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February 16, 2024

The Honorable Debbie-Anne A. Reese Acting Secretary Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, N.E. Room 1A Washington, D.C. 20426

Re: PJM Interconnection L.L.C., Docket No. ER24-99-002

Compliance Filing to Clarify Certain Rules Related to Capacity Modeling Enhancements

Dear Acting Secretary Reese:

Pursuant to the January 30, 2024 Order of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("Commission") in the above referenced proceeding, PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. ("PJM") submits this compliance filing containing modifications to PJM's Open Access Transmission Tariff ("Tariff") and the Reliability Assurance Agreement Among Load Serving Entities in the PJM Region ("RAA"). Consistent with the January 30 Order, PJM requests that the updates in this compliance filing be effective December 12, 2023.

#### I. BACKGROUND

The January 30 Order accepted, subject to condition that PJM submit this compliance filing, various enhancements to PJM's capacity market rules, including, *inter alia*, resource adequacy risk modeling, capacity accreditation, testing requirements for Capacity Resources, and a reduction to the stop loss associated with Non-Performance Charges. The Commission's acceptance of these enhancements will "help to ensure that PJM's capacity market design more accurately represents the PJM system's reliability needs."<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> *PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.*, 186 FERC ¶ 61,080 (2024) ("January 30 Order").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> *Id.* at P 25.

### II. SATISFACTION OF THE COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS OF THE JANUARY 30 ORDER

In accordance with the Commission's January 30 Order, PJM submits the following revisions to the relevant Tariff and RAA sections discussed below.

## A. In Compliance with the January 30 Order, PJM Is Extending the Competitive Exemption to Capacity Market Sellers Involved in Bilateral Transactions in Certain Circumstances.

#### 1. Commission directive

In response to the Commission's deficiency notice, PJM explained that the output of Combination Resources and Variable Resources will be capped in any hour at the greater of the Variable Resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights ("CIRs") or the transitional system capability (as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling) during the months of May through October. However, the language in RAA, Schedule 9.2, section I did not reflect this cap for Combination Resources. As a result, the January 30 Order directed PJM to revise RAA, Schedule 9.2, section I to add the transitional system capability concept back to the cap on the modeled output of Combination Resources.<sup>3</sup>

#### 2. PJM compliance language

In compliance with the Commission's directive, PJM is revising RAA, Schedule 9.2, section I to add the transitional system capability concept back to the cap on the modeled output of Combination Resources, as shown in blackline below:

The output of Combination Resources shall be capped in any hour at: (i) the greater of the Combination Resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year, during the months of June through October and the following May of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> January 30 Order at P 57.

Delivery Year, and (ii) the Combination Resource's assessed deliverability, as defined in the PJM Manuals, during the months of November through April of the Delivery Year.

B. In Compliance with the January 30 Order, PJM Specifies that Variable Resources Are Exempt From the Generation Resource Capacity Test and The Generator Capacity Capability Test Will Be Conducted in Both the Summer and Winter Seasons.

#### 1. Commission directive

PJM's enhanced testing enhancements requires the generator capacity capability test to be conducted in both the summer and winter seasons during the Delivery Year for any Generation Capacity Resource that is committed through the Reliability Pricing Model ("RPM") Auctions or in a Fixed Resource Requirement ("FRR") Plan. Additionally, Variable Resources are not subject to the generation capacity operational test since the purpose of the test is to confirm that dispatchable resources can do so upon request and according to their operating parameters. Given that performance of Variable Resource is already demonstrated on an ongoing basis through normal operations, it would not be necessary to apply the generation capacity operational test to Variable Resources. In accepting these enhanced testing requirements, the Commission directed PJM to make explicit that Variable Resources are exempt from the generation resource capacity test and to specify the physical testing requirement for a committed Capacity Resource that would be conducted in both the summer and winter seasons during the Delivery Year.<sup>4</sup>

#### 2. PJM compliance language

In compliance with the Commission's directive, PJM is revising Tariff, Attachment DD, section 7A(a) to make explicit in the Tariff that Variable Resources are exempt from the generation capacity operational test, as shown in relevant part and in blackline below:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> January 30 Order at P 209.

To preserve and maintain the reliability of the PJM Region, and to improve the likelihood that Generation Capacity Resources will be capable of operating within their specified operating parameters during a reliability event, Generation Capacity Resources, with the exception of Variable Resources, that are committed in RPM Auctions or are included in a FRR Plan shall be subject to operational testing initiated by the Office of the Interconnection up to two times in each of the summer and winter seasons during the relevant Delivery Year, and as further detailed in the PJM Manuals. The selection of Generation Capacity Resources subject to testing pursuant to this section and the timing of an operational test shall be determined by the Office of the Interconnection, and may consider a number of factors, including the period of time since a unit last operated, the system conditions under which the unit has recently operated, the expected system conditions during the operational test, and the recent performance of units with respect to successfully starting and operating within the specified parameters when scheduled by the Office of the Interconnection.

Additionally, PJM is also amending Tariff, Attachment DD, section 7.1(a) to make explicit in the Tariff that the generator capacity capability test will be required to be conducted in both the summer and winter seasons during the Delivery Year for any Generation Capacity Resource, excluding Variable Resources, that is committed through the RPM Auctions or in an FRR Plan. Additionally, PJM is including a minor ministerial correction to replace the uppercase "Summer" and "Winter Season" to a lowercase "summer" and lowercase "winter season" given that these are not defined terms in the Tariff. Based on the foregoing, PJM proposes to revise Tariff, Attachment DD, section 7.1(a) as shown in relevant part and in blackline below:

Each Generation Capacity Resource committed through RPM Auctions or included in a FRR Plan for a Delivery Year, with the exception of Variable Resources, shall be obligated to complete a generation resource capacity test in both the summer and winter seasons for the associated Delivery Year, as described in the PJM Manuals. The Market Seller that committed the resource, or Locational UCAP Seller that sold the resource, may perform an unlimited number of tests during each such period. If none of the tests during a testing period certify full delivery of the megawatt amount of installed capacity the Market Seller committed, or Locational UCAP

Seller sold, for such Delivery Year, the Market Seller or Locational UCAP Seller shall be assessed a daily Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge for each day from the first day of the <u>sSummer</u> or <u>wWinter sSeason</u> in which such resource failed the rating test through the last day of such Delivery Year, provided, however, that such a seller that fails or is expected to fail a rating test may obtain and commit Unforced Capacity from a replacement Capacity Resource meeting the same locational requirements.

# C. In Compliance with the January 30 Order, PJM Specifies that the Deadline for the Submission of the Binding Notice of Intent for the 2025/2026 Delivery Year is December 12, 2023.

#### 1. Commission directive

In the January 30 Order, the Commission directed PJM to update the deadline for Capacity Market Sellers to submit the binding notice of intent to December 12, 2023 for the 2025/2026 Base Residual Auction.<sup>5</sup>

#### 2. PJM compliance language

In compliance with the Commission's directive, PJM is updating Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.5 to change the deadline for Capacity Market Sellers to submit the binding notice of intent to December 12, 2023 for the 2025/2026 Base Residual Auction, as shown in blackline below:

Effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Planned Generation Capacity Resource may be included in a Sell Offer for an RPM Auction only if the Capacity Market Seller of such resource provides a binding notice of intent, as further detailed in the PJM Manuals, to submit a Sell Offer in such auction to the Office of the Interconnection no later than (a) the immediately preceding December 1 for a Base Residual Auction (except that for the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, such notice shall be submitted by December 12, 2023, and except that for the 2026/2027 and 2028/2029 Delivery Years, such notice shall be submitted by 180 days prior to the commencement of the offer period), or (b)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> January 30 Order at P 267.

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ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for an Incremental Auction.

D. In Compliance with the January 30 Order, PJM is Removing Language That Specifies Demand Resources Would Only be Eligible for Bonus Performance Prior to the 2025/2026 Delivery Year.

1. Commission directive

In the January 30 Order, the Commission directed PJM to remove the provision in the Tariff and RAA that specifies Demand Resources would only be eligible for Bonus Performance prior to the 2025/2026 Delivery Year.<sup>6</sup>

2. *PJM compliance language* 

In compliance with the Commission's directive, PJM is updating RAA, Schedule 6, section K and the parallel provision of the Tariff, Attachment DD-1, section K to remove the provision that specifies Demand Resources would only be eligible for Bonus Performance prior to the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, as shown in blackline below:

Compliance is measured for Market Participant Bonus Performance, as applicable prior to the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, and Non-Performance Charges.

#### III. COMMUNICATIONS

Correspondence and communications with respect to this filing should be sent to the following persons:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> January 30 Order at P 295.

#### IV. SERVICE

PJM has served a copy of this filing on all PJM Members and on all state utility regulatory commissions in the PJM Region by posting this filing electronically. In accordance with the Commission's regulations,<sup>7</sup> PJM will post a copy of this filing to the FERC filings section of its internet site, located at the following link: <a href="https://www.pjm.com/library/filing-order">https://www.pjm.com/library/filing-order</a> with a specific link to the newly-filed document, and will send an e-mail on the same date as this filing to all PJM Members and all state utility regulatory commissions in the PJM Region<sup>8</sup> alerting them that this filing has been made by PJM today and is available by following such link.

#### V. CONCLUSION

PJM respectfully requests that the Commission accept this compliance filing, effective December 12, 2023 consistent with the Commission's January 30 Order.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Chenchao Lu

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On behalf of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See 18 C.F.R §§ 35.2(e) and 385.2010(f)(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> PJM already maintains, updates, and regularly uses e-mail lists for all PJM members and affected commissions.

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that I have this day served the foregoing document on each person designated on the service lists compiled by the Secretary in these proceedings.

Dated at Audubon, Pennsylvania this 16th day of February 2024.

/s/ Chenchao Lu
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### Attachment A

Revisions to the PJM

Open Access Transmission Tariff and Reliability Assurance Agreement

(Marked/Redline Format)

#### 5.5 Eligibility for Participation in RPM Auctions

A Capacity Market Seller may submit a Sell Offer for a Capacity Resource in a Base Residual Auction or Incremental Auction only if such seller owns or has the contractual authority to control the output or load reduction capability of such resource and has not transferred such authority to another entity prior to submitting such Sell Offer. Capacity Resources must satisfy the capability and deliverability requirements of RAA, Schedule 9 and RAA, Schedule 10, the requirements for Demand Resources or Energy Efficiency Resources in Tariff, Attachment DD-1 and RAA, Schedule 6, as applicable, and, the criteria in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.5A. Effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Planned Generation Capacity Resource may be included in a Sell Offer for an RPM Auction only if the Capacity Market Seller of such resource provides a binding notice of intent, as further detailed in the PJM Manuals, to submit a Sell Offer in such auction to the Office of the Interconnection no later than (a) the immediately preceding December 1 for a Base Residual Auction (except that for the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, such notice shall be submitted by December 12, 2023, and except that for the 2026/2027 and 2028/2029 Delivery Years, such notice shall be submitted by 180 days prior to the commencement of the offer period), or (b) ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for an Incremental Auction.

#### 7. GENERATION RESOURCE RATING TEST FAILURE CHARGE

#### 7.1 Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charges

A Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge shall be assessed on any Market Seller that commits a Generation Capacity Resource for a Delivery Year, and on any Locational UCAP Seller that sells Locational UCAP for a Delivery Year based on a Generation Capacity Resource, if such resource fails a generation resource capacity test, as provided herein.

#### a) Generation Resource Fails Capacity Test in Delivery Year

Each Generation Capacity Resource committed through RPM Auctions or included in a FRR Plan for a Delivery Year, with the exception of Variable Resources, shall be obligated to complete a generation resource capacity test in both the summer and winter seasons for the associated Delivery Year, as described in the PJM Manuals. The Market Seller that committed the resource, or Locational UCAP Seller that sold the resource, may perform an unlimited number of tests during each such period. If none of the tests during a testing period certify full delivery of the megawatt amount of installed capacity the Market Seller committed, or Locational UCAP Seller sold, for such Delivery Year, the Market Seller or Locational UCAP Seller shall be assessed a daily Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge for each day from the first day of the Summer summer or Winter-winter Season in which such resource failed the rating test through the last day of such Delivery Year, provided, however, that such a seller that fails or is expected to fail a rating test may obtain and commit Unforced Capacity from a replacement Capacity Resource meeting the same locational requirements. Such Unforced Capacity may include uncommitted or uncleared Sell Offer blocks from Generation Capacity Resources that were otherwise committed. Any such commitment of replacement capacity shall be effective upon no less than one day's notice to the Office of the Interconnection, and shall reduce the amount of installed capacity committed from the Generation Capacity Resource, that failed or was expected to fail such rating test, in accordance with the determination prescribed by subsection (b) below. Effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, such charge shall be evaluated and assessed for each day of the Delivery Year in which the seasonal rating test for such resource fails to certify full delivery of the megawatt amount of installed capacity committed for such day.

#### b) Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge

Through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, the Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge shall equal the Daily Deficiency Rate multiplied by the following megawatt quantity, converted to an Unforced Capacity basis using the Generation Capacity Resource's EFORD for the twelve months ending the September 30 last preceding the Delivery Year: (i) the annual average of the installed capacity committed for each day of such Delivery Year as a result of all cleared Sell Offers in all RPM Auctions for such Delivery Year relying on such resource, reduction in any such commitment for such resource to the extent and for the time period of any replacement capacity committed in lieu of such resource, and increase in any such commitment for such resource to the extent and for the time period that such resource is committed as replacement capacity for any other resource, minus (ii) the highest installed capacity rating determined for

such resource in any test during the relevant testing period. Effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, the Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge shall be determined for each day of the Delivery Year and shall be equal to the Daily Deficiency Rate multiplied by the following megawatt quantity shortfall, converted to an Unforced Capacity basis using the Generation Capacity Resource's final Accredited UCAP Factor for such Delivery Year: (i) the installed capacity committed for such day of the Delivery Year (adjusted for any replacement capacity), minus (ii) the highest installed capacity rating determined for such resource in any test during the relevant testing period.

#### b-1) Daily Deficiency Rate

The Daily Deficiency Rate shall equal the Capacity Resource Clearing Price (weighted as necessary to reflect the clearing prices in all RPM Auctions that resulted in installed capacity commitments from such resource), in \$/MW-day, applicable to the Generation Capacity Resource (for purposes of replacement capacity, including Locational UCAP transactions, the applicable Capacity Resource Clearing Price shall be the clearing price for the Locational Deliverability Area in which such resource is located) plus the greater of (iii) 0.20 times such weighted average Capacity Resource Clearing Price; or (iv) \$20/MW-Day, provided, however, if a resource is unavailable during the Delivery Year at less than the level committed in the Market Seller's cleared Sell Offer or Locational UCAP Seller's Locational UCAP sale due to derating, delay, or retirement, then such seller shall not be assessed a charge under this section to the extent (i.e., for the same megawatts and time period) that such seller is assessed a charge under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 8 for such unavailability; and provided further that a resource that is subject to a charge under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 7A (i.e., for the same megawatts and time period) shall not also be subject to a charge under this section; and provided further that a resource that is subject to a charge under this section that is also subject to a charge under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A hereof for a Performance Shortfall during one or more Performance Assessment Intervals occurring during the period of resource capacity rating deficiency addressed by this section shall be assessed a charge equal to the greater of the charge determined under this section and the charge determined under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, but shall not be assessed a charge under both this section and Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A for such simultaneous occurrence of a resource capacity rating deficiency and Performance Shortfall. If a single resource is the basis for installed capacity commitments of multiple Capacity Market Sellers or Locational UCAP Sellers, the installed capacity shortfall determined under (i) and (ii) above shall be assessed upon such sellers on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the megawatts of capacity from such resource in their cleared Sell Offers, Locational UCAP sales, or other commitment as replacement capacity.

c) Allocation of Revenue Collected from Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charges.

The revenue collected from Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charges shall be distributed on a pro-rata basis to LSEs that were charged a Locational Reliability Charge for the Delivery Year for which the Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge was assessed. The charges shall be allocated on a pro-rata basis to LSEs based on their Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation.

#### 7A. GENERATION OPERATIONAL TESTING AND CHARGES

#### a) Generation Capacity Resource Operational Testing

To preserve and maintain the reliability of the PJM Region, and to improve the likelihood that Generation Capacity Resources will be capable of operating within their specified operating parameters during a reliability event, Generation Capacity Resources, with the exception of Variable Resources, that are committed in RPM Auctions or are included in a FRR Plan shall be subject to operational testing initiated by the Office of the Interconnection up to two times in each of the summer and winter seasons during the relevant Delivery Year, and as further detailed in the PJM Manuals. The selection of Generation Capacity Resources subject to testing pursuant to this section and the timing of an operational test shall be determined by the Office of the Interconnection, and may consider a number of factors, including the period of time since a unit last operated, the system conditions under which the unit has recently operated, the expected system conditions during the operational test, and the recent performance of units with respect to successfully starting and operating within the specified parameters when scheduled by the Office of the Interconnection. Such tests will respect operating parameter limits of the available schedule that the Office of the Interconnection selects for purposes of testing the resource. Capacity Market Sellers of Generation Capacity Resources that are tested by the Office of the Interconnection under this provision shall be eligible for make whole payments in accordance with Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix, section 3.2.3(e). A committed Generation Capacity Resource shall be deemed to pass a test initiated by the Office of the Interconnection if the resource successfully starts and synchronizes to the grid within the specified notification and startup time (plus the greater of 10% time to start or ten minutes) and operates for the unit's minimum run time as specified in the selected schedule; otherwise, such resource shall be deemed to fail the test. Following a failed test or a failed re-test, the Office of Interconnection may issue a re-test of the resource once the resource is made available for scheduling. A re-test initiated by the Office of the Interconnection has the same requirements as the initial test. The retest is considered to be part of the same operational test, and does not count as a second test initiated by the Office of Interconnection for the relevant season. Resources shall not be eligible to be made whole for PJM initiated re-tests following a failed test. If a re-test is issued by PJM and the unit fails to successfully start and synchronize to the grid during such re-test, a Generation Capacity Resource operational test failure charge shall be assessed until such time as the unit successfully starts and synchronizes to the grid.

#### b) Generation Capacity Resource Operational Test Failure Charge

The Generation Capacity Resource operational test failure charge shall equal the Daily Deficiency Rate multiplied by the applicable daily committed UCAP MW of that Generation Resource; provided however, a Capacity Market Seller shall not be assessed a charge under this section to the extent (i.e., for the same megawatts and time period) that such seller is assessed a charge under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 8 for such resource's unavailability; and provided further that a resource that is subject to a charge under this section that is also subject to a charge

under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A hereof for a Performance Shortfall during one or more Performance Assessment Intervals occurring during the period of resource operational test deficiency addressed by this section shall be assessed a charge equal to the greater of the charge determined under this section and the charge determined under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, but shall not be assessed a charge under both this section and Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A for such simultaneous occurrence of a resource operational test deficiency and Performance Shortfall.

c) Allocation of Revenue Collected from Generation Operational Deficiency Rate Failure Charges.

The revenue collected from Generation Capacity Resource Operational Test Failure Charges shall be distributed on a pro-rata basis to all LSEs that were charged a Locational Reliability Charge for the day for which such Generation Capacity Resource Operational Test Failure Charge was assessed. Such revenues shall be allocated on a pro-rata basis to LSEs based on their Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation.

#### **ATTACHMENT DD-1**

Preface: The provisions of this Attachment incorporate into the Tariff for ease of reference the provisions of Schedule 6 of the Reliability Assurance Agreement among Load Serving Entities in the PJM Region. As a result, this Attachment will be modified, subject to FERC approval, so that the terms and conditions set forth herein remain consistent with the corresponding terms and conditions of RAA, Schedule 6. Capitalized terms used herein that are not otherwise defined in Tariff, Attachment DD or elsewhere in this Tariff have the meaning set forth in the RAA.

#### PROCEDURES FOR DEMAND RESOURCES AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY

- A. Parties can partially or wholly offset the amounts payable for the Locational Reliability Charge with Demand Resources that are operated under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection. FRR Entities may reduce their capacity obligations with Demand Resources that are operated under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection and detailed in such entity's FRR Capacity Plan. Demand Resources qualifying under the criteria set forth below may be offered for sale or designated as Self-Supply in the Base Residual Auction, included in an FRR Capacity Plan, or offered for sale in any Incremental Auction, for any Delivery Year for which such resource qualifies. Qualified Demand Resources generally fall in one of two categories, i.e., Guaranteed Load Drop or Firm Service Level, as further specified in section G below and the PJM Manuals. Qualified Demand Resources may be provided by a Curtailment Service Provider, notwithstanding that such Curtailment Service Provider is not a Party to this Agreement. Such Curtailment Service Providers must satisfy the requirements hereof and the PJM Manuals.
  - 1. A Party must formally notify, in accordance with the requirements of the PJM Manuals and section F hereof, as applicable, the Office of the Interconnection of the Demand Resource Registration that it is placing under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection. A Party must further notify the Office of the Interconnection whether the Demand Resource Registration is linked to a Summer-Period Demand Resource or an Annual Demand Resource.
  - 2. A Demand Resource Registration must achieve its full load reduction within the following time period:
  - (a) For the 2015/2016 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Demand Resource Registration must be able to fully respond to a Load Management Event within 30 minutes of notification from the Office of the Interconnection. This default 30 minute prior notification shall apply unless a Curtailment Service Provider obtains an exception from the Office of the Interconnection due to physical operational limitations that prevent the Demand Resource Registration from reducing load within that timeframe. In such case, the Curtailment Service Provider shall submit a request for an exception to the 30 minute prior notification requirement to the Office of the Interconnection, at the time the Registration Form for that Demand Resource Registration is submitted in accordance with Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix. The only alternative notification times that the Office

of Interconnection will permit, upon approval of an exception request, are 60 minutes and 120 minutes prior to a Load Management Event. The Curtailment Service Provider shall indicate in writing, in the appropriate application, that it seeks an exception to permit a prior notification time of 60 minutes or 120 minutes, and the reason(s) for the requested exception. A Curtailment Service Provider shall not submit a request for an exception to the default 30 minute notification period unless it has done its due diligence to confirm that the Demand Resource Registration is physically incapable of responding within that timeframe based on one or more of the reasons set forth below and as may be further defined in the PJM Manuals and has obtained detailed data and documentation to support this determination.

In order to establish that a Demand Resource Registration is reasonably expected to be physically unable to reduce load in that timeframe, the Curtailment Service Provider that submitted the Demand Resource Registration must demonstrate that:

- (i) The manufacturing processes for the Demand Resource Registration require gradual reduction to avoid damaging major industrial equipment used in the manufacturing process, or damage to the product generated or feedstock used in the manufacturing process;
- (ii) Transfer of load to back-up generation requires time-intensive manual process taking more than 30 minutes;
- (iii) On-site safety concerns prevent location from implementing reduction plan in less than 30 minutes; or,
- (iv) The Demand Resource Registration is comprised of mass market residential customers or Small Commercial Customers which collectively cannot be notified of a Load Management Event within a 30-minute timeframe due to unavoidable communications latency, in which case the requested notification time shall be no longer than 120 minutes.

The Office of the Interconnection may request data and documentation from the Curtailment Service Provider and such Curtailment Service Provider shall provide to the Office of the Interconnection within three (3) Business Days of a request therefor, a copy of all of the data and documentation supporting the exception request. Failure to provide a timely response to such request shall cause the exception to terminate the following Operating Day.

At its sole option and discretion, the Office of the Interconnection may review the data and documentation provided by the Curtailment Service Provider to determine if the Demand Resource Registration has met one or more of the criteria above. The Office of the Interconnection will notify the Curtailment Service Provider in writing of its determination by no later than ten (10) Business Days after receipt of the data and documentation.

The Curtailment Service Provider shall provide written notification to the Office of the Interconnection of a material change to the facts that supported its exception request within three

- (3) Business Days of becoming aware of such material change in facts, and, if the Office of Interconnection determines that the physical limitation criteria above are no longer being met, the Demand Resource Registration shall be subject to the default notification period of 30 minutes immediately upon such determination.
  - 3. The initiation of load reduction, upon the request of the Office of the Interconnection, must be within the authority of the dispatchers of the Party. No additional approvals should be required.
  - 4. The initiation of load reduction upon the request of the Office of the Interconnection is considered a pre-emergency or emergency action and must be implementable prior to a voltage reduction.
  - 5. A Curtailment Service Provider intending to offer for sale or designate for selfsupply, a Demand Resource in any RPM Auction, or intending to include a Demand Resource in any FRR Capacity Plan must demonstrate, to PJM's satisfaction, that such resource shall have the capability to provide a reduction in demand, or otherwise control load, on or before the start of the Delivery Year for which such resource is committed. As part of such demonstration, each such Curtailment Service Provider shall submit a Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan in accordance with the standards and procedures set forth in RAA, Schedule 6, section A-1; RAA, Schedule 8.1 (as to FRR Capacity Plans) and the PJM Manuals, no later than 30 days prior to, as applicable, the RPM Auction in which such resource is to be offered, or the deadline for submission of the FRR Capacity Plan in which such resource is to be included. PJM may verify the Curtailment Service Provider's adherence to the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan at any time. Curtailment Service Provider with a PJM-approved Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan will be permitted to offer up to the approved Demand Resource quantity into the subject RPM Auction or include such resource in its FRR Capacity Plan.
  - 6. Selection of a Demand Resource in an RPM Auction results in commitment of capacity to the PJM Region. Demand Resources that are so committed must be linked to registrations participating in the Full Program Option or Capacity Only Option of the Emergency Load Response and Pre-Emergency Load Response Program and thus available for dispatch during PJM-declared pre-emergency events and emergency events.
  - A-1. A Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan shall consist of a completed template document in the form posted on the PJM website, requiring the information set forth below and in the PJM Manuals, and a Demand Resource Officer Certification Form signed by an officer of the Demand Resource Provider that is duly authorized to provide such a certification. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan must provide information that supports the Demand Resource Provider's intended Demand Resource Sell Offers and demonstrates that the Demand Resources are being offered with the intention that the MW quantity that clears the auction is reasonably expected to be physically delivered through Demand Resource registrations for the relevant Delivery Year. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan shall include all Existing Demand Resources and all Planned

Demand Resources that the Demand Resource Provider intends to offer into an RPM Auction or include in an FRR Capacity Plan.

- 1. Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan Template. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan template, in the form provided on the PJM website, shall require the Demand Resource Provider to provide the following information and such other information as specified in the PJM Manuals:
  - (a) Summary Information. The completed template shall include the Demand Resource Provider's company name, contact information, and the Nominated DR Value in ICAP MWs by Zone/sub-Zone that the Demand Resource Provider intends to offer, stated separately for Existing Demand Resources and Planned Demand Resources. The total Nominated DR Value in MWs for each Zone/sub-Zone shall be the sum of the Nominated DR Value of Existing Demand Resources and the Nominated DR Value of Planned Demand Resources, and shall be the maximum MW amount the Provider intends to offer in the RPM Auction for the indicated Zone/sub-Zone, provided that nothing herein shall preclude the Demand Resource Provider from offering in the auction a lesser amount than the total Nominated DR Value shown in its Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan.
  - (b) Existing Demand Resources. The Demand Resource Provider shall identify all Existing Demand Resources by identifying end-use customer sites that are currently registered with PJM (even if not registered by such Demand Resource Provider) and that the Demand Resource Provider reasonably expects to have under a contract to reduce load based on PJM dispatch instructions by the start of the auction Delivery Year.
  - (c) Planned Demand Resources. The Demand Resource Provider shall provide the details of, and key assumptions underlying, the Planned Demand Resource quantities (i.e., all Demand Resource quantities in excess of Existing Demand Resource quantities) contained in the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan, including:
    - (i) key program attributes and assumptions used to develop the Planned Demand Resource quantities, including, but not limited to, discussion of:
      - method(s) of achieving load reduction at customer site(s);
      - equipment to be controlled or installed at customer site(s), if any;
      - plan and ability to acquire customers;
      - types of customer targeted;
      - support of market potential and market share for the target customer base, with adjustments for Existing Demand Resource customers within this market and the potential for

- other Demand Resource Providers targeting the same customers; and
- assumptions regarding regulatory approval of program(s), if applicable.
- (ii) Zone/sub-Zone information by end-use customer segment for all Nominated DR Values for which an end-use customer site is not identified, to include the number in each segment of end-use customers expected to be registered for the subject Delivery Year, the average Peak Load Contribution per end-use customer for such segment, and the average Nominated DR Value per customer for such segment. End-use customer segments may include residential, commercial, small industrial, medium industrial, and large industrial, as identified and defined in the PJM Manuals, provided that nothing herein or in the Manuals shall preclude the Provider from identifying more specific customer segments within the commercial and industrial categories, if known.
- (iii) Information by end-use customer site to the extent required by subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) or, if not required by such subsection, to the extent known at the time of the submittal of the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan, to include: customer EDC account number (if known), customer name, customer premise address, Zone/sub-Zone in which the customer is located, end-use customer segment, current Peak Load Contribution value (or an estimate if actual value not known) and an estimate of expected Peak Load Contribution for the subject Delivery Year, and an estimated Nominated DR Value.
- End-use customer site-specific information shall be required for any Zones or sub-Zones identified by PJM pursuant to this subsection for the portion, if any, of a Demand Resource Provider's intended offer in such Zones or sub-Zones that exceeds a Sell Offer threshold determined pursuant to this subsection, as any such excess quantity under such conditions should reflect Planned Demand Resources from end-use customer sites that the Provider has a high degree of certainty it will physically deliver for the subject Delivery Year. In accordance with the procedures in subsection A-1(3) below, PJM shall identify, as requiring site-specific information, all Zones and sub-Zones that comprise any LDA group (from a list of LDA groups stated in the PJM Manuals) in which Ithe quantity of cleared Demand Resources from the most recent Base Residual Auction] plus [the quantity of Demand Resources included in FRR Capacity Plans for the Delivery Year addressed by the most recent Base Residual Auction] in any Zone or sub-Zone of such LDA group exceeds the greater of:
  - the maximum Demand Resources quantity registered with PJM for such Zone for any Delivery Year from the current

(at time of plan submission) Delivery Year and the two preceding Delivery Years; and

• the potential Demand Resource quantity for such Zone estimated by PJM based on an independent published assessment of demand response potential that is reasonably applicable to such Zone, as identified in the PJM Manuals.

For each such Zone and sub-Zone, the Sell Offer threshold for each Demand Resource Provider shall be the higher of:

- the Demand Resource Provider's maximum Demand Resource quantity registered with PJM for such Zone/sub-Zone over the current Delivery Year (at the time of plan submission) and two preceding Delivery Years;
- the Demand Resource Provider's maximum for any single Delivery Year of [such provider's cleared Demand Resource quantity] plus [such provider's quantity of Demand Resources included in FRR Capacity Plans] from the three forward Delivery Years addressed by the three most recent Base Residual Auctions for such Zone/sub-Zone; and
- 10 MW.
- (d) Schedule. The Demand Resource Provider shall provide an approximate timeline for procuring end-use customer sites as needed to physically deliver the total Nominated DR Value (for both Existing Demand Resources and Planned Demand Resources) by Zone/sub-Zone in the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan. The Demand Resource Provider must specify the cumulative number of customers and the cumulative Nominated DR Value associated with each end-use customer segment within each Zone/sub-Zone that the Demand Resource Provider expects (at the time of plan submission) to have under contract as of June 1 each year between the time of the auction and the subject Delivery Year.
- 2. Demand Resource Officer Certification Form. Each Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan must include a Demand Resource Officer Certification, signed by an officer of the Demand Resource Provider that is duly authorized to provide such a certification, in the form shown in the PJM Manuals, which form shall include the following certifications:
- (a) that the signing officer has reviewed the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan and the information supplied to PJM in support of the Plan is true and correct as of the date of the certification;

- (b) that the Sell Offer Plan does not include any Critical Natural Gas Infrastructure facilities, and
- (c) that the Demand Resource Provider is submitting the Plan with the reasonable expectation, based upon its analyses as of the date of the certification, to physically deliver all megawatts that clear the RPM Auction through Demand Resource registrations by the specified Delivery Year.

As set forth in the form provided in the PJM Manuals, the certification shall specify that it does not in any way abridge, expand, or otherwise modify the current provisions of the PJM Tariff, Operating Agreement and/or RAA, or the Demand Resource Provider's rights and obligations thereunder, including the Demand Resource Provider's ability to adjust capacity obligations through participation in PJM incremental auctions and bilateral transactions.

3. Procedures. No later than December 1 prior to the Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, PJM shall post to the PJM website a list of Zones and sub-Zones, if any, for which end-use customer site-specific information shall be required under the conditions specified in subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) above for all RPM Auctions conducted for such Delivery Year. Once so identified, a Zone or sub-Zone shall remain on the list for future Delivery Years until the threshold determined under subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) above is not exceeded for three consecutive Delivery Years. No later than 30 days prior to the RPM Auction in which a Demand Resource Provider intends to offer a Demand Resource, the Demand Resource Provider shall submit to PJM a completed Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan template and a Demand Resource Officer Certification Form signed by a duly authorized officer of the Provider. PJM will review all submitted DR Sell Offer Plans. No later than 10 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction, PJM shall notify any Demand Resource Providers that have identified the same end-use customer site(s) in their respective DR Sell Offer Plans for the same Delivery Year. In such event, the MWs associated with such site(s) will not be approved for inclusion in a Sell Offer in an RPM Auction by any of the Demand Resource Providers, unless a Demand Resource Provider provides a letter of support from the end-use customer indicating that it is likely to execute a contract with that Demand Resource Provider for the relevant Delivery Year, or provides other comparable evidence of likely commitment. Such letter of support or other supporting evidence must be provided to PJM no later than 7 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction. If an end-use customer provides letters of support for the same site for the same Delivery Year to multiple Demand Resource Providers, the MWs associated with such end-use customer site shall not be approved as a Demand Resource for any of the Demand Resource Providers. No later than 5 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction, PJM will notify each Demand Resource Provider of the approved Demand Resource quantity, by Zone/sub-Zone, that such Demand Resource Provider is permitted to offer into such RPM Auction.

- B. The Unforced Capacity value of a Demand Resource will be determined as:
  - (1) for Delivery Years through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, as the product of the Nominated Value of the Demand Resource times the Forecast Pool Requirement. Nominated Values shall be determined and reviewed in accordance with sections I and J, respectively, and the PJM Manuals.
  - (2) for the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, in accordance with RAA, Schedule 9.2. Nominated Values shall be determined and reviewed in accordance with sections I and J, respectively, and the PJM Manuals.
- C. Demand Resources offered and cleared in a Base Residual or Incremental Auction shall receive the corresponding Capacity Resource Clearing Price as determined in such auction, in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD. For Delivery Years beginning with the Delivery Year that commences on June 1, 2013, any Demand Resources located in a Zone with multiple LDAs shall receive the Capacity Resource Clearing Price applicable to the location of such resource within such Zone, as identified in such resource's offer. Further, the Curtailment Service Provider shall register its resource in the same location within the Zone as specified in its cleared sell offer, and shall be subject to deficiency charges under Tariff, Attachment DD to the extent it fails to provide the resource in such location consistent with its cleared offer.
- D. The Party, Electric Distributor, or Curtailment Service Provider that establishes a contractual relationship (by contract or tariff rate) with a customer for load reductions is entitled to receive the compensation specified in section C for a committed Demand Resource, notwithstanding that such provider is not the customer's energy supplier.
- E. Any Party hereto shall demonstrate that its Demand Resources performed during periods when load management procedures were invoked by the Office of the Interconnection. The Office of the Interconnection shall adopt and maintain rules and procedures for verifying the performance of such resources, as set forth in section K hereof and the PJM Manuals. In addition, committed Demand Resources that do not comply with the directions of the Office of the Interconnection to reduce load during an emergency shall be subject to the penalty charge set forth in Tariff, Attachment DD.
- F. Parties may elect to place Demand Resources associated with Behind The Meter Generation under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection for a Delivery Year by submitting a Sell Offer for such resource (as Self Supply, or with an offer price) in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year. This election shall remain in effect for the entirety of such Delivery Year. In the event such an election is made, such Behind The Meter Generation will not be netted from load for the purposes of calculating the Daily Unforced Capacity Obligations under this Agreement.
- G. PJM measures Demand Resource Registrations in the following ways:

Firm Service Level (FSL) – Load management achieved by an end-use customer reducing its load to a pre-determined level (the Firm Service Level), upon notification from the Curtailment Service Provider's market operations center or its agent.

Guaranteed Load Drop (GLD) – Load management achieved by an end-use customer reducing its load by a pre-determined amount (the Guaranteed Load Drop), upon notification from the Curtailment Service Provider's market operations center or its agent. Typically, the load reduction is achieved through running customer-owned backup generators, or by shutting down process equipment.

- H. Each Curtailment Service Provider must satisfy (or contract with another LSE, Curtailment Service Provider, or electric distribution company to provide) the following requirements:
  - A point of contact with appropriate backup to ensure single call notification from PJM and timely execution of the notification process;
  - Supplemental status reports, detailing Demand Resources available, as requested by PJM;
  - Entry of customer-specific Demand Resource Registration information, for planning and verification purposes, into the designated PJM electronic system.
  - Customer-specific compliance and verification information for each PJM-initiated Demand Resource event or test event, as well as aggregated Provider load drop data for Provider-initiated events, in accordance with established reporting guidelines.
  - Load drop estimates for all Load Management events and test events, prepared in accordance with the PJM Manuals.
- I. The Nominated Values (summer or winter) for each Demand Resource Registration shall be determined consistent with the process described below.

The summer Nominated Value for Firm Service Level customer(s) on a registration will be based on the peak load contribution for the customer(s), as typically determined by the 5CP methodology utilized by the electric distribution company to determine ICAP obligation values. The summer Nominated Value for a registration shall equal the total peak load contribution for the customers on the registration minus the summer Firm Service Level multiplied by the loss factor. The winter Nominated Value for Firm Service Level customer(s) on a registration shall equal the total Winter Peak Load for customers on the registration multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor minus winter Firm Service level and then the result is multiplied by the loss factor.

The summer Nominated Value for a Guaranteed Load Drop customer on a registrationshall equal the summer guaranteed load drop amount, adjusted for system losses and shall not exceed the customer's Peak Load Contribution, as established by the

customer's contract with the Curtailment Service Provider. The winter Nominated Value for a Guaranteed Load Drop customer on a registration shall be the winter guaranteed load drop amount, adjusted for system losses, and shall not exceed the customer's Winter Peak Load multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor multiplied by the loss factor, as established by the customer's contract with the Curtailment Service Provider.

Customer-specific Demand Resource Registration information (EDC account number, peak load contribution, Winter Peak Load, notification period, etc.) will be entered into the designated PJM electronic system to establish nominated values. Each Demand Resource Registration should be linked to a Demand Resource. Additional data may be required, as defined in sections J and K and the PJM Manuals.

J. Nominated Values shall be reviewed based on documentation of customer-specific data and Demand Resource Registration information, to verify the amount of load management available and to set a summer or winter Nominated Value. Data is provided by both the zone EDC and the Curtailment Service Provider in the designated PJM electronic system, and must include the EDC meter number or other unique customer identifier, Peak Load Contribution (5CP), Winter Peak Load, contract firm service level or guaranteed load drop values, applicable loss factor, zone/area location of the load drop, number of active participants, etc. Such data must be uploaded and approved prior to the first day of the Delivery Year for which such Demand Resource Registration is effective. Curtailment Service Providers must provide this information concurrently to host EDCs.

For Firm Service Level and Guaranteed Load Drop customers, the 5CP values, for the zone and affected customers, will be adjusted to reflect an "unrestricted" peak for a zone, based on information provided by the Curtailment Service Provider. Load drop levels shall be estimated in accordance with guidelines in the PJM Manuals.

The daily Nominated Value of a Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment (which may consist of an Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment and/or Summer Period Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment) shall equal the sum of the summer Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource for the summer period of June through October and May of the Delivery Year, and shall equal the lesser of (i) the sum of the summer Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource or (ii) the sum of the winter Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource for the non-summer period of November through April of the Delivery Year.

K. Compliance is the process utilized to review Provider performance during PJM-initiated Load Management events and tests. Compliance will be established for each Provider on an event specific basis for the Curtailment Service Provider's Demand Resource Registrations dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection during such event. PJM will establish and communicate reasonable deadlines for the timely submittal of event data to expedite compliance reviews. Compliance reviews will be completed as soon after the event as possible, with the expectation that reviews of a single event will be completed within two months of the end of the month in which the event took place.

Curtailment Service Providers are responsible for the submittal of compliance information to PJM for each PJM-initiated event and test during the compliance period.

Compliance is measured for Market Participant Bonus Performance, as applicable—prior to the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, and Non-Performance Charges. Non-Performance Charges are assessed for the defined obligation period of each Demand Resource as defined in RAA, Article 1, subject to the following requirements:

Compliance is checked on an individual customer basis for Firm Service Level, by comparing actual load during the event to the firm service level. Current load for a statistical sample of end-use customers may be used for compliance for residential non-interval metered registrations in accordance with the PJM Manuals and subject to PJM approval. Curtailment Service Providers must submit actual customer load levels (for the event period) for the compliance report. Compliance for FSL will be based on:

Summer (June through October and the following May of a Delivery Year)- End use customer's current Delivery Year peak load contribution ("PLC") minus the metered load ("Load") multiplied by the loss factor ("LF"). The calculation is represented by:

Winter (November through April of a Delivery Year)— End use customer's Winter Peak Load ("WPL") multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor ("ZWWAF") multiplied by LF, minus the metered load ("Load") multiplied by the LF. The calculation is represented by:

Compliance is checked on an individual customer basis for Guaranteed Load Drop. Current load for a statistical sample of end-use customers may be used for compliance for residential non-interval metered registrations in accordance with the PJM Manuals and subject to PJM approval. Guaranteed Load Drop compliance will be based on:

the lesser of (a) comparison load used to best represent what the load would have been if PJM did not declare a Load Management Event or the CSP did not initiate a test as outlined in the PJM Manuals, minus the Load and then multiplied by the LF, or (b) For a summer event, the PLC minus the Load multiplied by the LF. A summer load reduction will only be recognized for capacity compliance if the Load multiplied by the LF is less than the PLC. For a non-summer event, the WPL multiplied the ZWWAF multiplied by LF, minus the Load multiplied by the LF. A non-summer load reduction will only be recognized for capacity compliance if the Load multiplied by the LF is less than the WPL multiplied by the ZWWAF multiplied by LF.

- (ii) Curtailment Service Providers must submit actual loads and comparison loads for all hours during the day of the Load Management Event or the Load Management performance test, and for all hours during any other days as required by the Office of the Interconnection to calculate the load reduction. Comparison loads must be developed from the guidelines in the PJM Manuals, and note which method was employed.
- (iii) Methodologies for establishing comparison load for Guaranteed Load Drop enduse customers are described in greater detail in Manual M-19, PJM Manual for Load Forecasting and Analysis, at Attachment A: Load Drop Estimate Guidelines.

Load reduction compliance is determined on an hourly basis for a Demand Resource Registration linked to an Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment, for each FSL and GLD customer dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for at least 30 minutes of the clock hour (i.e., "partial dispatch compliance hour"). Curtailment Service Provider may submit 1 minute load data for use in capacity compliance calculations for partial dispatch compliance hours subject to PJM approval and in accordance with the PJM Manuals where: (a) metering meets all Tariff and Manual requirements, (b) 1 minute load data shall be submitted to PJM for all locations on the registration, and (c) 1 minute load data measures energy consumption over the minute. The registered capacity commitment for a Demand Resource Registration with a Base or Capacity Performance commitment is not prorated based on the number of minutes dispatched during the clock hours. The actual hourly load reduction for the hour ending that includes a Performance Assessment Interval(s) is flat-profiled over the set of dispatch intervals in the hour in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

A Demand Resource Registration may not reduce their load below zero (i.e., export energy into the system). No compliance credit will be given for an incremental load drop below zero.

For a Performance Assessment Interval, compliance will be totaled over all dispatched registrations for FSL and GLD customers linked to a Provider's Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment to determine the Actual Performance for such Demand Resource in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, and PJM Manuals. The Expected Performance for such Demand Resource shall be equal to the Provider's committed capacity on the Demand Resource, adjusted to account for any linked registrations that were not dispatched by PJM. A Provider's Demand Resources' initial Performance Shortfalls shall be netted for all the seller's Demand Resources in the Emergency Action Area to determine a net Emergency Action Area Performance Shortfall which is then allocated to the Capacity Market Seller's Demand Resources in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, and PJM Manuals.

#### L. Energy Efficiency Resources

1. An Energy Efficiency Resource is a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or

systems, exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during peak summer and winter periods as described herein) reduction in electric energy consumption at the End-Use Customer's retail site that is not reflected in the peak load forecast prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention.

- 2. An Energy Efficiency Resource may be offered as a Capacity Resource in the Base Residual or Incremental Auctions for any Delivery Year beginning on or after June 1, 2011. No later than 30 days prior to the auction in which the resource is to be offered, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection a notice of intent to offer the resource into such auction and a measurement and verification plan. The notice of intent shall include all pertinent project design data, including but not limited to the peak-load contribution of affected customers, a full description of the equipment, device, system or process intended to achieve the load reduction, the load reduction pattern, the project location, the project development timeline, and any other relevant data. Such notice also shall state the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value.
  - For the 2018/2019 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years and for any Annual Energy Efficiency Resource committed as a Capacity Performance Resource, the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value for any Annual Energy Efficiency Resources, shall be the expected average load reduction, for all days from June 1 through August 31, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday, between the hour ending 15:00 EPT and the hour ending 18:00 EPT. In addition, the expected average load reduction for all days from January 1 through February 28, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday, between the hour ending 8:00 EPT and the hour ending 9:00 EPT and between the hour ending 19:00 EPT and the hour ending 20:00 EPT shall not be less than the Nominated Energy Efficiency Value; and
  - For the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value for any Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resource shall be the expected average load reduction between the hour ending 15:00 EPT and the hour ending 18:00 EPT during all days from June 1 through August 31, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday.

The measurement and verification plan shall describe the methods and procedures, consistent with the PJM Manuals, for determining the amount of the load reduction and confirming that such reduction is achieved. The Office of the Interconnection shall determine, upon review of such notice, the

Nominated Energy Efficiency Value that may be offered in the Reliability Pricing Model Auction.

- 3. An Energy Efficiency Resource may be offered with a price offer or as Self-Supply. If an Energy Efficiency Resource clears the auction, it shall receive the applicable Capacity Resource Clearing Price, subject to section 5 below. A Capacity Market Seller offering an Energy Efficiency Resource must comply with all applicable credit requirements as set forth in Tariff, Attachment Q. The Unforced Capacity value of an Energy Efficiency Resource offered into an RPM Auction or committed in a FRR Capacity Plan shall be the Nominated Energy Efficiency Value times the Forecast Pool Requirement.
- 4. An Energy Efficiency Resource that clears an auction for a Delivery Year may be offered in auctions for up to three additional consecutive Delivery Years, but shall not be assured of clearing in any such auction; provided, however, an Energy Efficiency Resource may not be offered for any Delivery Year in which any part of the peak season is beyond the expected life of the equipment, device, system, or process providing the expected load reduction; and provided further that a Capacity Market Seller that offers and clears an Energy Efficiency Resource in a BRA may elect a New Entry Price Adjustment on the same terms as set forth in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(c).
- 5. For every Energy Efficiency Resource clearing an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than 30 days prior to each Auction an updated project status and measurement and verification plan subject to the criteria set forth in the PJM Manuals.
- 6. For every Energy Efficiency Resource clearing an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than the start of such Delivery Year, an updated project status and detailed measurement and verification data meeting the standards for precision and accuracy set forth in the PJM Manuals. The final value of the Energy Efficiency Resource during such Delivery Year shall be as determined by the Office of the Interconnection based on the submitted data.
- 7. The Office of the Interconnection may audit, at the Capacity Market Seller's expense, any Energy Efficiency Resource committed to the PJM Region. The audit may be conducted any time including the Performance Hours of the Delivery Year.
- 8. For RPM Auctions for the 2021/2022 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, if a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority receives FERC authorization to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation in a specific area(s) of the PJM Region, the following process applies:

- (a) The Office of the Interconnection will publicly post a reference to the FERC authorization of a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority order, ordinance or resolution that qualifies or prohibits Energy Efficiency Resource participation, the applicable electric distribution company(ies), and the applicable auction(s) and/or Delivery Year(s).
- (b) A Capacity Market Seller that intends to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources must identify and itemize all resources that are located in the jurisdiction of a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation within the Zone or LDA, as required, and those outside of the area but within the Zone or LDA, as required.
- (c) A Capacity Market Seller that intends to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources must identify and itemize all Energy Efficiency Resources to be offered as part of its Energy Efficiency measurement and verification plan and certified post-installation measurement and verification report. The Office of Interconnection will provide a list to the relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) to review for compliance with the Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority of Capacity Market Sellers that are:
  - (i) offering Energy Efficiency Resources in an RPM Auction within two (2) Business Days after the deadline for submitting an energy efficiency measurement and verification plan for such RPM Auction; and
  - (ii) certifying Energy Efficiency Resources with a Delivery Year postinstallation measurement and verification report, within two (2) Business Days of receipt of such Delivery Year post-installation measurement and verification report. The relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) shall review for compliance with rules from a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource.
- (d) The relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) shall review for compliance with rules from a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation and provide a response to the Office of the Interconnection within five (5) Business Days after receiving the list of Capacity Market Sellers offering Energy Efficiency Resources. The Office of the Interconnection will not allow a Capacity Market Seller to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources if an electric distribution company denies such Capacity Market Seller to deliver

Energy Efficiency Resources in compliance with rules of a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation.

(9) For RPM Auctions for the 2021/2022 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Capacity Market Seller of Energy Efficiency Resources that cannot satisfy its RPM obligations in any Delivery Year due to the prohibition of participation by a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to prohibit participation of such resources may be relieved of its Capacity Resource Deficiency Charge by notifying the Office of the Interconnection by no later than seven (7) calendar days prior to the posting of the planning parameters for the Third Incremental Auction of that Delivery Year. After providing such notice, the affected Capacity Market Seller may elect to be relieved of its RPM commitment, and shall not be required to obtain replacement capacity for the resource, and no charges shall be assessed by the Office of the Interconnection for the Capacity Market Seller's deficiency in satisfying its RPM obligation for the resource for such Delivery Year. In such case, however, the Capacity Market Seller shall not be entitled to, nor be paid, any RPM revenues for such resource for that Delivery Year. The Office of the Interconnection will apply corresponding adjustments to the quantity of Buy Bids or Sell Offers in the Incremental Auctions for such Delivery Years in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, sections 5.12(b)(ii) and 5.12(b)(iii).

#### SCHEDULE 6

#### PROCEDURES FOR DEMAND RESOURCES AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY

- A. Parties can partially or wholly offset the amounts payable for the Locational Reliability Charge with Demand Resources that are operated under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection. FRR Entities may reduce their capacity obligations with Demand Resources that are operated under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection and detailed in such entity's FRR Capacity Plan. Demand Resources qualifying under the criteria set forth below may be offered for sale or designated as Self-Supply in the Base Residual Auction, included in an FRR Capacity Plan, or offered for sale in any Incremental Auction, for any Delivery Year for which such resource qualifies. Qualified Demand Resources generally fall in one of two categories, i.e., Guaranteed Load Drop or Firm Service Level, as further specified in section G below and the PJM Manuals. Qualified Demand Resources may be provided by a Curtailment Service Provider, notwithstanding that such Curtailment Service Provider is not a Party to this Agreement. Such Curtailment Service Providers must satisfy the requirements hereof and the PJM Manuals.
  - 1. A Party must formally notify, in accordance with the requirements of the PJM Manuals and section F hereof, as applicable, the Office of the Interconnection of the Demand Resource Registration that it is placing under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection. A Party must further notify the Office of the Interconnection whether the Demand Resource Registration is linked to a Summer-Period Demand Resource or an Annual Demand Resource.
  - 2. A Demand Resource Registration must achieve its full load reduction within the following time period:
  - (a) For the 2015/2016 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Demand Resource Registration must be able to fully respond to a Load Management Event within 30 minutes of notification from the Office of the Interconnection. This default 30 minute prior notification shall apply unless a Curtailment Service Provider obtains an exception from the Office of the Interconnection due to physical operational limitations that prevent the Demand Resource Registration from reducing load within that timeframe. In such case, the Curtailment Service Provider shall submit a request for an exception to the 30 minute prior notification requirement to the Office of the Interconnection, at the time the Registration Form for that Demand Resource Registration is submitted in accordance with Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix. The only alternative notification times that the Office of Interconnection will permit, upon approval of an exception request, are 60 minutes and 120 minutes prior to a Load Management Event. The Curtailment Service Provider shall indicate in writing, in the appropriate application, that it seeks an exception to permit a prior notification time of 60 minutes or 120 minutes, and the reason(s) for the requested exception. A Curtailment Service Provider shall not submit a request for an exception to the default 30 minute notification period unless it has done its due diligence to confirm that the Demand

Resource Registration is physically incapable of responding within that timeframe based on one or more of the reasons set forth below and as may be further defined in the PJM Manuals and has obtained detailed data and documentation to support this determination.

In order to establish that a Demand Resource Registration is reasonably expected to be physically unable to reduce load in that timeframe, the Curtailment Service Provider that submitted the Demand Resource Registration must demonstrate that:

- (i) The manufacturing processes for the Demand Resource Registration require gradual reduction to avoid damaging major industrial equipment used in the manufacturing process, or damage to the product generated or feedstock used in the manufacturing process;
- (ii) Transfer of load to back-up generation requires time-intensive manual process taking more than 30 minutes;
- (iii) On-site safety concerns prevent location from implementing reduction plan in less than 30 minutes; or,
- (iv) The Demand Resource Registration is comprised of mass market residential customers or Small Commercial Customers which collectively cannot be notified of a Load Management Event within a 30-minute timeframe due to unavoidable communications latency, in which case the requested notification time shall be no longer than 120 minutes.

The Office of the Interconnection may request data and documentation from the Curtailment Service Provider and such Curtailment Service Provider shall provide to the Office of the Interconnection within three (3) Business Days of a request therefor, a copy of all of the data and documentation supporting the exception request. Failure to provide a timely response to such request shall cause the exception to terminate the following Operating Day.

At its sole option and discretion, the Office of the Interconnection may review the data and documentation provided by the Curtailment Service Provider to determine if the Demand Resource Registration has met one or more of the criteria above. The Office of the Interconnection will notify the Curtailment Service Provider in writing of its determination by no later than ten (10) Business Days after receipt of the data and documentation.

The Curtailment Service Provider shall provide written notification to the Office of the Interconnection of a material change to the facts that supported its exception request within three (3) Business Days of becoming aware of such material change in facts, and, if the Office of Interconnection determines that the physical limitation criteria above are no longer being met, the Demand Resource Registration shall be subject to the default notification period of 30 minutes immediately upon such determination.

- 3. The initiation of load reduction, upon the request of the Office of the Interconnection, must be within the authority of the dispatchers of the Party. No additional approvals should be required.
- 4. The initiation of load reduction upon the request of the Office of the Interconnection is considered a pre-emergency or emergency action and must be implementable prior to a voltage reduction.
- 5. A Curtailment Service Provider intending to offer for sale or designate for self-supply, a Demand Resource in any RPM Auction, or intending to include a Demand Resource in any FRR Capacity Plan must demonstrate, to PJM's satisfaction, that such resource shall have the capability to provide a reduction in demand, or otherwise control load, on or before the start of the Delivery Year for which such resource is committed. As part of such demonstration, each such Curtailment Service Provider shall submit a Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan in accordance with the standards and procedures set forth in RAA, Schedule 6, section A-1; RAA, Schedule 8.1 (as to FRR Capacity Plans) and the PJM Manuals, no later than 30 days prior to, as applicable, the RPM Auction in which such resource is to be offered, or the deadline for submission of the FRR Capacity Plan in which such resource is to be included. PJM may verify the Curtailment Service Provider's adherence to the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan at any time. A Curtailment Service Provider with a PJM-approved Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan will be permitted to offer up to the approved Demand Resource quantity into the subject RPM Auction or include such resource in its FRR Capacity Plan.
- 6. Selection of a Demand Resource in an RPM Auction results in commitment of capacity to the PJM Region. Demand Resources that are so committed must be linked to registrations participating in the Full Program Option or Capacity Only Option of the Emergency Load Response and Pre-Emergency Load Response Program and thus available for dispatch during PJM-declared pre-emergency events and emergency events.
- A-1. A Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan shall consist of a completed template document in the form posted on the PJM website, requiring the information set forth below and in the PJM Manuals, and a Demand Resource Officer Certification Form signed by an officer of the Demand Resource Provider that is duly authorized to provide such a certification. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan must provide information that supports the Demand Resource Provider's intended Demand Resource Sell Offers and demonstrates that the Demand Resources are being offered with the intention that the MW quantity that clears the auction is reasonably expected to be physically delivered through Demand Resource registrations for the relevant Delivery Year. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan shall include all Existing Demand Resources and all Planned Demand Resources that the Demand Resource Provider intends to offer into an RPM Auction or include in an FRR Capacity Plan.
  - 1. Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan Template. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan template, in the form provided on the PJM website, shall require the

Demand Resource Provider to provide the following information and such other information as specified in the PJM Manuals:

- (a) Summary Information. The completed template shall include the Demand Resource Provider's company name, contact information, and the Nominated DR Value in ICAP MWs by Zone/sub-Zone that the Demand Resource Provider intends to offer, stated separately for Existing Demand Resources and Planned Demand Resources. The total Nominated DR Value in MWs for each Zone/sub-Zone shall be the sum of the Nominated DR Value of Existing Demand Resources and the Nominated DR Value of Planned Demand Resources, and shall be the maximum MW amount the Provider intends to offer in the RPM Auction for the indicated Zone/sub-Zone, provided that nothing herein shall preclude the Demand Resource Provider from offering in the auction a lesser amount than the total Nominated DR Value shown in its Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan.
- (b) Existing Demand Resources. The Demand Resource Provider shall identify all Existing Demand Resources by identifying end-use customer sites that are currently registered with PJM (even if not registered by such Demand Resource Provider) and that the Demand Resource Provider reasonably expects to have under a contract to reduce load based on PJM dispatch instructions by the start of the auction Delivery Year.
- (c) Planned Demand Resources. The Demand Resource Provider shall provide the details of, and key assumptions underlying, the Planned Demand Resource quantities (i.e., all Demand Resource quantities in excess of Existing Demand Resource quantities) contained in the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan, including:
  - (i) key program attributes and assumptions used to develop the Planned Demand Resource quantities, including, but not limited to, discussion of:
    - method(s) of achieving load reduction at customer site(s);
    - equipment to be controlled or installed at customer site(s), if any;
    - plan and ability to acquire customers;
    - types of customer targeted;
    - support of market potential and market share for the target customer base, with adjustments for Existing Demand Resource customers within this market and the potential for other Demand Resource Providers targeting the same customers; and
    - assumptions regarding regulatory approval of program(s), if applicable.

- (ii) Zone/sub-Zone information by end-use customer segment for all Nominated DR Values for which an end-use customer site is not identified, to include the number in each segment of end-use customers expected to be registered for the subject Delivery Year, the average Peak Load Contribution per end-use customer for such segment, and the average Nominated DR Value per customer for such segment. End-use customer segments may include residential, commercial, small industrial, medium industrial, and large industrial, as identified and defined in the PJM Manuals, provided that nothing herein or in the Manuals shall preclude the Provider from identifying more specific customer segments within the commercial and industrial categories, if known.
- (iii) Information by end-use customer site to the extent required by subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) or, if not required by such subsection, to the extent known at the time of the submittal of the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan, to include: customer EDC account number (if known), customer name, customer premise address, Zone/sub-Zone in which the customer is located, end-use customer segment, current Peak Load Contribution value (or an estimate if actual value not known) and an estimate of expected Peak Load Contribution for the subject Delivery Year, and an estimated Nominated DR Value.
- End-use customer site-specific information shall be required for (iv) any Zones or sub-Zones identified by PJM pursuant to this subsection for the portion, if any, of a Demand Resource Provider's intended offer in such Zones or sub-Zones that exceeds a Sell Offer threshold determined pursuant to this subsection, as any such excess quantity under such conditions should reflect Planned Demand Resources from end-use customer sites that the Provider has a high degree of certainty it will physically deliver for the subject Delivery Year. In accordance with the procedures in subsection A-1(3) below, PJM shall identify, as requiring site-specific information, all Zones and sub-Zones that comprise any LDA group (from a list of LDA groups stated in the PJM Manuals) in which [the quantity of cleared Demand Resources from the most recent Base Residual Auction] plus [the quantity of Demand Resources included in FRR Capacity Plans for the Delivery Year addressed by the most recent Base Residual Auction] in any Zone or sub-Zone of such LDA group exceeds the greater of:
  - the maximum Demand Resources quantity registered with PJM for such Zone for any Delivery Year from the current (at time of plan submission) Delivery Year and the two preceding Delivery Years; and

• the potential Demand Resource quantity for such Zone estimated by PJM based on an independent published assessment of demand response potential that is reasonably applicable to such Zone, as identified in the PJM Manuals.

For each such Zone and sub-Zone, the Sell Offer threshold for each Demand Resource Provider shall be the higher of:

- the Demand Resource Provider's maximum Demand Resource quantity registered with PJM for such Zone/sub-Zone over the current Delivery Year (at the time of plan submission) and two preceding Delivery Years;
- the Demand Resource Provider's maximum for any single Delivery Year of [such provider's cleared Demand Resource quantity] plus [such provider's quantity of Demand Resources included in FRR Capacity Plans] from the three forward Delivery Years addressed by the three most recent Base Residual Auctions for such Zone/sub-Zone; and
- 10 MW.
- (d) Schedule. The Demand Resource Provider shall provide an approximate timeline for procuring end-use customer sites as needed to physically deliver the total Nominated DR Value (for both Existing Demand Resources and Planned Demand Resources) by Zone/sub-Zone in the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan. The Demand Resource Provider must specify the cumulative number of customers and the cumulative Nominated DR Value associated with each end-use customer segment within each Zone/sub-Zone that the Demand Resource Provider expects (at the time of plan submission) to have under contract as of June 1 each year between the time of the auction and the subject Delivery Year.
- 2. Demand Resource Officer Certification Form. Each Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan must include a Demand Resource Officer Certification, signed by an officer of the Demand Resource Provider that is duly authorized to provide such a certification, in the form shown in the PJM Manuals, which form shall include the following certifications:
- (a) that the signing officer has reviewed the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan and the information supplied to PJM in support of the Plan is true and correct as of the date of the certification;
- (b) that the Sell Offer Plan does not include any Critical Natural Gas Infrastructure facilities, and

(c) that the Demand Resource Provider is submitting the Plan with the reasonable expectation, based upon its analyses as of the date of the certification, to physically deliver all megawatts that clear the RPM Auction through Demand Resource registrations by the specified Delivery Year.

As set forth in the form provided in the PJM Manuals, the certification shall specify that it does not in any way abridge, expand, or otherwise modify the current provisions of the PJM Tariff, Operating Agreement and/or RAA, or the Demand Resource Provider's rights and obligations thereunder, including the Demand Resource Provider's ability to adjust capacity obligations through participation in PJM incremental auctions and bilateral transactions.

3. Procedures. No later than December 1 prior to the Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, PJM shall post to the PJM website a list of Zones and sub-Zones, if any, for which end-use customer site-specific information shall be required under the conditions specified in subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) above for all RPM Auctions conducted for such Delivery Year. Once so identified, a Zone or sub-Zone shall remain on the list for future Delivery Years until the threshold determined under subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) above is not exceeded for three consecutive Delivery Years. No later than 30 days prior to the RPM Auction in which a Demand Resource Provider intends to offer a Demand Resource, the Demand Resource Provider shall submit to PJM a completed Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan template and a Demand Resource Officer Certification Form signed by a duly authorized officer of the Provider. PJM will review all submitted DR Sell Offer Plans. No later than 10 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction, PJM shall notify any Demand Resource Providers that have identified the same end-use customer site(s) in their respective DR Sell Offer Plans for the same Delivery Year. In such event, the MWs associated with such site(s) will not be approved for inclusion in a Sell Offer in an RPM Auction by any of the Demand Resource Providers, unless a Demand Resource Provider provides a letter of support from the end-use customer indicating that it is likely to execute a contract with that Demand Resource Provider for the relevant Delivery Year, or provides other comparable evidence of likely commitment. Such letter of support or other supporting evidence must be provided to PJM no later than 7 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction. If an end-use customer provides letters of support for the same site for the same Delivery Year to multiple Demand Resource Providers, the MWs associated with such end-use customer site shall not be approved as a Demand Resource for any of the Demand Resource Providers. No later than 5 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction, PJM will notify each Demand Resource Provider of the approved Demand Resource quantity, by Zone/sub-Zone, that such Demand Resource Provider is permitted to offer into such RPM Auction.

B. The Unforced Capacity value of a Demand Resource will be determined:

- (1) for Delivery Years through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, as the product of the Nominated Value of the Demand Resource times the Forecast Pool Requirement. Nominated Values shall be determined and reviewed in accordance with sections I and J, respectively, and the PJM Manuals.
- (2) for the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, in accordance with RAA, Schedule 9.2. Nominated Values shall be determined and reviewed in accordance with sections I and J, respectively, and the PJM Manuals.
- C. Demand Resources offered and cleared in a Base Residual or Incremental Auction shall receive the corresponding Capacity Resource Clearing Price as determined in such auction, in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD. For Delivery Years beginning with the Delivery Year that commences on June 1, 2013, any Demand Resources located in a Zone with multiple LDAs shall receive the Capacity Resource Clearing Price applicable to the location of such resource within such Zone, as identified in such resource's offer. Further, the Curtailment Service Provider shall register its resource in the same location within the Zone as specified in its cleared sell offer, and shall be subject to deficiency charges under Tariff, Attachment DD to the extent it fails to provide the resource in such location consistent with its cleared offer.
- D. The Party, Electric Distributor, or Curtailment Service Provider that establishes a contractual relationship (by contract or tariff rate) with a customer for load reductions is entitled to receive the compensation specified in section C for a committed Demand Resource, notwithstanding that such provider is not the customer's energy supplier.
- E. Any Party hereto shall demonstrate that its Demand Resources performed during periods when load management procedures were invoked by the Office of the Interconnection. The Office of the Interconnection shall adopt and maintain rules and procedures for verifying the performance of such resources, as set forth in section K hereof and the PJM Manuals. In addition, committed Demand Resources that do not comply with the directions of the Office of the Interconnection to reduce load during an emergency shall be subject to the penalty charge set forth in Tariff, Attachment DD.
- F. Parties may elect to place Demand Resources associated with Behind The Meter Generation under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection for a Delivery Year by submitting a Sell Offer for such resource (as Self Supply, or with an offer price) in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year. This election shall remain in effect for the entirety of such Delivery Year. In the event such an election is made, such Behind The Meter Generation will not be netted from load for the purposes of calculating the Daily Unforced Capacity Obligations under this Agreement.
- G. PJM measures Demand Resource Registrations in the following ways:

Firm Service Level (FSL) – Load management achieved by an end-use customer reducing its load to a pre-determined level (the Firm Service Level), upon notification from the Curtailment Service Provider's market operations center or its agent.

Guaranteed Load Drop (GLD) – Load management achieved by an end-use customer reducing its load by a pre-determined amount (the Guaranteed Load Drop), upon notification from the Curtailment Service Provider's market operations center or its agent. Typically, the load reduction is achieved through running customer-owned backup generators, or by shutting down process equipment.

- H. Each Curtailment Service Provider must satisfy (or contract with another LSE, Curtailment Service Provider, or electric distribution company to provide) the following requirements:
  - A point of contact with appropriate backup to ensure single call notification from PJM and timely execution of the notification process;
  - Supplemental status reports, detailing Demand Resources available, as requested by PJM;
  - Entry of customer-specific Demand Resource Registration information, for planning and verification purposes, into the designated PJM electronic system.
  - Customer-specific compliance and verification information for each PJM-initiated Demand Resource event or test event, as well as aggregated Provider load drop data for Provider-initiated events, in accordance with established reporting guidelines.
  - Load drop estimates for all Load Management events and test events, prepared in accordance with the PJM Manuals.
- I. The Nominated Values (summer or winter) for each Demand Resource Registration shall be determined consistent with the process described below.

The summer Nominated Value for Firm Service Level customer(s) on a registration will be based on the peak load contribution for the customer(s), as typically determined by the 5CP methodology utilized by the electric distribution company to determine ICAP obligation values. The summer Nominated Value for a registration shall equal the total peak load contribution for the customers on the registration minus the summer Firm Service Level multiplied by the loss factor. The winter Nominated Value for Firm Service Level customer(s) on a registration shall equal the total Winter Peak Load for customers on the registration multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor minus winter Firm Service level and then the result is multiplied by the loss factor.

The summer Nominated Value for a Guaranteed Load Drop customer on a registrationshall equal the summer guaranteed load drop amount, adjusted for system losses and shall not exceed the customer's Peak Load Contribution, as established by the customer's contract with the Curtailment Service Provider. The winter Nominated Value for a Guaranteed Load Drop customer on a registration shall be the winter guaranteed load drop amount, adjusted for system losses, and shall not exceed the customer's Winter

Peak Load multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor multiplied by the loss factor, as established by the customer's contract with the Curtailment Service Provider.

Customer-specific Demand Resource Registration information (EDC account number, peak load contribution, Winter Peak Load, notification period, etc.) will be entered into the designated PJM electronic system to establish nominated values. Each Demand Resource Registration should be linked to a Demand Resource. Additional data may be required, as defined in sections J and K and the PJM Manuals.

J. Nominated Values shall be reviewed based on documentation of customer-specific data and Demand Resource Registration information, to verify the amount of load management available and to set a summer or winter, Nominated Value. Data is provided by both the zone EDC and the Curtailment Service Provider in the designated PJM electronic system, and must include the EDC meter number or other unique customer identifier, Peak Load Contribution (5CP), Winter Peak Load, contract firm service level or guaranteed load drop values, applicable loss factor, zone/area location of the load drop, number of active participants, etc. Such data must be uploaded and approved prior to the first day of the Delivery Year for which such Demand Resource Registration is effective. Curtailment Service Providers must provide this information concurrently to host EDCs.

For Firm Service Level and Guaranteed Load Drop customers, the 5CP values, for the zone and affected customers, will be adjusted to reflect an "unrestricted" peak for a zone, based on information provided by the Curtailment Service Provider. Load drop levels shall be estimated in accordance with guidelines in the PJM Manuals.

The daily Nominated Value of a Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment (which may consist of an Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment and/or Summer Period Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment) shall equal the sum of the summer Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource for the summer period of June through October and May of the Delivery Year, and shall equal the lesser of (i) the sum of the summer Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource or (ii) the sum of the winter Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource for the non-summer period of November through April of the Delivery Year.

K. Compliance is the process utilized to review Provider performance during PJM-initiated Load Management events and tests. Compliance will be established for each Provider on an event specific basis for the Curtailment Service Provider's Demand Resource Registrations dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection during such event. PJM will establish and communicate reasonable deadlines for the timely submittal of event data to expedite compliance reviews. Compliance reviews will be completed as soon after the event as possible, with the expectation that reviews of a single event will be completed within two months of the end of the month in which the event took place. Curtailment Service Providers are responsible for the submittal of compliance information to PJM for each PJM-initiated event and test during the compliance period.

Compliance is measured for Market Participant Bonus Performance, as applicable prior to the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, and Non-Performance Charges. Non-Performance Charges are assessed for the defined obligation period of each Demand Resource as defined in RAA, Article 1, subject to the following requirements:

Compliance is checked on an individual customer basis for Firm Service Level, by comparing actual load during the event to the firm service level. Current load for a statistical sample of end-use customers may be used for compliance for residential non-interval metered registrations in accordance with the PJM Manuals and subject to PJM approval. Curtailment Service Providers must submit actual customer load levels (for the event period) for the compliance report. Compliance for FSL will be based on:

Summer (June through October and the following May of a Delivery Year)- End use customer's current Delivery Year peak load contribution ("PLC") minus the metered load ("Load") multiplied by the loss factor ("LF"). The calculation is represented by:

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(PLC) - (Load *LF)
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Winter (November through April of a Delivery Year)— End use customer's Winter Peak Load ("WPL") multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor ("ZWWAF") multiplied by LF, minus the metered load ("Load") multiplied by the LF. The calculation is represented by:

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(WPL * ZWWAF * LF) – (Load * LF)
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Compliance is checked on an individual customer basis for Guaranteed Load Drop. Current load for a statistical sample of end-use customers may be used for compliance for residential non-interval metered registrations in accordance with the PJM Manuals and subject to PJM approval. Guaranteed Load Drop compliance will be based on:

- the lesser of (a) comparison load used to best represent what the load would have been if PJM did not declare a Load Management Event or the CSP did not initiate a test as outlined in the PJM Manuals, minus the Load and then multiplied by the LF, or (b) For a summer event, the PLC minus the Load multiplied by the LF. A summer load reduction will only be recognized for capacity compliance if the Load multiplied by the LF is less than the PLC. For a non-summer event, the WPL multiplied the ZWWAF multiplied by LF, minus the Load multiplied by the LF. A non-summer load reduction will only be recognized for capacity compliance if the Load multiplied by the LF is less than the WPL multiplied by the ZWWAF multiplied by LF.
- (ii) Curtailment Service Providers must submit actual loads and comparison loads for all hours during the day of the Load Management Event or the Load Management performance test, and for all hours during any other days as required by the Office

- of the Interconnection to calculate the load reduction. Comparison loads must be developed from the guidelines in the PJM Manuals, and note which method was employed.
- (iii) Methodologies for establishing comparison load for Guaranteed Load Drop enduse customers are described in greater detail in Manual M-19, PJM Manual for Load Forecasting and Analysis, at Attachment A: Load Drop Estimate Guidelines.

Load reduction compliance is determined on an hourly basis for a Demand Resource Registration linked to an Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment, for each FSL and GLD customer dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for at least 30 minutes of the clock hour (i.e., "partial dispatch compliance hour"). Curtailment Service Provider may submit 1 minute load data for use in capacity compliance calculations for partial dispatch compliance hours subject to PJM approval and in accordance with the PJM Manuals where: (a) metering meets all Tariff and Manual requirements, (b) 1 minute load data shall be submitted to PJM for all locations on the registration, and (c) 1 minute load data measures energy consumption over the minute. The registered capacity commitment for a Demand Resource Registration with a Base or Capacity Performance commitment is not prorated based on the number of minutes dispatched during the clock hours. The actual hourly load reduction for the hour ending that includes a Performance Assessment Interval(s) is flat-profiled over the set of dispatch intervals in the hour in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

A Demand Resource Registration may not reduce their load below zero (i.e., export energy into the system). No compliance credit will be given for an incremental load drop below zero.

For a Performance Assessment Interval, compliance will be totaled over all dispatched registrations for FSL and GLD customers linked to a Provider's Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment to determine the Actual Performance for such Demand Resource in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, and PJM Manuals. The Expected Performance for such Demand Resource shall be equal to the Provider's committed capacity on the Demand Resource, adjusted to account for any linked registrations that were not dispatched by PJM. A Provider's Demand Resources' initial Performance Shortfalls shall be netted for all the seller's Demand Resources in the Emergency Action Area to determine a net Emergency Action Area Performance Shortfall which is then allocated to the Capacity Market Seller's Demand Resources in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, and PJM Manuals.

# L. Energy Efficiency Resources

1. An Energy Efficiency Resource is a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or systems, exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during peak summer and

winter periods as described herein) reduction in electric energy consumption at the End-Use Customer's retail site that is not reflected in the peak load forecast prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention.

- 2. An Energy Efficiency Resource may be offered as a Capacity Resource in the Base Residual or Incremental Auctions for any Delivery Year beginning on or after June 1, 2011. No later than 30 days prior to the auction in which the resource is to be offered, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection a notice of intent to offer the resource into such auction and a measurement and verification plan. The notice of intent shall include all pertinent project design data, including but not limited to the peak-load contribution of affected customers, a full description of the equipment, device, system or process intended to achieve the load reduction, the load reduction pattern, the project location, the project development timeline, and any other relevant data. Such notice also shall state the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value.
  - For the 2018/2019 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years and for any Annual Energy Efficiency Resource committed as a Capacity Performance Resource, the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value for any Annual Energy Efficiency Resources, shall be the expected average load reduction, for all days from June 1 through August 31, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday, between the hour ending 15:00 EPT and the hour ending 18:00 EPT. In addition, the expected average load reduction for all days from January 1 through February 28, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday, between the hour ending 8:00 EPT and the hour ending 9:00 EPT and between the hour ending 19:00 EPT and the hour ending 20:00 EPT shall not be less than the Nominated Energy Efficiency Value; and
  - For the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value for any Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resource shall be the expected average load reduction between the hour ending 15:00 EPT and the hour ending 18:00 EPT during all days from June 1 through August 31, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday.

The measurement and verification plan shall describe the methods and procedures, consistent with the PJM Manuals, for determining the amount of the load reduction and confirming that such reduction is achieved. The Office of the Interconnection shall determine, upon review of such notice, the Nominated Energy Efficiency Value that may be offered in the Reliability Pricing Model Auction.

- 3. An Energy Efficiency Resource may be offered with a price offer or as Self-Supply. If an Energy Efficiency Resource clears the auction, it shall receive the applicable Capacity Resource Clearing Price, subject to section 5 below. A Capacity Market Seller offering an Energy Efficiency Resource must comply with all applicable credit requirements as set forth in Tariff, Attachment Q. The Unforced Capacity value of an Energy Efficiency Resource offered into an RPM Auction or committed in a FRR Capacity Plan shall be the Nominated Energy Efficiency Value times the Forecast Pool Requirement.
- 4. An Energy Efficiency Resource that clears an auction for a Delivery Year may be offered in auctions for up to three additional consecutive Delivery Years, but shall not be assured of clearing in any such auction; provided, however, an Energy Efficiency Resource may not be offered for any Delivery Year in which any part of the peak season is beyond the expected life of the equipment, device, system, or process providing the expected load reduction; and provided further that a Capacity Market Seller that offers and clears an Energy Efficiency Resource in a BRA may elect a New Entry Price Adjustment on the same terms as set forth in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(c).
- 5. For every Energy Efficiency Resource clearing an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than 30 days prior to each Auction an updated project status and measurement and verification plan subject to the criteria set forth in the PJM Manuals.
- 6. For every Energy Efficiency Resource clearing an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than the start of such Delivery Year, an updated project status and detailed measurement and verification data meeting the standards for precision and accuracy set forth in the PJM Manuals. The final value of the Energy Efficiency Resource during such Delivery Year shall be as determined by the Office of the Interconnection based on the submitted data.
- 7. The Office of the Interconnection may audit, at the Capacity Market Seller's expense, any Energy Efficiency Resource committed to the PJM Region. The audit may be conducted any time including the Performance Hours of the Delivery Year.
- 8. For RPM Auctions for the 2021/2022 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, if a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority receives FERC authorization to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation in a specific area(s) of the PJM Region, the following process applies:
  - (a) The Office of the Interconnection will publicly post a reference to the FERC authorization of a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority order,

ordinance or resolution that qualifies or prohibits Energy Efficiency Resource participation, the applicable electric distribution company(ies), and the applicable auction(s) and/or Delivery Year(s).

- (b) A Capacity Market Seller that intends to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources must identify and itemize all resources that are located in the jurisdiction of a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation within the Zone or LDA, as required, and those outside of the area but within the Zone or LDA, as required.
- (c) A Capacity Market Seller that intends to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources must identify and itemize all Energy Efficiency Resources to be offered as part of its Energy Efficiency measurement and verification plan and certified post-installation measurement and verification report. The Office of Interconnection will provide a list to the relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) to review for compliance with the Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority of Capacity Market Sellers that are:
  - (i) offering Energy Efficiency Resources in an RPM Auction within two (2) Business Days after the deadline for submitting an energy efficiency measurement and verification plan for such RPM Auction; and
  - (ii) certifying Energy Efficiency Resources with a Delivery Year postinstallation measurement and verification report, within two (2) Business Days of receipt of such Delivery Year post-installation measurement and verification report. The relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) shall review for compliance with rules from a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource.
- (d) The relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) shall review for compliance with rules from a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation and provide a response to the Office of the Interconnection within five (5) Business Days after receiving the list of Capacity Market Sellers offering Energy Efficiency Resources. The Office of the Interconnection will not allow a Capacity Market Seller to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources if an electric distribution company denies such Capacity Market Seller to deliver Energy Efficiency Resources in compliance with rules of a Relevant Electric

- Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation.
- (9) For RPM Auctions for the 2021/2022 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Capacity Market Seller of Energy Efficiency Resources that cannot satisfy its RPM obligations in any Delivery Year due to the prohibition of participation by a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to prohibit participation of such resources may be relieved of its Capacity Resource Deficiency Charge by notifying the Office of the Interconnection by no later than seven (7) calendar days prior to the posting of the planning parameters for the Third Incremental Auction of that Delivery Year. After providing such notice, the affected Capacity Market Seller may elect to be relieved of its RPM commitment, and shall not be required to obtain replacement capacity for the resource, and no charges shall be assessed by the Office of the Interconnection for the Capacity Market Seller's deficiency in satisfying its RPM obligation for the resource for such Delivery Year. In such case, however, the Capacity Market Seller shall not be entitled to, nor be paid, any RPM revenues for such resource for that Delivery Year. The Office of the Interconnection will apply corresponding adjustments to the quantity of Buy Bids or Sell Offers in the Incremental Auctions for such Delivery Years in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, sections 5.12(b)(ii) and 5.12(b)(iii).

#### **SCHEDULE 9.2:**

# EFFECTIVE LOAD CARRYING CAPABILITY ANALYSIS FOR THE 2025/2026 DELIVERY YEAR AND SUBSEQUENT DELIVERY YEARS

## A. Overview of Effective Load Carrying Capability Analysis

The inputs of the effective load carrying capability analysis shall consider similar data and forecasts as that used in development of the FPR, as described in Schedule 4.C, and will include:

- -Historical weather and load data;
- -Historical output of existing Variable Resources;
- -Estimates of putative historical output for planned Variable Resources;
- -Forced outage patterns for Unlimited Resources, including consideration of correlated outage risks;
- -Resource deployment forecast; and
- -Modeling parameters for Limited Duration Resources, Combination Resources, and Demand Resources.

The outputs of the effective load carrying capability analysis include:

-ELCC Class Rating values, in percent.

## B. ELCC Classes

- (1) (a) The following are the ELCC Classes for Variable Resources:
  - Tracking Solar Class
  - Fixed-Tilt Solar Class
  - Onshore Wind Class
  - Offshore Wind Class
  - Intermittent Landfill Gas Class
  - Intermittent Hydropower Class
  - Other Variable Resource Class
    - (b) The following are the types of ELCC Classes for Limited Duration Resources:
  - The type of Capacity Storage Resource Classes
  - The type of Other Limited Duration Resource Classes

Within those types, the following are the specific ELCC Classes for Limited Duration Resources:

- Capacity Storage Resource Class (4-Hour Duration)
- Capacity Storage Resource Class (6-Hour Duration)
- Capacity Storage Resource Class (8-Hour Duration)
- Capacity Storage Resource Class (10-Hour Duration)

- Other Limited Duration Class (4-Hour Duration)
- Other Limited Duration Class (6-Hour Duration)
- Other Limited Duration Class (8-Hour Duration)
- Other Limited Duration Class (10-Hour Duration)
  - (c) The following are the ELCC Classes for Combination Resources:
- The types of Hybrid Resource Classes, as further specified in subpart (2) below
- Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage Class
- Complex Hybrid Class
- The types of Other Limited Duration Combination Classes, as further specified in subpart (3).
  - (d) The following are the ELCC Classes for Unlimited Resources
    - Nuclear Class
    - Coal Class
    - Gas Combined Cycle Class
    - Gas Combustion Turbine Class
    - Gas Combined Cycle Dual Fuel Class
    - Gas Combustion Turbine Dual Fuel Class
    - Diesel Utility Class
    - Steam Class
    - Other Unlimited Resource Class
  - (e) The following are the ELCC Classes for Demand Resources
    - Demand Resource Class
- (2) PJM shall establish Hybrid Resource Classes for all "open-loop" combinations of each Capacity Storage Resource class and each Variable Resource class, as well as all "closed-loop" combinations of each Capacity Storage Resource class and each Variable Resource class. An "open-loop" resource is physically and contractually capable of charging from the grid, while a "closed-loop" resource is not.
- (3) PJM shall establish "Other Limited Duration Combination Classes" for all combinations of each Variable Resource Class and each Other Limited Duration Resource Class, and for combinations of an Unlimited Resource with each Other Limited Duration Resource Class.
- (4) For a given Delivery Year, ELCC Class Ratings will not be calculated for any ELCC Class to the extent that no member of the class is expected to provide, or offer to provide capacity, in the applicable Delivery Year. PJM will determine the ELCC Class Ratings for an ELCC Class when any one of the following criteria are met:
  - (a) An Existing Generation Capacity Resource is in such class; or
  - (b) A Planned Generation Capacity Resource has submitted timely and valid data through the ELCC data submission process and is in such class; or
  - (c) The resource deployment forecast contains a resource in such class.

- (5) (a) For each ELCC Resource, except an ELCC Resource that is a Capacity Storage Resource or includes a Capacity Storage Resource component, PJM shall determine the ELCC Class of which such resource is a member by matching the physical characteristics of such resource with the definition of the ELCC Class.
- (b) For each ELCC Resource that is a Capacity Storage Resource or includes a Capacity Storage Resource component, PJM shall determine, by matching the physical characteristics of such resource with the definition of the ELCC Class, the type of ELCC Class of which such resource is a member; provided however, the Generation Capacity Resource Provider shall choose the specific ELCC Class within the type ELCC Class identified by PJM that corresponds to the chosen characteristic duration.

If the Generation Capacity Resource Provider fails to choose, PJM will choose a specific ELCC Class to assign to such resource. The election of the specific ELCC Class corresponding to the chosen characteristic duration shall be for a term of five consecutive Delivery Years. After such five Delivery Year period, a Generation Capacity Resource Provider may request a change in the ELCC Class, based on choosing a different characteristic duration, by submitting to the Office of the Interconnection a written request to switch ELCC Classes and provide documentation supporting such change. A Generation Capacity Resource Provider must submit such a request, and supporting documentation, by August 1 prior to the calendar year for the RPM Auction in which the ELCC Resource intends to submit a Sell Offer or otherwise commit to provide capacity, except for 2025/2026 Delivery Year such required information must be provided to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the PJM Manuals. The Office of the Interconnection shall provide no later than following November 15 written notification to the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of its determination. If the request is granted, the ELCC Resource shall be considered in the new ELCC Class starting with the next Delivery Year for which no RPM Auction has been conducted and for subsequent Delivery Years. If the request is denied, the Office of the Interconnection shall include in the notice a written explanation for the denial.

(6) Mixed-technology resources are composed of components with different generation technologies, at least one of which would be an ELCC Resource, behind a single Point of Interconnection. For a mixed-technology resource composed of components that do not have significant interaction, the components are eligible to participate as separate resources. A mixed-technology resource composed of components that have significant interaction must participate as a single Combination Resource (or, if the components would all be Variable Resources, then as a single Variable Resource).

The Generation Capacity Resource Provider of a mixed-technology resource eligible to participate as either a single ELCC Resource or as multiple stand-alone resources shall elect, for a term of five consecutive Delivery Years, whether PJM is to model it as a single ELCC Resource or as multiple stand-alone resources. After such five Delivery Year period, a Generation Capacity Resource Provider may request a change in such modelling approach by submitting to the Office of the Interconnection a written request to change the modelling approach and provide documentation supporting such change. A Generation Capacity Resource Provider must submit such a request, and supporting documentation, by August 1 prior to the

calendar year for the RPM Auction in which the ELCC Resource(s) intend(s) to submit a Sell Offer or otherwise commit to provide capacity, except for 2025/2026 Delivery Year such required information must be provided to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the PJM Manuals. The Office of the Interconnection shall provide no later than following November 15 written notification to the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of its determination. If the request is granted, the ELCC Resource(s) shall be modelled as requested starting with the next Delivery Year for which no RPM Auction has been conducted and for subsequent Delivery Years. If the request is denied, the Office of the Interconnection shall include in the notice a written explanation for the denial.

# C. Calculation of ELCC Class Rating

ELCC Class Ratings for a Delivery Year are calculated by adding to the forecasted resource portfolio incremental quantities of resources belonging to the subject ELCC Class, depending on the resource type:

- (1) The ELCC Class Rating of Variable Resources, Limited Duration Resources, Unlimited Resources (except Other Unlimited Resources), and Demand Resources shall be the ratio of the expected unserved energy improvement resulting from adding an incremental quantity of the subject ELCC Class to the expected unserved energy improvement resulting from adding an incremental quantity of an Unlimited Resource with no outages, where expected unserved energy improvement is calculated relative to the Portfolio EUE for the Delivery Year.
- (2) No ELCC Class Rating is determined for Combination Resources and ELCC Resources in the Hydropower with Non-Pumped Storage Class, in the Complex Hybrid Class, in the Other Unlimited Resource Class, and in any ELCC Class whose members are so distinct from one another that a single ELCC Class Rating would fail to capture their physical characteristics.

# D. Calculation of Accredited UCAP and ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment

- (1) (a) For Variable Resources and Limited Duration Resources, Accredited UCAP values shall be equal to the lesser of the resource's Capacity Interconnection Right or the product of:
  - (i) the Effective Nameplate Capacity;
  - (ii) the applicable ELCC Class Rating; and
  - (iii) the ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment.
  - (b) For any resource in an ELCC Class for which no Class Rating has been calculated pursuant to C(2), the Accredited UCAP shall be based on a resource-specific effective load carrying capability analysis based on the resource's unique parameters.
  - (c) For Unlimited Resources that have an ELCC Class Rating determined pursuant to C(1), Accredited UCAP values shall be equal to the product of:
    - (i) the installed capacity;
    - (ii) the applicable ELCC Class Rating; and
    - (iii) the ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment.
  - (d) For Demand Resources, Accredited UCAP values shall be equal to the product of:

- (i) the Nominated Value of the Demand Resource; and
- (ii) the applicable ELCC Class Rating.
- (2) The ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment shall be calculated according to the following methods, as further detailed in the PJM Manuals:
  - (a) For a Variable Resource, a Limited Duration Resource, and an Unlimited Resource: based on a metric consisting of the weighted average expected hourly output of the resource in the ELCC model during hours of loss of load risk where: (i) the weights correspond to the modeled probability of losing load in such hour and (ii) the expected hourly output is based on the resource's modeled output during the same hour on days since June 1st, 2012 identified as having similar weather from an RTO-perspective. For a given resource or component, the Performance Adjustment shall equal the ratio of such metric to the average (weighted by the Effective Nameplate Capacity) of such metrics for all units in the applicable Variable Resource ELCC Class or applicable Unlimited Resource ELCC Class.

In determining the ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment, the actual output of a Variable Resource shall be adjusted to reflect historical curtailments, and output in any hour shall be capped at: (i) the greater of the Variable Resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year, for hours in the months of June through October and the following May of the Delivery Year, and (ii) the Variable Resource's assessed deliverability, as defined in the PJM Manuals, for hours in the months of November through April of the Delivery Year. The output of an Unlimited Resource in any hour shall be capped at the greater of the resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year.

# E. Calculation of Accredited UCAP Factor

For Generation Capacity Resources, PJM shall determine an Accredited UCAP Factor, which is the ratio of the resource's Accredited UCAP to the resource's installed capacity.

## **G.** Installed Capacity of ELCC Resources

Rules and procedures for technically determining and demonstrating the installed capacity of ELCC Resources shall be developed by the Office of the Interconnection and maintained in the PJM Manuals. The installed capacity of a Limited Duration Resource is based on the sustained level of output that the unit can provide and maintain over a continuous period, whereby the duration of that period matches the characteristic duration of the corresponding ELCC Class, with consideration given to ambient conditions expected to exist at the time of PJM system peak load, as described in the PJM Manuals. The installed capacity of a Combination Resource (other than Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage) is based on the lesser of the Maximum Facility Output or the sum of the equivalent Effective Nameplate Capacity values of the resource's constituent components considered on a stand-alone basis. The installed capacity of an Unlimited Resource and Variable Resource shall be determined in accordance with the PJM Manuals. The

installed capacity of Demand Resources, for purposes of the ELCC analysis, is based on the forecasted deployment level in the PJM Load Forecast.

# H. Details of the Effective Load Carrying Capability Methodology

The effective load carrying capability analysis shall compare expected hourly load levels (based on historical weather) with the expected hourly output of the expected future resource mix in order to identify the relative marginal resource adequacy value of each individual ELCC Class compared to an Unlimited Resource with no outages. In performing this analysis, the model inputs shall be scaled to meet the annual reliability criteria of the Office of the Interconnection. The effective load carrying capability analysis shall compare hourly values for: (i) expected load based on historical weather; (ii) expected Variable Resource output; (iii) expected output of Limited Duration Resources and of Combination Resources as described below; (iv) expected Unlimited Resource output; and (v) expected Demand Resource output. These expected quantities are based on forecasted load and actual and putative values for Variable Resource output (standalone or as a component of Combination Resources) and Unlimited Resource output after June 1, 2012 (inclusive) through the most recent Delivery Year for which complete data exist. For resources that have not existed each year since June 1, 2012, putative output is an estimate of the hourly output that resource would have produced in a historical hour if that resource had existed in that hour. For Variable Resources, this putative output estimate is developed based on historical weather data consistent with the particular site conditions for each such resource in accordance with the PJM Manuals; for Unlimited Resources, the putative output is developed based on actual performance of similar units in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

Variable Resource actual output shall be adjusted in the ELCC analysis to reflect historical curtailments, and output shall be capped in any hour at: (i) the greater of the Variable Resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year, during the months of June through October and the following May of the Delivery Year, and (ii) the Variable Resource's assessed deliverability, as defined in the PJM Manuals, during the months of November through April of the Delivery Year. The output of Unlimited Resources shall not exceed the greater of the Unlimited Resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year.

The effective load carrying capability analysis shall simulate performance of Demand Resources, and shall simulate the output of Limited Duration Resources and Combination Resources based on their Office of the Interconnection-validated parameters, including the putative output of the Variable Resource component of Combination Resources, as described above.

The quantity of deployed resources studied in the analysis shall be based on resource deployment forecasts and, where applicable, on available information based on Sell Offers submitted in RPM Auctions or Fixed Resource Requirement plans for the applicable Delivery Year, and, where applicable, information provided to the Office of the Interconnection regarding intent to offer in an RPM Auction, pursuant to the requirements in the Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.5.

The model inputs, specifically the load scenarios, shall be scaled to meet the annual reliability criteria of the Office of the Interconnection. The resulting expected unserved energy constitutes the Portfolio EUE for the Delivery Year. Energy Resources are not included in the effective load

carrying capability analysis. Generating units that are expected to only offer or otherwise provide a portion of their Accredited UCAP for that Delivery Year are represented in the analysis in proportion to the expected quantity offered or delivered divided by the Accredited UCAP.

# I. Methodology to Simulate Output of Certain Resources in the Effective Load Carrying Capability Model

The effective load carrying capability analysis shall simulate the output of Limited Duration Resources and Combination Resources based on their physical parameters, including limited storage capability, and shall simulate the deployment of Demand Resources. The analysis shall simulate output from the subject Limited Duration Resources, Combination Resources, and Demand Resources in hours in which all output from Unlimited Resources and available output from Variable Resources is insufficient to meet load. The analysis shall first simulate the output of Demand Resources. If the simulated output of Demand Resources is insufficient to meet load, then the output of the subject Limited Duration Resources and Combination Resources shall be simulated on an hour-by-hour basis based on their relative duration, starting from longer duration resources to shorter duration resources. The output of Combination Resources shall be capped in any hour at: (i) the greater of the Combination Resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year, during the months of June through October and the following May of the Delivery Year, and (ii) the Combination Resource's assessed deliverability, as defined in the PJM Manuals, during the months of November through April of the Delivery Year. Energy Storage Resource charging is during hours with sufficient margin, including between daily peaks if necessary.

# J. Administration of Effective Load Carrying Capability Analysis

The Office of the Interconnection shall post final ELCC Class Rating values at least once per year in a report that also includes appropriate details regarding methodology and inputs. The Office of the Interconnection shall post this report and shall communicate ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment values to applicable Generation Capacity Resource Providers no later than five months prior to the start of the target Delivery Year, as described in the PJM Manuals. Accredited UCAP values for the applicable Delivery Year shall establish the maximum Unforced Capacity that an ELCC Resource can physically provide or offer to provide in the applicable Delivery Year.

The Office of the Interconnection shall also post preliminary ELCC Class Rating values for nine subsequent Delivery Years. For any Delivery Year for which a final ELCC Class Rating has not been posted and a preliminary ELCC Class Rating has been posted, the Accredited UCAP of an ELCC Resource for such Delivery Year shall be based on the most recent preliminary ELCC Class Rating value for that Delivery Year, together with the most recently calculated ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment value for that ELCC Resource. Except to the extent specified above or otherwise specified, the preliminary ELCC Class Rating values for future years are non-binding and are only for indicative purposes. A Generation Capacity Resource Provider can offer or provide capacity from an ELCC Resource that is not subject to a capacity market must

offer obligation (as specified in Tariff, Attachment DD, Section 6.6) at a level less than the Accredited UCAP for such resource.

In order to facilitate the effective load carrying capability analysis, the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of each ELCC Resource must submit to the Office of the Interconnection the required information as specified in the PJM Manuals by no later than August 1 prior to the calendar year for the RPM Auction in which the ELCC Resource intends to submit a Sell Offer or otherwise commit to provide capacity, except for 2025/2026 Delivery Years such required information must be provided to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the PJM Manuals. The required information may include relevant physical parameters, relevant historical data such as weather data and actual or estimated historical energy output, and documentation supporting such parameters and historical data. The relevant physical parameters are those that are incorporated into the effective load carrying capability analysis. The parameters required for Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage shall include Ordinary Water Storage and any applicable Exigent Water Storage. Submitted parameters must indicate the expected duration for which any submitted physical parameters are valid.

The Office of the Interconnection shall evaluate, validate, and approve the foregoing information in accordance with the process set forth in the PJM Manuals. In evaluating the validity of submitted information, the Office of the Interconnection may assess the consistency of such information with observed conditions. If the Office of the Interconnection observes that the information provided by the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of the ELCC Resource is inconsistent with observed conditions, the Office of the Interconnection will coordinate with the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of the ELCC Resource to understand the information and observed conditions before making a determination regarding the validity of the applicable parameters. The Office of the Interconnection may engage the services of a consultant with technical expertise to evaluate the foregoing information.

After the Office of the Interconnection has completed its evaluation of the foregoing information, the Office of the Interconnection shall notify the Generation Capacity Resource Provider in writing whether the submitted information is considered invalid by no later than September 1 following the submission of the information. The Office of the Interconnection's determination on the validity of the foregoing information shall continue for the applicable Delivery Year and, if requested, for such longer period as the Office of the Interconnection may determine is supported by the data.

In the event that the Office of the Interconnection is unable to validate any of the required information, physical parameters, supporting documentation, or other related information submitted by the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of an ELCC Resource, then the Office of the Interconnection shall calculate Accredited UCAP values for that ELCC Resource based only on the validated information. Such ELCC Resource shall not be permitted to offer or otherwise provide capacity above such Accredited UCAP values until the Office of the Interconnection determines new Accredited UCAP values for such resource.

Generation Capacity Resource Providers of ELCC Resources that are hydropower plants with water storage must provide documentation to support the physical parameters provided for expected load carrying capability analysis modeling, as specified in the PJM Manuals. This documentation must: (a) support the plant's physical capabilities; (b) demonstrate that the parameters do not violate any federal, state, river basin, or other applicable authority operating

limitations of the plant; and (c) demonstrate full authorization from FERC, any river basin commissions, and any other applicable authorities to meet those capabilities.

# Attachment B

Revisions to the PJM

Open Access Transmission Tariff and Reliability Assurance Agreement

(Clean Format)

# 5.5 Eligibility for Participation in RPM Auctions

A Capacity Market Seller may submit a Sell Offer for a Capacity Resource in a Base Residual Auction or Incremental Auction only if such seller owns or has the contractual authority to control the output or load reduction capability of such resource and has not transferred such authority to another entity prior to submitting such Sell Offer. Capacity Resources must satisfy the capability and deliverability requirements of RAA, Schedule 9 and RAA, Schedule 10, the requirements for Demand Resources or Energy Efficiency Resources in Tariff, Attachment DD-1 and RAA, Schedule 6, as applicable, and, the criteria in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.5A. Effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Planned Generation Capacity Resource may be included in a Sell Offer for an RPM Auction only if the Capacity Market Seller of such resource provides a binding notice of intent, as further detailed in the PJM Manuals, to submit a Sell Offer in such auction to the Office of the Interconnection no later than (a) the immediately preceding December 1 for a Base Residual Auction (except that for the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, such notice shall be submitted by December 12, 2023, and except that for the 2026/2027 and 2028/2029 Delivery Years, such notice shall be submitted by 180 days prior to the commencement of the offer period), or (b) ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for an Incremental Auction.

# 7. GENERATION RESOURCE RATING TEST FAILURE CHARGE

# 7.1 Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charges

A Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge shall be assessed on any Market Seller that commits a Generation Capacity Resource for a Delivery Year, and on any Locational UCAP Seller that sells Locational UCAP for a Delivery Year based on a Generation Capacity Resource, if such resource fails a generation resource capacity test, as provided herein.

## a) Generation Resource Fails Capacity Test in Delivery Year

Each Generation Capacity Resource committed through RPM Auctions or included in a FRR Plan for a Delivery Year, with the exception of Variable Resources, shall be obligated to complete a generation resource capacity test in both the summer and winter seasons for the associated Delivery Year, as described in the PJM Manuals. The Market Seller that committed the resource, or Locational UCAP Seller that sold the resource, may perform an unlimited number of tests during each such period. If none of the tests during a testing period certify full delivery of the megawatt amount of installed capacity the Market Seller committed, or Locational UCAP Seller sold, for such Delivery Year, the Market Seller or Locational UCAP Seller shall be assessed a daily Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge for each day from the first day of the summer or winter season in which such resource failed the rating test through the last day of such Delivery Year, provided, however, that such a seller that fails or is expected to fail a rating test may obtain and commit Unforced Capacity from a replacement Capacity Resource meeting the same locational requirements. Such Unforced Capacity may include uncommitted or uncleared Sell Offer blocks from Generation Capacity Resources that were otherwise committed. Any such commitment of replacement capacity shall be effective upon no less than one day's notice to the Office of the Interconnection, and shall reduce the amount of installed capacity committed from the Generation Capacity Resource, that failed or was expected to fail such rating test, in accordance with the determination prescribed by subsection (b) below. Effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, such charge shall be evaluated and assessed for each day of the Delivery Year in which the seasonal rating test for such resource fails to certify full delivery of the megawatt amount of installed capacity committed for such day.

#### b) Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge

Through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, the Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge shall equal the Daily Deficiency Rate multiplied by the following megawatt quantity, converted to an Unforced Capacity basis using the Generation Capacity Resource's EFORD for the twelve months ending the September 30 last preceding the Delivery Year: (i) the annual average of the installed capacity committed for each day of such Delivery Year as a result of all cleared Sell Offers in all RPM Auctions for such Delivery Year relying on such resource, reduction in any such commitment for such resource to the extent and for the time period of any replacement capacity committed in lieu of such resource, and increase in any such commitment for such resource to the extent and for the time period that such resource is committed as replacement capacity for any other resource, minus (ii) the highest installed capacity rating determined for

such resource in any test during the relevant testing period. Effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, the Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge shall be determined for each day of the Delivery Year and shall be equal to the Daily Deficiency Rate multiplied by the following megawatt quantity shortfall, converted to an Unforced Capacity basis using the Generation Capacity Resource's final Accredited UCAP Factor for such Delivery Year: (i) the installed capacity committed for such day of the Delivery Year (adjusted for any replacement capacity), minus (ii) the highest installed capacity rating determined for such resource in any test during the relevant testing period.

## b-1) Daily Deficiency Rate

The Daily Deficiency Rate shall equal the Capacity Resource Clearing Price (weighted as necessary to reflect the clearing prices in all RPM Auctions that resulted in installed capacity commitments from such resource), in \$/MW-day, applicable to the Generation Capacity Resource (for purposes of replacement capacity, including Locational UCAP transactions, the applicable Capacity Resource Clearing Price shall be the clearing price for the Locational Deliverability Area in which such resource is located) plus the greater of (iii) 0.20 times such weighted average Capacity Resource Clearing Price; or (iv) \$20/MW-Day, provided, however, if a resource is unavailable during the Delivery Year at less than the level committed in the Market Seller's cleared Sell Offer or Locational UCAP Seller's Locational UCAP sale due to derating, delay, or retirement, then such seller shall not be assessed a charge under this section to the extent (i.e., for the same megawatts and time period) that such seller is assessed a charge under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 8 for such unavailability; and provided further that a resource that is subject to a charge under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 7A (i.e., for the same megawatts and time period) shall not also be subject to a charge under this section; and provided further that a resource that is subject to a charge under this section that is also subject to a charge under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A hereof for a Performance Shortfall during one or more Performance Assessment Intervals occurring during the period of resource capacity rating deficiency addressed by this section shall be assessed a charge equal to the greater of the charge determined under this section and the charge determined under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, but shall not be assessed a charge under both this section and Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A for such simultaneous occurrence of a resource capacity rating deficiency and Performance Shortfall. If a single resource is the basis for installed capacity commitments of multiple Capacity Market Sellers or Locational UCAP Sellers, the installed capacity shortfall determined under (i) and (ii) above shall be assessed upon such sellers on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the megawatts of capacity from such resource in their cleared Sell Offers, Locational UCAP sales, or other commitment as replacement capacity.

c) Allocation of Revenue Collected from Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charges.

The revenue collected from Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charges shall be distributed on a pro-rata basis to LSEs that were charged a Locational Reliability Charge for the Delivery Year for which the Generation Resource Rating Test Failure Charge was assessed. The charges shall be allocated on a pro-rata basis to LSEs based on their Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation.

#### 7A. GENERATION OPERATIONAL TESTING AND CHARGES

#### a) Generation Capacity Resource Operational Testing

To preserve and maintain the reliability of the PJM Region, and to improve the likelihood that Generation Capacity Resources will be capable of operating within their specified operating parameters during a reliability event, Generation Capacity Resources, with the exception of Variable Resources, that are committed in RPM Auctions or are included in a FRR Plan shall be subject to operational testing initiated by the Office of the Interconnection up to two times in each of the summer and winter seasons during the relevant Delivery Year, and as further detailed in the PJM Manuals. The selection of Generation Capacity Resources subject to testing pursuant to this section and the timing of an operational test shall be determined by the Office of the Interconnection, and may consider a number of factors, including the period of time since a unit last operated, the system conditions under which the unit has recently operated, the expected system conditions during the operational test, and the recent performance of units with respect to successfully starting and operating within the specified parameters when scheduled by the Office of the Interconnection. Such tests will respect operating parameter limits of the available schedule that the Office of the Interconnection selects for purposes of testing the resource. Capacity Market Sellers of Generation Capacity Resources that are tested by the Office of the Interconnection under this provision shall be eligible for make whole payments in accordance with Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix, section 3.2.3(e). A committed Generation Capacity Resource shall be deemed to pass a test initiated by the Office of the Interconnection if the resource successfully starts and synchronizes to the grid within the specified notification and startup time (plus the greater of 10% time to start or ten minutes) and operates for the unit's minimum run time as specified in the selected schedule; otherwise, such resource shall be deemed to fail the test. Following a failed test or a failed re-test, the Office of Interconnection may issue a re-test of the resource once the resource is made available for scheduling. A re-test initiated by the Office of the Interconnection has the same requirements as the initial test. The retest is considered to be part of the same operational test, and does not count as a second test initiated by the Office of Interconnection for the relevant season. Resources shall not be eligible to be made whole for PJM initiated re-tests following a failed test. If a re-test is issued by PJM and the unit fails to successfully start and synchronize to the grid during such re-test, a Generation Capacity Resource operational test failure charge shall be assessed until such time as the unit successfully starts and synchronizes to the grid.

#### b) Generation Capacity Resource Operational Test Failure Charge

The Generation Capacity Resource operational test failure charge shall equal the Daily Deficiency Rate multiplied by the applicable daily committed UCAP MW of that Generation Resource; provided however, a Capacity Market Seller shall not be assessed a charge under this section to the extent (i.e., for the same megawatts and time period) that such seller is assessed a charge under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 8 for such resource's unavailability; and provided further that a resource that is subject to a charge under this section that is also subject to a charge

under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A hereof for a Performance Shortfall during one or more Performance Assessment Intervals occurring during the period of resource operational test deficiency addressed by this section shall be assessed a charge equal to the greater of the charge determined under this section and the charge determined under Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, but shall not be assessed a charge under both this section and Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A for such simultaneous occurrence of a resource operational test deficiency and Performance Shortfall.

c) Allocation of Revenue Collected from Generation Operational Deficiency Rate Failure Charges.

The revenue collected from Generation Capacity Resource Operational Test Failure Charges shall be distributed on a pro-rata basis to all LSEs that were charged a Locational Reliability Charge for the day for which such Generation Capacity Resource Operational Test Failure Charge was assessed. Such revenues shall be allocated on a pro-rata basis to LSEs based on their Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation.

#### **ATTACHMENT DD-1**

Preface: The provisions of this Attachment incorporate into the Tariff for ease of reference the provisions of Schedule 6 of the Reliability Assurance Agreement among Load Serving Entities in the PJM Region. As a result, this Attachment will be modified, subject to FERC approval, so that the terms and conditions set forth herein remain consistent with the corresponding terms and conditions of RAA, Schedule 6. Capitalized terms used herein that are not otherwise defined in Tariff, Attachment DD or elsewhere in this Tariff have the meaning set forth in the RAA.

#### PROCEDURES FOR DEMAND RESOURCES AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY

- A. Parties can partially or wholly offset the amounts payable for the Locational Reliability Charge with Demand Resources that are operated under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection. FRR Entities may reduce their capacity obligations with Demand Resources that are operated under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection and detailed in such entity's FRR Capacity Plan. Demand Resources qualifying under the criteria set forth below may be offered for sale or designated as Self-Supply in the Base Residual Auction, included in an FRR Capacity Plan, or offered for sale in any Incremental Auction, for any Delivery Year for which such resource qualifies. Qualified Demand Resources generally fall in one of two categories, i.e., Guaranteed Load Drop or Firm Service Level, as further specified in section G below and the PJM Manuals. Qualified Demand Resources may be provided by a Curtailment Service Provider, notwithstanding that such Curtailment Service Provider is not a Party to this Agreement. Such Curtailment Service Providers must satisfy the requirements hereof and the PJM Manuals.
  - 1. A Party must formally notify, in accordance with the requirements of the PJM Manuals and section F hereof, as applicable, the Office of the Interconnection of the Demand Resource Registration that it is placing under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection. A Party must further notify the Office of the Interconnection whether the Demand Resource Registration is linked to a Summer-Period Demand Resource or an Annual Demand Resource.
  - 2. A Demand Resource Registration must achieve its full load reduction within the following time period:
  - (a) For the 2015/2016 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Demand Resource Registration must be able to fully respond to a Load Management Event within 30 minutes of notification from the Office of the Interconnection. This default 30 minute prior notification shall apply unless a Curtailment Service Provider obtains an exception from the Office of the Interconnection due to physical operational limitations that prevent the Demand Resource Registration from reducing load within that timeframe. In such case, the Curtailment Service Provider shall submit a request for an exception to the 30 minute prior notification requirement to the Office of the Interconnection, at the time the Registration Form for that Demand Resource Registration is submitted in accordance with Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix. The only alternative notification times that the Office

of Interconnection will permit, upon approval of an exception request, are 60 minutes and 120 minutes prior to a Load Management Event. The Curtailment Service Provider shall indicate in writing, in the appropriate application, that it seeks an exception to permit a prior notification time of 60 minutes or 120 minutes, and the reason(s) for the requested exception. A Curtailment Service Provider shall not submit a request for an exception to the default 30 minute notification period unless it has done its due diligence to confirm that the Demand Resource Registration is physically incapable of responding within that timeframe based on one or more of the reasons set forth below and as may be further defined in the PJM Manuals and has obtained detailed data and documentation to support this determination.

In order to establish that a Demand Resource Registration is reasonably expected to be physically unable to reduce load in that timeframe, the Curtailment Service Provider that submitted the Demand Resource Registration must demonstrate that:

- (i) The manufacturing processes for the Demand Resource Registration require gradual reduction to avoid damaging major industrial equipment used in the manufacturing process, or damage to the product generated or feedstock used in the manufacturing process;
- (ii) Transfer of load to back-up generation requires time-intensive manual process taking more than 30 minutes;
- (iii) On-site safety concerns prevent location from implementing reduction plan in less than 30 minutes; or,
- (iv) The Demand Resource Registration is comprised of mass market residential customers or Small Commercial Customers which collectively cannot be notified of a Load Management Event within a 30-minute timeframe due to unavoidable communications latency, in which case the requested notification time shall be no longer than 120 minutes.

The Office of the Interconnection may request data and documentation from the Curtailment Service Provider and such Curtailment Service Provider shall provide to the Office of the Interconnection within three (3) Business Days of a request therefor, a copy of all of the data and documentation supporting the exception request. Failure to provide a timely response to such request shall cause the exception to terminate the following Operating Day.

At its sole option and discretion, the Office of the Interconnection may review the data and documentation provided by the Curtailment Service Provider to determine if the Demand Resource Registration has met one or more of the criteria above. The Office of the Interconnection will notify the Curtailment Service Provider in writing of its determination by no later than ten (10) Business Days after receipt of the data and documentation.

The Curtailment Service Provider shall provide written notification to the Office of the Interconnection of a material change to the facts that supported its exception request within three

- (3) Business Days of becoming aware of such material change in facts, and, if the Office of Interconnection determines that the physical limitation criteria above are no longer being met, the Demand Resource Registration shall be subject to the default notification period of 30 minutes immediately upon such determination.
  - 3. The initiation of load reduction, upon the request of the Office of the Interconnection, must be within the authority of the dispatchers of the Party. No additional approvals should be required.
  - 4. The initiation of load reduction upon the request of the Office of the Interconnection is considered a pre-emergency or emergency action and must be implementable prior to a voltage reduction.
  - 5. A Curtailment Service Provider intending to offer for sale or designate for selfsupply, a Demand Resource in any RPM Auction, or intending to include a Demand Resource in any FRR Capacity Plan must demonstrate, to PJM's satisfaction, that such resource shall have the capability to provide a reduction in demand, or otherwise control load, on or before the start of the Delivery Year for which such resource is committed. As part of such demonstration, each such Curtailment Service Provider shall submit a Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan in accordance with the standards and procedures set forth in RAA, Schedule 6, section A-1; RAA, Schedule 8.1 (as to FRR Capacity Plans) and the PJM Manuals, no later than 30 days prior to, as applicable, the RPM Auction in which such resource is to be offered, or the deadline for submission of the FRR Capacity Plan in which such resource is to be included. PJM may verify the Curtailment Service Provider's adherence to the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan at any time. Curtailment Service Provider with a PJM-approved Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan will be permitted to offer up to the approved Demand Resource quantity into the subject RPM Auction or include such resource in its FRR Capacity Plan.
  - 6. Selection of a Demand Resource in an RPM Auction results in commitment of capacity to the PJM Region. Demand Resources that are so committed must be linked to registrations participating in the Full Program Option or Capacity Only Option of the Emergency Load Response and Pre-Emergency Load Response Program and thus available for dispatch during PJM-declared pre-emergency events and emergency events.
  - A-1. A Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan shall consist of a completed template document in the form posted on the PJM website, requiring the information set forth below and in the PJM Manuals, and a Demand Resource Officer Certification Form signed by an officer of the Demand Resource Provider that is duly authorized to provide such a certification. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan must provide information that supports the Demand Resource Provider's intended Demand Resource Sell Offers and demonstrates that the Demand Resources are being offered with the intention that the MW quantity that clears the auction is reasonably expected to be physically delivered through Demand Resource registrations for the relevant Delivery Year. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan shall include all Existing Demand Resources and all Planned

Demand Resources that the Demand Resource Provider intends to offer into an RPM Auction or include in an FRR Capacity Plan.

- 1. Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan Template. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan template, in the form provided on the PJM website, shall require the Demand Resource Provider to provide the following information and such other information as specified in the PJM Manuals:
  - (a) Summary Information. The completed template shall include the Demand Resource Provider's company name, contact information, and the Nominated DR Value in ICAP MWs by Zone/sub-Zone that the Demand Resource Provider intends to offer, stated separately for Existing Demand Resources and Planned Demand Resources. The total Nominated DR Value in MWs for each Zone/sub-Zone shall be the sum of the Nominated DR Value of Existing Demand Resources and the Nominated DR Value of Planned Demand Resources, and shall be the maximum MW amount the Provider intends to offer in the RPM Auction for the indicated Zone/sub-Zone, provided that nothing herein shall preclude the Demand Resource Provider from offering in the auction a lesser amount than the total Nominated DR Value shown in its Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan.
  - (b) Existing Demand Resources. The Demand Resource Provider shall identify all Existing Demand Resources by identifying end-use customer sites that are currently registered with PJM (even if not registered by such Demand Resource Provider) and that the Demand Resource Provider reasonably expects to have under a contract to reduce load based on PJM dispatch instructions by the start of the auction Delivery Year.
  - (c) Planned Demand Resources. The Demand Resource Provider shall provide the details of, and key assumptions underlying, the Planned Demand Resource quantities (i.e., all Demand Resource quantities in excess of Existing Demand Resource quantities) contained in the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan, including:
    - (i) key program attributes and assumptions used to develop the Planned Demand Resource quantities, including, but not limited to, discussion of:
      - method(s) of achieving load reduction at customer site(s);
      - equipment to be controlled or installed at customer site(s), if any;
      - plan and ability to acquire customers;
      - types of customer targeted;
      - support of market potential and market share for the target customer base, with adjustments for Existing Demand Resource customers within this market and the potential for

- other Demand Resource Providers targeting the same customers; and
- assumptions regarding regulatory approval of program(s), if applicable.
- (ii) Zone/sub-Zone information by end-use customer segment for all Nominated DR Values for which an end-use customer site is not identified, to include the number in each segment of end-use customers expected to be registered for the subject Delivery Year, the average Peak Load Contribution per end-use customer for such segment, and the average Nominated DR Value per customer for such segment. End-use customer segments may include residential, commercial, small industrial, medium industrial, and large industrial, as identified and defined in the PJM Manuals, provided that nothing herein or in the Manuals shall preclude the Provider from identifying more specific customer segments within the commercial and industrial categories, if known.
- (iii) Information by end-use customer site to the extent required by subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) or, if not required by such subsection, to the extent known at the time of the submittal of the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan, to include: customer EDC account number (if known), customer name, customer premise address, Zone/sub-Zone in which the customer is located, end-use customer segment, current Peak Load Contribution value (or an estimate if actual value not known) and an estimate of expected Peak Load Contribution for the subject Delivery Year, and an estimated Nominated DR Value.
- End-use customer site-specific information shall be required for any Zones or sub-Zones identified by PJM pursuant to this subsection for the portion, if any, of a Demand Resource Provider's intended offer in such Zones or sub-Zones that exceeds a Sell Offer threshold determined pursuant to this subsection, as any such excess quantity under such conditions should reflect Planned Demand Resources from end-use customer sites that the Provider has a high degree of certainty it will physically deliver for the subject Delivery Year. In accordance with the procedures in subsection A-1(3) below, PJM shall identify, as requiring site-specific information, all Zones and sub-Zones that comprise any LDA group (from a list of LDA groups stated in the PJM Manuals) in which Ithe quantity of cleared Demand Resources from the most recent Base Residual Auction] plus [the quantity of Demand Resources included in FRR Capacity Plans for the Delivery Year addressed by the most recent Base Residual Auction] in any Zone or sub-Zone of such LDA group exceeds the greater of:
  - the maximum Demand Resources quantity registered with PJM for such Zone for any Delivery Year from the current

(at time of plan submission) Delivery Year and the two preceding Delivery Years; and

• the potential Demand Resource quantity for such Zone estimated by PJM based on an independent published assessment of demand response potential that is reasonably applicable to such Zone, as identified in the PJM Manuals.

For each such Zone and sub-Zone, the Sell Offer threshold for each Demand Resource Provider shall be the higher of:

- the Demand Resource Provider's maximum Demand Resource quantity registered with PJM for such Zone/sub-Zone over the current Delivery Year (at the time of plan submission) and two preceding Delivery Years;
- the Demand Resource Provider's maximum for any single Delivery Year of [such provider's cleared Demand Resource quantity] plus [such provider's quantity of Demand Resources included in FRR Capacity Plans] from the three forward Delivery Years addressed by the three most recent Base Residual Auctions for such Zone/sub-Zone; and
- 10 MW.
- (d) Schedule. The Demand Resource Provider shall provide an approximate timeline for procuring end-use customer sites as needed to physically deliver the total Nominated DR Value (for both Existing Demand Resources and Planned Demand Resources) by Zone/sub-Zone in the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan. The Demand Resource Provider must specify the cumulative number of customers and the cumulative Nominated DR Value associated with each end-use customer segment within each Zone/sub-Zone that the Demand Resource Provider expects (at the time of plan submission) to have under contract as of June 1 each year between the time of the auction and the subject Delivery Year.
- 2. Demand Resource Officer Certification Form. Each Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan must include a Demand Resource Officer Certification, signed by an officer of the Demand Resource Provider that is duly authorized to provide such a certification, in the form shown in the PJM Manuals, which form shall include the following certifications:
- (a) that the signing officer has reviewed the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan and the information supplied to PJM in support of the Plan is true and correct as of the date of the certification;

- (b) that the Sell Offer Plan does not include any Critical Natural Gas Infrastructure facilities, and
- (c) that the Demand Resource Provider is submitting the Plan with the reasonable expectation, based upon its analyses as of the date of the certification, to physically deliver all megawatts that clear the RPM Auction through Demand Resource registrations by the specified Delivery Year.

As set forth in the form provided in the PJM Manuals, the certification shall specify that it does not in any way abridge, expand, or otherwise modify the current provisions of the PJM Tariff, Operating Agreement and/or RAA, or the Demand Resource Provider's rights and obligations thereunder, including the Demand Resource Provider's ability to adjust capacity obligations through participation in PJM incremental auctions and bilateral transactions.

3. Procedures. No later than December 1 prior to the Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, PJM shall post to the PJM website a list of Zones and sub-Zones, if any, for which end-use customer site-specific information shall be required under the conditions specified in subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) above for all RPM Auctions conducted for such Delivery Year. Once so identified, a Zone or sub-Zone shall remain on the list for future Delivery Years until the threshold determined under subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) above is not exceeded for three consecutive Delivery Years. No later than 30 days prior to the RPM Auction in which a Demand Resource Provider intends to offer a Demand Resource, the Demand Resource Provider shall submit to PJM a completed Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan template and a Demand Resource Officer Certification Form signed by a duly authorized officer of the Provider. PJM will review all submitted DR Sell Offer Plans. No later than 10 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction, PJM shall notify any Demand Resource Providers that have identified the same end-use customer site(s) in their respective DR Sell Offer Plans for the same Delivery Year. In such event, the MWs associated with such site(s) will not be approved for inclusion in a Sell Offer in an RPM Auction by any of the Demand Resource Providers, unless a Demand Resource Provider provides a letter of support from the end-use customer indicating that it is likely to execute a contract with that Demand Resource Provider for the relevant Delivery Year, or provides other comparable evidence of likely commitment. Such letter of support or other supporting evidence must be provided to PJM no later than 7 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction. If an end-use customer provides letters of support for the same site for the same Delivery Year to multiple Demand Resource Providers, the MWs associated with such end-use customer site shall not be approved as a Demand Resource for any of the Demand Resource Providers. No later than 5 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction, PJM will notify each Demand Resource Provider of the approved Demand Resource quantity, by Zone/sub-Zone, that such Demand Resource Provider is permitted to offer into such RPM Auction.

- B. The Unforced Capacity value of a Demand Resource will be determined as:
  - (1) for Delivery Years through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, as the product of the Nominated Value of the Demand Resource times the Forecast Pool Requirement. Nominated Values shall be determined and reviewed in accordance with sections I and J, respectively, and the PJM Manuals.
  - (2) for the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, in accordance with RAA, Schedule 9.2. Nominated Values shall be determined and reviewed in accordance with sections I and J, respectively, and the PJM Manuals.
- C. Demand Resources offered and cleared in a Base Residual or Incremental Auction shall receive the corresponding Capacity Resource Clearing Price as determined in such auction, in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD. For Delivery Years beginning with the Delivery Year that commences on June 1, 2013, any Demand Resources located in a Zone with multiple LDAs shall receive the Capacity Resource Clearing Price applicable to the location of such resource within such Zone, as identified in such resource's offer. Further, the Curtailment Service Provider shall register its resource in the same location within the Zone as specified in its cleared sell offer, and shall be subject to deficiency charges under Tariff, Attachment DD to the extent it fails to provide the resource in such location consistent with its cleared offer.
- D. The Party, Electric Distributor, or Curtailment Service Provider that establishes a contractual relationship (by contract or tariff rate) with a customer for load reductions is entitled to receive the compensation specified in section C for a committed Demand Resource, notwithstanding that such provider is not the customer's energy supplier.
- E. Any Party hereto shall demonstrate that its Demand Resources performed during periods when load management procedures were invoked by the Office of the Interconnection. The Office of the Interconnection shall adopt and maintain rules and procedures for verifying the performance of such resources, as set forth in section K hereof and the PJM Manuals. In addition, committed Demand Resources that do not comply with the directions of the Office of the Interconnection to reduce load during an emergency shall be subject to the penalty charge set forth in Tariff, Attachment DD.
- F. Parties may elect to place Demand Resources associated with Behind The Meter Generation under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection for a Delivery Year by submitting a Sell Offer for such resource (as Self Supply, or with an offer price) in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year. This election shall remain in effect for the entirety of such Delivery Year. In the event such an election is made, such Behind The Meter Generation will not be netted from load for the purposes of calculating the Daily Unforced Capacity Obligations under this Agreement.
- G. PJM measures Demand Resource Registrations in the following ways:

Firm Service Level (FSL) – Load management achieved by an end-use customer reducing its load to a pre-determined level (the Firm Service Level), upon notification from the Curtailment Service Provider's market operations center or its agent.

Guaranteed Load Drop (GLD) – Load management achieved by an end-use customer reducing its load by a pre-determined amount (the Guaranteed Load Drop), upon notification from the Curtailment Service Provider's market operations center or its agent. Typically, the load reduction is achieved through running customer-owned backup generators, or by shutting down process equipment.

- H. Each Curtailment Service Provider must satisfy (or contract with another LSE, Curtailment Service Provider, or electric distribution company to provide) the following requirements:
  - A point of contact with appropriate backup to ensure single call notification from PJM and timely execution of the notification process;
  - Supplemental status reports, detailing Demand Resources available, as requested by PJM;
  - Entry of customer-specific Demand Resource Registration information, for planning and verification purposes, into the designated PJM electronic system.
  - Customer-specific compliance and verification information for each PJM-initiated Demand Resource event or test event, as well as aggregated Provider load drop data for Provider-initiated events, in accordance with established reporting guidelines.
  - Load drop estimates for all Load Management events and test events, prepared in accordance with the PJM Manuals.
- I. The Nominated Values (summer or winter) for each Demand Resource Registration shall be determined consistent with the process described below.

The summer Nominated Value for Firm Service Level customer(s) on a registration will be based on the peak load contribution for the customer(s), as typically determined by the 5CP methodology utilized by the electric distribution company to determine ICAP obligation values. The summer Nominated Value for a registration shall equal the total peak load contribution for the customers on the registration minus the summer Firm Service Level multiplied by the loss factor. The winter Nominated Value for Firm Service Level customer(s) on a registration shall equal the total Winter Peak Load for customers on the registration multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor minus winter Firm Service level and then the result is multiplied by the loss factor.

The summer Nominated Value for a Guaranteed Load Drop customer on a registrationshall equal the summer guaranteed load drop amount, adjusted for system losses and shall not exceed the customer's Peak Load Contribution, as established by the

customer's contract with the Curtailment Service Provider. The winter Nominated Value for a Guaranteed Load Drop customer on a registration shall be the winter guaranteed load drop amount, adjusted for system losses, and shall not exceed the customer's Winter Peak Load multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor multiplied by the loss factor, as established by the customer's contract with the Curtailment Service Provider.

Customer-specific Demand Resource Registration information (EDC account number, peak load contribution, Winter Peak Load, notification period, etc.) will be entered into the designated PJM electronic system to establish nominated values. Each Demand Resource Registration should be linked to a Demand Resource. Additional data may be required, as defined in sections J and K and the PJM Manuals.

J. Nominated Values shall be reviewed based on documentation of customer-specific data and Demand Resource Registration information, to verify the amount of load management available and to set a summer or winter Nominated Value. Data is provided by both the zone EDC and the Curtailment Service Provider in the designated PJM electronic system, and must include the EDC meter number or other unique customer identifier, Peak Load Contribution (5CP), Winter Peak Load, contract firm service level or guaranteed load drop values, applicable loss factor, zone/area location of the load drop, number of active participants, etc. Such data must be uploaded and approved prior to the first day of the Delivery Year for which such Demand Resource Registration is effective. Curtailment Service Providers must provide this information concurrently to host EDCs.

For Firm Service Level and Guaranteed Load Drop customers, the 5CP values, for the zone and affected customers, will be adjusted to reflect an "unrestricted" peak for a zone, based on information provided by the Curtailment Service Provider. Load drop levels shall be estimated in accordance with guidelines in the PJM Manuals.

The daily Nominated Value of a Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment (which may consist of an Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment and/or Summer Period Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment) shall equal the sum of the summer Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource for the summer period of June through October and May of the Delivery Year, and shall equal the lesser of (i) the sum of the summer Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource or (ii) the sum of the winter Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource for the non-summer period of November through April of the Delivery Year.

K. Compliance is the process utilized to review Provider performance during PJM-initiated Load Management events and tests. Compliance will be established for each Provider on an event specific basis for the Curtailment Service Provider's Demand Resource Registrations dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection during such event. PJM will establish and communicate reasonable deadlines for the timely submittal of event data to expedite compliance reviews. Compliance reviews will be completed as soon after the event as possible, with the expectation that reviews of a single event will be completed within two months of the end of the month in which the event took place.

Curtailment Service Providers are responsible for the submittal of compliance information to PJM for each PJM-initiated event and test during the compliance period.

Compliance is measured for Market Participant Bonus Performance, as applicable, and Non-Performance Charges. Non-Performance Charges are assessed for the defined obligation period of each Demand Resource as defined in RAA, Article 1, subject to the following requirements:

Compliance is checked on an individual customer basis for Firm Service Level, by comparing actual load during the event to the firm service level. Current load for a statistical sample of end-use customers may be used for compliance for residential non-interval metered registrations in accordance with the PJM Manuals and subject to PJM approval. Curtailment Service Providers must submit actual customer load levels (for the event period) for the compliance report. Compliance for FSL will be based on:

Summer (June through October and the following May of a Delivery Year)- End use customer's current Delivery Year peak load contribution ("PLC") minus the metered load ("Load") multiplied by the loss factor ("LF"). The calculation is represented by:

Winter (November through April of a Delivery Year)— End use customer's Winter Peak Load ("WPL") multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor ("ZWWAF") multiplied by LF, minus the metered load ("Load") multiplied by the LF. The calculation is represented by:

$$(WPL * ZWWAF * LF) - (Load * LF)$$

Compliance is checked on an individual customer basis for Guaranteed Load Drop. Current load for a statistical sample of end-use customers may be used for compliance for residential non-interval metered registrations in accordance with the PJM Manuals and subject to PJM approval. Guaranteed Load Drop compliance will be based on:

the lesser of (a) comparison load used to best represent what the load would have been if PJM did not declare a Load Management Event or the CSP did not initiate a test as outlined in the PJM Manuals, minus the Load and then multiplied by the LF, or (b) For a summer event, the PLC minus the Load multiplied by the LF. A summer load reduction will only be recognized for capacity compliance if the Load multiplied by the LF is less than the PLC. For a non-summer event, the WPL multiplied the ZWWAF multiplied by LF, minus the Load multiplied by the LF. A non-summer load reduction will only be recognized for capacity compliance if the Load multiplied by the LF is less than the WPL multiplied by the ZWWAF multiplied by LF.

- (ii) Curtailment Service Providers must submit actual loads and comparison loads for all hours during the day of the Load Management Event or the Load Management performance test, and for all hours during any other days as required by the Office of the Interconnection to calculate the load reduction. Comparison loads must be developed from the guidelines in the PJM Manuals, and note which method was employed.
- (iii) Methodologies for establishing comparison load for Guaranteed Load Drop enduse customers are described in greater detail in Manual M-19, PJM Manual for Load Forecasting and Analysis, at Attachment A: Load Drop Estimate Guidelines.

Load reduction compliance is determined on an hourly basis for a Demand Resource Registration linked to an Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment, for each FSL and GLD customer dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for at least 30 minutes of the clock hour (i.e., "partial dispatch compliance hour"). Curtailment Service Provider may submit 1 minute load data for use in capacity compliance calculations for partial dispatch compliance hours subject to PJM approval and in accordance with the PJM Manuals where: (a) metering meets all Tariff and Manual requirements, (b) 1 minute load data shall be submitted to PJM for all locations on the registration, and (c) 1 minute load data measures energy consumption over the minute. The registered capacity commitment for a Demand Resource Registration with a Base or Capacity Performance commitment is not prorated based on the number of minutes dispatched during the clock hours. The actual hourly load reduction for the hour ending that includes a Performance Assessment Interval(s) is flat-profiled over the set of dispatch intervals in the hour in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

A Demand Resource Registration may not reduce their load below zero (i.e., export energy into the system). No compliance credit will be given for an incremental load drop below zero.

For a Performance Assessment Interval, compliance will be totaled over all dispatched registrations for FSL and GLD customers linked to a Provider's Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment to determine the Actual Performance for such Demand Resource in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, and PJM Manuals. The Expected Performance for such Demand Resource shall be equal to the Provider's committed capacity on the Demand Resource, adjusted to account for any linked registrations that were not dispatched by PJM. A Provider's Demand Resources' initial Performance Shortfalls shall be netted for all the seller's Demand Resources in the Emergency Action Area to determine a net Emergency Action Area Performance Shortfall which is then allocated to the Capacity Market Seller's Demand Resources in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, and PJM Manuals.

## L. Energy Efficiency Resources

1. An Energy Efficiency Resource is a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or

systems, exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during peak summer and winter periods as described herein) reduction in electric energy consumption at the End-Use Customer's retail site that is not reflected in the peak load forecast prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention.

- 2. An Energy Efficiency Resource may be offered as a Capacity Resource in the Base Residual or Incremental Auctions for any Delivery Year beginning on or after June 1, 2011. No later than 30 days prior to the auction in which the resource is to be offered, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection a notice of intent to offer the resource into such auction and a measurement and verification plan. The notice of intent shall include all pertinent project design data, including but not limited to the peak-load contribution of affected customers, a full description of the equipment, device, system or process intended to achieve the load reduction, the load reduction pattern, the project location, the project development timeline, and any other relevant data. Such notice also shall state the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value.
  - For the 2018/2019 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years and for any Annual Energy Efficiency Resource committed as a Capacity Performance Resource, the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value for any Annual Energy Efficiency Resources, shall be the expected average load reduction, for all days from June 1 through August 31, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday, between the hour ending 15:00 EPT and the hour ending 18:00 EPT. In addition, the expected average load reduction for all days from January 1 through February 28, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday, between the hour ending 8:00 EPT and the hour ending 9:00 EPT and between the hour ending 19:00 EPT and the hour ending 20:00 EPT shall not be less than the Nominated Energy Efficiency Value; and
  - For the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value for any Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resource shall be the expected average load reduction between the hour ending 15:00 EPT and the hour ending 18:00 EPT during all days from June 1 through August 31, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday.

The measurement and verification plan shall describe the methods and procedures, consistent with the PJM Manuals, for determining the amount of the load reduction and confirming that such reduction is achieved. The Office of the Interconnection shall determine, upon review of such notice, the

Nominated Energy Efficiency Value that may be offered in the Reliability Pricing Model Auction.

- 3. An Energy Efficiency Resource may be offered with a price offer or as Self-Supply. If an Energy Efficiency Resource clears the auction, it shall receive the applicable Capacity Resource Clearing Price, subject to section 5 below. A Capacity Market Seller offering an Energy Efficiency Resource must comply with all applicable credit requirements as set forth in Tariff, Attachment Q. The Unforced Capacity value of an Energy Efficiency Resource offered into an RPM Auction or committed in a FRR Capacity Plan shall be the Nominated Energy Efficiency Value times the Forecast Pool Requirement.
- 4. An Energy Efficiency Resource that clears an auction for a Delivery Year may be offered in auctions for up to three additional consecutive Delivery Years, but shall not be assured of clearing in any such auction; provided, however, an Energy Efficiency Resource may not be offered for any Delivery Year in which any part of the peak season is beyond the expected life of the equipment, device, system, or process providing the expected load reduction; and provided further that a Capacity Market Seller that offers and clears an Energy Efficiency Resource in a BRA may elect a New Entry Price Adjustment on the same terms as set forth in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(c).
- 5. For every Energy Efficiency Resource clearing an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than 30 days prior to each Auction an updated project status and measurement and verification plan subject to the criteria set forth in the PJM Manuals.
- 6. For every Energy Efficiency Resource clearing an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than the start of such Delivery Year, an updated project status and detailed measurement and verification data meeting the standards for precision and accuracy set forth in the PJM Manuals. The final value of the Energy Efficiency Resource during such Delivery Year shall be as determined by the Office of the Interconnection based on the submitted data.
- 7. The Office of the Interconnection may audit, at the Capacity Market Seller's expense, any Energy Efficiency Resource committed to the PJM Region. The audit may be conducted any time including the Performance Hours of the Delivery Year.
- 8. For RPM Auctions for the 2021/2022 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, if a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority receives FERC authorization to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation in a specific area(s) of the PJM Region, the following process applies:

- (a) The Office of the Interconnection will publicly post a reference to the FERC authorization of a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority order, ordinance or resolution that qualifies or prohibits Energy Efficiency Resource participation, the applicable electric distribution company(ies), and the applicable auction(s) and/or Delivery Year(s).
- (b) A Capacity Market Seller that intends to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources must identify and itemize all resources that are located in the jurisdiction of a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation within the Zone or LDA, as required, and those outside of the area but within the Zone or LDA, as required.
- (c) A Capacity Market Seller that intends to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources must identify and itemize all Energy Efficiency Resources to be offered as part of its Energy Efficiency measurement and verification plan and certified post-installation measurement and verification report. The Office of Interconnection will provide a list to the relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) to review for compliance with the Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority of Capacity Market Sellers that are:
  - (i) offering Energy Efficiency Resources in an RPM Auction within two (2) Business Days after the deadline for submitting an energy efficiency measurement and verification plan for such RPM Auction; and
  - (ii) certifying Energy Efficiency Resources with a Delivery Year postinstallation measurement and verification report, within two (2) Business Days of receipt of such Delivery Year post-installation measurement and verification report. The relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) shall review for compliance with rules from a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource.
- (d) The relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) shall review for compliance with rules from a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation and provide a response to the Office of the Interconnection within five (5) Business Days after receiving the list of Capacity Market Sellers offering Energy Efficiency Resources. The Office of the Interconnection will not allow a Capacity Market Seller to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources if an electric distribution company denies such Capacity Market Seller to deliver

Energy Efficiency Resources in compliance with rules of a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation.

(9) For RPM Auctions for the 2021/2022 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Capacity Market Seller of Energy Efficiency Resources that cannot satisfy its RPM obligations in any Delivery Year due to the prohibition of participation by a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to prohibit participation of such resources may be relieved of its Capacity Resource Deficiency Charge by notifying the Office of the Interconnection by no later than seven (7) calendar days prior to the posting of the planning parameters for the Third Incremental Auction of that Delivery Year. After providing such notice, the affected Capacity Market Seller may elect to be relieved of its RPM commitment, and shall not be required to obtain replacement capacity for the resource, and no charges shall be assessed by the Office of the Interconnection for the Capacity Market Seller's deficiency in satisfying its RPM obligation for the resource for such Delivery Year. In such case, however, the Capacity Market Seller shall not be entitled to, nor be paid, any RPM revenues for such resource for that Delivery Year. The Office of the Interconnection will apply corresponding adjustments to the quantity of Buy Bids or Sell Offers in the Incremental Auctions for such Delivery Years in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, sections 5.12(b)(ii) and 5.12(b)(iii).

#### SCHEDULE 6

## PROCEDURES FOR DEMAND RESOURCES AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY

- A. Parties can partially or wholly offset the amounts payable for the Locational Reliability Charge with Demand Resources that are operated under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection. FRR Entities may reduce their capacity obligations with Demand Resources that are operated under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection and detailed in such entity's FRR Capacity Plan. Demand Resources qualifying under the criteria set forth below may be offered for sale or designated as Self-Supply in the Base Residual Auction, included in an FRR Capacity Plan, or offered for sale in any Incremental Auction, for any Delivery Year for which such resource qualifies. Qualified Demand Resources generally fall in one of two categories, i.e., Guaranteed Load Drop or Firm Service Level, as further specified in section G below and the PJM Manuals. Qualified Demand Resources may be provided by a Curtailment Service Provider, notwithstanding that such Curtailment Service Provider is not a Party to this Agreement. Such Curtailment Service Providers must satisfy the requirements hereof and the PJM Manuals.
  - 1. A Party must formally notify, in accordance with the requirements of the PJM Manuals and section F hereof, as applicable, the Office of the Interconnection of the Demand Resource Registration that it is placing under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection. A Party must further notify the Office of the Interconnection whether the Demand Resource Registration is linked to a Summer-Period Demand Resource or an Annual Demand Resource.
  - 2. A Demand Resource Registration must achieve its full load reduction within the following time period:
  - (a) For the 2015/2016 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Demand Resource Registration must be able to fully respond to a Load Management Event within 30 minutes of notification from the Office of the Interconnection. This default 30 minute prior notification shall apply unless a Curtailment Service Provider obtains an exception from the Office of the Interconnection due to physical operational limitations that prevent the Demand Resource Registration from reducing load within that timeframe. In such case, the Curtailment Service Provider shall submit a request for an exception to the 30 minute prior notification requirement to the Office of the Interconnection, at the time the Registration Form for that Demand Resource Registration is submitted in accordance with Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix. The only alternative notification times that the Office of Interconnection will permit, upon approval of an exception request, are 60 minutes and 120 minutes prior to a Load Management Event. The Curtailment Service Provider shall indicate in writing, in the appropriate application, that it seeks an exception to permit a prior notification time of 60 minutes or 120 minutes, and the reason(s) for the requested exception. A Curtailment Service Provider shall not submit a request for an exception to the default 30 minute notification period unless it has done its due diligence to confirm that the Demand

Resource Registration is physically incapable of responding within that timeframe based on one or more of the reasons set forth below and as may be further defined in the PJM Manuals and has obtained detailed data and documentation to support this determination.

In order to establish that a Demand Resource Registration is reasonably expected to be physically unable to reduce load in that timeframe, the Curtailment Service Provider that submitted the Demand Resource Registration must demonstrate that:

- (i) The manufacturing processes for the Demand Resource Registration require gradual reduction to avoid damaging major industrial equipment used in the manufacturing process, or damage to the product generated or feedstock used in the manufacturing process;
- (ii) Transfer of load to back-up generation requires time-intensive manual process taking more than 30 minutes;
- (iii) On-site safety concerns prevent location from implementing reduction plan in less than 30 minutes; or,
- (iv) The Demand Resource Registration is comprised of mass market residential customers or Small Commercial Customers which collectively cannot be notified of a Load Management Event within a 30-minute timeframe due to unavoidable communications latency, in which case the requested notification time shall be no longer than 120 minutes.

The Office of the Interconnection may request data and documentation from the Curtailment Service Provider and such Curtailment Service Provider shall provide to the Office of the Interconnection within three (3) Business Days of a request therefor, a copy of all of the data and documentation supporting the exception request. Failure to provide a timely response to such request shall cause the exception to terminate the following Operating Day.

At its sole option and discretion, the Office of the Interconnection may review the data and documentation provided by the Curtailment Service Provider to determine if the Demand Resource Registration has met one or more of the criteria above. The Office of the Interconnection will notify the Curtailment Service Provider in writing of its determination by no later than ten (10) Business Days after receipt of the data and documentation.

The Curtailment Service Provider shall provide written notification to the Office of the Interconnection of a material change to the facts that supported its exception request within three (3) Business Days of becoming aware of such material change in facts, and, if the Office of Interconnection determines that the physical limitation criteria above are no longer being met, the Demand Resource Registration shall be subject to the default notification period of 30 minutes immediately upon such determination.

- 3. The initiation of load reduction, upon the request of the Office of the Interconnection, must be within the authority of the dispatchers of the Party. No additional approvals should be required.
- 4. The initiation of load reduction upon the request of the Office of the Interconnection is considered a pre-emergency or emergency action and must be implementable prior to a voltage reduction.
- 5. A Curtailment Service Provider intending to offer for sale or designate for self-supply, a Demand Resource in any RPM Auction, or intending to include a Demand Resource in any FRR Capacity Plan must demonstrate, to PJM's satisfaction, that such resource shall have the capability to provide a reduction in demand, or otherwise control load, on or before the start of the Delivery Year for which such resource is committed. As part of such demonstration, each such Curtailment Service Provider shall submit a Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan in accordance with the standards and procedures set forth in RAA, Schedule 6, section A-1; RAA, Schedule 8.1 (as to FRR Capacity Plans) and the PJM Manuals, no later than 30 days prior to, as applicable, the RPM Auction in which such resource is to be offered, or the deadline for submission of the FRR Capacity Plan in which such resource is to be included. PJM may verify the Curtailment Service Provider's adherence to the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan at any time. A Curtailment Service Provider with a PJM-approved Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan will be permitted to offer up to the approved Demand Resource quantity into the subject RPM Auction or include such resource in its FRR Capacity Plan.
- 6. Selection of a Demand Resource in an RPM Auction results in commitment of capacity to the PJM Region. Demand Resources that are so committed must be linked to registrations participating in the Full Program Option or Capacity Only Option of the Emergency Load Response and Pre-Emergency Load Response Program and thus available for dispatch during PJM-declared pre-emergency events and emergency events.
- A-1. A Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan shall consist of a completed template document in the form posted on the PJM website, requiring the information set forth below and in the PJM Manuals, and a Demand Resource Officer Certification Form signed by an officer of the Demand Resource Provider that is duly authorized to provide such a certification. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan must provide information that supports the Demand Resource Provider's intended Demand Resource Sell Offers and demonstrates that the Demand Resources are being offered with the intention that the MW quantity that clears the auction is reasonably expected to be physically delivered through Demand Resource registrations for the relevant Delivery Year. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan shall include all Existing Demand Resources and all Planned Demand Resources that the Demand Resource Provider intends to offer into an RPM Auction or include in an FRR Capacity Plan.
  - 1. Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan Template. The Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan template, in the form provided on the PJM website, shall require the

Demand Resource Provider to provide the following information and such other information as specified in the PJM Manuals:

- (a) Summary Information. The completed template shall include the Demand Resource Provider's company name, contact information, and the Nominated DR Value in ICAP MWs by Zone/sub-Zone that the Demand Resource Provider intends to offer, stated separately for Existing Demand Resources and Planned Demand Resources. The total Nominated DR Value in MWs for each Zone/sub-Zone shall be the sum of the Nominated DR Value of Existing Demand Resources and the Nominated DR Value of Planned Demand Resources, and shall be the maximum MW amount the Provider intends to offer in the RPM Auction for the indicated Zone/sub-Zone, provided that nothing herein shall preclude the Demand Resource Provider from offering in the auction a lesser amount than the total Nominated DR Value shown in its Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan.
- (b) Existing Demand Resources. The Demand Resource Provider shall identify all Existing Demand Resources by identifying end-use customer sites that are currently registered with PJM (even if not registered by such Demand Resource Provider) and that the Demand Resource Provider reasonably expects to have under a contract to reduce load based on PJM dispatch instructions by the start of the auction Delivery Year.
- (c) Planned Demand Resources. The Demand Resource Provider shall provide the details of, and key assumptions underlying, the Planned Demand Resource quantities (i.e., all Demand Resource quantities in excess of Existing Demand Resource quantities) contained in the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan, including:
  - (i) key program attributes and assumptions used to develop the Planned Demand Resource quantities, including, but not limited to, discussion of:
    - method(s) of achieving load reduction at customer site(s);
    - equipment to be controlled or installed at customer site(s), if any;
    - plan and ability to acquire customers;
    - types of customer targeted;
    - support of market potential and market share for the target customer base, with adjustments for Existing Demand Resource customers within this market and the potential for other Demand Resource Providers targeting the same customers; and
    - assumptions regarding regulatory approval of program(s), if applicable.

- (ii) Zone/sub-Zone information by end-use customer segment for all Nominated DR Values for which an end-use customer site is not identified, to include the number in each segment of end-use customers expected to be registered for the subject Delivery Year, the average Peak Load Contribution per end-use customer for such segment, and the average Nominated DR Value per customer for such segment. End-use customer segments may include residential, commercial, small industrial, medium industrial, and large industrial, as identified and defined in the PJM Manuals, provided that nothing herein or in the Manuals shall preclude the Provider from identifying more specific customer segments within the commercial and industrial categories, if known.
- (iii) Information by end-use customer site to the extent required by subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) or, if not required by such subsection, to the extent known at the time of the submittal of the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan, to include: customer EDC account number (if known), customer name, customer premise address, Zone/sub-Zone in which the customer is located, end-use customer segment, current Peak Load Contribution value (or an estimate if actual value not known) and an estimate of expected Peak Load Contribution for the subject Delivery Year, and an estimated Nominated DR Value.
- End-use customer site-specific information shall be required for (iv) any Zones or sub-Zones identified by PJM pursuant to this subsection for the portion, if any, of a Demand Resource Provider's intended offer in such Zones or sub-Zones that exceeds a Sell Offer threshold determined pursuant to this subsection, as any such excess quantity under such conditions should reflect Planned Demand Resources from end-use customer sites that the Provider has a high degree of certainty it will physically deliver for the subject Delivery Year. In accordance with the procedures in subsection A-1(3) below, PJM shall identify, as requiring site-specific information, all Zones and sub-Zones that comprise any LDA group (from a list of LDA groups stated in the PJM Manuals) in which [the quantity of cleared Demand Resources from the most recent Base Residual Auction] plus [the quantity of Demand Resources included in FRR Capacity Plans for the Delivery Year addressed by the most recent Base Residual Auction] in any Zone or sub-Zone of such LDA group exceeds the greater of:
  - the maximum Demand Resources quantity registered with PJM for such Zone for any Delivery Year from the current (at time of plan submission) Delivery Year and the two preceding Delivery Years; and

• the potential Demand Resource quantity for such Zone estimated by PJM based on an independent published assessment of demand response potential that is reasonably applicable to such Zone, as identified in the PJM Manuals.

For each such Zone and sub-Zone, the Sell Offer threshold for each Demand Resource Provider shall be the higher of:

- the Demand Resource Provider's maximum Demand Resource quantity registered with PJM for such Zone/sub-Zone over the current Delivery Year (at the time of plan submission) and two preceding Delivery Years;
- the Demand Resource Provider's maximum for any single Delivery Year of [such provider's cleared Demand Resource quantity] plus [such provider's quantity of Demand Resources included in FRR Capacity Plans] from the three forward Delivery Years addressed by the three most recent Base Residual Auctions for such Zone/sub-Zone; and
- 10 MW.
- (d) Schedule. The Demand Resource Provider shall provide an approximate timeline for procuring end-use customer sites as needed to physically deliver the total Nominated DR Value (for both Existing Demand Resources and Planned Demand Resources) by Zone/sub-Zone in the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan. The Demand Resource Provider must specify the cumulative number of customers and the cumulative Nominated DR Value associated with each end-use customer segment within each Zone/sub-Zone that the Demand Resource Provider expects (at the time of plan submission) to have under contract as of June 1 each year between the time of the auction and the subject Delivery Year.
- 2. Demand Resource Officer Certification Form. Each Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan must include a Demand Resource Officer Certification, signed by an officer of the Demand Resource Provider that is duly authorized to provide such a certification, in the form shown in the PJM Manuals, which form shall include the following certifications:
- (a) that the signing officer has reviewed the Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan and the information supplied to PJM in support of the Plan is true and correct as of the date of the certification;
- (b) that the Sell Offer Plan does not include any Critical Natural Gas Infrastructure facilities, and

(c) that the Demand Resource Provider is submitting the Plan with the reasonable expectation, based upon its analyses as of the date of the certification, to physically deliver all megawatts that clear the RPM Auction through Demand Resource registrations by the specified Delivery Year.

As set forth in the form provided in the PJM Manuals, the certification shall specify that it does not in any way abridge, expand, or otherwise modify the current provisions of the PJM Tariff, Operating Agreement and/or RAA, or the Demand Resource Provider's rights and obligations thereunder, including the Demand Resource Provider's ability to adjust capacity obligations through participation in PJM incremental auctions and bilateral transactions.

3. Procedures. No later than December 1 prior to the Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, PJM shall post to the PJM website a list of Zones and sub-Zones, if any, for which end-use customer site-specific information shall be required under the conditions specified in subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) above for all RPM Auctions conducted for such Delivery Year. Once so identified, a Zone or sub-Zone shall remain on the list for future Delivery Years until the threshold determined under subsection A-1(1)(c)(iv) above is not exceeded for three consecutive Delivery Years. No later than 30 days prior to the RPM Auction in which a Demand Resource Provider intends to offer a Demand Resource, the Demand Resource Provider shall submit to PJM a completed Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan template and a Demand Resource Officer Certification Form signed by a duly authorized officer of the Provider. PJM will review all submitted DR Sell Offer Plans. No later than 10 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction, PJM shall notify any Demand Resource Providers that have identified the same end-use customer site(s) in their respective DR Sell Offer Plans for the same Delivery Year. In such event, the MWs associated with such site(s) will not be approved for inclusion in a Sell Offer in an RPM Auction by any of the Demand Resource Providers, unless a Demand Resource Provider provides a letter of support from the end-use customer indicating that it is likely to execute a contract with that Demand Resource Provider for the relevant Delivery Year, or provides other comparable evidence of likely commitment. Such letter of support or other supporting evidence must be provided to PJM no later than 7 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction. If an end-use customer provides letters of support for the same site for the same Delivery Year to multiple Demand Resource Providers, the MWs associated with such end-use customer site shall not be approved as a Demand Resource for any of the Demand Resource Providers. No later than 5 Business Days prior to the subject RPM Auction, PJM will notify each Demand Resource Provider of the approved Demand Resource quantity, by Zone/sub-Zone, that such Demand Resource Provider is permitted to offer into such RPM Auction.

B. The Unforced Capacity value of a Demand Resource will be determined:

- (1) for Delivery Years through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, as the product of the Nominated Value of the Demand Resource times the Forecast Pool Requirement. Nominated Values shall be determined and reviewed in accordance with sections I and J, respectively, and the PJM Manuals.
- (2) for the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, in accordance with RAA, Schedule 9.2. Nominated Values shall be determined and reviewed in accordance with sections I and J, respectively, and the PJM Manuals.
- C. Demand Resources offered and cleared in a Base Residual or Incremental Auction shall receive the corresponding Capacity Resource Clearing Price as determined in such auction, in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD. For Delivery Years beginning with the Delivery Year that commences on June 1, 2013, any Demand Resources located in a Zone with multiple LDAs shall receive the Capacity Resource Clearing Price applicable to the location of such resource within such Zone, as identified in such resource's offer. Further, the Curtailment Service Provider shall register its resource in the same location within the Zone as specified in its cleared sell offer, and shall be subject to deficiency charges under Tariff, Attachment DD to the extent it fails to provide the resource in such location consistent with its cleared offer.
- D. The Party, Electric Distributor, or Curtailment Service Provider that establishes a contractual relationship (by contract or tariff rate) with a customer for load reductions is entitled to receive the compensation specified in section C for a committed Demand Resource, notwithstanding that such provider is not the customer's energy supplier.
- E. Any Party hereto shall demonstrate that its Demand Resources performed during periods when load management procedures were invoked by the Office of the Interconnection. The Office of the Interconnection shall adopt and maintain rules and procedures for verifying the performance of such resources, as set forth in section K hereof and the PJM Manuals. In addition, committed Demand Resources that do not comply with the directions of the Office of the Interconnection to reduce load during an emergency shall be subject to the penalty charge set forth in Tariff, Attachment DD.
- F. Parties may elect to place Demand Resources associated with Behind The Meter Generation under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection for a Delivery Year by submitting a Sell Offer for such resource (as Self Supply, or with an offer price) in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year. This election shall remain in effect for the entirety of such Delivery Year. In the event such an election is made, such Behind The Meter Generation will not be netted from load for the purposes of calculating the Daily Unforced Capacity Obligations under this Agreement.
- G. PJM measures Demand Resource Registrations in the following ways:

Firm Service Level (FSL) – Load management achieved by an end-use customer reducing its load to a pre-determined level (the Firm Service Level), upon notification from the Curtailment Service Provider's market operations center or its agent.

Guaranteed Load Drop (GLD) – Load management achieved by an end-use customer reducing its load by a pre-determined amount (the Guaranteed Load Drop), upon notification from the Curtailment Service Provider's market operations center or its agent. Typically, the load reduction is achieved through running customer-owned backup generators, or by shutting down process equipment.

- H. Each Curtailment Service Provider must satisfy (or contract with another LSE, Curtailment Service Provider, or electric distribution company to provide) the following requirements:
  - A point of contact with appropriate backup to ensure single call notification from PJM and timely execution of the notification process;
  - Supplemental status reports, detailing Demand Resources available, as requested by PJM;
  - Entry of customer-specific Demand Resource Registration information, for planning and verification purposes, into the designated PJM electronic system.
  - Customer-specific compliance and verification information for each PJM-initiated Demand Resource event or test event, as well as aggregated Provider load drop data for Provider-initiated events, in accordance with established reporting guidelines.
  - Load drop estimates for all Load Management events and test events, prepared in accordance with the PJM Manuals.
- I. The Nominated Values (summer or winter) for each Demand Resource Registration shall be determined consistent with the process described below.

The summer Nominated Value for Firm Service Level customer(s) on a registration will be based on the peak load contribution for the customer(s), as typically determined by the 5CP methodology utilized by the electric distribution company to determine ICAP obligation values. The summer Nominated Value for a registration shall equal the total peak load contribution for the customers on the registration minus the summer Firm Service Level multiplied by the loss factor. The winter Nominated Value for Firm Service Level customer(s) on a registration shall equal the total Winter Peak Load for customers on the registration multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor minus winter Firm Service level and then the result is multiplied by the loss factor.

The summer Nominated Value for a Guaranteed Load Drop customer on a registrationshall equal the summer guaranteed load drop amount, adjusted for system losses and shall not exceed the customer's Peak Load Contribution, as established by the customer's contract with the Curtailment Service Provider. The winter Nominated Value for a Guaranteed Load Drop customer on a registration shall be the winter guaranteed load drop amount, adjusted for system losses, and shall not exceed the customer's Winter

Peak Load multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor multiplied by the loss factor, as established by the customer's contract with the Curtailment Service Provider.

Customer-specific Demand Resource Registration information (EDC account number, peak load contribution, Winter Peak Load, notification period, etc.) will be entered into the designated PJM electronic system to establish nominated values. Each Demand Resource Registration should be linked to a Demand Resource. Additional data may be required, as defined in sections J and K and the PJM Manuals.

J. Nominated Values shall be reviewed based on documentation of customer-specific data and Demand Resource Registration information, to verify the amount of load management available and to set a summer or winter, Nominated Value. Data is provided by both the zone EDC and the Curtailment Service Provider in the designated PJM electronic system, and must include the EDC meter number or other unique customer identifier, Peak Load Contribution (5CP), Winter Peak Load, contract firm service level or guaranteed load drop values, applicable loss factor, zone/area location of the load drop, number of active participants, etc. Such data must be uploaded and approved prior to the first day of the Delivery Year for which such Demand Resource Registration is effective. Curtailment Service Providers must provide this information concurrently to host EDCs.

For Firm Service Level and Guaranteed Load Drop customers, the 5CP values, for the zone and affected customers, will be adjusted to reflect an "unrestricted" peak for a zone, based on information provided by the Curtailment Service Provider. Load drop levels shall be estimated in accordance with guidelines in the PJM Manuals.

The daily Nominated Value of a Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment (which may consist of an Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment and/or Summer Period Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment) shall equal the sum of the summer Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource for the summer period of June through October and May of the Delivery Year, and shall equal the lesser of (i) the sum of the summer Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource or (ii) the sum of the winter Nominated Values of the registrations linked to such Demand Resource for the non-summer period of November through April of the Delivery Year.

K. Compliance is the process utilized to review Provider performance during PJM-initiated Load Management events and tests. Compliance will be established for each Provider on an event specific basis for the Curtailment Service Provider's Demand Resource Registrations dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection during such event. PJM will establish and communicate reasonable deadlines for the timely submittal of event data to expedite compliance reviews. Compliance reviews will be completed as soon after the event as possible, with the expectation that reviews of a single event will be completed within two months of the end of the month in which the event took place. Curtailment Service Providers are responsible for the submittal of compliance information to PJM for each PJM-initiated event and test during the compliance period.

Compliance is measured for Market Participant Bonus Performance, as applicable, and Non-Performance Charges. Non-Performance Charges are assessed for the defined obligation period of each Demand Resource as defined in RAA, Article 1, subject to the following requirements:

Compliance is checked on an individual customer basis for Firm Service Level, by comparing actual load during the event to the firm service level. Current load for a statistical sample of end-use customers may be used for compliance for residential non-interval metered registrations in accordance with the PJM Manuals and subject to PJM approval. Curtailment Service Providers must submit actual customer load levels (for the event period) for the compliance report. Compliance for FSL will be based on:

Summer (June through October and the following May of a Delivery Year)- End use customer's current Delivery Year peak load contribution ("PLC") minus the metered load ("Load") multiplied by the loss factor ("LF"). The calculation is represented by:

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(PLC) - (Load *LF)
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Winter (November through April of a Delivery Year)—End use customer's Winter Peak Load ("WPL") multiplied by Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor ("ZWWAF") multiplied by LF, minus the metered load ("Load") multiplied by the LF. The calculation is represented by:

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(WPL * ZWWAF * LF) - (Load * LF)
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Compliance is checked on an individual customer basis for Guaranteed Load Drop. Current load for a statistical sample of end-use customers may be used for compliance for residential non-interval metered registrations in accordance with the PJM Manuals and subject to PJM approval. Guaranteed Load Drop compliance will be based on:

- the lesser of (a) comparison load used to best represent what the load would have been if PJM did not declare a Load Management Event or the CSP did not initiate a test as outlined in the PJM Manuals, minus the Load and then multiplied by the LF, or (b) For a summer event, the PLC minus the Load multiplied by the LF. A summer load reduction will only be recognized for capacity compliance if the Load multiplied by the LF is less than the PLC. For a non-summer event, the WPL multiplied the ZWWAF multiplied by LF, minus the Load multiplied by the LF. A non-summer load reduction will only be recognized for capacity compliance if the Load multiplied by the LF is less than the WPL multiplied by the ZWWAF multiplied by LF.
- (ii) Curtailment Service Providers must submit actual loads and comparison loads for all hours during the day of the Load Management Event or the Load Management performance test, and for all hours during any other days as required by the Office

- of the Interconnection to calculate the load reduction. Comparison loads must be developed from the guidelines in the PJM Manuals, and note which method was employed.
- (iii) Methodologies for establishing comparison load for Guaranteed Load Drop enduse customers are described in greater detail in Manual M-19, PJM Manual for Load Forecasting and Analysis, at Attachment A: Load Drop Estimate Guidelines.

Load reduction compliance is determined on an hourly basis for a Demand Resource Registration linked to an Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment, for each FSL and GLD customer dispatched by the Office of the Interconnection for at least 30 minutes of the clock hour (i.e., "partial dispatch compliance hour"). Curtailment Service Provider may submit 1 minute load data for use in capacity compliance calculations for partial dispatch compliance hours subject to PJM approval and in accordance with the PJM Manuals where: (a) metering meets all Tariff and Manual requirements, (b) 1 minute load data shall be submitted to PJM for all locations on the registration, and (c) 1 minute load data measures energy consumption over the minute. The registered capacity commitment for a Demand Resource Registration with a Base or Capacity Performance commitment is not prorated based on the number of minutes dispatched during the clock hours. The actual hourly load reduction for the hour ending that includes a Performance Assessment Interval(s) is flat-profiled over the set of dispatch intervals in the hour in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

A Demand Resource Registration may not reduce their load below zero (i.e., export energy into the system). No compliance credit will be given for an incremental load drop below zero.

For a Performance Assessment Interval, compliance will be totaled over all dispatched registrations for FSL and GLD customers linked to a Provider's Annual Demand Resource with a Capacity Performance commitment to determine the Actual Performance for such Demand Resource in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, and PJM Manuals. The Expected Performance for such Demand Resource shall be equal to the Provider's committed capacity on the Demand Resource, adjusted to account for any linked registrations that were not dispatched by PJM. A Provider's Demand Resources' initial Performance Shortfalls shall be netted for all the seller's Demand Resources in the Emergency Action Area to determine a net Emergency Action Area Performance Shortfall which is then allocated to the Capacity Market Seller's Demand Resources in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A, and PJM Manuals.

## L. Energy Efficiency Resources

1. An Energy Efficiency Resource is a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or systems, exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during peak summer and

winter periods as described herein) reduction in electric energy consumption at the End-Use Customer's retail site that is not reflected in the peak load forecast prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention.

- 2. An Energy Efficiency Resource may be offered as a Capacity Resource in the Base Residual or Incremental Auctions for any Delivery Year beginning on or after June 1, 2011. No later than 30 days prior to the auction in which the resource is to be offered, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection a notice of intent to offer the resource into such auction and a measurement and verification plan. The notice of intent shall include all pertinent project design data, including but not limited to the peak-load contribution of affected customers, a full description of the equipment, device, system or process intended to achieve the load reduction, the load reduction pattern, the project location, the project development timeline, and any other relevant data. Such notice also shall state the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value.
  - For the 2018/2019 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years and for any Annual Energy Efficiency Resource committed as a Capacity Performance Resource, the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value for any Annual Energy Efficiency Resources, shall be the expected average load reduction, for all days from June 1 through August 31, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday, between the hour ending 15:00 EPT and the hour ending 18:00 EPT. In addition, the expected average load reduction for all days from January 1 through February 28, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday, between the hour ending 8:00 EPT and the hour ending 9:00 EPT and between the hour ending 19:00 EPT and the hour ending 20:00 EPT shall not be less than the Nominated Energy Efficiency Value; and
  - For the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the seller's proposed Nominated Energy Efficiency Value for any Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resource shall be the expected average load reduction between the hour ending 15:00 EPT and the hour ending 18:00 EPT during all days from June 1 through August 31, inclusive, of such Delivery Year that is not a weekend or federal holiday.

The measurement and verification plan shall describe the methods and procedures, consistent with the PJM Manuals, for determining the amount of the load reduction and confirming that such reduction is achieved. The Office of the Interconnection shall determine, upon review of such notice, the Nominated Energy Efficiency Value that may be offered in the Reliability Pricing Model Auction.

- 3. An Energy Efficiency Resource may be offered with a price offer or as Self-Supply. If an Energy Efficiency Resource clears the auction, it shall receive the applicable Capacity Resource Clearing Price, subject to section 5 below. A Capacity Market Seller offering an Energy Efficiency Resource must comply with all applicable credit requirements as set forth in Tariff, Attachment Q. The Unforced Capacity value of an Energy Efficiency Resource offered into an RPM Auction or committed in a FRR Capacity Plan shall be the Nominated Energy Efficiency Value times the Forecast Pool Requirement.
- 4. An Energy Efficiency Resource that clears an auction for a Delivery Year may be offered in auctions for up to three additional consecutive Delivery Years, but shall not be assured of clearing in any such auction; provided, however, an Energy Efficiency Resource may not be offered for any Delivery Year in which any part of the peak season is beyond the expected life of the equipment, device, system, or process providing the expected load reduction; and provided further that a Capacity Market Seller that offers and clears an Energy Efficiency Resource in a BRA may elect a New Entry Price Adjustment on the same terms as set forth in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(c).
- 5. For every Energy Efficiency Resource clearing an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than 30 days prior to each Auction an updated project status and measurement and verification plan subject to the criteria set forth in the PJM Manuals.
- 6. For every Energy Efficiency Resource clearing an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than the start of such Delivery Year, an updated project status and detailed measurement and verification data meeting the standards for precision and accuracy set forth in the PJM Manuals. The final value of the Energy Efficiency Resource during such Delivery Year shall be as determined by the Office of the Interconnection based on the submitted data.
- 7. The Office of the Interconnection may audit, at the Capacity Market Seller's expense, any Energy Efficiency Resource committed to the PJM Region. The audit may be conducted any time including the Performance Hours of the Delivery Year.
- 8. For RPM Auctions for the 2021/2022 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, if a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority receives FERC authorization to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation in a specific area(s) of the PJM Region, the following process applies:
  - (a) The Office of the Interconnection will publicly post a reference to the FERC authorization of a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority order,

ordinance or resolution that qualifies or prohibits Energy Efficiency Resource participation, the applicable electric distribution company(ies), and the applicable auction(s) and/or Delivery Year(s).

- (b) A Capacity Market Seller that intends to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources must identify and itemize all resources that are located in the jurisdiction of a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation within the Zone or LDA, as required, and those outside of the area but within the Zone or LDA, as required.
- (c) A Capacity Market Seller that intends to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources must identify and itemize all Energy Efficiency Resources to be offered as part of its Energy Efficiency measurement and verification plan and certified post-installation measurement and verification report. The Office of Interconnection will provide a list to the relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) to review for compliance with the Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority of Capacity Market Sellers that are:
  - (i) offering Energy Efficiency Resources in an RPM Auction within two (2) Business Days after the deadline for submitting an energy efficiency measurement and verification plan for such RPM Auction; and
  - (ii) certifying Energy Efficiency Resources with a Delivery Year postinstallation measurement and verification report, within two (2) Business Days of receipt of such Delivery Year post-installation measurement and verification report. The relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) shall review for compliance with rules from a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource.
- (d) The relevant electric distribution company for the specific area(s) shall review for compliance with rules from a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation and provide a response to the Office of the Interconnection within five (5) Business Days after receiving the list of Capacity Market Sellers offering Energy Efficiency Resources. The Office of the Interconnection will not allow a Capacity Market Seller to offer or certify Energy Efficiency Resources if an electric distribution company denies such Capacity Market Seller to deliver Energy Efficiency Resources in compliance with rules of a Relevant Electric

- Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to qualify or prohibit Energy Efficiency Resource participation.
- (9) For RPM Auctions for the 2021/2022 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Capacity Market Seller of Energy Efficiency Resources that cannot satisfy its RPM obligations in any Delivery Year due to the prohibition of participation by a Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority authorized by FERC to prohibit participation of such resources may be relieved of its Capacity Resource Deficiency Charge by notifying the Office of the Interconnection by no later than seven (7) calendar days prior to the posting of the planning parameters for the Third Incremental Auction of that Delivery Year. After providing such notice, the affected Capacity Market Seller may elect to be relieved of its RPM commitment, and shall not be required to obtain replacement capacity for the resource, and no charges shall be assessed by the Office of the Interconnection for the Capacity Market Seller's deficiency in satisfying its RPM obligation for the resource for such Delivery Year. In such case, however, the Capacity Market Seller shall not be entitled to, nor be paid, any RPM revenues for such resource for that Delivery Year. The Office of the Interconnection will apply corresponding adjustments to the quantity of Buy Bids or Sell Offers in the Incremental Auctions for such Delivery Years in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, sections 5.12(b)(ii) and 5.12(b)(iii).

#### **SCHEDULE 9.2:**

# EFFECTIVE LOAD CARRYING CAPABILITY ANALYSIS FOR THE 2025/2026 DELIVERY YEAR AND SUBSEQUENT DELIVERY YEARS

## A. Overview of Effective Load Carrying Capability Analysis

The inputs of the effective load carrying capability analysis shall consider similar data and forecasts as that used in development of the FPR, as described in Schedule 4.C, and will include:

- -Historical weather and load data;
- -Historical output of existing Variable Resources;
- -Estimates of putative historical output for planned Variable Resources;
- -Forced outage patterns for Unlimited Resources, including consideration of correlated outage risks;
- -Resource deployment forecast; and
- -Modeling parameters for Limited Duration Resources, Combination Resources, and Demand Resources.

The outputs of the effective load carrying capability analysis include:

-ELCC Class Rating values, in percent.

## B. ELCC Classes

- (1) (a) The following are the ELCC Classes for Variable Resources:
  - Tracking Solar Class
  - Fixed-Tilt Solar Class
  - Onshore Wind Class
  - Offshore Wind Class
  - Intermittent Landfill Gas Class
  - Intermittent Hydropower Class
  - Other Variable Resource Class
    - (b) The following are the types of ELCC Classes for Limited Duration Resources:
  - The type of Capacity Storage Resource Classes
  - The type of Other Limited Duration Resource Classes

Within those types, the following are the specific ELCC Classes for Limited Duration Resources:

- Capacity Storage Resource Class (4-Hour Duration)
- Capacity Storage Resource Class (6-Hour Duration)
- Capacity Storage Resource Class (8-Hour Duration)
- Capacity Storage Resource Class (10-Hour Duration)

- Other Limited Duration Class (4-Hour Duration)
- Other Limited Duration Class (6-Hour Duration)
- Other Limited Duration Class (8-Hour Duration)
- Other Limited Duration Class (10-Hour Duration)
  - (c) The following are the ELCC Classes for Combination Resources:
- The types of Hybrid Resource Classes, as further specified in subpart (2) below
- Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage Class
- Complex Hybrid Class
- The types of Other Limited Duration Combination Classes, as further specified in subpart (3).
  - (d) The following are the ELCC Classes for Unlimited Resources
    - Nuclear Class
    - Coal Class
    - Gas Combined Cycle Class
    - Gas Combustion Turbine Class
    - Gas Combined Cycle Dual Fuel Class
    - Gas Combustion Turbine Dual Fuel Class
    - Diesel Utility Class
    - Steam Class
    - Other Unlimited Resource Class
  - (e) The following are the ELCC Classes for Demand Resources
    - Demand Resource Class
- (2) PJM shall establish Hybrid Resource Classes for all "open-loop" combinations of each Capacity Storage Resource class and each Variable Resource class, as well as all "closed-loop" combinations of each Capacity Storage Resource class and each Variable Resource class. An "open-loop" resource is physically and contractually capable of charging from the grid, while a "closed-loop" resource is not.
- (3) PJM shall establish "Other Limited Duration Combination Classes" for all combinations of each Variable Resource Class and each Other Limited Duration Resource Class, and for combinations of an Unlimited Resource with each Other Limited Duration Resource Class.
- (4) For a given Delivery Year, ELCC Class Ratings will not be calculated for any ELCC Class to the extent that no member of the class is expected to provide, or offer to provide capacity, in the applicable Delivery Year. PJM will determine the ELCC Class Ratings for an ELCC Class when any one of the following criteria are met:
  - (a) An Existing Generation Capacity Resource is in such class; or
  - (b) A Planned Generation Capacity Resource has submitted timely and valid data through the ELCC data submission process and is in such class; or
  - (c) The resource deployment forecast contains a resource in such class.

- (5) (a) For each ELCC Resource, except an ELCC Resource that is a Capacity Storage Resource or includes a Capacity Storage Resource component, PJM shall determine the ELCC Class of which such resource is a member by matching the physical characteristics of such resource with the definition of the ELCC Class.
- (b) For each ELCC Resource that is a Capacity Storage Resource or includes a Capacity Storage Resource component, PJM shall determine, by matching the physical characteristics of such resource with the definition of the ELCC Class, the type of ELCC Class of which such resource is a member; provided however, the Generation Capacity Resource Provider shall choose the specific ELCC Class within the type ELCC Class identified by PJM that corresponds to the chosen characteristic duration.

If the Generation Capacity Resource Provider fails to choose, PJM will choose a specific ELCC Class to assign to such resource. The election of the specific ELCC Class corresponding to the chosen characteristic duration shall be for a term of five consecutive Delivery Years. After such five Delivery Year period, a Generation Capacity Resource Provider may request a change in the ELCC Class, based on choosing a different characteristic duration, by submitting to the Office of the Interconnection a written request to switch ELCC Classes and provide documentation supporting such change. A Generation Capacity Resource Provider must submit such a request, and supporting documentation, by August 1 prior to the calendar year for the RPM Auction in which the ELCC Resource intends to submit a Sell Offer or otherwise commit to provide capacity, except for 2025/2026 Delivery Year such required information must be provided to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the PJM Manuals. The Office of the Interconnection shall provide no later than following November 15 written notification to the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of its determination. If the request is granted, the ELCC Resource shall be considered in the new ELCC Class starting with the next Delivery Year for which no RPM Auction has been conducted and for subsequent Delivery Years. If the request is denied, the Office of the Interconnection shall include in the notice a written explanation for the denial.

(6) Mixed-technology resources are composed of components with different generation technologies, at least one of which would be an ELCC Resource, behind a single Point of Interconnection. For a mixed-technology resource composed of components that do not have significant interaction, the components are eligible to participate as separate resources. A mixed-technology resource composed of components that have significant interaction must participate as a single Combination Resource (or, if the components would all be Variable Resources, then as a single Variable Resource).

The Generation Capacity Resource Provider of a mixed-technology resource eligible to participate as either a single ELCC Resource or as multiple stand-alone resources shall elect, for a term of five consecutive Delivery Years, whether PJM is to model it as a single ELCC Resource or as multiple stand-alone resources. After such five Delivery Year period, a Generation Capacity Resource Provider may request a change in such modelling approach by submitting to the Office of the Interconnection a written request to change the modelling approach and provide documentation supporting such change. A Generation Capacity Resource Provider must submit such a request, and supporting documentation, by August 1 prior to the

calendar year for the RPM Auction in which the ELCC Resource(s) intend(s) to submit a Sell Offer or otherwise commit to provide capacity, except for 2025/2026 Delivery Year such required information must be provided to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the PJM Manuals. The Office of the Interconnection shall provide no later than following November 15 written notification to the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of its determination. If the request is granted, the ELCC Resource(s) shall be modelled as requested starting with the next Delivery Year for which no RPM Auction has been conducted and for subsequent Delivery Years. If the request is denied, the Office of the Interconnection shall include in the notice a written explanation for the denial.

## C. Calculation of ELCC Class Rating

ELCC Class Ratings for a Delivery Year are calculated by adding to the forecasted resource portfolio incremental quantities of resources belonging to the subject ELCC Class, depending on the resource type:

- (1) The ELCC Class Rating of Variable Resources, Limited Duration Resources, Unlimited Resources (except Other Unlimited Resources), and Demand Resources shall be the ratio of the expected unserved energy improvement resulting from adding an incremental quantity of the subject ELCC Class to the expected unserved energy improvement resulting from adding an incremental quantity of an Unlimited Resource with no outages, where expected unserved energy improvement is calculated relative to the Portfolio EUE for the Delivery Year.
- (2) No ELCC Class Rating is determined for Combination Resources and ELCC Resources in the Hydropower with Non-Pumped Storage Class, in the Complex Hybrid Class, in the Other Unlimited Resource Class, and in any ELCC Class whose members are so distinct from one another that a single ELCC Class Rating would fail to capture their physical characteristics.

## D. Calculation of Accredited UCAP and ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment

- (1) (a) For Variable Resources and Limited Duration Resources, Accredited UCAP values shall be equal to the lesser of the resource's Capacity Interconnection Right or the product of:
  - (i) the Effective Nameplate Capacity;
  - (ii) the applicable ELCC Class Rating; and
  - (iii) the ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment.
  - (b) For any resource in an ELCC Class for which no Class Rating has been calculated pursuant to C(2), the Accredited UCAP shall be based on a resource-specific effective load carrying capability analysis based on the resource's unique parameters.
  - (c) For Unlimited Resources that have an ELCC Class Rating determined pursuant to C(1), Accredited UCAP values shall be equal to the product of:
    - (i) the installed capacity;
    - (ii) the applicable ELCC Class Rating; and
    - (iii) the ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment.
  - (d) For Demand Resources, Accredited UCAP values shall be equal to the product of:

- (i) the Nominated Value of the Demand Resource; and
- (ii) the applicable ELCC Class Rating.
- (2) The ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment shall be calculated according to the following methods, as further detailed in the PJM Manuals:
  - (a) For a Variable Resource, a Limited Duration Resource, and an Unlimited Resource: based on a metric consisting of the weighted average expected hourly output of the resource in the ELCC model during hours of loss of load risk where: (i) the weights correspond to the modeled probability of losing load in such hour and (ii) the expected hourly output is based on the resource's modeled output during the same hour on days since June 1st, 2012 identified as having similar weather from an RTO-perspective. For a given resource or component, the Performance Adjustment shall equal the ratio of such metric to the average (weighted by the Effective Nameplate Capacity) of such metrics for all units in the applicable Variable Resource ELCC Class or applicable Unlimited Resource ELCC Class.

In determining the ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment, the actual output of a Variable Resource shall be adjusted to reflect historical curtailments, and output in any hour shall be capped at: (i) the greater of the Variable Resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year, for hours in the months of June through October and the following May of the Delivery Year, and (ii) the Variable Resource's assessed deliverability, as defined in the PJM Manuals, for hours in the months of November through April of the Delivery Year. The output of an Unlimited Resource in any hour shall be capped at the greater of the resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year.

## E. Calculation of Accredited UCAP Factor

For Generation Capacity Resources, PJM shall determine an Accredited UCAP Factor, which is the ratio of the resource's Accredited UCAP to the resource's installed capacity.

## G. Installed Capacity of ELCC Resources

Rules and procedures for technically determining and demonstrating the installed capacity of ELCC Resources shall be developed by the Office of the Interconnection and maintained in the PJM Manuals. The installed capacity of a Limited Duration Resource is based on the sustained level of output that the unit can provide and maintain over a continuous period, whereby the duration of that period matches the characteristic duration of the corresponding ELCC Class, with consideration given to ambient conditions expected to exist at the time of PJM system peak load, as described in the PJM Manuals. The installed capacity of a Combination Resource (other than Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage) is based on the lesser of the Maximum Facility Output or the sum of the equivalent Effective Nameplate Capacity values of the resource's constituent components considered on a stand-alone basis. The installed capacity of an Unlimited Resource and Variable Resource shall be determined in accordance with the PJM Manuals. The

installed capacity of Demand Resources, for purposes of the ELCC analysis, is based on the forecasted deployment level in the PJM Load Forecast.

## H. Details of the Effective Load Carrying Capability Methodology

The effective load carrying capability analysis shall compare expected hourly load levels (based on historical weather) with the expected hourly output of the expected future resource mix in order to identify the relative marginal resource adequacy value of each individual ELCC Class compared to an Unlimited Resource with no outages. In performing this analysis, the model inputs shall be scaled to meet the annual reliability criteria of the Office of the Interconnection. The effective load carrying capability analysis shall compare hourly values for: (i) expected load based on historical weather; (ii) expected Variable Resource output; (iii) expected output of Limited Duration Resources and of Combination Resources as described below; (iv) expected Unlimited Resource output; and (v) expected Demand Resource output. These expected quantities are based on forecasted load and actual and putative values for Variable Resource output (standalone or as a component of Combination Resources) and Unlimited Resource output after June 1, 2012 (inclusive) through the most recent Delivery Year for which complete data exist. For resources that have not existed each year since June 1, 2012, putative output is an estimate of the hourly output that resource would have produced in a historical hour if that resource had existed in that hour. For Variable Resources, this putative output estimate is developed based on historical weather data consistent with the particular site conditions for each such resource in accordance with the PJM Manuals; for Unlimited Resources, the putative output is developed based on actual performance of similar units in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

Variable Resource actual output shall be adjusted in the ELCC analysis to reflect historical curtailments, and output shall be capped in any hour at: (i) the greater of the Variable Resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year, during the months of June through October and the following May of the Delivery Year, and (ii) the Variable Resource's assessed deliverability, as defined in the PJM Manuals, during the months of November through April of the Delivery Year. The output of Unlimited Resources shall not exceed the greater of the Unlimited Resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year.

The effective load carrying capability analysis shall simulate performance of Demand Resources, and shall simulate the output of Limited Duration Resources and Combination Resources based on their Office of the Interconnection-validated parameters, including the putative output of the Variable Resource component of Combination Resources, as described above.

The quantity of deployed resources studied in the analysis shall be based on resource deployment forecasts and, where applicable, on available information based on Sell Offers submitted in RPM Auctions or Fixed Resource Requirement plans for the applicable Delivery Year, and, where applicable, information provided to the Office of the Interconnection regarding intent to offer in an RPM Auction, pursuant to the requirements in the Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.5.

The model inputs, specifically the load scenarios, shall be scaled to meet the annual reliability criteria of the Office of the Interconnection. The resulting expected unserved energy constitutes the Portfolio EUE for the Delivery Year. Energy Resources are not included in the effective load

carrying capability analysis. Generating units that are expected to only offer or otherwise provide a portion of their Accredited UCAP for that Delivery Year are represented in the analysis in proportion to the expected quantity offered or delivered divided by the Accredited UCAP.

# I. Methodology to Simulate Output of Certain Resources in the Effective Load Carrying Capability Model

The effective load carrying capability analysis shall simulate the output of Limited Duration Resources and Combination Resources based on their physical parameters, including limited storage capability, and shall simulate the deployment of Demand Resources. The analysis shall simulate output from the subject Limited Duration Resources, Combination Resources, and Demand Resources in hours in which all output from Unlimited Resources and available output from Variable Resources is insufficient to meet load. The analysis shall first simulate the output of Demand Resources. If the simulated output of Demand Resources is insufficient to meet load, then the output of the subject Limited Duration Resources and Combination Resources shall be simulated on an hour-by-hour basis based on their relative duration, starting from longer duration resources to shorter duration resources. The output of Combination Resources shall be capped in any hour at: (i) the greater of the Combination Resource's Capacity Interconnection Rights, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year, during the months of June through October and the following May of the Delivery Year, and (ii) the Combination Resource's assessed deliverability, as defined in the PJM Manuals, during the months of November through April of the Delivery Year. Energy Storage Resource charging is during hours with sufficient margin, including between daily peaks if necessary.

## J. Administration of Effective Load Carrying Capability Analysis

The Office of the Interconnection shall post final ELCC Class Rating values at least once per year in a report that also includes appropriate details regarding methodology and inputs. The Office of the Interconnection shall post this report and shall communicate ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment values to applicable Generation Capacity Resource Providers no later than five months prior to the start of the target Delivery Year, as described in the PJM Manuals. Accredited UCAP values for the applicable Delivery Year shall establish the maximum Unforced Capacity that an ELCC Resource can physically provide or offer to provide in the applicable Delivery Year.

The Office of the Interconnection shall also post preliminary ELCC Class Rating values for nine subsequent Delivery Years. For any Delivery Year for which a final ELCC Class Rating has not been posted and a preliminary ELCC Class Rating has been posted, the Accredited UCAP of an ELCC Resource for such Delivery Year shall be based on the most recent preliminary ELCC Class Rating value for that Delivery Year, together with the most recently calculated ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment value for that ELCC Resource. Except to the extent specified above or otherwise specified, the preliminary ELCC Class Rating values for future years are non-binding and are only for indicative purposes. A Generation Capacity Resource Provider can offer or provide capacity from an ELCC Resource that is not subject to a capacity market must

offer obligation (as specified in Tariff, Attachment DD, Section 6.6) at a level less than the Accredited UCAP for such resource.

In order to facilitate the effective load carrying capability analysis, the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of each ELCC Resource must submit to the Office of the Interconnection the required information as specified in the PJM Manuals by no later than August 1 prior to the calendar year for the RPM Auction in which the ELCC Resource intends to submit a Sell Offer or otherwise commit to provide capacity, except for 2025/2026 Delivery Years such required information must be provided to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the PJM Manuals. The required information may include relevant physical parameters, relevant historical data such as weather data and actual or estimated historical energy output, and documentation supporting such parameters and historical data. The relevant physical parameters are those that are incorporated into the effective load carrying capability analysis. The parameters required for Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage shall include Ordinary Water Storage and any applicable Exigent Water Storage. Submitted parameters must indicate the expected duration for which any submitted physical parameters are valid.

The Office of the Interconnection shall evaluate, validate, and approve the foregoing information in accordance with the process set forth in the PJM Manuals. In evaluating the validity of submitted information, the Office of the Interconnection may assess the consistency of such information with observed conditions. If the Office of the Interconnection observes that the information provided by the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of the ELCC Resource is inconsistent with observed conditions, the Office of the Interconnection will coordinate with the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of the ELCC Resource to understand the information and observed conditions before making a determination regarding the validity of the applicable parameters. The Office of the Interconnection may engage the services of a consultant with technical expertise to evaluate the foregoing information.

After the Office of the Interconnection has completed its evaluation of the foregoing information, the Office of the Interconnection shall notify the Generation Capacity Resource Provider in writing whether the submitted information is considered invalid by no later than September 1 following the submission of the information. The Office of the Interconnection's determination on the validity of the foregoing information shall continue for the applicable Delivery Year and, if requested, for such longer period as the Office of the Interconnection may determine is supported by the data.

In the event that the Office of the Interconnection is unable to validate any of the required information, physical parameters, supporting documentation, or other related information submitted by the Generation Capacity Resource Provider of an ELCC Resource, then the Office of the Interconnection shall calculate Accredited UCAP values for that ELCC Resource based only on the validated information. Such ELCC Resource shall not be permitted to offer or otherwise provide capacity above such Accredited UCAP values until the Office of the Interconnection determines new Accredited UCAP values for such resource.

Generation Capacity Resource Providers of ELCC Resources that are hydropower plants with water storage must provide documentation to support the physical parameters provided for expected load carrying capability analysis modeling, as specified in the PJM Manuals. This documentation must: (a) support the plant's physical capabilities; (b) demonstrate that the parameters do not violate any federal, state, river basin, or other applicable authority operating

limitations of the plant; and (c) demonstrate full authorization from FERC, any river basin commissions, and any other applicable authorities to meet those capabilities.