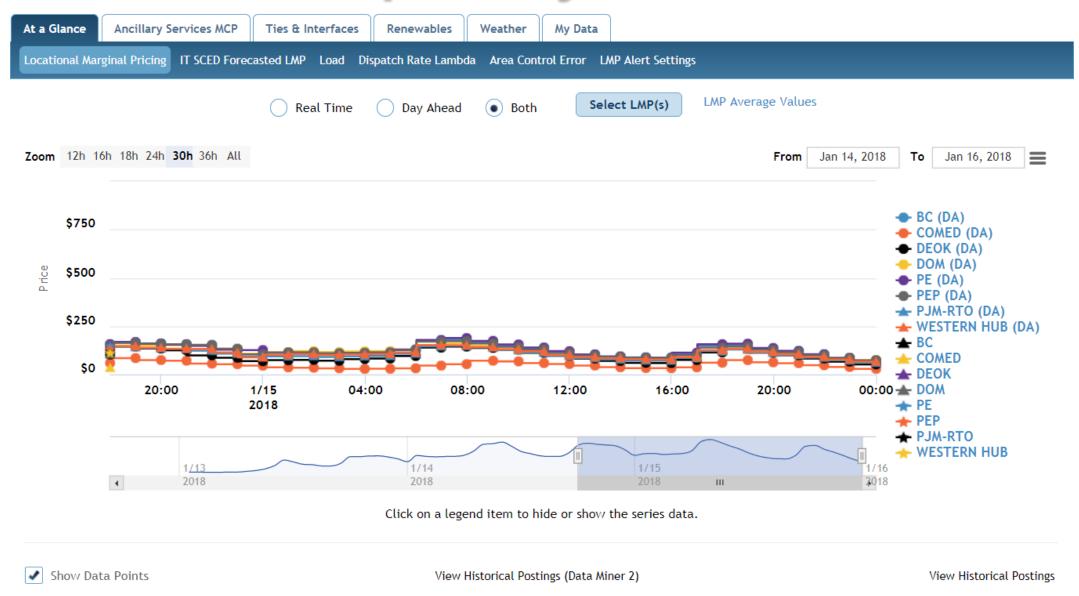
## **Market Operation**

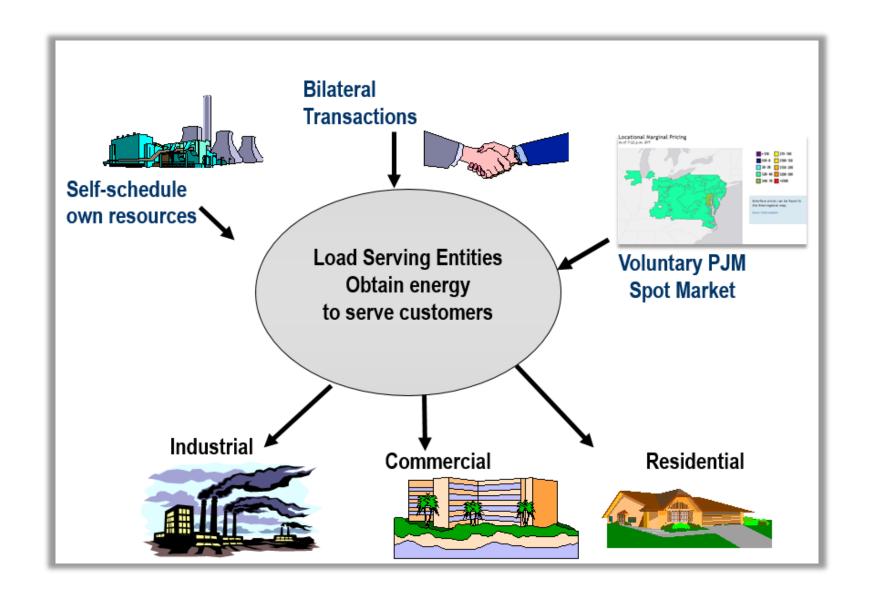
- Energy
- Capacity
- Ancillary Services

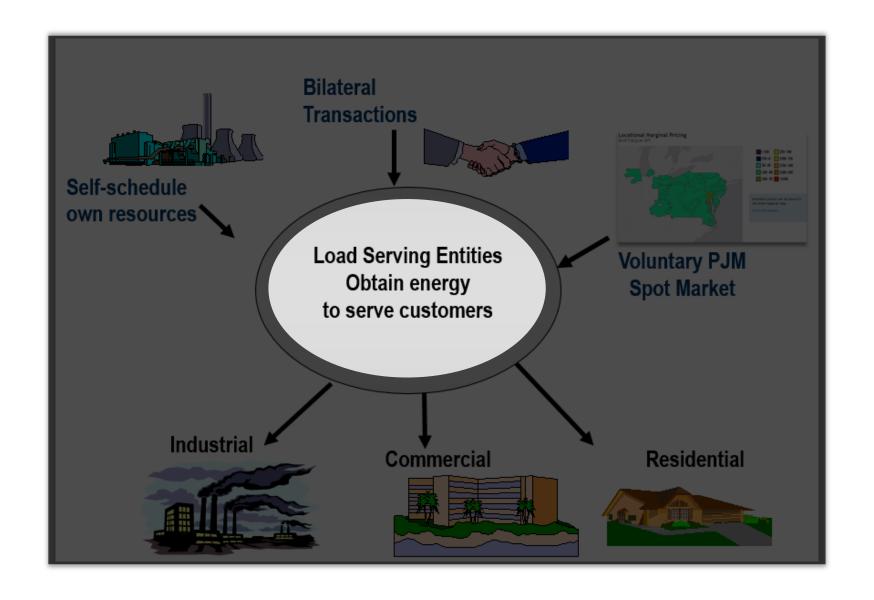


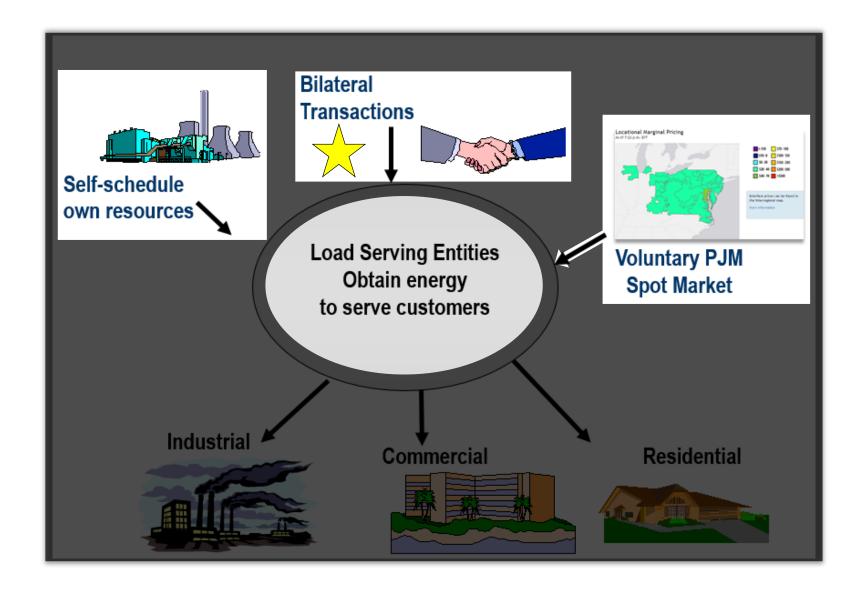


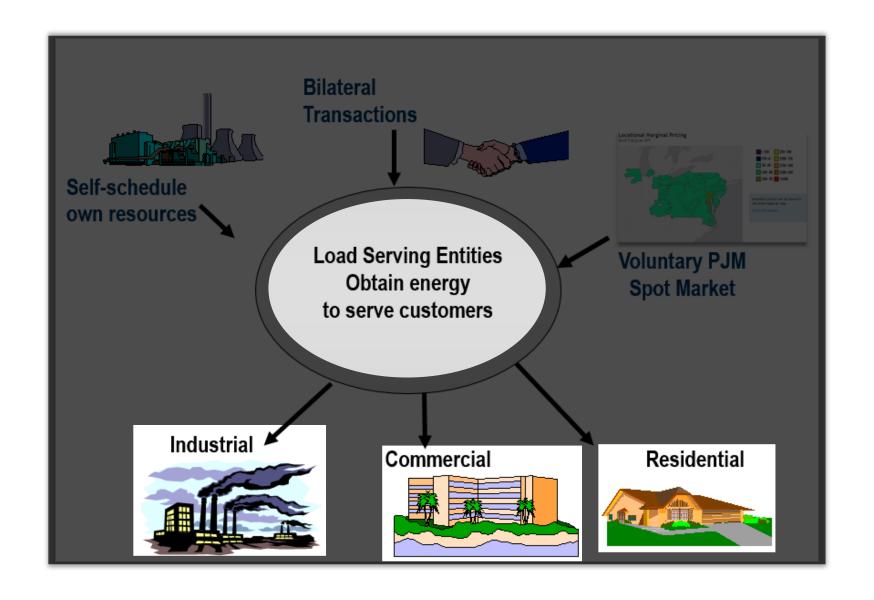
# Transparency = TRUST











## **Dispatch Functions**

- Ensure sufficient generation is available or running to satisfy the demand at any hour of the day including maintaining adequate reserves
  - This is called Generation Control
- Monitor, operate and control the high voltage transmission system in a reliable manner
  - This is called *Transmission Control*

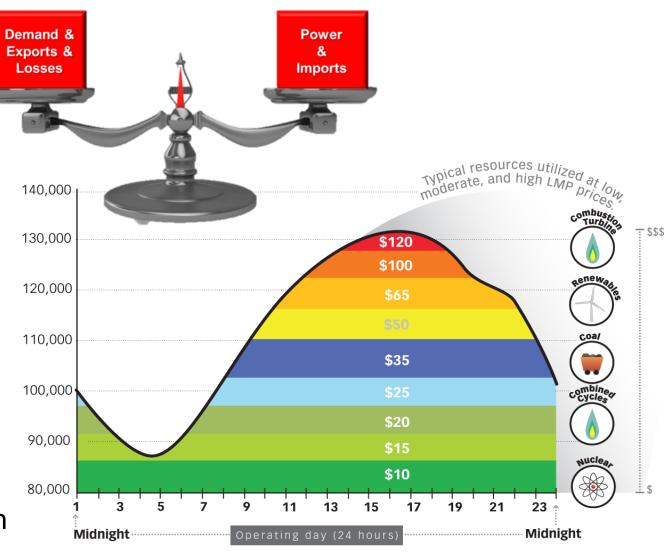
## **Generation Dispatch**



Generation is economically dispatch to meet the demand across the entire RTO at the lowest cost

## **Generation Dispatch Operations**

- Maintain System Control
  - Generation / Demand balance
- Maintain Adequate Reserves
  - Operate on contingency basis
- Implement Emergency Procedures
  - To keep the lights on!
- Synchronized Reserve/ Regulation Market
  - Clear Market
  - Administer real-time optimization



#### **Economic Generation Control**

- Purpose is to ensure that the least cost generation is used to satisfy demand
- Enables power system to follow load as it moves from valley, to peak, to valley over a 24-hour period
- Adjustments are allocated to generating units to optimize economy



#### Offers Received from Resources

10MW @\$30



20MW @\$10

15MW @\$25

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25MW @ \$15



#### **Resources Scheduled to Meet Demand**



#### **Events That Take Place**

- Units trip unexpected loss
- Units are delayed
- Contract curtailments
- Weather
- Emergency procedures

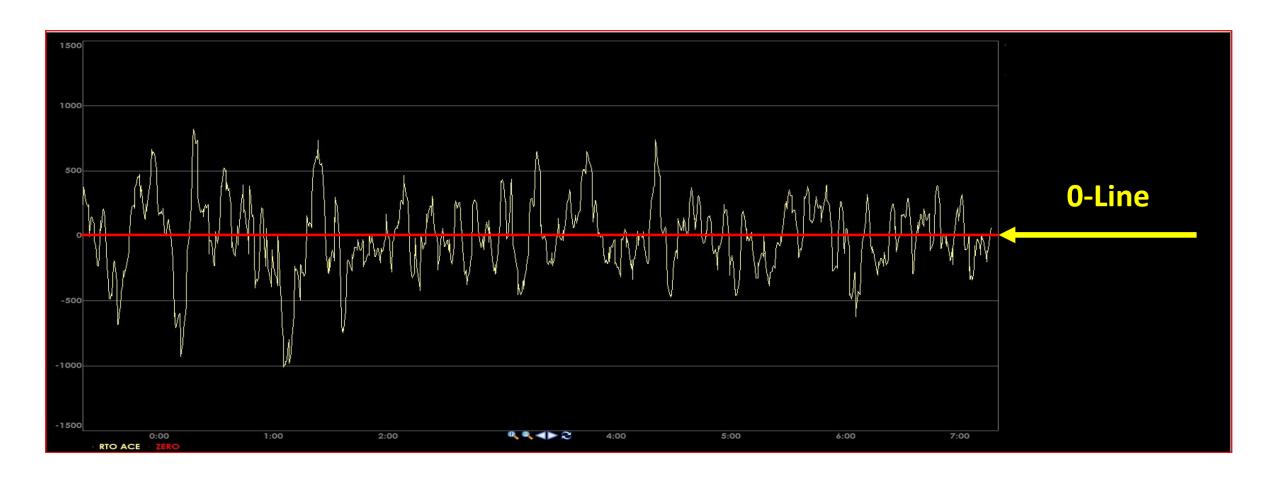




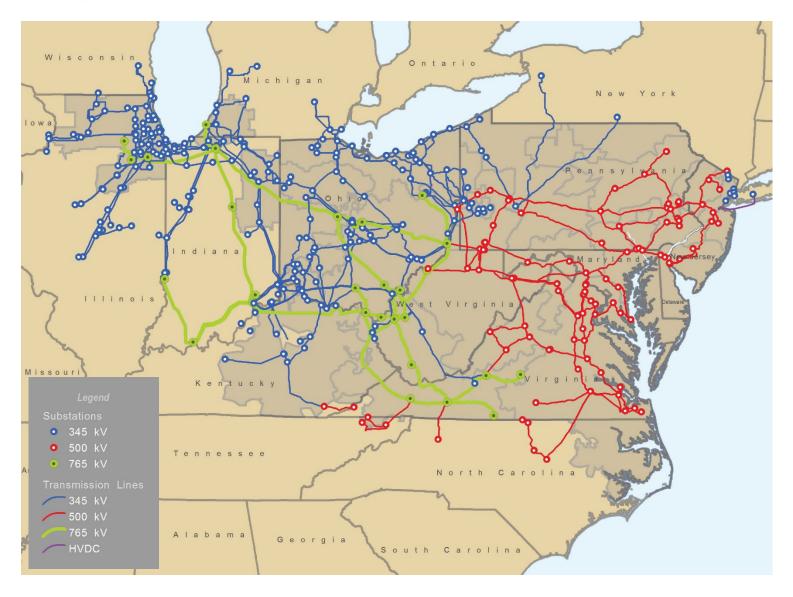




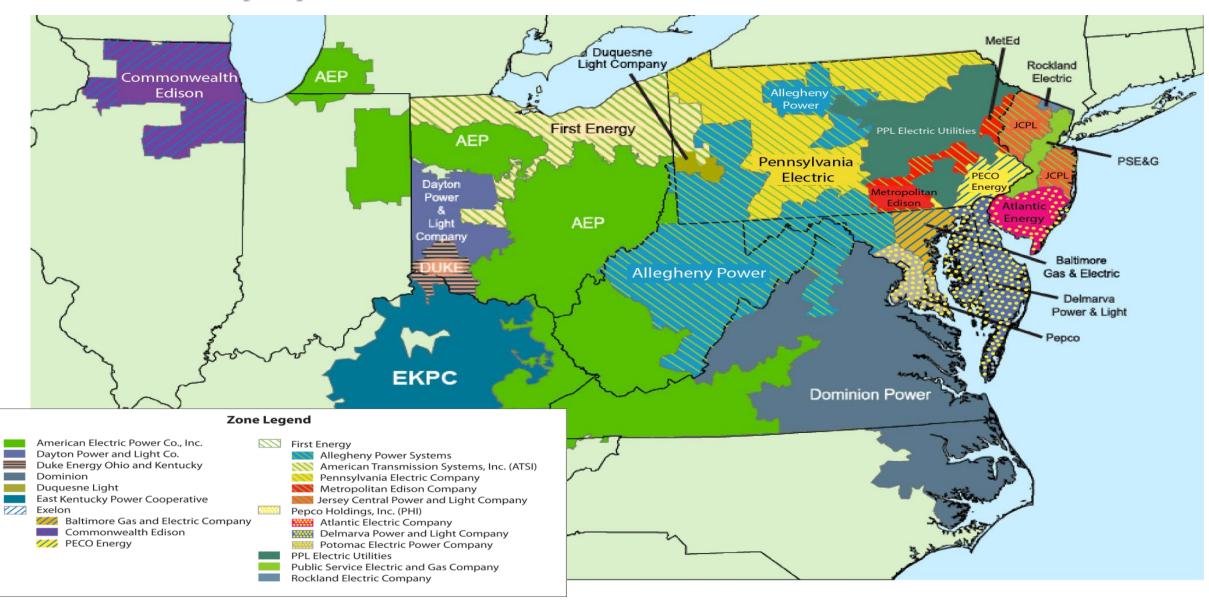
## **ACE Graph**



## **PJM Backbone Transmission**

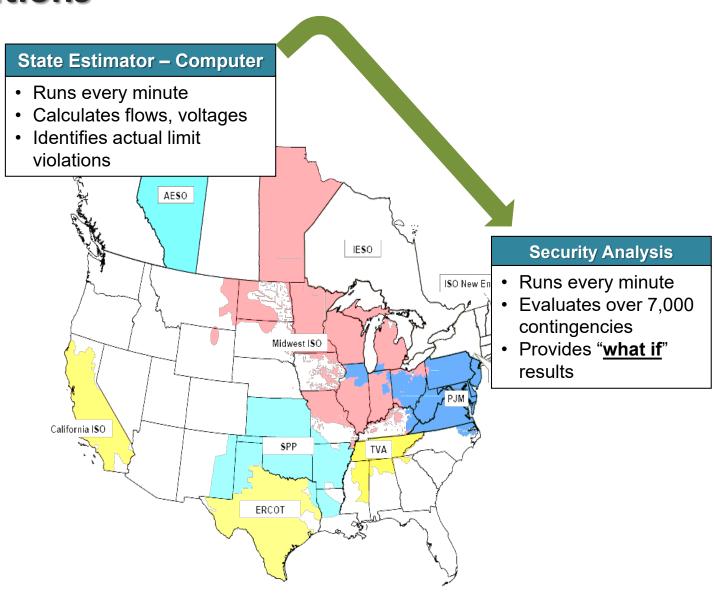


## **PJM Territory by Transmission Zones**



## **Transmission System Operations**

- Ensure Security of the Transmission System
  - Monitor transfer limitations (IROL)
  - Monitor thermal constraints
- Contingency Analysis
- Direct Emergency Operations
- Direct Off-Cost Operations
  - Generation shifts
  - Contract curtailments
- Coordinate Switching

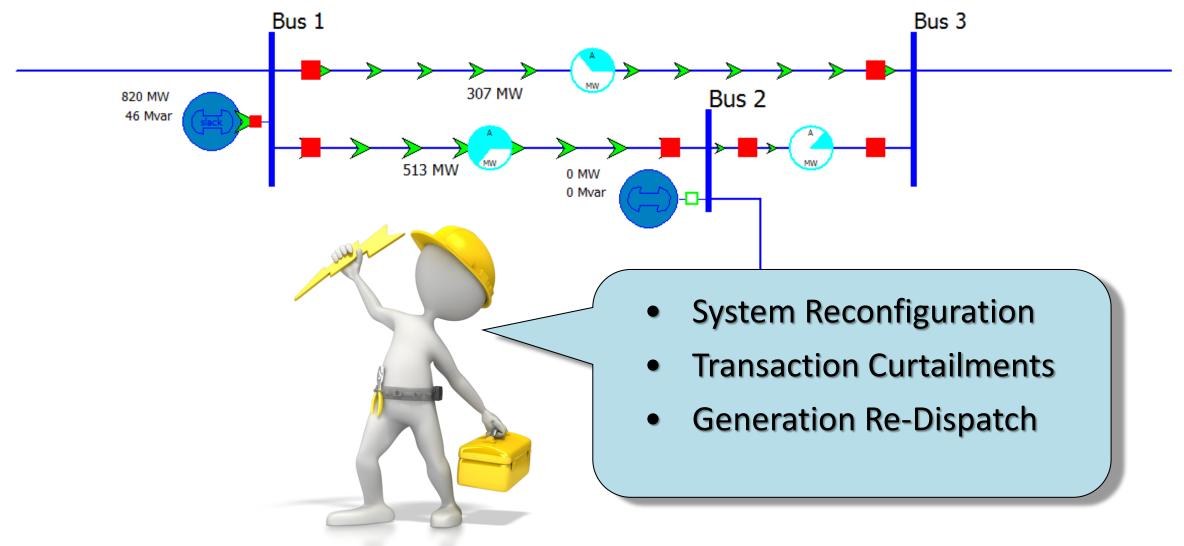


#### **Power Transfer Limits**

**Thermal Limits Voltage Limits Stability Limits** 

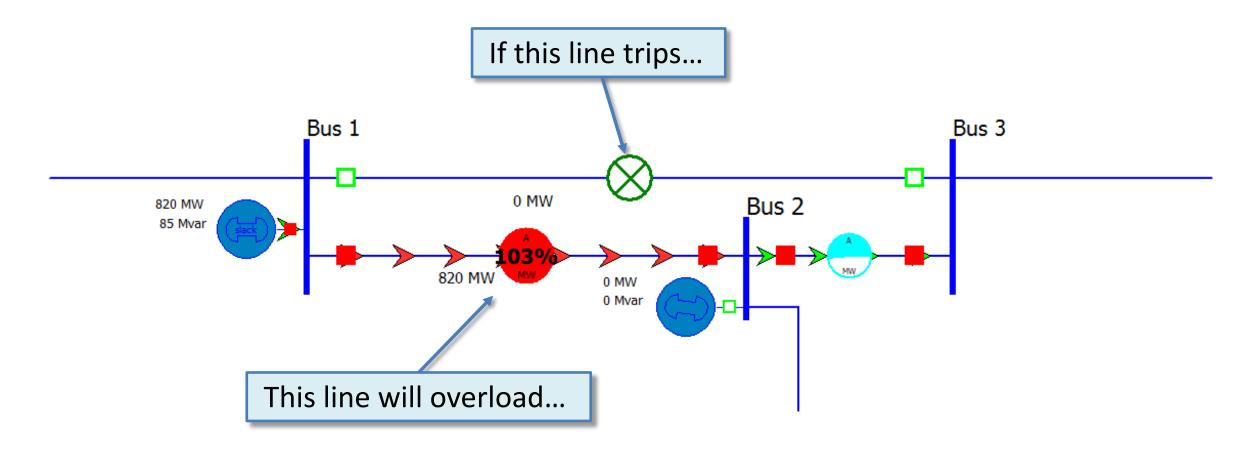
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## **Control Actions for Contingencies**

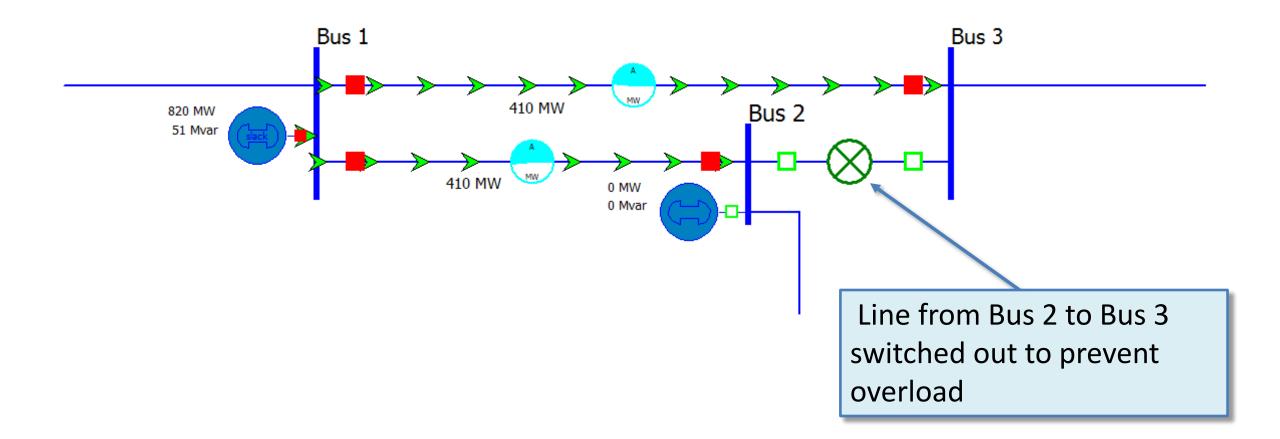


#### **EMS Identifies a Potential Problem**

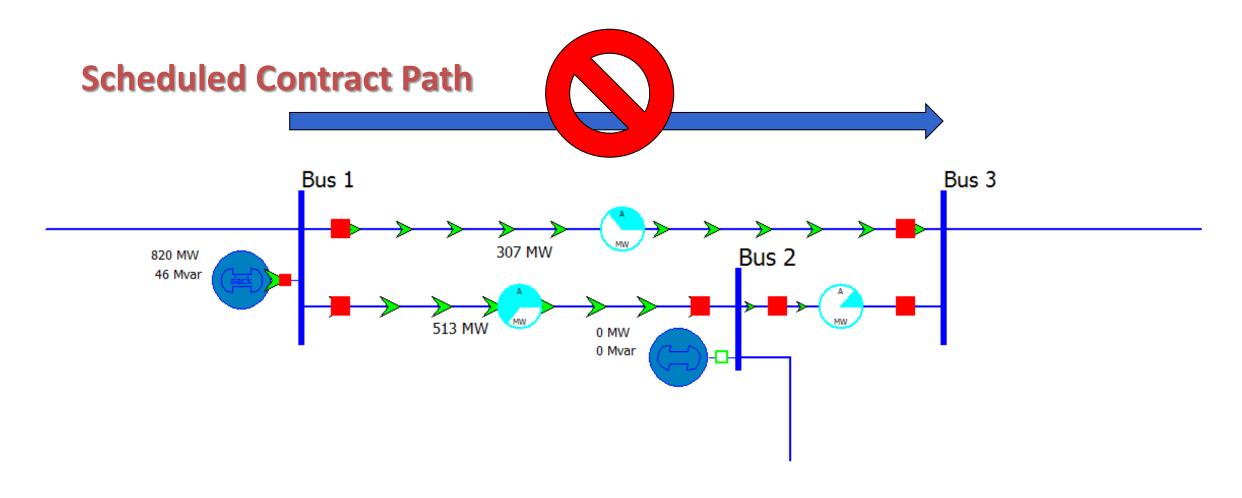
## PJM EMS does "What If" analysis



## **System Reconfiguration**



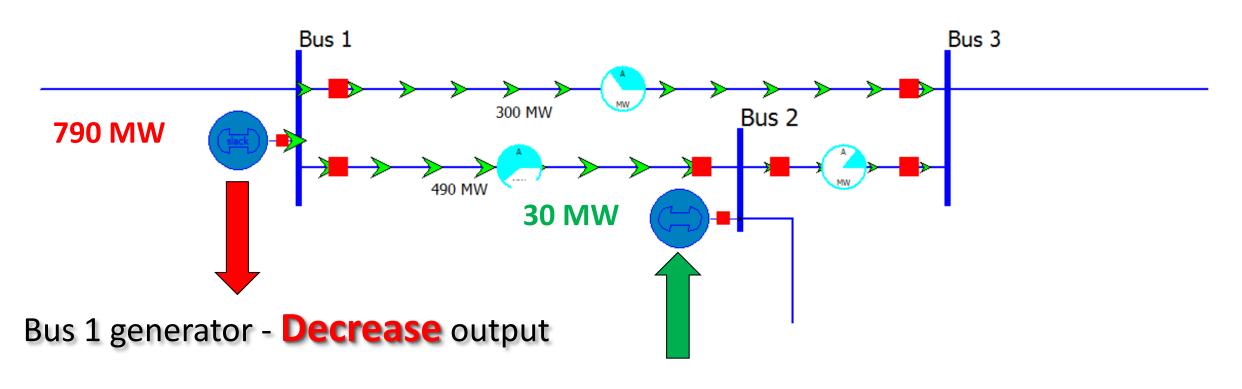
#### **Contract Curtailments**



Curtailing contract could fix problem.....

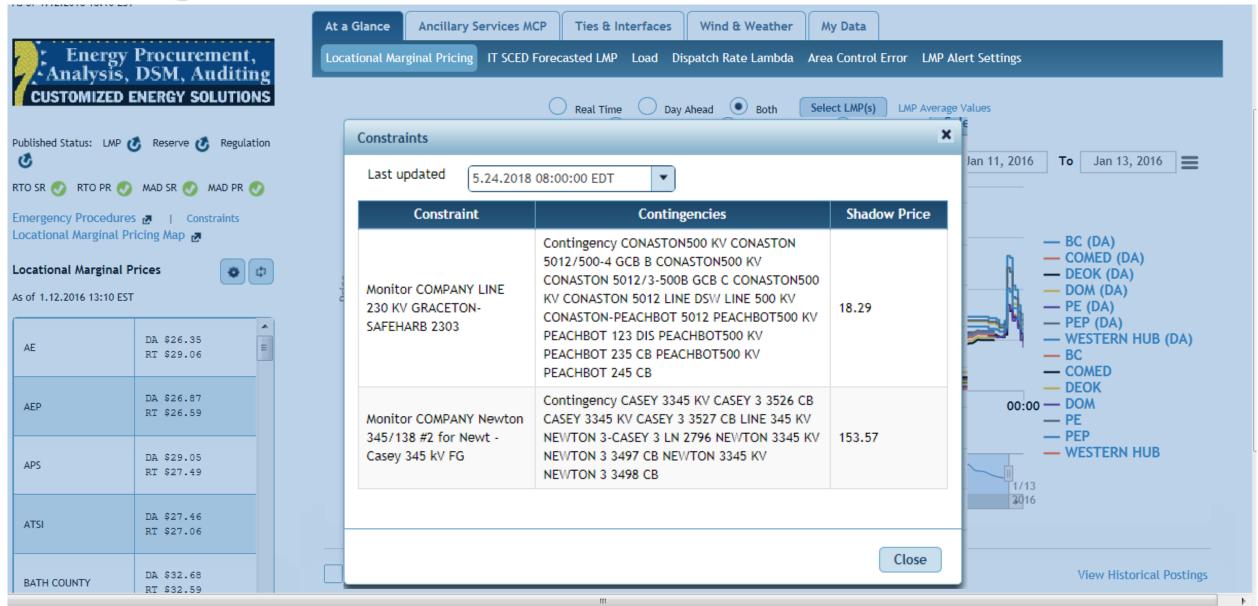
## **Generation Re-Dispatch**

### **Total Supply = Demand = 820 MW**



Bus 2 generator - **Increase** output

## **Viewing Constraints – Data Viewer**



#### **Reserves Overview**

#### What are Reserves?

- Reserves are additional generation capacity above the expected load
  - Protects the power system against the uncertain occurrence of future operating events:
    - Loss of generation or load forecasting errors

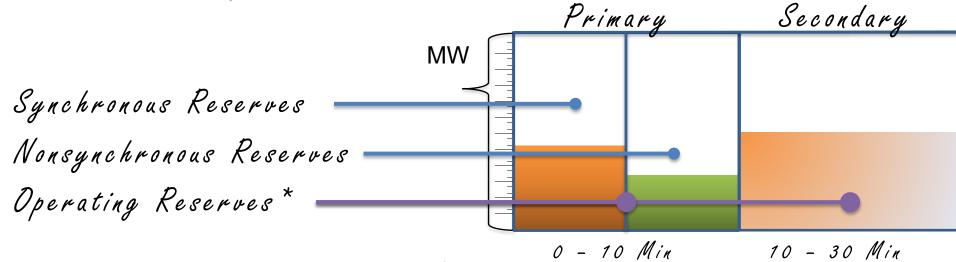
Primary Reserve (T ≤ 10 min.)

Synch Reserves (Synchronized)

Non-Synch Reserves (Off-line) Secondary Reserves (10 min. ≤ T ≤ 30 min.)

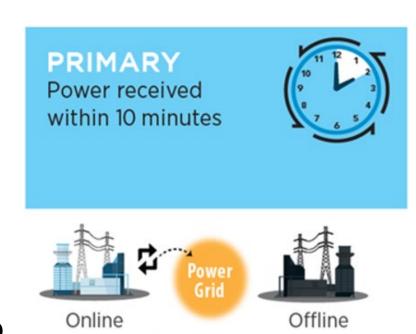
## **Reserve Monitoring**

- Reserves are additional capacity above the expected load
- Used to protect the system against uncertain occurrences
  - Loss of capacity
  - Load forecasting errors
- Compliance with NERC, SERC and RF BAL standards



## **Primary Reserve**

- NERC term is Contingency Reserves
  - On or off-line reserves available within 15 minutes
- PJM Primary Reserves
  - Reserves which can be converted fully into energy or;
  - Load that can be removed from the system within 10 minutes of the request from the PJM Dispatcher
- NERC and PJM terms are interchangeable
- Primary (Contingency) Reserves are subdivided two categories:
  - Synchronized Reserves
  - Non- Synchronized (Quick Start) Reserves



Non-Synchronized

Synchronized

## **Synchronized Reserves**

- Reserve converted fully into energy or load removed from the system within 10 minutes of the request
- Must be provided by equipment electrically synchronized to the system
- Includes:
  - increase in the output of a synchronized generator
  - reduction in load from a synchronized resource such as the load of a pumped hydro resource currently synchronized in the pumping mode and capable of being shut down
  - the maximum output energy level that could be attained on a resource operating as a synchronous condenser

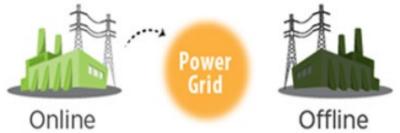
## **Quick Start (non-synchronized) Reserves**

- Reserve fully converted into energy or load removed from the system within 10 minutes of the request
- Provided by equipment not electrically synchronized to the system
- Examples:
  - run-of-river hydro
  - pumped hydro
  - industrial combustion turbines, jet engine/expander turbines
  - Diesels

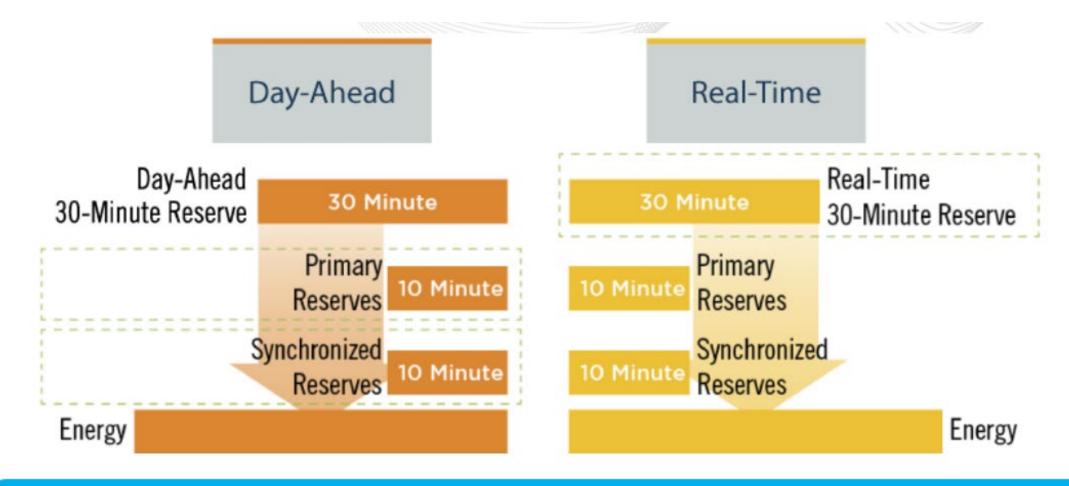
## **Secondary Reserve**

- Reserve capability converted into energy or load removed from the system within a 10-to-30 minute timeframe
- These resources do not have to be electrically synchronized to the system





## **Day-Ahead and Real-Time Reserve Alignment**



Solidify financial incentives to provide reserves when assigned due to day-ahead financial commitment.

Remove modeling differences between Day-Ahead and Real-Time Energy Markets.



# Questions?

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