



July 13, 2020

The Honorable Kimberly D. Bose  
Secretary  
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission  
888 First Street, N.E. Room 1A  
Washington, D.C. 20426

Re: *PJM Interconnection L.L.C., Docket No. ER20-1590-001*  
*Compliance Filing Concerning Load Management Testing Requirements*

Dear Secretary Bose:

Pursuant to the June 16, 2020 Order of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (“Commission”) in the above referenced proceeding,<sup>1</sup> PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. (“PJM”) submits this compliance filing containing modifications to PJM’s Open Access Transmission Tariff (“Tariff”) and the Reliability Assurance Agreement (“RAA”) as described herein.

## **I. BACKGROUND**

On June 16, 2020, the Commission accepted PJM’s proposed load management testing enhancements, which will require PJM to (1) schedule tests and provide notice of the tests to the Curtailment Service Providers; (2) test resources once a year, during either the summer or winter, for two hours; (3) limit the retests available to Curtailment Service Providers<sup>2</sup> for their resources; and (4) provide energy compensation to Demand Resources for load curtailments during tests.<sup>3</sup> In accepting these enhancements, the Commission directed PJM to submit a compliance filing to add

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<sup>1</sup> *PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.*, 171 FERC ¶ 61,210 (June. 16, 2020) (“June 16 Order”).

<sup>2</sup> For the purpose of this filing, capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meaning as contained in the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., or the Reliability Assurance Agreement Among Load Serving Entities in the PJM Region.

<sup>3</sup> *Id.*

an explicit clarification that PJM will alternate the season in which the load management tests will be conducted.<sup>4</sup>

## **II. SATISFACTION OF THE COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS OF THE JUNE 16 ORDER.**

In accordance with the Commission's June 16 Order, PJM submits revisions to Tariff, Attachment DD, section 11A and RAA, Schedule 6.1 to make explicit that a load management test for Demand Resource or Price Responsive Demand will be conducted one time each Delivery Year, but the annual test will alternate between the summer (June through October) and winter (November through March) period.<sup>5</sup> In other words, PJM will test both summer and winter capabilities over two years: a test in the summer period for one year and a test in the winter period the following year, or vice versa.<sup>6</sup>

To effectuate this clarification as it pertains to Demand Resources, PJM proposes to add the following clarifying language to Tariff, Attachment DD, section 11A(b)(iii)(D), as shown in relevant part and in blackline below:

D. Notification of the initial Office of the Interconnection scheduled test will be provided based on the following procedure. The Office of Interconnection shall schedule, on an alternating basis, one test during June through October or November through March for each Delivery Year that a test is required. On the first business day of a week, PJM will provide notice of all zones to be tested during the following two week test window. The test window opens the first business day of the week following the notice. By 10:00 EPT the day before the test, the Office of the Interconnection will post on its website the test date. The Office of the Interconnection will also notify the Curtailment Service Providers of the test date. On the test date, Curtailment Service Providers will be notified of start time of test

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<sup>4</sup> June 16 Order at P 33.

<sup>5</sup> As accepted in the June 16 Order, the months of April and May are left out of the possible months where PJM would provide notification of a test to provide Curtailment Service Providers an opportunity to retest the relevant resources.

<sup>6</sup> June 16 Order at P 31.

through the same notification protocol used for an event and as described in the PJM Manuals.

To apply this clarification for Price Responsive Demand testing requirements, PJM proposes to add the following language to RAA, Schedule 6.1, section L.1(c) as shown in blackline below:

(c) For the 2023/2024 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, if the registered PRD is not required to reduce the load for a Performance Assessment Interval during the relevant Delivery Year, then such registered PRD shall test for a two hour period between 11:00 EPT to 18:00 EPT on a weekday that is a non-NERC holiday during the relevant Delivery Year and in accordance with the following provisions. The Office of Interconnection shall schedule, on an alternating basis, one test during June through October or November through March for each Delivery Year that a test is required. The date and time of such test shall be selected by the Office of the Interconnection and notice of such test shall be provided to the PRD Provider in accordance with the procedure described in this section L.ii(b). If a PRD registration is measured for compliance for a Performance Assessment Interval in a Delivery Year, then no PRD Test Failure Charges will be assessed for such PRD registration.

### **III. DESCRIPTION OF SUBMITTAL**

This filing consists of the following:

1. This transmittal letter;
2. Attachment A – Revisions to the Tariff and RAA in redline format; and
3. Attachment B – Revisions to the Tariff and RAA in clean format.

#### **IV. COMMUNICATIONS**

Correspondence and communications with respect to this filing should be sent to the following persons:

Craig Glazer  
Vice President – Federal Government Policy  
PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.  
1200 G Street, N.W.  
Suite 600  
Washington, D.C. 20005  
(202) 202-423-4743  
[Craig.Glazer@pjm.com](mailto:Craig.Glazer@pjm.com)

Chenchao Lu  
Counsel  
PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.  
2750 Monroe Boulevard  
Audubon, PA 19403  
(610) 666-2255  
[Chenchao.Lu@pjm.com](mailto:Chenchao.Lu@pjm.com)

#### **V. SERVICE**

PJM has served a copy of this filing on all PJM Members and on all state utility regulatory commissions in the PJM Region by posting this filing electronically. In accordance with the Commission's regulations,<sup>7</sup> PJM will post a copy of this filing to the FERC filings section of its internet site, located at the following link: <http://www.pjm.com/documents/ferc-manuals.aspx> with a specific link to the newly-filed document, and will send an e-mail on the same date as this filing to all PJM Members and all state utility regulatory commissions in the PJM Region<sup>8</sup> alerting them that this filing has been made by PJM today and is available by following such link.

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<sup>7</sup> See 18 C.F.R §§ 35.2(e) and 385.2010(f)(3).

<sup>8</sup> PJM already maintains, updates, and regularly uses e-mail lists for all PJM members and affected commissions.

## VI. CONCLUSION

PJM respectfully requests that the Commission accept this compliance filing, with an effective date of June 17, 2020.

Respectfully submitted,



Craig Glazer  
Vice President – Federal Government Policy  
PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.  
1200 G Street, N.W.  
Suite 600  
Washington, D.C. 20005  
(202) 202-423-4743  
[Craig.Glazer@pjm.com](mailto:Craig.Glazer@pjm.com)

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Chenchao Lu  
Counsel  
PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.  
2750 Monroe Boulevard  
Audubon, PA 19403  
(610) 666-2255  
[Chenchao.Lu@pjm.com](mailto:Chenchao.Lu@pjm.com)

*On behalf of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.*

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that I have this day served the foregoing document upon each person designated on the official service list compiled by the Secretary in this proceeding.

Dated at Audubon, this 13<sup>th</sup> day of July 2020.



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Chenchao Lu  
Counsel  
PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.  
2750 Monroe Boulevard  
Audubon, PA 19403  
(610) 666-2255  
[Chenchao.Lu@pjm.com](mailto:Chenchao.Lu@pjm.com)

# Attachment A

## Revisions to the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff and PJM Reliability Assurance Agreement

(Marked / Redline Format)

Section(s) of the  
PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff  
(Marked / Redline Format)



## 11A DEMAND RESOURCES TEST FAILURE CHARGE

a) Beginning with the Delivery Year that commences on June 1, 2009, Capacity Market Sellers that commit Demand Resources may be charged to the extent their committed resources fail performance tests, as set forth herein.

b)

- (i) For Demand Resources not committed as Capacity Performance Resources for Delivery Years through May 31, 2018:

For Limited Demand Resources: If a registration for a Limited Demand Resource committed by a Capacity Market Seller is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event prior to August 15 of the relevant Delivery Year, then such registration must demonstrate that it was tested as described below in (iii), in a zone for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called between June 1 and September 30, inclusive. If a registration for a Limited Demand Resource committed by a Capacity Market Seller is dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a PJM Load Management event in a zone between August 16 and September 30, no test will be required. If a registration for a Limited Demand Resource committed by a Capacity Market Seller is dispatched by the Office of Interconnection for a PJM Load Management event in a subzone between June 1 and September 30 of the 2012/2013 and 2013/2014 Delivery Years, and such registration performs at or above the nominated amount of capacity on the registration, no test will be required and no Demand Resources Test Failure Charges will be assessed for such registrations. If a registration for a Limited Demand Resource committed by a Capacity Market Seller is dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a PJM Load Management event in a zone between June 1 and September 30, inclusive, then Demand Resources Test Failure Charges will not be assessed.

For Annual Demand Resources: if an Annual Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event in a Delivery Year, then the Annual Demand Resource registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that the Annual Demand Resource registration committed in a zone was tested as described below in (iii), for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year. If an Annual Demand Resource registration is dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load

Management event during the Delivery Year, then no test will be required.

For Extended Summer Demand Resources: if an Extended Summer Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during June through October or the following May, then the Extended Summer Demand Resource registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that the Extended Summer Demand Resource registration was tested as described below in (iii), for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year.

- (ii) For Demand Resources committed as Capacity Performance Resources for the 2016/2017 and 2017/2018 Delivery Years and for all Demand Resources for the 2018/2019 Delivery Year through the 2022/2023 Delivery Year:

For Base Capacity Demand Resources: if an Base Capacity Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during June through September, then the Base Capacity Demand Resource registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that the Base Capacity Demand Resource registration was tested as described below in (iii), for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called during June through September of the relevant Delivery Year.

For Demand Resources that commit as Capacity Performance Resources: if a Demand Resource that is a Capacity Performance Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event in a Delivery Year, then that Demand Resource registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that that Demand Resource registration committed in a zone was tested as described below in (iii), for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year. If an Annual Demand Resource registration is dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during the Delivery Year, then no test will be required.

For Summer-Period Demand Resources: if a Summer-Period Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during June through October or the following May of the Delivery Year, then the

registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that it was tested as described below in (iii), for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year.

All registrations in a zone required to test must be tested simultaneously for each product except that, when less than 25 percent (by megawatts) of a provider's Demand Resources in a zone fail a test, the provider may conduct a re-test limited to all registrations that failed to meet their seasonal nominated ICAP in the prior test, provided that such re-test must be at the same time of day and under approximately the same weather conditions as the prior test, and provided further that all affiliated registrations must test simultaneously, where affiliated means registrations that have any ability to shift load and are owned or controlled by the same entity. If less than 25 percent of resources fail the test and the provider chooses to conduct a retest, the provider may elect to maintain the performance compliance result for registration(s) achieved during the test if provider: (1) notifies the Office of the Interconnection 48 hours prior to the retest under this election; and (2) the provider retests affiliated registrations under this election as set forth in the PJM Manual.

(iii) For Demand Resources committed for the 2023/2024 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years:

A. For Annual Demand Resources: if an Annual Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event in a Delivery Year, then the registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller in a zone shall be tested as described below in section iii(c), for a two-hour period between the hours of 11:00 EPT and 18:00 EPT of a non-NERC holiday weekday during June through October or November through March of the relevant Delivery Year, where date and time are selected by the Office of the Interconnection and notice is provided consistent with the procedure described below in section iii(d). If an Annual Demand Resource registration is dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during the Delivery Year, then no test will be required.

B. For Summer-Period Demand Resources: if a Summer-Period Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during June through October or the following May of the Delivery Year, then the registration committed by a Capacity

Market Seller must demonstrate that it was tested as described below in section iii(c), for a two-hour period between the hours of 11:00 EPT and 18:00 EPT of a non-NERC holiday weekday, during June through October of the relevant Delivery Year, where date and time are selected by the Office of the Interconnection and notice is provided consistent with the procedure described below.

- C. All registrations in a zone will be tested simultaneously for two hours for each product. Registration performance will be calculated as the two hour average reduction. The Office of the Interconnection may, at its discretion, cancel a test and retest on an event day to ensure system reliability.

If less than 25 percent (by megawatts) of a Curtailment Service Provider's total Demand Resources in a zone fail the test, the Curtailment Service Provider may conduct re-tests limited to all registrations that failed to meet their seasonal nominated ICAP in the prior test, provided that such re-test(s) must be during the same season period (except if test was conducted in March in which case retest can be conducted in May), at the same time of day and under approximately the same weather conditions as the prior test, and provided further that all affiliated registrations must test simultaneously, where affiliated means registrations that have any ability to shift load and are owned or controlled by the same entity. If less than 25 percent of resources fail the test and the Curtailment Service Provider chooses to conduct a retest, the Curtailment Service Provider may elect to maintain the performance compliance result for the registration(s) that achieved during the test if Curtailment Service Provider: (1) notifies the Office of the Interconnection 48 hours prior to the retest under this election; and (2) the Curtailment Service Provider retests affiliated registrations under this election as set forth in the PJM Manual.

If 25 percent or more (by megawatts) of a Curtailment Service Provider's Demand Resources fail the test, the Curtailment Service Provider may request the Office of Interconnection to schedule a one-time retest limited to all registrations that failed to meet their seasonal nominated ICAP in the prior test, provided that all affiliated registrations must test simultaneously. Affiliated means registrations that have any ability to shift load and are owned or controlled by the same entity. The request must be made before the 46th day after the test. The Office of the Interconnection will select the date and time of the retest during the same season period (except if test

was conducted in March in which case retest may be conducted in May) and notice is provided consistent with the procedure described below.

D. Notification of the initial Office of the Interconnection scheduled test will be provided based on the following procedure. The Office of Interconnection shall schedule, on an alternating basis, one test during June through October or November through March for each Delivery Year that a test is required. On the first business day of a week, PJM will provide notice of all zones to be tested during the following two week test window. The test window opens the first business day of the week following the notice. By 10:00 EPT the day before the test, the Office of the Interconnection will post on its website the test date. The Office of the Interconnection will also notify the Curtailment Service Providers of the test date. On the test date, Curtailment Service Providers will be notified of start time of test through the same notification protocol used for an event and as described in the PJM Manuals.

Notification of any scheduled retest by the Office of the Interconnection will be provided based on the following procedure. By 10:00 EPT the day before the retest, the Office of the Interconnection will post the retest date on its website. PJM will also notify the Curtailment Service Providers the retest date. On the retest date, Curtailment Service Providers will be notified of start time of retest through the same notification protocol used for an event and as described in the PJM Manuals.

c) a Capacity Market Seller that committed Demand Resources shall be assessed a Demand Resources Test Failure Charge equal to the net capability testing shortfall for such products tested in a Zone during such test in the aggregate of all of such Seller's Demand Resources tested in such Zone times the Demand Resources Test Failure Charge Rate. The net capability testing shortfall in such Zone shall be the following megawatt quantity, converted to an Unforced Capacity basis using the applicable DR Factor and Forecast Pool Requirement: (i) the summer daily average of the megawatts of load reduction capability committed by such seller in such Zone for such product(s) tested minus (ii) the megawatts of load reduction actually provided by all such Demand Resources in such Zone during such test. The net capability testing shortfall in such Zone for such product(s) tested shall be reduced by the Curtailment Service Provider's summer daily average of the Capacity Resource deficiency shortfalls, determined pursuant to section 8 of Attachment DD of this Tariff, in such Zone for all of the Curtailment Service Provider's committed Demand Resources that are of the same product(s) tested.

d) the Demand Resources Test Failure Charge Rate shall equal such Seller's Weighted Daily Revenue Rate in such Zone for the product(s) tested plus the greater of (0.20 times the Weighted Daily Revenue Rate in such Zone for the product(s) tested or \$20/MW-day). The Daily Demand Resources Test Failure Charge in a zone for the product(s) tested shall be equal to the net capability testing shortfall in such Zone for such product(s) tested times the Demand Resources Test Failure Charge Rate. Such charge shall be assessed daily and charged monthly (or otherwise in accordance with customary PJM billing practices in effect at the time); provided, however, that a lump sum payment may be required to reflect amounts due, as a result of a test failure, from the start of the Delivery Year to the day that charges are reflected in regular billing.

e) revenues collected from assessment of Demand Resources Test Failure Charges shall be distributed to Load Serving Entities that were charged a Locational Reliability Charge for the Delivery Year for which the Demand Resources Test Failure Charge was assessed, pro-rata based on such Load Serving Entities' Daily Unforced Capacity Obligations.

Section(s) of the  
PJM Reliability Assurance Agreement  
(Marked / Redline Format)

## SCHEDULE 6.1

### **PRICE RESPONSIVE DEMAND**

A. As more fully set forth in this Schedule 6.1 and the PJM Manuals, for any Delivery Year beginning on or after June 1, 2015 (subject to a transition plan, as set forth below), any PRD Provider, including any FRR Entity, may commit that certain loads identified by such PRD Provider shall not exceed a specified demand level at specified prices during Maximum Generation Emergencies for the 2020/2021 and 2021/2022 Delivery Years or at specified prices during a Performance Assessment Interval for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, as a consequence of the implementation of Price Responsive Demand. Based on information provided by the PRD Provider in a PRD Plan (and, to the extent such plan identifies a PRD Reservation Price, based on the clearing price in the Base Residual Auction or Third Incremental Auction, as applicable), the Office of the Interconnection shall determine the Nominal PRD Value for the specified loads identified by such PRD Provider by Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable). The Office of the Interconnection shall adjust the PJM Region Reliability Requirement and LDA Reliability Requirements, as applicable, to reflect committed PRD. Actual PRD reductions in response to price shall be added back in determining peak load contributions as set forth in the PJM Manuals. Any PRD Provider that fails to fully honor its PRD commitments for a Delivery Year shall be assessed compliance charges.

B. End-use customer loads identified in a PRD Plan or PRD registration for a Delivery Year as Price Responsive Demand may not, for such Delivery Year, (i) be registered as Economic Load Response, Pre-Emergency Load Response or Emergency Load Response; (ii) be used as the basis of any Demand Resource Sell Offer or Energy Efficiency Resource Sell Offer in any RPM Auction; or (iii) be identified in a PRD Plan or PRD registration of any other PRD Provider.

C. Any PRD Provider seeking to commit PRD hereunder for a Delivery Year must submit to the Office of the Interconnection a PRD Plan identifying and supporting the Nominal PRD Value (for the 2020/2021 and 2021/2022 Delivery Years, calculated as the difference between the PRD Provider's Zonal Expected Peak Load Value of PRD and the Maximum Emergency Service Level of Price Responsive Demand or for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, calculated as the peak load contribution minus Firm Service Level times loss factor for each Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) for which such PRD is committed; such information shall be provided on a PRD Substation level to the extent available at the time the PRD Plan is submitted. Such plan must be submitted no later than (a) March 17, 2019 for the Base Residual Auction for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year or (b) the January 15 that last precedes the Base Residual Auction for the 2023/2024 and subsequent Delivery Years for which such PRD is committed; any submitted plan that does not contain, by such applicable deadline, all information required hereunder shall be rejected. A PRD Provider may submit a PRD Plan, or a modified PRD Plan, by the January 15 last preceding the Third Incremental Auction for such Delivery Year requesting approval of additional Price Responsive Demand but only in the event, and to the extent, that the final peak load forecast for the relevant LDA for such Delivery Year exceeds the preliminary peak load forecast for such LDA and Delivery Year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any PRD Plan submitted and approved for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year may be withdrawn or modified no later than 30 days prior to the commencement of the Base Residual Auction. The Office of the



Interconnection shall revise such requests (as adjusted, to the extent a PRD Reservation Price is specified, for the results of the Third Incremental Auction) for additional Price Responsive Demand downward, in accordance with rules in the PJM Manuals, if the submitted requests (as adjusted) in the aggregate exceed the increase in the load forecast in the LDA modeled. The Office of the Interconnection shall advise the PRD Provider, following the Third Incremental Auction, of its acceptance of, or any downward adjustment to, the Nominal PRD Value based on its review of the PRD Plan and the results of the auction. Approval of the PRD Plan by the Office of the Interconnection shall establish a firm commitment by the PRD Provider to the specified Nominal PRD Value of Price Responsive Demand at each Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) during the relevant Delivery Year (subject to any PRD Reservation Price), and may not be uncommitted or replaced by any Capacity Resource. Although the PRD Plan may include reasonably supported forecasts and expectations concerning the development of Price Responsive Demand for a Delivery Year, the PRD Provider's commitment to a Nominal PRD Value for such Delivery Year shall not depend or be conditioned upon realization of such forecasts or expectations.

D. All submitted PRD Plans must comply with the requirements and criteria in the PJM Manuals for such plans, including assumptions and standards specified in the PJM Manuals for estimates of expected load levels (prior to 2022/2023 Delivery Year) and estimates of peak load contribution (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) as described in paragraph C. The PRD Plan shall explain and justify the methods used to determine the Nominal PRD Value. All assumptions and relevant variables affecting the Nominal PRD Value must be clearly stated. The PRD Plan must include sufficient data to allow a third party to audit the procedures and verify the Nominal PRD Value. Any non-compliance with a Nominal PRD Value for a prior Delivery Year shall be identified and taken into account. In addition, each submitted PRD Plan must include:

(i) documentation, in the form specified in the PJM Manuals, that: (1) where the PRD Provider is a Load Serving Entity, the Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority has provided any required approval (including conditional approval, but only if the Load Serving Entity asserts that all such conditions have been satisfied) of such Load Serving Entity's time-varying retail rate structure and, regardless of whether RERRA approval is required, that such rate structure adheres to PRD implementation standards specified in the PJM Manuals; and (2) where the PRD Provider is not a Load Serving Entity, such PRD Provider has in place contractual arrangements with the relevant end-use customers establishing a time-varying retail rate structure that conforms to any RERRA requirements, and adheres to PRD implementation standards specified in the PJM Manuals; in such cases, the PRD Provider shall provide the Office of the Interconnection copies of its applicable contracts with end-use customers (including any proposed contracts) within ten Business Days after a request for such contracts, or its PRD Plan shall be rejected;

(ii) prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year the expected peak load value that would apply, absent load reductions in response to price, to the end-use customer loads at a PRD Substation level, including applicable peak-load contribution data for such customers, to the extent available and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable) level. For the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, estimates of Peak Load Contribution at a PRD Substation level, to the extent available and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable) level;

- (iii) the Maximum Emergency Service Level (prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year) or Firm Service Levels (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) of the identified load given the load's price-responsive characteristics, at a PRD Substation level if available and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable) level;
- (iv) Price-consumption curves ("PRD Curves") at a PRD Substation level if available and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable) level that detail the base consumption level of the identified loads; and the decreasing consumption levels at increasing prices, provided that all identified load reductions must be capable of full implementation within 15 minutes of declaration of a Maximum Generation Emergency (prior to 2022/2023 Delivery Year) or Performance Assessment Interval (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) by the Office of the Interconnection, and provided further that the specified prices may not exceed the maximum energy offer price cap under the PJM Tariff and Operating Agreement;
- (v) the estimated Nominal PRD Value of the Price Responsive Demand at a PRD Substation level if available and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable) level;
- (vi) specifications of equipment used to satisfy the advanced metering and Supervisory Control criteria for eligible Price Responsive Demand, including a timeline and milestones demonstrating that such equipment shall be available and operational for the start of the relevant Delivery Year. Such equipment shall comply with applicable RERRA requirements and shall be designed to meet all PRD requirements, including, without limitation, meter reading requirements and Supervisory Control requirements, specified in the PJM Manuals. The PRD Provider shall demonstrate in the PRD Plan that the Supervisory Control equipment enables an automated load response by Price Responsive Demand to the price trigger; provided, however, that the PRD Provider may request in the PRD Plan an exception to the automation requirement for any individual registered end-use customer that is located at a single site and that has Supervisory Control over processes by which load reduction would be accomplished; and provided further that nothing herein relieves such end-use customer of the obligation to respond within 15 minutes to declaration of a Maximum Generation Emergency (prior to 2022/2023 Delivery Year) or a Performance Assessment Interval (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) in accordance with applicable PRD Curves. In addition to the above requirements and those in the PJM Manuals for metering equipment and associated data, metering equipment shall provide integrated hourly kWh values on an electric distribution company account basis and shall either meet the electric distribution company requirements for accuracy or have a maximum error of two percent over the full range of the metering equipment (including potential transformers and current transformers). The installed metering equipment must be that used for retail electric service; or metering equipment owned by the end-use customer or PRD Provider that is approved by PJM and either read electronically by PJM or read by the customer or PRD Provider and forwarded to PJM, in either case in accordance with requirements set forth in the PJM Manuals; and
- (vii) any RPM Auction clearing price below which the PRD Provider does not choose to commit PRD ("PRD Reservation Price"), specifying the relevant auction, Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable), and, if applicable, a range of up to ten pairs of PRD commitment levels and associated minimum RPM Auction clearing prices; provided however that the Office of the

Interconnection may interpolate PRD commitment levels based on clearing prices between prices specified by the PRD Provider.

E. Each PRD Provider that commits Price Responsive Demand through an accepted PRD Plan must, no later than one day before the tenth Business Day prior to the start of the Delivery Year for which such PRD is committed, register with PJM, in the form and manner specified in the PJM Manuals, sufficient PRD-eligible load at a PRD Substation level to satisfy its Nominal PRD Value commitment. All information required in the PRD Plan to be at a PRD Substation level if available at the time of submission of the PRD Plan that was not provided at the time of submission of such plan must be provided with the registration. The PRD Provider shall also identify in the registration each individual end-use customer with a peak load contribution of 10 kW or greater included in such Price Responsive Demand, the peak load contribution, Maximum Emergency Service Level (prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year), and Firm Service Levels (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) for such customers, the Load Serving Entity responsible for serving such customers, and the Load Serving Entities responsible for serving the end-use customers not identified on an individual basis. PJM shall provide notification of such PRD registrations to the applicable electric distribution company(ies) and load serving entity(ies). The PRD Provider shall maintain, and provide to the Office of the Interconnection upon request, an identification of all individual end-use customers with a peak load contribution of less than 10kW included in such Price Responsive Demand, and the peak load contribution, Maximum Emergency Service Level (prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year), and Firm Service Levels (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) of such customers. The PRD Provider must maintain its PRD Substation-level registration of PRD-eligible load at the level of its Zonal (or sub-zonal LDA, if applicable) Nominal PRD Value commitment during each day of the Delivery Year for which such commitment was made. The PRD Provider may change the end-use customer registered to meet the PRD Provider's commitment during the Delivery Year, but such PRD Provider must always in the aggregate register sufficient Price Responsive Demand to meet or exceed the Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) committed Nominal PRD Value level. A PRD Provider must timely notify the Office of the Interconnection, in accordance with the PJM Manuals, of all changes in PRD registrations. Such notification must remove from the PRD Provider's registration(s) any end-use customer load that no longer meets the eligibility criteria for PRD, effective as of the first day that such end-use customer load is no longer PRD-eligible.

F. Each PRD Provider that is a Load Serving Entity shall be required to identify its committed Price Responsive Demand as price-sensitive demand at a PRD Substation level in the Day-Ahead and Real-Time Energy Markets. Each PRD Provider that is not a Load Serving Entity shall be required to identify its committed Price Responsive Demand as price-sensitive demand at a PRD Substation level in the Real-Time Energy Market. The most recent PRD Curve submitted by the PRD Provider in its PRD Plan or PRD registration shall be used for such purpose unless and until changed by the PRD Provider in accordance with the market rules of the Office of the Interconnection, provided that any changes to PRD Curves must be consistent with the PRD Provider's commitment of Price Responsive Demand hereunder.

G. The Obligation Peak Load of a Load Serving Entity that serves end-users registered as Price Responsive Demand in any Zone shall be as determined in Schedule 8 to this Agreement; provided, however, that such Load Serving Entity shall receive, for each day that an approved Price Response Demand registration is effective and applicable to such LSE's load, a Price Responsive Demand Credit for such registration during the Delivery Year, against the Locational

Reliability Charge otherwise assessed upon such Load Serving Entity in such Zone for such day, determined as follows:

$$\text{LSE PRD Credit} = [(\text{Share of Zonal Nominal PRD Value committed in Base Residual Auction} * (\text{FZWNSP}/\text{FZPLDY}) * \text{Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor} * \text{FPR} * \text{Final Zonal Capacity Price}) + (\text{Share of Zonal Nominal PRD Value committed in Third Incremental Auction} * (\text{FZWNSP}/\text{FZPLDY}) * \text{Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor} * \text{FPR} * \text{Final Zonal Capacity Price} * \text{Third Incremental Auction Component of Final Zonal Capacity Price stated as a Percentage})].$$

For the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the factor equal to FZWNSP/FZPLDY is eliminated in the calculation of the LSE PRD Credit

Where:

Share of Zonal Nominal PRD Value Committed in Base Residual Auction = Nominal PRD Value for such registration/Total Zonal Nominal PRD Value of all Price Responsive Demand registered by the PRD Provider of such registration \* Zonal Nominal PRD Value committed in the Base Residual Auction by the PRD Provider of such registration .

Share of Zonal Nominal PRD Value Committed in Third Incremental Auction = Nominal PRD Value for such registration/Total Zonal Nominal PRD Value of all Price Responsive Demand registered by the PRD Provider of such registration \* Zonal Nominal PRD Value committed in the Third Incremental Auction by the PRD Provider of such registration.

FZPLDY = Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year; and

FZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Peak Load for the summer concluding prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year;

And where the PRD registration is associated with a sub-Zone, the Share of the Nominal PRD Value Committed in Base Residual Auction or Third Incremental Auction will be based on the Nominal PRD Values committed and registered in a sub-Zone. A Load Serving Entity will receive a LSE PRD Credit for each approved Price Responsive Demand registration that is effective and applicable to load served by such Load Serving Entity on a given day. The total daily credit to an LSE in a Zone shall be the sum of the credits received as a result of all approved registrations in the Zone for load served by such LSE on a given day.

H. A PRD Provider may transfer all or part of its PRD commitment for a Delivery Year in a Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA) to another PRD Provider for its use in the same Zone or sub-Zonal LDA, through notice of such transfer provided by both the transferor and transferee PRD Providers to the Office of the Interconnection in the form and manner specified in the PJM Manuals. From and after the effective date of such transfer, and to the extent of such transfer, the transferor PRD Provider shall be relieved of its PRD commitment and credit requirements, shall not be liable for PRD compliance charges, and shall not be entitled to a Price Responsive Demand Credit; and the transferee PRD Provider, to the extent of such transfer, shall assume such PRD commitment, credit

requirements, and obligation for compliance charges and, if it is a Load Serving Entity, shall be entitled to a Price Responsive Demand Credit.

I. Any PRD Provider that commits Price Responsive Demand and does not register and maintain registration of sufficient PRD-eligible load, (including, without limitation, failing to install or maintain the required advanced metering or Supervisory Control facilities) in a Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) to satisfy in full its Nominal PRD Value commitment in such Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA) on each day of the Delivery Year for which such commitment is made shall be assessed a compliance charge for each day that the registered Price Responsive Demand is less than the committed Nominal PRD Value. Such daily penalty shall equal:

$$[\text{MW Shortfall}] * [\text{Forecast Pool Requirement}] * [(\text{Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price in } \$/\text{MW-day})$$

$$+ \text{higher of } (0.2 * \text{Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price}) \text{ or } (\$20/\text{MW-day})]$$

Where: MW Shortfall = Daily Nominal PRD Value committed in such PRD Provider's PRD Plan (including any permitted amendment to such plan) for the relevant Zone or sub-Zonal LDA – Daily Nominal PRD Value as a result of PRD registration for such Zone or sub-Zonal LDA; and

Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price is the average of the Final Zonal Capacity Price and the price component of the Final Zonal Capacity Price attributable to the Third Incremental Auction, weighted by the Nominal PRD Values committed by such PRD Provider in connection with the Base Residual Auction and those committed by such PRD Provider in connection with the Third Incremental Auction.

The MW Shortfall shall not be reduced through replacement of the Price Responsive Demand by any Capacity Resource or Excess Commitment Credits, provided, however, that the PRD Provider may register additional PRD-eligible end-use customer load to satisfy its PRD commitment.

J. PRD Providers shall be responsible for verifying the performance of their PRD loads during each maximum emergency event (prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year) and Performance Assessment Interval (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) declared by the Office of the Interconnection. PRD Providers shall demonstrate that the identified PRD loads performed in accordance with the PRD Curves submitted at a PRD Substation level in the PRD Plan or PRD registration; provided, however, prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, the previously submitted Maximum Emergency Service Level ("MESL") value shall be adjusted by a ratio equal to the amount by which the actual Zonal load during the declared event exceeded the PJM load forecast underlying the previously submitted MESL value. In accordance with procedures and deadlines specified in the PJM Manuals, the PRD Providers must submit actual customer load levels for all hours during the declared event and all other information reasonably required by the Office of the Interconnection to verify performance of the committed PRD loads.

K. Prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, if the identified loads submitted for a Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA) by a PRD Provider exceed during any Emergency the aggregate MESL specified in all PRD registrations of such PRD Provider that have a PRD Curve specifying a price at or below the highest Real-time LMP recorded during such Emergency, the PRD Provider that committed such loads as Price Responsive Demand shall be assessed a compliance charge hereunder. The charge shall be based on the net performance during an Emergency of the loads that were identified as Price Responsive Demand for such Delivery Year in the PRD registrations submitted by such PRD Provider in each Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) and that specified a price at the

MESL that is at or below the highest Real-Time LMP recorded during such Emergency. The compliance charge hereunder shall equal:

$[MW \text{ Shortfall}] * [\text{Forecast Pool Requirement}] * [(\text{Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price in } \$/\text{MW-day})$

$+ \text{higher of } (0.2 * \text{Final Zonal Capacity Price}) \text{ or } (\$20/\text{MW-day})] * 365 \text{ days}$

Where: MW Shortfall = [highest hourly integrated aggregate metered load for such PRD Provider's PRD load in the Zone or sub-Zonal LDA meeting the price condition specified above] – {(aggregate MESL for the Zone or sub-Zonal LDA) \* the higher of [1.0] or [(actual Zonal load – actual total PRD load in Zone) / (Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast – final Zonal Expected Peak Load Value of PRD in total for all PRD load in Zone meeting the price condition specified above)]}.

For purposes of the above provision, the MW Shortfall for any portion of the Emergency event that is less than a full clock hour shall be treated as a shortfall for a full clock hour unless either: (i) the load was reduced to the adjusted MESL level within 15 minutes of the emergency procedures notification, regardless of the response rate submitted, or (ii) the hourly integrated value of the load was at or below the adjusted MESL. Such MW shortfall shall not be reduced through replacement of the Price Responsive Demand by any Capacity Resource or Excess Commitment Credits; provided, however, that the performance and MW Shortfalls of all PRD-eligible load registered by the PRD Provider, including any additional or replacement load registered by such PRD Provider, provided that it meets the price condition specified above, shall be reflected in the calculation of the overall MW Shortfall. Any greater MW Shortfall during a subsequent Emergency for such Zone or sub-Zonal LDA during the same Delivery Year shall result in a further charge hereunder, limited to the additional increment of MW Shortfall. As appropriate, the MW Shortfall for non-compliance during an Emergency shall be adjusted downward to the extent such PRD Provider also was assessed a compliance penalty for failure to register sufficient PRD to satisfy its PRD commitment.

L. PRD Providers that register Price Responsive Demand shall be subject to test at least once per year to demonstrate the ability of the registered Price Responsive Demand to reduce to the specified Maximum Emergency Service Level prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year or the Firm Service Level for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, and such PRD Providers shall be assessed a compliance charge to the extent of failure by the registered Price Responsive Demand during such test to reduce to the relevant service level, in accordance with the following:

(i)

(a) Prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, if the Office of the Interconnection does not declare during the relevant Delivery Year a Maximum Generation Emergency that requires the registered PRD to reduce to the Maximum Emergency Service Level then such registered PRD must demonstrate that it was tested for a one-hour period during any hour when a Maximum Generation Emergency may be called during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year. If a Maximum Generation Emergency that requires the registered PRD to reduce to the Maximum Emergency Service Level is called during the relevant Delivery Year, then no compliance charges will be assessed hereunder.

(b) For the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, if the Office of the Interconnection does not declare an Emergency Action triggering a Performance Assessment Interval during the relevant Delivery Year or is not measured for compliance at a Performance Assessment Interval, then such registered PRD must demonstrate that it was tested for a one hour period between 10:00 AM EPT to 10:00 PM EPT during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year. If a PRD registration is measured for compliance for a Performance Assessment Interval in a Delivery Year, then no PRD Test Failure Charges will be assessed for such PRD registration.

(c) For the 2023/2024 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, if the registered PRD is not required to reduce the load for a Performance Assessment Interval during the relevant Delivery Year, then such registered PRD shall test for a two hour period between 11:00 EPT to 18:00 EPT on a weekday that is a non-NERC holiday during the relevant Delivery Year and in accordance with the following provisions. The Office of Interconnection shall schedule, on an alternating basis, one test during June through October or November through March for each Delivery Year that a test is required. The date and time of such test shall be selected by the Office of the Interconnection and notice of such test shall be provided to the PRD Provider in accordance with the procedure described in this section L.ii(b). If a PRD registration is measured for compliance for a Performance Assessment Interval in a Delivery Year, then no PRD Test Failure Charges will be assessed for such PRD registration.

(ii)

(a) Prior to the 2023/2024 Delivery Year, all PRD registered in a Zone must be tested simultaneously except that, when less than 25 percent (by megawatts) of a PRD Provider's total PRD registered in a Zone fails a test, the PRD Provider may conduct a re-test limited to all registered PRD that failed the prior test, provided that such re-test must be at the same time of day and under approximately the same weather conditions as the prior test, and provided further that all affiliated registered PRD must test simultaneously, where affiliated means registered PRD that has any ability to shift load and that is owned or controlled by the same entity. If less than 25 percent of a PRD Provider's total PRD registered in a Zone fails the test and the PRD Provider chooses to conduct a retest, the PRD Provider may elect to maintain the performance compliance result for registered PRD achieved during the test if the PRD Provider: (1) notifies the Office of the Interconnection 48 hours prior to the re-test under this election; and (2) the PRD Provider retests affiliated registered PRD under this election as set forth in the PJM Manuals.

(b) For the 2023/2024 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, all PRD registered in a zone will be tested simultaneously for two hours. The Office of the Interconnection may, at its discretion, cancel a test and retest to ensure system reliability.

If less than 25 percent (by megawatts) of a PRD Provider's total PRD registered in a Zone fails a test, the PRD Provider may conduct re-tests limited to all registered PRD that failed the prior test, provided that such re-test must be at the same time of day and under

approximately the same weather conditions as the prior test, and provided further that all affiliated registered PRD must test simultaneously, where affiliated means registered PRD that has any ability to shift load and that is owned or controlled by the same entity. The PRD Provider may elect to maintain the performance compliance result for registered PRD achieved during the test if the PRD Provider: (1) notifies the Office of the Interconnection 48 hours prior to the re-test under this election; and (2) the PRD Provider retests affiliated registered PRD under this election as set forth in the PJM Manuals.

If 25 percent or more (by megawatts) of a PRD Provider's total PRD registered in a Zone fails the test the PRD Provider may request PJM to schedule a one-time retest limited to all registrations that failed the prior test, provided that all affiliated registrations must test simultaneously where affiliated means registered PRD that has any ability to shift load and that is owned or controlled by the same entity. The request must be made before the 46th day after the test. The Office of the Interconnection will select the date and time of the retest during the same season period (except if test was conducted in March in which case retest can be conducted in May) and notice is provided consistent with the following procedure.

(c) Notification of the initial Office of the Interconnection scheduled test will be provided as follows:

On the first business day of a week, PJM will provide notice of all zones to be tested during the following two week test window. The test window opens the first business day of the week following the notice. By 10:00 EPT the day before the test, the Office of the Interconnection will post on its website the test date. The Office of the Interconnection will also notify the PRD Providers the test date. On test date, PRD Providers will receive start time through web service communications and as defined in the PJM Manuals.

Notification of any scheduled retest by the Office of the Interconnection will be provided as follows:

By 10:00 EPT the day before the retest, the Office of the Interconnection will post the retest date on its website. PJM will also notify the PRD Providers the retest date. On retest date PRD Providers will receive start time through web service communications and as defined in the PJM Manuals.

(iii) A PRD Provider that registered PRD shall be assessed a PRD Test Failure Charge equal to the net PRD capability testing shortfall in a Zone during such test in the aggregate of all of such PRD Provider's registered PRD in such Zone times the PRD Test Failure Charge Rate. Prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, the net capability testing shortfall in such Zone shall be the following megawatt quantity, converted to an Unforced Capacity basis using the applicable Forecast Pool Requirement:

MW Shortfall = [hourly integrated aggregate metered load for such PRD Provider's PRD load in the Zone or sub-Zonal LDA] – {(aggregate MESL for the Zone or sub-Zonal LDA) \* the higher



of [1.0] or [(actual Zonal load – actual total PRD load in Zone) / (Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast – final Zonal Expected Peak Load Value of PRD in total for all PRD load in Zone)]}.

The net PRD capability testing shortfall in such Zone shall be reduced by the PRD Provider's summer daily average of the MW shortfalls determined for compliance charge purposes under section I of this Schedule 6.1 in such Zone for such PRD Provider's registered PRD.

For the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the MW testing shortfall for a PRD registration is equal to the nominal load reduction value of such registration, capped at the daily Nominal PRD Value committed by such registration on the day of the test, minus the actual hourly load reduction for such registration. The test compliance results of the PRD Provider's registrations in a Zone that were expected to test are aggregated to determine a PRD Provider's net zonal testing shortfall.

(iv) The PRD Test Failure Charge Rate shall equal such PRD Provider's Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price in such Zone plus the greater of (0.20 times the Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price in such Zone or \$20/MW-day) times the number of days in the Delivery Year, where the Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price is the average of the Final Zonal Capacity Price and the price component of the Final Zonal Capacity Price attributable to the Third Incremental Auction, weighted by the Nominal PRD Values committed by such PRD Provider in connection with the Base Residual Auction and those committed by such PRD Provider in connection with the Third Incremental Auction.

M. The revenue collected from assessment of the charges assessed under subsections I, K, and L of this Schedule 6.1 shall be distributed on a pro-rata basis to all entities that committed Capacity Resources in the RPM Auctions for the Delivery Year for which the compliance charge is assessed, pro rata based on each such entity's revenues from Capacity Market Clearing Prices in such auctions, net of any compliance charges incurred by such entity.

N. For the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a PRD Provider is subject to a Non-Performance Assessment in accordance with the PJM Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A. Compliance is measured for a PRD registration upon declaration of a Performance Assessment Interval in same sub-Zone/Zone of such PRD registration and when the PRD Curve associated with such registration in the PJM Real-time Energy Market has a price point at or below the Real-time LMP recorded during the Performance Assessment Interval. A PRD registration with an approved exception to the automation requirement will not have compliance measured during Performance Assessment Intervals that fall within the 15 minute response allowance. The actual load reduction provided by the registration for the Performance Assessment Interval is calculated as the registration's peak load contribution minus (the metered load multiplied by the loss factor). A load reduction will only be recognized if metered load multiplied by the loss factor is less than the peak load contribution. When five minute revenue meter data is not available to determine compliance of a PRD registration for a Performance Assessment Interval, the actual load reduction for a Performance Assessment Interval is calculated as the actual hourly load reduction for the hour ending that includes the Performance Assessment Interval(s) multiplied (twelve divided by the number of five minute intervals the PRD registration was to be measured for compliance). The actual load reduction for a registration for a Performance Assessment Interval is capped at the peak load contribution of the

registration. If the PRD Provider fails to submit actual metered data for the registration for all hours during the day of a Performance Assessment Interval, the actual load reduction for such registration will be equal to zero MW.

# Attachment B

PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff  
and PJM Reliability Assurance Agreement

(Clean Format)

Section(s) of the  
PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff  
(Clean Format)

## 11A DEMAND RESOURCES TEST FAILURE CHARGE

a) Beginning with the Delivery Year that commences on June 1, 2009, Capacity Market Sellers that commit Demand Resources may be charged to the extent their committed resources fail performance tests, as set forth herein.

b)

- (i) For Demand Resources not committed as Capacity Performance Resources for Delivery Years through May 31, 2018:

For Limited Demand Resources: If a registration for a Limited Demand Resource committed by a Capacity Market Seller is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event prior to August 15 of the relevant Delivery Year, then such registration must demonstrate that it was tested as described below in (iii), in a zone for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called between June 1 and September 30, inclusive. If a registration for a Limited Demand Resource committed by a Capacity Market Seller is dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a PJM Load Management event in a zone between August 16 and September 30, no test will be required. If a registration for a Limited Demand Resource committed by a Capacity Market Seller is dispatched by the Office of Interconnection for a PJM Load Management event in a subzone between June 1 and September 30 of the 2012/2013 and 2013/2014 Delivery Years, and such registration performs at or above the nominated amount of capacity on the registration, no test will be required and no Demand Resources Test Failure Charges will be assessed for such registrations. If a registration for a Limited Demand Resource committed by a Capacity Market Seller is dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a PJM Load Management event in a zone between June 1 and September 30, inclusive, then Demand Resources Test Failure Charges will not be assessed.

For Annual Demand Resources: if an Annual Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event in a Delivery Year, then the Annual Demand Resource registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that the Annual Demand Resource registration committed in a zone was tested as described below in (iii), for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year. If an Annual Demand Resource registration is dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load

Management event during the Delivery Year, then no test will be required.

For Extended Summer Demand Resources: if an Extended Summer Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during June through October or the following May, then the Extended Summer Demand Resource registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that the Extended Summer Demand Resource registration was tested as described below in (iii), for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year.

- (ii) For Demand Resources committed as Capacity Performance Resources for the 2016/2017 and 2017/2018 Delivery Years and for all Demand Resources for the 2018/2019 Delivery Year through the 2022/2023 Delivery Year:

For Base Capacity Demand Resources: if an Base Capacity Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during June through September, then the Base Capacity Demand Resource registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that the Base Capacity Demand Resource registration was tested as described below in (iii), for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called during June through September of the relevant Delivery Year.

For Demand Resources that commit as Capacity Performance Resources: if a Demand Resource that is a Capacity Performance Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event in a Delivery Year, then that Demand Resource registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that that Demand Resource registration committed in a zone was tested as described below in (iii), for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year. If an Annual Demand Resource registration is dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during the Delivery Year, then no test will be required.

For Summer-Period Demand Resources: if a Summer-Period Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during June through October or the following May of the Delivery Year, then the

registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that it was tested as described below in (iii), for a one-hour period during any hour when a PJM Load Management event may be called during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year.

All registrations in a zone required to test must be tested simultaneously for each product except that, when less than 25 percent (by megawatts) of a provider's Demand Resources in a zone fail a test, the provider may conduct a re-test limited to all registrations that failed to meet their seasonal nominated ICAP in the prior test, provided that such re-test must be at the same time of day and under approximately the same weather conditions as the prior test, and provided further that all affiliated registrations must test simultaneously, where affiliated means registrations that have any ability to shift load and are owned or controlled by the same entity. If less than 25 percent of resources fail the test and the provider chooses to conduct a retest, the provider may elect to maintain the performance compliance result for registration(s) achieved during the test if provider: (1) notifies the Office of the Interconnection 48 hours prior to the retest under this election; and (2) the provider retests affiliated registrations under this election as set forth in the PJM Manual.

- (iii) For Demand Resources committed for the 2023/2024 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years:
  - A. For Annual Demand Resources: if an Annual Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event in a Delivery Year, then the registration committed by a Capacity Market Seller in a zone shall be tested as described below in section iii(c), for a two-hour period between the hours of 11:00 EPT and 18:00 EPT of a non-NERC holiday weekday during June through October or November through March of the relevant Delivery Year, where date and time are selected by the Office of the Interconnection and notice is provided consistent with the procedure described below in section iii(d). If an Annual Demand Resource registration is dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during the Delivery Year, then no test will be required.
  - B. For Summer-Period Demand Resources: if a Summer-Period Demand Resource registration is not dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for a Load Management event during June through October or the following May of the Delivery Year, then the registration committed by a Capacity

Market Seller must demonstrate that it was tested as described below in section iii(c), for a two-hour period between the hours of 11:00 EPT and 18:00 EPT of a non-NERC holiday weekday, during June through October of the relevant Delivery Year, where date and time are selected by the Office of the Interconnection and notice is provided consistent with the procedure described below.

- C. All registrations in a zone will be tested simultaneously for two hours for each product. Registration performance will be calculated as the two hour average reduction. The Office of the Interconnection may, at its discretion, cancel a test and retest on an event day to ensure system reliability.

If less than 25 percent (by megawatts) of a Curtailment Service Provider's total Demand Resources in a zone fail the test, the Curtailment Service Provider may conduct re-tests limited to all registrations that failed to meet their seasonal nominated ICAP in the prior test, provided that such re-test(s) must be during the same season period (except if test was conducted in March in which case retest can be conducted in May), at the same time of day and under approximately the same weather conditions as the prior test, and provided further that all affiliated registrations must test simultaneously, where affiliated means registrations that have any ability to shift load and are owned or controlled by the same entity. If less than 25 percent of resources fail the test and the Curtailment Service Provider chooses to conduct a retest, the Curtailment Service Provider may elect to maintain the performance compliance result for the registration(s) that achieved during the test if Curtailment Service Provider: (1) notifies the Office of the Interconnection 48 hours prior to the retest under this election; and (2) the Curtailment Service Provider retests affiliated registrations under this election as set forth in the PJM Manual.

If 25 percent or more (by megawatts) of a Curtailment Service Provider's Demand Resources fail the test, the Curtailment Service Provider may request the Office of Interconnection to schedule a one-time retest limited to all registrations that failed to meet their seasonal nominated ICAP in the prior test, provided that all affiliated registrations must test simultaneously. Affiliated means registrations that have any ability to shift load and are owned or controlled by the same entity. The request must be made before the 46th day after the test. The Office of the Interconnection will select the date and time of the retest during the same season period (except if test



was conducted in March in which case retest may be conducted in May) and notice is provided consistent with the procedure described below.

D. Notification of the initial Office of the Interconnection scheduled test will be provided based on the following procedure. The Office of Interconnection shall schedule, on an alternating basis, one test during June through October or November through March for each Delivery Year that a test is required. On the first business day of a week, PJM will provide notice of all zones to be tested during the following two week test window. The test window opens the first business day of the week following the notice. By 10:00 EPT the day before the test, the Office of the Interconnection will post on its website the test date. The Office of the Interconnection will also notify the Curtailment Service Providers of the test date. On the test date, Curtailment Service Providers will be notified of start time of test through the same notification protocol used for an event and as described in the PJM Manuals.

Notification of any scheduled retest by the Office of the Interconnection will be provided based on the following procedure. By 10:00 EPT the day before the retest, the Office of the Interconnection will post the retest date on its website. PJM will also notify the Curtailment Service Providers the retest date. On the retest date, Curtailment Service Providers will be notified of start time of retest through the same notification protocol used for an event and as described in the PJM Manuals.

c) a Capacity Market Seller that committed Demand Resources shall be assessed a Demand Resources Test Failure Charge equal to the net capability testing shortfall for such products tested in a Zone during such test in the aggregate of all of such Seller's Demand Resources tested in such Zone times the Demand Resources Test Failure Charge Rate. The net capability testing shortfall in such Zone shall be the following megawatt quantity, converted to an Unforced Capacity basis using the applicable DR Factor and Forecast Pool Requirement: (i) the summer daily average of the megawatts of load reduction capability committed by such seller in such Zone for such product(s) tested minus (ii) the megawatts of load reduction actually provided by all such Demand Resources in such Zone during such test. The net capability testing shortfall in such Zone for such product(s) tested shall be reduced by the Curtailment Service Provider's summer daily average of the Capacity Resource deficiency shortfalls, determined pursuant to section 8 of Attachment DD of this Tariff, in such Zone for all of the Curtailment Service Provider's committed Demand Resources that are of the same product(s) tested.

d) the Demand Resources Test Failure Charge Rate shall equal such Seller's Weighted Daily Revenue Rate in such Zone for the product(s) tested plus the greater of (0.20 times the Weighted Daily Revenue Rate in such Zone for the product(s) tested or \$20/MW-day). The Daily Demand Resources Test Failure Charge in a zone for the product(s) tested shall be equal to the net capability testing shortfall in such Zone for such product(s) tested times the Demand Resources Test Failure Charge Rate. Such charge shall be assessed daily and charged monthly (or otherwise in accordance with customary PJM billing practices in effect at the time); provided, however, that a lump sum payment may be required to reflect amounts due, as a result of a test failure, from the start of the Delivery Year to the day that charges are reflected in regular billing.

e) revenues collected from assessment of Demand Resources Test Failure Charges shall be distributed to Load Serving Entities that were charged a Locational Reliability Charge for the Delivery Year for which the Demand Resources Test Failure Charge was assessed, pro-rata based on such Load Serving Entities' Daily Unforced Capacity Obligations.

Section(s) of the  
PJM Reliability Assurance Agreement  
(Clean Format)

## SCHEDULE 6.1

### **PRICE RESPONSIVE DEMAND**

A. As more fully set forth in this Schedule 6.1 and the PJM Manuals, for any Delivery Year beginning on or after June 1, 2015 (subject to a transition plan, as set forth below), any PRD Provider, including any FRR Entity, may commit that certain loads identified by such PRD Provider shall not exceed a specified demand level at specified prices during Maximum Generation Emergencies for the 2020/2021 and 2021/2022 Delivery Years or at specified prices during a Performance Assessment Interval for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, as a consequence of the implementation of Price Responsive Demand. Based on information provided by the PRD Provider in a PRD Plan (and, to the extent such plan identifies a PRD Reservation Price, based on the clearing price in the Base Residual Auction or Third Incremental Auction, as applicable), the Office of the Interconnection shall determine the Nominal PRD Value for the specified loads identified by such PRD Provider by Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable). The Office of the Interconnection shall adjust the PJM Region Reliability Requirement and LDA Reliability Requirements, as applicable, to reflect committed PRD. Actual PRD reductions in response to price shall be added back in determining peak load contributions as set forth in the PJM Manuals. Any PRD Provider that fails to fully honor its PRD commitments for a Delivery Year shall be assessed compliance charges.

B. End-use customer loads identified in a PRD Plan or PRD registration for a Delivery Year as Price Responsive Demand may not, for such Delivery Year, (i) be registered as Economic Load Response, Pre-Emergency Load Response or Emergency Load Response; (ii) be used as the basis of any Demand Resource Sell Offer or Energy Efficiency Resource Sell Offer in any RPM Auction; or (iii) be identified in a PRD Plan or PRD registration of any other PRD Provider.

C. Any PRD Provider seeking to commit PRD hereunder for a Delivery Year must submit to the Office of the Interconnection a PRD Plan identifying and supporting the Nominal PRD Value (for the 2020/2021 and 2021/2022 Delivery Years, calculated as the difference between the PRD Provider's Zonal Expected Peak Load Value of PRD and the Maximum Emergency Service Level of Price Responsive Demand or for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, calculated as the peak load contribution minus Firm Service Level times loss factor for each Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) for which such PRD is committed; such information shall be provided on a PRD Substation level to the extent available at the time the PRD Plan is submitted. Such plan must be submitted no later than (a) March 17, 2019 for the Base Residual Auction for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year or (b) the January 15 that last precedes the Base Residual Auction for the 2023/2024 and subsequent Delivery Years for which such PRD is committed; any submitted plan that does not contain, by such applicable deadline, all information required hereunder shall be rejected. A PRD Provider may submit a PRD Plan, or a modified PRD Plan, by the January 15 last preceding the Third Incremental Auction for such Delivery Year requesting approval of additional Price Responsive Demand but only in the event, and to the extent, that the final peak load forecast for the relevant LDA for such Delivery Year exceeds the preliminary peak load forecast for such LDA and Delivery Year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any PRD Plan submitted and approved for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year may be withdrawn or modified no later than 30 days prior to the commencement of the Base Residual Auction. The Office of the

Interconnection shall revise such requests (as adjusted, to the extent a PRD Reservation Price is specified, for the results of the Third Incremental Auction) for additional Price Responsive Demand downward, in accordance with rules in the PJM Manuals, if the submitted requests (as adjusted) in the aggregate exceed the increase in the load forecast in the LDA modeled. The Office of the Interconnection shall advise the PRD Provider, following the Third Incremental Auction, of its acceptance of, or any downward adjustment to, the Nominal PRD Value based on its review of the PRD Plan and the results of the auction. Approval of the PRD Plan by the Office of the Interconnection shall establish a firm commitment by the PRD Provider to the specified Nominal PRD Value of Price Responsive Demand at each Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) during the relevant Delivery Year (subject to any PRD Reservation Price), and may not be uncommitted or replaced by any Capacity Resource. Although the PRD Plan may include reasonably supported forecasts and expectations concerning the development of Price Responsive Demand for a Delivery Year, the PRD Provider's commitment to a Nominal PRD Value for such Delivery Year shall not depend or be conditioned upon realization of such forecasts or expectations.

D. All submitted PRD Plans must comply with the requirements and criteria in the PJM Manuals for such plans, including assumptions and standards specified in the PJM Manuals for estimates of expected load levels (prior to 2022/2023 Delivery Year) and estimates of peak load contribution (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) as described in paragraph C. The PRD Plan shall explain and justify the methods used to determine the Nominal PRD Value. All assumptions and relevant variables affecting the Nominal PRD Value must be clearly stated. The PRD Plan must include sufficient data to allow a third party to audit the procedures and verify the Nominal PRD Value. Any non-compliance with a Nominal PRD Value for a prior Delivery Year shall be identified and taken into account. In addition, each submitted PRD Plan must include:

(i) documentation, in the form specified in the PJM Manuals, that: (1) where the PRD Provider is a Load Serving Entity, the Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority has provided any required approval (including conditional approval, but only if the Load Serving Entity asserts that all such conditions have been satisfied) of such Load Serving Entity's time-varying retail rate structure and, regardless of whether RERRA approval is required, that such rate structure adheres to PRD implementation standards specified in the PJM Manuals; and (2) where the PRD Provider is not a Load Serving Entity, such PRD Provider has in place contractual arrangements with the relevant end-use customers establishing a time-varying retail rate structure that conforms to any RERRA requirements, and adheres to PRD implementation standards specified in the PJM Manuals; in such cases, the PRD Provider shall provide the Office of the Interconnection copies of its applicable contracts with end-use customers (including any proposed contracts) within ten Business Days after a request for such contracts, or its PRD Plan shall be rejected;

(ii) prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year the expected peak load value that would apply, absent load reductions in response to price, to the end-use customer loads at a PRD Substation level, including applicable peak-load contribution data for such customers, to the extent available and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable) level. For the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, estimates of Peak Load Contribution at a PRD Substation level, to the extent available and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable) level;

- (iii) the Maximum Emergency Service Level (prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year) or Firm Service Levels (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) of the identified load given the load's price-responsive characteristics, at a PRD Substation level if available and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable) level;
- (iv) Price-consumption curves ("PRD Curves") at a PRD Substation level if available and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable) level that detail the base consumption level of the identified loads; and the decreasing consumption levels at increasing prices, provided that all identified load reductions must be capable of full implementation within 15 minutes of declaration of a Maximum Generation Emergency (prior to 2022/2023 Delivery Year) or Performance Assessment Interval (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) by the Office of the Interconnection, and provided further that the specified prices may not exceed the maximum energy offer price cap under the PJM Tariff and Operating Agreement;
- (v) the estimated Nominal PRD Value of the Price Responsive Demand at a PRD Substation level if available and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable) level;
- (vi) specifications of equipment used to satisfy the advanced metering and Supervisory Control criteria for eligible Price Responsive Demand, including a timeline and milestones demonstrating that such equipment shall be available and operational for the start of the relevant Delivery Year. Such equipment shall comply with applicable RERRA requirements and shall be designed to meet all PRD requirements, including, without limitation, meter reading requirements and Supervisory Control requirements, specified in the PJM Manuals. The PRD Provider shall demonstrate in the PRD Plan that the Supervisory Control equipment enables an automated load response by Price Responsive Demand to the price trigger; provided, however, that the PRD Provider may request in the PRD Plan an exception to the automation requirement for any individual registered end-use customer that is located at a single site and that has Supervisory Control over processes by which load reduction would be accomplished; and provided further that nothing herein relieves such end-use customer of the obligation to respond within 15 minutes to declaration of a Maximum Generation Emergency (prior to 2022/2023 Delivery Year) or a Performance Assessment Interval (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) in accordance with applicable PRD Curves. In addition to the above requirements and those in the PJM Manuals for metering equipment and associated data, metering equipment shall provide integrated hourly kWh values on an electric distribution company account basis and shall either meet the electric distribution company requirements for accuracy or have a maximum error of two percent over the full range of the metering equipment (including potential transformers and current transformers). The installed metering equipment must be that used for retail electric service; or metering equipment owned by the end-use customer or PRD Provider that is approved by PJM and either read electronically by PJM or read by the customer or PRD Provider and forwarded to PJM, in either case in accordance with requirements set forth in the PJM Manuals; and
- (vii) any RPM Auction clearing price below which the PRD Provider does not choose to commit PRD ("PRD Reservation Price"), specifying the relevant auction, Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA if applicable), and, if applicable, a range of up to ten pairs of PRD commitment levels and associated minimum RPM Auction clearing prices; provided however that the Office of the

Interconnection may interpolate PRD commitment levels based on clearing prices between prices specified by the PRD Provider.

E. Each PRD Provider that commits Price Responsive Demand through an accepted PRD Plan must, no later than one day before the tenth Business Day prior to the start of the Delivery Year for which such PRD is committed, register with PJM, in the form and manner specified in the PJM Manuals, sufficient PRD-eligible load at a PRD Substation level to satisfy its Nominal PRD Value commitment. All information required in the PRD Plan to be at a PRD Substation level if available at the time of submission of the PRD Plan that was not provided at the time of submission of such plan must be provided with the registration. The PRD Provider shall also identify in the registration each individual end-use customer with a peak load contribution of 10 kW or greater included in such Price Responsive Demand, the peak load contribution, Maximum Emergency Service Level (prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year), and Firm Service Levels (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) for such customers, the Load Serving Entity responsible for serving such customers, and the Load Serving Entities responsible for serving the end-use customers not identified on an individual basis. PJM shall provide notification of such PRD registrations to the applicable electric distribution company(ies) and load serving entity(ies). The PRD Provider shall maintain, and provide to the Office of the Interconnection upon request, an identification of all individual end-use customers with a peak load contribution of less than 10kW included in such Price Responsive Demand, and the peak load contribution, Maximum Emergency Service Level (prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year), and Firm Service Levels (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) of such customers. The PRD Provider must maintain its PRD Substation-level registration of PRD-eligible load at the level of its Zonal (or sub-zonal LDA, if applicable) Nominal PRD Value commitment during each day of the Delivery Year for which such commitment was made. The PRD Provider may change the end-use customer registered to meet the PRD Provider's commitment during the Delivery Year, but such PRD Provider must always in the aggregate register sufficient Price Responsive Demand to meet or exceed the Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) committed Nominal PRD Value level. A PRD Provider must timely notify the Office of the Interconnection, in accordance with the PJM Manuals, of all changes in PRD registrations. Such notification must remove from the PRD Provider's registration(s) any end-use customer load that no longer meets the eligibility criteria for PRD, effective as of the first day that such end-use customer load is no longer PRD-eligible.

F. Each PRD Provider that is a Load Serving Entity shall be required to identify its committed Price Responsive Demand as price-sensitive demand at a PRD Substation level in the Day-Ahead and Real-Time Energy Markets. Each PRD Provider that is not a Load Serving Entity shall be required to identify its committed Price Responsive Demand as price-sensitive demand at a PRD Substation level in the Real-Time Energy Market. The most recent PRD Curve submitted by the PRD Provider in its PRD Plan or PRD registration shall be used for such purpose unless and until changed by the PRD Provider in accordance with the market rules of the Office of the Interconnection, provided that any changes to PRD Curves must be consistent with the PRD Provider's commitment of Price Responsive Demand hereunder.

G. The Obligation Peak Load of a Load Serving Entity that serves end-users registered as Price Responsive Demand in any Zone shall be as determined in Schedule 8 to this Agreement; provided, however, that such Load Serving Entity shall receive, for each day that an approved Price Response Demand registration is effective and applicable to such LSE's load, a Price Responsive Demand Credit for such registration during the Delivery Year, against the Locational

Reliability Charge otherwise assessed upon such Load Serving Entity in such Zone for such day, determined as follows:

$$\text{LSE PRD Credit} = [(\text{Share of Zonal Nominal PRD Value committed in Base Residual Auction} * (\text{FZWNSP}/\text{FZPLDY}) * \text{Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor} * \text{FPR} * \text{Final Zonal Capacity Price}) + (\text{Share of Zonal Nominal PRD Value committed in Third Incremental Auction} * (\text{FZWNSP}/\text{FZPLDY}) * \text{Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor} * \text{FPR} * \text{Final Zonal Capacity Price} * \text{Third Incremental Auction Component of Final Zonal Capacity Price stated as a Percentage})].$$

For the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the factor equal to FZWNSP/FZPLDY is eliminated in the calculation of the LSE PRD Credit

Where:

Share of Zonal Nominal PRD Value Committed in Base Residual Auction = Nominal PRD Value for such registration/Total Zonal Nominal PRD Value of all Price Responsive Demand registered by the PRD Provider of such registration \* Zonal Nominal PRD Value committed in the Base Residual Auction by the PRD Provider of such registration .

Share of Zonal Nominal PRD Value Committed in Third Incremental Auction = Nominal PRD Value for such registration/Total Zonal Nominal PRD Value of all Price Responsive Demand registered by the PRD Provider of such registration \* Zonal Nominal PRD Value committed in the Third Incremental Auction by the PRD Provider of such registration.

FZPLDY = Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year; and

FZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Peak Load for the summer concluding prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year;

And where the PRD registration is associated with a sub-Zone, the Share of the Nominal PRD Value Committed in Base Residual Auction or Third Incremental Auction will be based on the Nominal PRD Values committed and registered in a sub-Zone. A Load Serving Entity will receive a LSE PRD Credit for each approved Price Responsive Demand registration that is effective and applicable to load served by such Load Serving Entity on a given day. The total daily credit to an LSE in a Zone shall be the sum of the credits received as a result of all approved registrations in the Zone for load served by such LSE on a given day.

H. A PRD Provider may transfer all or part of its PRD commitment for a Delivery Year in a Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA) to another PRD Provider for its use in the same Zone or sub-Zonal LDA, through notice of such transfer provided by both the transferor and transferee PRD Providers to the Office of the Interconnection in the form and manner specified in the PJM Manuals. From and after the effective date of such transfer, and to the extent of such transfer, the transferor PRD Provider shall be relieved of its PRD commitment and credit requirements, shall not be liable for PRD compliance charges, and shall not be entitled to a Price Responsive Demand Credit; and the transferee PRD Provider, to the extent of such transfer, shall assume such PRD commitment, credit



requirements, and obligation for compliance charges and, if it is a Load Serving Entity, shall be entitled to a Price Responsive Demand Credit.

I. Any PRD Provider that commits Price Responsive Demand and does not register and maintain registration of sufficient PRD-eligible load, (including, without limitation, failing to install or maintain the required advanced metering or Supervisory Control facilities) in a Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) to satisfy in full its Nominal PRD Value commitment in such Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA) on each day of the Delivery Year for which such commitment is made shall be assessed a compliance charge for each day that the registered Price Responsive Demand is less than the committed Nominal PRD Value. Such daily penalty shall equal:

$$[\text{MW Shortfall}] * [\text{Forecast Pool Requirement}] * [(\text{Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price in } \$/\text{MW-day})$$

$$+ \text{higher of } (0.2 * \text{Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price}) \text{ or } (\$20/\text{MW-day})]$$

Where: MW Shortfall = Daily Nominal PRD Value committed in such PRD Provider's PRD Plan (including any permitted amendment to such plan) for the relevant Zone or sub-Zonal LDA – Daily Nominal PRD Value as a result of PRD registration for such Zone or sub-Zonal LDA; and

Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price is the average of the Final Zonal Capacity Price and the price component of the Final Zonal Capacity Price attributable to the Third Incremental Auction, weighted by the Nominal PRD Values committed by such PRD Provider in connection with the Base Residual Auction and those committed by such PRD Provider in connection with the Third Incremental Auction.

The MW Shortfall shall not be reduced through replacement of the Price Responsive Demand by any Capacity Resource or Excess Commitment Credits, provided, however, that the PRD Provider may register additional PRD-eligible end-use customer load to satisfy its PRD commitment.

J. PRD Providers shall be responsible for verifying the performance of their PRD loads during each maximum emergency event (prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year) and Performance Assessment Interval (for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years) declared by the Office of the Interconnection. PRD Providers shall demonstrate that the identified PRD loads performed in accordance with the PRD Curves submitted at a PRD Substation level in the PRD Plan or PRD registration; provided, however, prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, the previously submitted Maximum Emergency Service Level ("MESL") value shall be adjusted by a ratio equal to the amount by which the actual Zonal load during the declared event exceeded the PJM load forecast underlying the previously submitted MESL value. In accordance with procedures and deadlines specified in the PJM Manuals, the PRD Providers must submit actual customer load levels for all hours during the declared event and all other information reasonably required by the Office of the Interconnection to verify performance of the committed PRD loads.

K. Prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, if the identified loads submitted for a Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA) by a PRD Provider exceed during any Emergency the aggregate MESL specified in all PRD registrations of such PRD Provider that have a PRD Curve specifying a price at or below the highest Real-time LMP recorded during such Emergency, the PRD Provider that committed such loads as Price Responsive Demand shall be assessed a compliance charge hereunder. The charge shall be based on the net performance during an Emergency of the loads that were identified as Price Responsive Demand for such Delivery Year in the PRD registrations submitted by such PRD Provider in each Zone (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) and that specified a price at the

MESL that is at or below the highest Real-Time LMP recorded during such Emergency. The compliance charge hereunder shall equal:

$[MW \text{ Shortfall}] * [\text{Forecast Pool Requirement}] * [(\text{Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price in } \$/\text{MW-day})$

$+ \text{higher of } (0.2 * \text{Final Zonal Capacity Price}) \text{ or } (\$20/\text{MW-day})] * 365 \text{ days}$

Where: MW Shortfall = [highest hourly integrated aggregate metered load for such PRD Provider's PRD load in the Zone or sub-Zonal LDA meeting the price condition specified above] – {(aggregate MESL for the Zone or sub-Zonal LDA) \* the higher of [1.0] or [(actual Zonal load – actual total PRD load in Zone) / (Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast – final Zonal Expected Peak Load Value of PRD in total for all PRD load in Zone meeting the price condition specified above)]}.

For purposes of the above provision, the MW Shortfall for any portion of the Emergency event that is less than a full clock hour shall be treated as a shortfall for a full clock hour unless either: (i) the load was reduced to the adjusted MESL level within 15 minutes of the emergency procedures notification, regardless of the response rate submitted, or (ii) the hourly integrated value of the load was at or below the adjusted MESL. Such MW shortfall shall not be reduced through replacement of the Price Responsive Demand by any Capacity Resource or Excess Commitment Credits; provided, however, that the performance and MW Shortfalls of all PRD-eligible load registered by the PRD Provider, including any additional or replacement load registered by such PRD Provider, provided that it meets the price condition specified above, shall be reflected in the calculation of the overall MW Shortfall. Any greater MW Shortfall during a subsequent Emergency for such Zone or sub-Zonal LDA during the same Delivery Year shall result in a further charge hereunder, limited to the additional increment of MW Shortfall. As appropriate, the MW Shortfall for non-compliance during an Emergency shall be adjusted downward to the extent such PRD Provider also was assessed a compliance penalty for failure to register sufficient PRD to satisfy its PRD commitment.

L. PRD Providers that register Price Responsive Demand shall be subject to test at least once per year to demonstrate the ability of the registered Price Responsive Demand to reduce to the specified Maximum Emergency Service Level prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year or the Firm Service Level for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, and such PRD Providers shall be assessed a compliance charge to the extent of failure by the registered Price Responsive Demand during such test to reduce to the relevant service level, in accordance with the following:

(i)

(a) Prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, if the Office of the Interconnection does not declare during the relevant Delivery Year a Maximum Generation Emergency that requires the registered PRD to reduce to the Maximum Emergency Service Level then such registered PRD must demonstrate that it was tested for a one-hour period during any hour when a Maximum Generation Emergency may be called during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year. If a Maximum Generation Emergency that requires the registered PRD to reduce to the Maximum Emergency Service Level is called during the relevant Delivery Year, then no compliance charges will be assessed hereunder.

(b) For the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, if the Office of the Interconnection does not declare an Emergency Action triggering a Performance Assessment Interval during the relevant Delivery Year or is not measured for compliance at a Performance Assessment Interval, then such registered PRD must demonstrate that it was tested for a one hour period between 10:00 AM EPT to 10:00 PM EPT during June through October or the following May of the relevant Delivery Year. If a PRD registration is measured for compliance for a Performance Assessment Interval in a Delivery Year, then no PRD Test Failure Charges will be assessed for such PRD registration.

(c) For the 2023/2024 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, if the registered PRD is not required to reduce the load for a Performance Assessment Interval during the relevant Delivery Year, then such registered PRD shall test for a two hour period between 11:00 EPT to 18:00 EPT on a weekday that is a non-NERC holiday during the relevant Delivery Year and in accordance with the following provisions. The Office of Interconnection shall schedule, on an alternating basis, one test during June through October or November through March for each Delivery Year that a test is required. The date and time of such test shall be selected by the Office of the Interconnection and notice of such test shall be provided to the PRD Provider in accordance with the procedure described in this section L.ii(b). If a PRD registration is measured for compliance for a Performance Assessment Interval in a Delivery Year, then no PRD Test Failure Charges will be assessed for such PRD registration.

(ii)

(a) Prior to the 2023/2024 Delivery Year, all PRD registered in a Zone must be tested simultaneously except that, when less than 25 percent (by megawatts) of a PRD Provider's total PRD registered in a Zone fails a test, the PRD Provider may conduct a re-test limited to all registered PRD that failed the prior test, provided that such re-test must be at the same time of day and under approximately the same weather conditions as the prior test, and provided further that all affiliated registered PRD must test simultaneously, where affiliated means registered PRD that has any ability to shift load and that is owned or controlled by the same entity. If less than 25 percent of a PRD Provider's total PRD registered in a Zone fails the test and the PRD Provider chooses to conduct a retest, the PRD Provider may elect to maintain the performance compliance result for registered PRD achieved during the test if the PRD Provider: (1) notifies the Office of the Interconnection 48 hours prior to the re-test under this election; and (2) the PRD Provider retests affiliated registered PRD under this election as set forth in the PJM Manuals.

(b) For the 2023/2024 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, all PRD registered in a zone will be tested simultaneously for two hours. The Office of the Interconnection may, at its discretion, cancel a test and retest to ensure system reliability.

If less than 25 percent (by megawatts) of a PRD Provider's total PRD registered in a Zone fails a test, the PRD Provider may conduct re-tests limited to all registered PRD that failed the prior test, provided that such re-test must be at the same time of day and under

approximately the same weather conditions as the prior test, and provided further that all affiliated registered PRD must test simultaneously, where affiliated means registered PRD that has any ability to shift load and that is owned or controlled by the same entity. The PRD Provider may elect to maintain the performance compliance result for registered PRD achieved during the test if the PRD Provider: (1) notifies the Office of the Interconnection 48 hours prior to the re-test under this election; and (2) the PRD Provider retests affiliated registered PRD under this election as set forth in the PJM Manuals.

If 25 percent or more (by megawatts) of a PRD Provider's total PRD registered in a Zone fails the test the PRD Provider may request PJM to schedule a one-time retest limited to all registrations that failed the prior test, provided that all affiliated registrations must test simultaneously where affiliated means registered PRD that has any ability to shift load and that is owned or controlled by the same entity. The request must be made before the 46th day after the test. The Office of the Interconnection will select the date and time of the retest during the same season period (except if test was conducted in March in which case retest can be conducted in May) and notice is provided consistent with the following procedure.

(c) Notification of the initial Office of the Interconnection scheduled test will be provided as follows:

On the first business day of a week, PJM will provide notice of all zones to be tested during the following two week test window. The test window opens the first business day of the week following the notice. By 10:00 EPT the day before the test, the Office of the Interconnection will post on its website the test date. The Office of the Interconnection will also notify the PRD Providers the test date. On test date, PRD Providers will receive start time through web service communications and as defined in the PJM Manuals.

Notification of any scheduled retest by the Office of the Interconnection will be provided as follows:

By 10:00 EPT the day before the retest, the Office of the Interconnection will post the retest date on its website. PJM will also notify the PRD Providers the retest date. On retest date PRD Providers will receive start time through web service communications and as defined in the PJM Manuals.

(iii) A PRD Provider that registered PRD shall be assessed a PRD Test Failure Charge equal to the net PRD capability testing shortfall in a Zone during such test in the aggregate of all of such PRD Provider's registered PRD in such Zone times the PRD Test Failure Charge Rate. Prior to the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, the net capability testing shortfall in such Zone shall be the following megawatt quantity, converted to an Unforced Capacity basis using the applicable Forecast Pool Requirement:

MW Shortfall = [hourly integrated aggregate metered load for such PRD Provider's PRD load in the Zone or sub-Zonal LDA] – {(aggregate MESL for the Zone or sub-Zonal LDA) \* the higher

of [1.0] or [(actual Zonal load – actual total PRD load in Zone) / (Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast – final Zonal Expected Peak Load Value of PRD in total for all PRD load in Zone)]}.

The net PRD capability testing shortfall in such Zone shall be reduced by the PRD Provider's summer daily average of the MW shortfalls determined for compliance charge purposes under section I of this Schedule 6.1 in such Zone for such PRD Provider's registered PRD.

For the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the MW testing shortfall for a PRD registration is equal to the nominal load reduction value of such registration, capped at the daily Nominal PRD Value committed by such registration on the day of the test, minus the actual hourly load reduction for such registration. The test compliance results of the PRD Provider's registrations in a Zone that were expected to test are aggregated to determine a PRD Provider's net zonal testing shortfall.

(iv) The PRD Test Failure Charge Rate shall equal such PRD Provider's Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price in such Zone plus the greater of (0.20 times the Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price in such Zone or \$20/MW-day) times the number of days in the Delivery Year, where the Weighted Final Zonal Capacity Price is the average of the Final Zonal Capacity Price and the price component of the Final Zonal Capacity Price attributable to the Third Incremental Auction, weighted by the Nominal PRD Values committed by such PRD Provider in connection with the Base Residual Auction and those committed by such PRD Provider in connection with the Third Incremental Auction.

M. The revenue collected from assessment of the charges assessed under subsections I, K, and L of this Schedule 6.1 shall be distributed on a pro-rata basis to all entities that committed Capacity Resources in the RPM Auctions for the Delivery Year for which the compliance charge is assessed, pro rata based on each such entity's revenues from Capacity Market Clearing Prices in such auctions, net of any compliance charges incurred by such entity.

N. For the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a PRD Provider is subject to a Non-Performance Assessment in accordance with the PJM Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A. Compliance is measured for a PRD registration upon declaration of a Performance Assessment Interval in same sub-Zone/Zone of such PRD registration and when the PRD Curve associated with such registration in the PJM Real-time Energy Market has a price point at or below the Real-time LMP recorded during the Performance Assessment Interval. A PRD registration with an approved exception to the automation requirement will not have compliance measured during Performance Assessment Intervals that fall within the 15 minute response allowance. The actual load reduction provided by the registration for the Performance Assessment Interval is calculated as the registration's peak load contribution minus (the metered load multiplied by the loss factor). A load reduction will only be recognized if metered load multiplied by the loss factor is less than the peak load contribution. When five minute revenue meter data is not available to determine compliance of a PRD registration for a Performance Assessment Interval, the actual load reduction for a Performance Assessment Interval is calculated as the actual hourly load reduction for the hour ending that includes the Performance Assessment Interval(s) multiplied (twelve divided by the number of five minute intervals the PRD registration was to be measured for compliance). The actual load reduction for a registration for a Performance Assessment Interval is capped at the peak load contribution of the

registration. If the PRD Provider fails to submit actual metered data for the registration for all hours during the day of a Performance Assessment Interval, the actual load reduction for such registration will be equal to zero MW.