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October 21, 2024

The Honorable Debbie-Anne A. Reese Secretary Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, N.E. Room 1A Washington, D.C. 20426

Re: PJM Interconnection L.L.C., Docket Nos. ER24-2447-002

Compliance Filing to Clarify Terms Related to Capacity Obligations for Load Adjustments

# Dear Secretary Reese:

Pursuant to the September 23, 2024 Order of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("Commission") in the above referenced proceeding, PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. ("PJM") submits this compliance filing containing modifications to the Open Access Transmission Tariff ("Tariff"). Specifically, consistent with the Commission's directive, PJM submits this compliance filing to amend the two sentence description of "zone/area," as proposed in PJM's August 9, 2024 response to the Commission's deficiency letter ("Deficiency Response"), and to amend the term "Large Load Adjustment," and all proposed references thereto, to remove the word "Large" such that the defined term and all references thereto will now read "Load Adjustment."

 $^1$  PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., 188 FERC  $\P$  61,200 (2024) ("September 23 Order").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> *PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.*, Deficiency Response, Docket No. ER24-2447-001 (Aug. 9, 2024) ("Deficiency Response").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> September 23 Order, 188 FERC ¶ 61,200 at PP 41 and 42.

# I. BACKGROUND

On July 1, 2024, pursuant to section 205 of the Federal Power Act ("FPA")<sup>4</sup> and Part 35 of the Commission's regulations,<sup>5</sup> PJM filed proposed revisions to the PJM Reliability Assurance Agreement Among Load Serving Entities ("RAA") to better allocate, to zone/areas, localized load adjustments used to determine capacity obligations for Load Serving Entities ("LSE").<sup>6</sup>

In accepting PJM's proposed revisions, the Commission also directed PJM to submit a compliance filing to amend the description of "zone/area" that was proposed by PJM in the Deficiency Response and directed PJM to remove the word "Large" from the definition of Load Adjustment.<sup>7</sup> PJM continues to request an effective date of August 31, 2024, for these adjustments, consistent with the effective date granted in the September 23 Order.<sup>8</sup>

# II. SATISFACTION OF THE COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SEPTEMBER 23 ORDER

In accordance with the Commission's directive, PJM submits this compliance filing to amend the revisions proposed and accepted by the Commission's September 23 Order in two ways.

First, the revised tariff records for the RAA submitted as attachments to this compliance filing will have the word "Large" removed from the defined term "Large Load Adjustment" and all references thereto such that the new defined term and all references thereto shall read "Load

<sup>5</sup> 18 C.F.R. pt. 35 (2024).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 16 U.S.C. § 824d.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., Transmittal Letter, Docket No. ER24-2447-000 (July 1, 2024).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> September 23 Order, 188 FERC ¶ 61,200 at PP 41 and 42.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> *Id.*; see id. at P 1.

Adjustment." Additionally, PJM includes conforming edits to RAA, Schedules 8, 8.1.D, and 8.1.F to remove the "L" from abbreviated terms referencing Load Adjustments, including "ZLLA," "FZLLA," "LAOPL," and "LLAMW." Accordingly, these abbreviated terms shall read "ZLA," "FZLA," "LAOPL," and "LAMW."

Second, the revised tariff records for the RAA submitted as attachments to this compliance filing will revise the definition of "Load Adjustment" such that the description of "zone/area" within that definition will be one sentence instead of two, as proposed by PJM in its Deficiency Response, <sup>11</sup> and as restated below:

Large Load Adjustment shall mean any MW quantity of adjustments to summer peak load at the "zone/area" level and summed by Zone as further detailed in PJM Manuals. For purposes of this definition, a "zone/area" is the service area within a Zone for which the relevant Electric Distributor specifies a separate Obligation Peak Load (OPL) MW value that is a separately identifiable, geographic area bounded by wholesale metering (e.g., the service territory of an operating company of a Transmission Owner).

#### III. DESCRIPTION OF SUBMITTAL

This filing consists of the following:

- 1. This transmittal letter;
- 2. Attachment A Revisions to the Tariff, in redline format; and
- 3. Attachment B Revisions to the Tariff, in clean format.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See Attachments A and B; see also Schedules 8, 8.1.D, and 8.1.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> These terms represent the total zonal MW quantity of Load Adjustment for such Delivery Year, the final Zonal MW quantity of Load Adjustment for such Delivery Year, the Obligation Peak Load associated with the total MW quantity of Load Adjustment of a Zone or separate wholesale area within the zone for such Delivery Year, and the total MW quantity of Load Adjustment of a Zone or of a separate wholesale area within the Zone for the relevant Delivery Year, respectively.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Deficiency Response at 12.

#### IV. COMMUNICATIONS

Correspondence and communications with respect to this filing should be sent to the following persons:

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#### V. SERVICE

PJM has served a copy of this filing on all PJM Members and on all state utility regulatory commissions in the PJM Region by posting this filing electronically. In accordance with the Commission's regulations, 12 PJM will post a copy of this filing to the FERC filings section of its internet site, located at the following link: https://www.pjm.com/library/filing-order with a specific link to the newly-filed document, and will send an e-mail on the same date as this filing to all PJM Members and all state utility regulatory commissions in the PJM Region<sup>13</sup> alerting them that this filing has been made by PJM today and is available by following such link. If the document is not immediately available by using the referenced link, the document will be available through the referenced link within 24 hours of the filing. Also, a copy of this filing will be available the Commission's eLibrary website located the following link: on at https://elibrary.ferc.gov/eLibrary/search in accordance with the Commission's regulations and Order No. 714."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> See 18 C.F.R. §§ 35.2(e) and 385.2010(f)(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> PJM already maintains, updates, and regularly uses e-mail lists for all PJM members and affected commissions.

# VI. CONCLUSION

PJM respectfully requests that the Commission accept this compliance filing.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Daniel Vinnik

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On behalf of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that I have this 21st day of October, 2024 caused a copy of the foregoing document to be served upon each person designated on the official service list compiled by the Secretary in this proceeding.

/s/ Daniel Vinnik
Daniel Vinnik
Counsel
PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.

# Attachment A

# Revisions to the PJM Reliability Assurance Agreement

(Marked/Redline Format)

#### **ARTICLE 1 – DEFINITIONS**

Unless the context otherwise specifies or requires, capitalized terms used herein shall have the respective meanings assigned herein or in the Schedules hereto, or in the PJM Tariff or PJM Operating Agreement if not otherwise defined in this Agreement, for all purposes of this Agreement (such definitions to be equally applicable to both the singular and the plural forms of the terms defined). Unless otherwise specified, all references herein to Articles, Sections or Schedules, are to Articles, Sections or Schedules of this Agreement. As used in this Agreement:

#### **Accredited UCAP:**

"Accredited UCAP" shall mean the quantity of Unforced Capacity, as denominated in Effective UCAP, that an ELCC Resource is capable of providing in a given Delivery Year.

#### **Accredited UCAP Factor:**

"Accredited UCAP Factor" shall mean, through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, one minus EFORd, and for 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the ratio of the Capacity Resource's Accredited UCAP to the Capacity Resource's installed capacity.

## **Agreement:**

"Agreement" shall mean this Reliability Assurance Agreement, together with all Schedules hereto, as amended from time to time.

#### **Annual Demand Resource:**

"Annual Demand Resource" shall mean a resource that is placed under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection during the Delivery Year, and will be available for an unlimited number of interruptions during such Delivery Year by the Office of the Interconnection, and will be capable of maintaining each such interruption between the hours of 10:00AM to 10:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time for the months of June through October and the following May, and 6:00AM through 9:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time for the months of November through April unless there is an Office of the Interconnection approved maintenance outage during October through April. The Annual Demand Resource must be available in the corresponding Delivery year to be offered for sale or Self-Supplied in an RPM Auction, or included as an Annual Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan for the corresponding Delivery Year.

# **Annual Energy Efficiency Resource:**

"Annual Energy Efficiency Resource" shall mean a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or systems, meeting the requirements of Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during the summer and winter periods described in such Schedule 6 and the PJM Manuals) reduction in electric energy consumption that is not reflected in the peak load forecast

prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention.

# **Applicable Regional Entity:**

"Applicable Regional Entity" shall have the same meaning as in the PJM Tariff.

# **Base Capacity Demand Resource:**

"Base Capacity Demand Resource" shall mean, for the 2018/2019 and 2019/2020 Delivery Years, a resource that is placed under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection and that will be available June through September of a Delivery Year, and will be available to the Office of the Interconnection for an unlimited number of interruptions during such months, and will be capable of maintaining each such interruption for at least a 10-hour duration between the hours of 10:00AM to 10:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time. The Base Capacity Demand Resource must be available June through September in the corresponding Delivery Year to be offered for sale or self-supplied in an RPM Auction, or included as a Base Capacity Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan for the corresponding Delivery Year.

# **Base Capacity Energy Efficiency Resource:**

"Base Capacity Energy Efficiency Resource" shall mean, for the 2018/2019 and 2019/2020 Delivery Years, a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or systems, meeting the requirements of RAA, Schedule 6 and exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during the summer peak periods as described in Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and the PJM Manuals) reduction in electric energy consumption that is not reflected in the peak load forecast prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Base Capacity Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention.

# **Base Capacity Resource:**

"Base Capacity Resource" shall have the same meaning as in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### **Base Residual Auction:**

"Base Residual Auction" shall have the same meaning as in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### **Behind The Meter Generation:**

"Behind The Meter Generation" shall refer to a generating unit that delivers energy to load without using the Transmission System or any distribution facilities (unless the entity that owns or leases the distribution facilities consented to such use of the distribution facilities and such

consent has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Office of the Interconnection; provided, however, that Behind The Meter Generation does not include (i) at any time, any portion of such generating unit's capacity that is designated as a Capacity Resource or (ii) in any hour, any portion of the output of such generating unit that is sold to another entity for consumption at another electrical location or into the PJM Interchange Energy Market.

# **Black Start Capability:**

"Black Start Capability" shall mean the ability of a generating unit or station to go from a shutdown condition to an operating condition and start delivering power without assistance from the power system.

# **Capacity Emergency Transfer Objective (CETO):**

"Capacity Emergency Transfer Objective" or "CETO" shall mean, through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, the amount of electric energy that a given area must be able to import in order to remain within a loss of load expectation of one event in 25 years when the area is experiencing a localized capacity emergency, as determined in accordance with the PJM Manuals. Without limiting the foregoing, CETO shall be, for Delivery Years through 2024/2025, calculated based in part on EFORD determined in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 5, Paragraph C. Beginning with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, CETO shall mean the amount of electric energy that a given area must be able to import in order to satisfy a normalized expected unserved energy for the area that is equal to forty percent of the normalized expected unserved energy is the expected unserved energy (for the area or RTO, as appropriate) divided by the forecasted annual energy (for the area or RTO, as appropriate), when the area is experiencing a localized capacity emergency, as determined in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

# **Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit (CETL):**

Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit" or "CETL" shall mean the capability of the transmission system to support deliveries of electric energy to a given area experiencing a localized capacity emergency as determined in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

#### **Capacity Import Limit:**

For any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, "Capacity Import Limit" shall mean, (a) for the PJM Region, (1) the maximum megawatt quantity of external Generation Capacity Resources that PJM determines for each Delivery Year, through appropriate modeling and the application of engineering judgment, the transmission system can receive, in aggregate at the interface of the PJM Region with all external balancing authority areas and deliver to load in the PJM Region under capacity emergency conditions without violating applicable reliability criteria on any bulk electric system facility of 100kV or greater, internal or external to the PJM Region, that has an electrically significant response to transfers on such interface, minus (2) the then-applicable Capacity Benefit Margin; and (b) for certain source zones identified in the PJM manuals as groupings of one or more balancing authority areas, (1)

the maximum megawatt quantity of external Generation Capacity Resources that PJM determines the transmission system can receive at the interface of the PJM Region with each such source zone and deliver to load in the PJM Region under capacity emergency conditions without violating applicable reliability criteria on any bulk electric system facility of 100kV or greater, internal or external to the PJM Region, that has an electrically significant response to transfers on such interface, minus the then-applicable Capacity Benefit Margin times (2) the ratio of the maximum import quantity from each such source zone divided by the PJM total maximum import quantity. As more fully set forth in the PJM Manuals, PJM shall make such determination based on the latest peak load forecast for the studied period, the same computer simulation model of loads, generation and transmission topography employed in the determination of Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit for such Delivery Year, including external facilities from an industry standard model of the loads, generation, and transmission topography of the Eastern Interconnection under peak conditions. PJM shall specify in the PJM Manuals the areas and minimum distribution factors for identifying monitored bulk electric system facilities that have an electrically significant response to such transfers on the PJM interface. Employing such tools, PJM shall model increased power transfers from external areas into PJM to determine the transfer level at which one or more reliability criteria is violated on any monitored bulk electric system facilities that have an electrically significant response to such transfers. For the PJM Region Capacity Import Limit, PJM shall optimize transfers from other source areas not experiencing any reliability criteria violations as appropriate to increase the Capacity Import Limit. The aggregate megawatt quantity of transfers into PJM at the point where any increase in transfers on the interface would violate reliability criteria will establish the Capacity Import Limit. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Capacity Resource located outside the PJM Region shall not be subject to the Capacity Import Limit if the Capacity Market Seller seeks an exception thereto by demonstrating to PJM, by no later than five (5) business days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the relevant RPM Auction, that such resource meets all of the following requirements:

- (i) it has, at the time such exception is requested, met all applicable requirements to be pseudo-tied into the PJM Region, or the Capacity Market Seller has committed in writing that it will meet such requirements, unless prevented from doing so by circumstances beyond the control of the Capacity Market Seller, prior to the relevant Delivery Year;
- (ii) at the time such exception is requested, it has long-term firm transmission service confirmed on the complete transmission path from such resource into PJM; and
- (iii) it is, by written commitment of the Capacity Market Seller, subject to the same obligations imposed on Generation Capacity Resources located in the PJM Region by Tariff, Attachment DD, section 6.6 to offer their capacity into RPM Auctions; provided, however, that (a) the total megawatt quantity of all exceptions granted hereunder for a Delivery Year, plus the Capacity Import Limit for the applicable interface determined for such Delivery Year, may not exceed the total megawatt quantity of Network External Designated Transmission Service on such interface that PJM has confirmed for such Delivery Year; and (b) if granting a qualified exception would result in a violation of the rule in clause (a), PJM shall grant the requested exception but reduce the Capacity Import Limit by the quantity necessary to ensure that the total quantity of Network External Designated Transmission Service is not exceeded.

# **Capacity Only Option:**

"Capacity Only Option" shall mean participation in Emergency Load Response Program or Pre-Emergency Program which allows, pursuant to Tariff, Attachment DD and as applicable, a capacity payment for the ability to reduce load during a pre-emergency or emergency event.

# **Capacity Performance Resource:**

"Capacity Performance Resource" shall have the same meaning as in Tariff, Attachment DD.

# **Capacity Resources:**

"Capacity Resources" shall mean megawatts of (i) net capacity from Existing Generation Capacity Resources or Planned Generation Capacity Resources meeting the requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedules 9 and Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 10 that are or will be owned by or contracted to a Party and that are or will be committed to satisfy that Party's obligations under the Reliability Assurance Agreement, or to satisfy the reliability requirements of the PJM Region, for a Delivery Year; (ii) net capacity from Existing Generation Capacity Resources or Planned Generation Capacity Resources not owned or contracted for by a Party which are accredited to the PJM Region pursuant to the procedures set forth in such Schedules 9 and 10; or (iii) load reduction capability provided by Demand Resources or Energy Efficiency Resources that are accredited to the PJM Region pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.

# **Capacity Storage Resource Class:**

"Capacity Storage Resource Class" shall mean the ELCC Classes specified in Schedules 9.1 and 9.2, section B of this Agreement, each of which is composed of Capacity Storage Resources with the same specified characteristic duration of 4, 6, 8, and 10 hours. The characteristic duration of an Energy Storage Resource Class is the ratio of the modeled MWh energy storage capability of members of the class to the modeled MW power capability of members of the class.

#### **Capacity Transfer Right:**

"Capacity Transfer Right" shall have the meaning specified in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### **Coal Class:**

"Coal Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources primarily fueled by coal.

#### **Combination Resource:**

"Combination Resource" shall mean a Generation Capacity Resource that has a component that has the characteristics of a Limited Duration Resource combined with (i) a component that has

the characteristics of an Unlimited Resource or (ii) a component that has the characteristics of a Variable Resource.

# **Compliance Aggregation Area (CAA):**

"Compliance Aggregation Area" or "CAA" shall have the same meaning as in the Tariff.

# **Complex Hybrid Class:**

"Complex Hybrid Class" shall mean an ELCC Class composed of Combination Resources that combine three or more components, whereby one component is a class of Limited Duration Resource, and the other components are different Variable Resource classes, and such Combination Resources cannot be included in any other Combination Resource class. A resource that is a member of a Complex Hybrid Class has a single Point Of Interconnection, unless the resource is controlled in an integrated fashion, is at a single site, and is approved by PJM to be considered a single resource in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

# Consolidated Transmission Owners Agreement, PJM Transmission Owners Agreement or Transmission Owners Agreement:

"Consolidated Transmission Owners Agreement," "PJM Transmission Owners Agreement" or "Transmission Owners Agreement" shall mean that certain Consolidated Transmission Owners Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2005, by and among the Transmission Owners and by and between the Transmission Owners and PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. on file with the Commission, as amended from time to time.

#### **Control Area:**

"Control Area" shall mean an electric power system or combination of electric power systems bounded by interconnection metering and telemetry to which a common generation control scheme is applied in order to:

- (a) match the power output of the generators within the electric power system(s) and energy purchased from entities outside the electric power system(s), with the load within the electric power system(s);
- (b) maintain scheduled interchange with other Control Areas, within the limits of Good Utility Practice;
- (c) maintain the frequency of the electric power system(s) within reasonable limits in accordance with Good Utility Practice and the criteria of NERC and each Applicable Regional Entity;
- (d) maintain power flows on transmission facilities within appropriate limits to preserve reliability; and

(e) provide sufficient generating capacity to maintain operating reserves in accordance with Good Utility Practice.

# **Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation:**

"Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation" shall mean the capacity obligation of a Load Serving Entity during the Delivery Year, determined in accordance with the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8 or, as to an FRR Entity, in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1.

# **Delivery Year:**

"Delivery Year" shall mean a Planning Period for which a Capacity Resource is committed pursuant to the auction procedures specified in Tariff, Attachment DD or pursuant to an FRR Capacity Plan under RAA, Schedule 8.1.

#### **Demand Resource (DR):**

"Demand Resource" or "DR" shall mean a Limited Demand Resource, Extended Summer Demand Resource, Annual Demand Resource, Base Capacity Demand Resource or Summer-Period Demand Resource with a demonstrated capability to provide a reduction in demand or otherwise control load in accordance with the requirements of RAA, Schedule 6 that offers and that clears load reduction capability in a Base Residual Auction or Incremental Auction or that is committed through an FRR Capacity Plan.

#### **Demand Resource Factor or DR Factor:**

"Demand Resource Factor" or "DR Factor" shall mean, for Delivery Years through May 31, 2018, that factor approved from time to time by the PJM Board used to determine the unforced capacity value of a Demand Resource in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6

#### **Demand Resource Officer Certification Form:**

"Demand Resource Officer Certification Form" shall mean a certification as to an intended Demand Resource Sell Offer, in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1 and the PJM Manuals.

# **Demand Resource Registration:**

"Demand Resource Registration" shall mean a registration in the Full Program Option or Capacity Only Option of the Emergency or Pre-Emergency Load Resource Program in accordance with Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix, section 8.

#### **Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan:**

"Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan" shall mean the plan required by Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1 in support of an intended offer of Demand Resources in an RPM Auction, or an intended inclusion of Demand Resources in an FRR Capacity Plan.

# **Diesel Utility Class:**

"Diesel Utility Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the diesel technology type that is not primarily fueled by landfill gas.

# **Effective Nameplate Capacity:**

"Effective Nameplate Capacity" shall mean (i) for each Variable Resource and Combination Resource, the resource's Maximum Facility Output (or, for a Co-Located Resource, the applicable share of the Mixed Technology Facility's Maximum Facility Output); (ii) for each Limited Duration Resource, the sustained level of output that the unit can provide and maintain over a continuous period, whereby the duration of that continuous period matches the characteristic duration of the corresponding ELCC Class, with consideration given to ambient conditions expected to exist at the time of PJM system peak load, to the extent that such conditions impact such resource's capability, not to exceed the Maximum Facility Output (or, for a Co-Located Resource, the applicable share of the Mixed Technology Facility's Maximum Facility Output). For the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the Effective Nameplate Capacity of each Limited Duration Resource shall not exceed the greater of the Capacity Interconnection Rights of such Limited Duration Resource, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year.

#### **Effective UCAP:**

"Effective UCAP" shall mean a unit of measure that represents the capacity product transacted in the Reliability Pricing Model and included in FRR Capacity Plans. One megawatt of Effective UCAP has the same capacity value of one megawatt of Unforced Capacity.

#### **ELCC Class:**

"ELCC Class" shall mean a defined group of ELCC Resources that share a common set of operational characteristics and for which effective load carrying capability analysis, as set forth in RAA, Schedules 9.1 and 9.2, will establish a unique ELCC Class UCAP and corresponding ELCC Class Rating(s). ELCC Classes shall be defined in the Schedules 9.1 and 9.2, section B of this Agreement. Members of an ELCC Class shall share a common method of calculating the ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment, provided that the individual ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment values will generally differ among ELCC Resources.

# **ELCC Class Rating:**

"ELCC Class Rating" shall mean the rating factor, based on effective load carrying capability analysis, that applies to ELCC Resources that are members of an ELCC Class as part of the calculation of their Accredited UCAP.

#### **ELCC Class UCAP:**

"ELCC Class UCAP" shall mean the aggregate Effective UCAP all modeled ELCC Resources in a given ELCC Class are capable of providing in a given Delivery Year.

#### **ELCC Portfolio UCAP:**

"ELCC Portfolio UCAP" shall mean the aggregate Effective UCAP that all modeled ELCC Resources are capable of providing in a given Delivery Year.

#### **ELCC Resource:**

"ELCC Resource" shall mean, through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource that is a Variable Resource, a Limited Duration Resource, or a Combination Resource, and beginning with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource or a Demand Resource.

# **ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment:**

"ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment" shall mean the performance of a specific ELCC Resource relative to the aggregate performance of the ELCC Class to which it belongs as further described in RAA, Schedule 9.1, section F and RAA, Schedule 9.2, section D.

# **Electric Cooperative:**

"Electric Cooperative" shall mean an entity owned in cooperative form by its customers that is engaged in the generation, transmission, and/or distribution of electric energy.

#### **Electric Distributor:**

"Electric Distributor" shall mean a Member that 1) owns or leases with rights equivalent to ownership of electric distribution facilities that are used to provide electric distribution service to electric load within the PJM Region; or 2) is a generation and transmission cooperative or a joint municipal agency that has a member that owns electric distribution facilities used to provide electric distribution service to electric load within the PJM Region.

#### **Emergency:**

"Emergency" shall mean (i) an abnormal system condition requiring manual or automatic action to maintain system frequency, or to prevent loss of firm load, equipment damage, or tripping of system elements that could adversely affect the reliability of an electric system or the safety of persons or property; or (ii) a fuel shortage requiring departure from normal operating procedures

in order to minimize the use of such scarce fuel; or (iii) a condition that requires implementation of emergency procedures as defined in the PJM Manuals.

#### **End-Use Customer:**

"End-Use Customer" shall mean a Member that is a retail end-user of electricity within the PJM Region. For purposes of Members Committee sector classification, a Member that is a retail end-user that owns generation may qualify as an End-Use customer if: (1) the average physical unforced capacity owned by the Member and its affiliates in the PJM region over the five Planning Periods immediately preceding the relevant Planning Period does not exceed the average PJM capacity obligation for the Member and its affiliates over the same time period; or (2) the average energy produced by the Member and its affiliates within the PJM region over the five Planning Periods immediately preceding the relevant Planning Period does not exceed the average energy consumed by that Member and its affiliates within the PJM region over the same time period. The foregoing notwithstanding, taking retail service may not be sufficient to qualify a Member as an End-Use Customer.

# **Energy Efficiency Resource:**

"Energy Efficiency Resource" shall mean a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or systems, meeting the requirements of RAA, Schedule 6 and exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during the periods described in Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and the PJM Manuals) reduction in electric energy consumption that is not reflected in the peak load forecast prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention. Annual Energy Efficiency Resources, Base Capacity Energy Efficiency Resources and Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resources are types of Energy Efficiency Resources.

# **Exigent Water Storage:**

"Exigent Water Storage" shall mean water stored in the pondage or reservoir of a hydropower resource which is not typically available during normal operating conditions (as those conditions are described in the relevant FERC hydropower license), but which can be drawn upon during emergency conditions (as described in the FERC hydropower license), including in order to avoid a load shed. In an effective load carrying capability analysis, exigent storage capability from an upstream hydro facility can be considered relative to a downstream hydro facility by assessing cascading storage and flows.

# **Existing Demand Resource:**

"Existing Demand Resource" shall mean a Demand Resource for which the Demand Resource Provider has identified existing end-use customer sites that are registered for the current Delivery Year with PJM (even if not registered by such Demand Resource Provider) and that the Demand Resource Provider reasonably expects to have under a contract to reduce load based on PJM dispatch instructions by the start of the Delivery Year for which such resource is offered.

# **Existing Generation Capacity Resource:**

"Existing Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean, for purposes of the must-offer requirement and mitigation of offers for any RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource that, as of the date on which bidding commences for such auction: (a) is in service; or (b) is not yet in service, but has cleared any RPM Auction for any prior Delivery Year. A Generation Capacity Resource shall be deemed to be in service if interconnection service has ever commenced (for resources located in the PJM Region), or if it is physically and electrically interconnected to an external Control Area and is in full commercial operation (for resources not located in the PJM Region). The additional megawatts of a Generation Capacity Resource that is being, or has been, modified to increase the number of megawatts of available installed capacity thereof shall not be deemed to be an Existing Generation Capacity Resource until such time as those megawatts (a) are in service; or (b) are not yet in service, but have cleared any RPM Auction for any prior Delivery Year.

#### **Extended Summer Demand Resource:**

"Extended Summer Demand Resource" shall mean, for Delivery Years through May 31, 2018, and for FRR Capacity Plans Delivery Years through May 31, 2019, a resource that is placed under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection and that will be available June through October and the following May, and will be available for an unlimited number of interruptions during such months by the Office of the Interconnection, and will be capable of maintaining each such interruption for at least a 10-hour duration between the hours of 10:00AM to 10:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time. The Extended Summer Demand Resource must be available June through October and the following May in the corresponding Delivery Year to be offered for sale or Self-Supplied in an RPM Auction, or included as an Extended Summer Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan for the corresponding Delivery Year.

#### **Facilities Study Agreement:**

"Facilities Study Agreement" shall have the same meaning as in Tariff, Part VI, section 206.

#### **FERC or Commission:**

"FERC" or "Commission" shall mean the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or any successor federal agency, commission or department exercising jurisdiction over the Tariff, Operating Agreement and Reliability Assurance Agreement.

#### Firm Point-To-Point Transmission Service:

"Firm Point-To-Point Transmission Service" shall have the meaning specified in the Tariff.

#### Firm Service Level:

"Firm Service Level" or "FSL" of Price Responsive Demand for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years shall mean the level, determined at a PRD Substation level, to which Price Responsive Demand shall be reduced during the Delivery Year when an Emergency Action that triggers a Performance Assessment Interval is declared and the Locational Marginal Price exceeds the price associated with such Price Responsive Demand identified by the PRD Provider in its PRD Plan. "Firm Service Level" or "FSL" of Demand Resource shall mean the pre-determined level for which an end-use customer's load shall be reduced, upon notification from the Curtailment Service Provider's market operations center or its agent.

#### **Firm Transmission Service:**

"Firm Transmission Service" shall mean transmission service that is intended to be available at all times to the maximum extent practicable, subject to an Emergency, an unanticipated failure of a facility, or other event beyond the control of the owner or operator of the facility or the Office of the Interconnection.

#### **Fixed Resource Requirement Alternative or FRR Alternative:**

"Fixed Resource Requirement Alternative" or "FRR Alternative" shall mean an alternative method for a Party to satisfy its obligation to provide Unforced Capacity hereunder, as set forth in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1.

#### **Fixed-Tilt Solar Class:**

"Fixed-Tilt Solar Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that produce electrical energy with solar panels that are primarily mounted in a fixed orientation.

# **Forecast Pool Requirement:**

"Forecast Pool Requirement" or "FPR" shall mean the amount equal to one plus the unforced reserve margin (stated as a decimal number) for the PJM Region required pursuant to this Reliability Assurance Agreement, as approved by the PJM Board pursuant to Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 4.1.

# FRR Capacity Plan or FRR Plan:

"FRR Capacity Plan" or "FRR Plan" shall mean a long-term plan for the commitment of Capacity Resources and Price Responsive Demand to satisfy the capacity obligations of a Party that has elected the FRR Alternative, as more fully set forth in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1.

#### FRR Entity:

"FRR Entity" shall mean, for the duration of such election, a Party that has elected the FRR Alternative hereunder.

#### FRR Service Area:

"FRR Service Area" shall mean (a) the service territory of an IOU as recognized by state law, rule or order; (b) the service area of a Public Power Entity or Electric Cooperative as recognized by franchise or other state law, rule, or order; or (c) a separately identifiable geographic area that is: (i) bounded by wholesale metering, or similar appropriate multi-site aggregate metering, that is visible to, and regularly reported to, the Office of the Interconnection, or that is visible to, and regularly reported to an Electric Distributor and such Electric Distributor agrees to aggregate the load data from such meters for such FRR Service Area and regularly report such aggregated information, by FRR Service Area, to the Office of the Interconnection; and (ii) for which the FRR Entity has or assumes the obligation to provide capacity for all load (including load growth) within such area. In the event that the service obligations of an Electric Cooperative or Public Power Entity are not defined by geographic boundaries but by physical connections to a defined set of customers, the FRR Service Area in such circumstances shall be defined as all customers physically connected to transmission or distribution facilities of such Electric Cooperative or Public Power Entity within an area bounded by appropriate wholesale aggregate metering as described above.

# **Full Program Option:**

"Full Program Option" shall mean participation in Emergency Load Response Program or Pre-Emergency Program which allows, pursuant to Tariff, Attachment DD and as applicable, (i) an energy payment for load reductions during a pre-emergency or emergency event, and (ii) a capacity payment for the ability to reduce load during a pre-emergency or emergency event.

# **Full Requirements Service:**

"Full Requirements Service" shall mean wholesale service to supply all of the power needs of a Load Serving Entity to serve end-users within the PJM Region that are not satisfied by its own generating facilities.

#### **Gas Combined Cycle Class:**

"Gas Combined Cycle Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the combined cycle technology type that is primarily fueled by natural gas, but does not meet the requirements to be included in the Gas Combined Cycle Dual Fuel Class.

#### **Gas Combined Cycle Dual Fuel Class:**

"Gas Combined Cycle Dual Fuel Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the combined cycle technology type that is primarily fueled by natural gas, and that attests that it has the capability to start independently using onsite sources and operate independently on alternate onsite fuel source(s) up to its maximum capacity level during the

winter season of the applicable Delivery Year in which it is providing capacity, and capable of operating on the alternate fuel for two 16-hour periods over two consecutive days at its maximum capacity level.

#### **Gas Combustion Turbine Class:**

"Gas Combustion Turbine Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the combustion turbine technology type that is primarily fueled by natural gas, but does not meet the requirements to be included in the Gas Combustion Turbine Dual Fuel Class.

#### **Gas Combustion Turbine Dual Fuel Class:**

"Gas Combustion Turbine Dual Fuel Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the combustion turbine technology type that is primarily fueled by natural gas, and attests that it has the capability to start independently using onsite sources and operate independently on alternate onsite fuel source(s) up to its maximum capacity level during the winter season of the applicable Delivery Year in which it is providing capacity, and capable of operating on the alternate fuel for two 16-hour periods over two consecutive days at its maximum capacity level.

# **Generation Capacity Resource:**

"Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean a Generating Facility, or the contractual right to capacity from a specified Generating Facility, that meets the requirements of RAA, Schedule 9 and RAA, Schedule 10, and, for Generating Facilities that are committed to an FRR Capacity Plan, that meets the requirements of RAA, Schedule 8.1. A Generation Capacity Resource may be an Existing Generation Capacity Resource or a Planned Generation Capacity Resource.

# **Generation Capacity Resource Provider:**

"Generation Capacity Resource Provider" shall mean a Member that owns, or has the contractual authority to control the output of, a Generation Capacity Resource, that has not transferred such authority to another entity.

#### **Generation Owner:**

"Generation Owner" shall mean a Member that owns or leases with rights equivalent to ownership, or otherwise controls and operates one or more operating generation resources located in the PJM Region. The foregoing notwithstanding, for a planned generation resource to qualify a Member as a Generation Owner, such resource shall have cleared an RPM auction, and for Energy Resources, the resource shall have a FERC-jurisdictional interconnection agreement or wholesale market participation agreement within PJM. Purchasing all or a portion of the output of a generation resource shall not be sufficient to qualify a Member as a Generation Owner. For purposes of Members Committee sector classification, a Member that is primarily a retail end-user of electricity that owns generation may qualify as a Generation Owner if: (1) the generation resource is the subject of a FERC-jurisdictional interconnection agreement or

wholesale market participation agreement within PJM; (2) the average physical unforced capacity owned by the Member and its affiliates over the five Planning Periods immediately preceding the relevant Planning Period exceeds the average PJM capacity obligation of the Member and its affiliates over the same time period; and (3) the average energy produced by the Member and its affiliates within PJM over the five Planning Periods immediately preceding the relevant Planning Period exceeds the average energy consumed by the Member and its affiliates within PJM over the same time period.

# **Generator Forced Outage:**

"Generator Forced Outage" shall mean an immediate reduction in output or capacity or removal from service, in whole or in part, of a generating unit by reason of an Emergency or threatened Emergency, unanticipated failure, or other cause beyond the control of the owner or operator of the facility, as specified in the relevant portions of the PJM Manuals. A reduction in output or removal from service of a generating unit in response to changes in market conditions shall not constitute a Generator Forced Outage.

# **Generator Maintenance Outage:**

"Generator Maintenance Outage" shall mean the scheduled removal from service, in whole or in part, of a generating unit in order to perform repairs on specific components of the facility, if removal of the facility qualifies as a maintenance outage pursuant to the PJM Manuals.

# **Generator Planned Outage:**

"Generator Planned Outage" shall mean the scheduled removal from service, in whole or in part, of a generating unit for inspection, maintenance or repair with the approval of the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

#### **Good Utility Practice:**

"Good Utility Practice" shall mean any of the practices, methods and acts engaged in or approved by a significant portion of the electric utility industry during the relevant time period, or any of the practices, methods and acts which, in the exercise of reasonable judgment in light of the facts known at the time the decision was made, could have been expected to accomplish the desired result at a reasonable cost consistent with good business practices, reliability, safety and expedition. Good Utility Practice is not intended to be limited to the optimum practice, method, or act to the exclusion of all others, but rather is intended to include acceptable practices, methods, or acts generally accepted in the region; including those practices required by Federal Power Act Section 215(a)(4).

# **Hybrid Resource Class:**

"Hybrid Resource Class" shall mean the ELCC Classes specified in RAA Schedules 9.1 and 9.2 Section B. Each Hybrid Resource Class has a specified combination of two components, whereby, absent being part of a Combination Resource, one component would be in a Capacity

Storage Resource Class, and the other component would be in a Variable Resource Class or would be an Unlimited Resource. A resource that is a member of a Hybrid Resource Class has a single Point Of Interconnection, unless the resource is controlled in an integrated fashion, is at a single site, and is approved by PJM to be considered a single resource in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

# **Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage:**

"Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage" shall mean a hydropower facility that can capture and store incoming stream flow, without use of pumps, in pondage or a reservoir, and the Generation Owner has the ability, within the constraints available in the applicable operating license, to exert material control over the quantity of stored water and output of the facility throughout an Operating Day.

#### **Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage Class:**

"Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Combination Resources that are Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage resources.

#### **Incremental Auction:**

"Incremental Auction" shall mean any of several auctions conducted for a Delivery Year after the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year and before the first day of such Delivery Year, including the First Incremental Auction, Second Incremental Auction, Third Incremental Auction, or Conditional Incremental Auction. Incremental Auctions (other than the Conditional Incremental Auction), shall be held for the purposes of:

- (i) allowing Market Sellers that committed Capacity Resources in the Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, which subsequently are determined to be unavailable to deliver the committed Unforced Capacity in such Delivery Year (due to resource retirement, resource cancellation or construction delay, resource derating, EFORd increase, Accredited UCAP Factor decrease, a decrease in the Nominated Demand Resource Value of a Planned Demand Resource, delay or cancellation of a Qualifying Transmission Upgrade, or similar occurrences) to submit Buy Bids for replacement Capacity Resources; and
- (ii) allowing the Office of the Interconnection to reduce or increase the amount of committed capacity secured in prior auctions for such Delivery Year if, as a result of changed circumstances or expectations since the prior auction(s), there is, respectively, a significant excess or significant deficit of committed capacity for such Delivery Year, for the PJM Region or for an LDA.

#### **Intermittent Hydropower Class:**

"Intermittent Hydropower Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that are run-of-river hydropower generators that must generally pass incoming water and

therefore cannot appreciably store water to later increase the output of the facility. Resources in the Intermittent Hydropower Class are not Hydropower with Non-Pumped Storage resources.

#### IOU:

"IOU" shall mean an investor-owned utility with substantial business interest in owning and/or operating electric facilities in any two or more of the following three asset categories: generation, transmission, distribution.

#### **Intermittent Landfill Gas Class:**

"Intermittent Landfill Gas Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources fueled by landfill gas that, because of fuel availability patterns, cannot run consistently at installed capacity levels for 24 or more hours.

# **Large** Load Adjustment:

"Large Load Adjustment" shall mean any MW quantity of adjustments to summer peak load at the "zone/area" level and summed by Zone as further detailed in PJM Manuals. For purposes of this definition, a "zone/area" is an the service area within a Zone for which the relevant Electric Distributor specifies a separate Obligation Peak Load (OPL) MW value. A zone/area is a service area of an Electric Distributor that is a separately identifiable, geographic area bounded by wholesale metering (e.g., the service territory of an operating company of a Transmission Owner).

#### **Limited Demand Resource:**

"Limited Demand Resource" shall mean, for Delivery Years through May 31, 2018, and for FRR Capacity Plans Delivery Years through May 31, 2019, a resource that is placed under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection and that will, at a minimum, be available for interruption for at least 10 Load Management Events during the summer period of June through September in the Delivery Year, and will be capable of maintaining each such interruption for at least a 6-hour duration. At a minimum, the Limited Demand Resource shall be available for such interruptions on weekdays, other than NERC holidays, from 12:00PM (noon) to 8:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time. The Limited Demand Resource must be available during the summer period of June through September in the corresponding Delivery Year to be offered for sale or Self-Supplied in an RPM Auction, or included as a Limited Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan for the corresponding Delivery Year.

# **Limited Duration Resource:**

"Limited Duration Resource" shall mean a Generation Capacity Resource that is not a Variable Resource, that is not a Combination Resource, and that is not capable of running continuously at Maximum Facility Output for 24 hours or longer. A Capacity Storage Resource is a Limited Duration Resource.

# **Load Serving Entity or LSE:**

"Load Serving Entity" or "LSE" shall mean any entity (or the duly designated agent of such an entity), including a load aggregator or power marketer, (i) serving end-users within the PJM Region, and (ii) that has been granted the authority or has an obligation pursuant to state or local law, regulation or franchise to sell electric energy to end-users located within the PJM Region. Load Serving Entity shall include any end-use customer that qualifies under state rules or a utility retail tariff to manage directly its own supply of electric power and energy and use of transmission and ancillary services.

# **Locational Reliability Charge:**

"Locational Reliability Charge" shall mean the charge determined pursuant to RAA, Article 7, section 2.

# Markets and Reliability Committee:

"Markets and Reliability Committee" shall mean the committee established pursuant to the Operating Agreement as a Standing Committee of the Members Committee.

# **Maximum Emergency Service Level:**

"Maximum Emergency Service Level" or "MESL" of Price Responsive Demand for the 2017/2018 through the 2021/2022 Delivery Years shall mean the level, determined at a PRD Substation level, to which Price Responsive Demand shall be reduced during the Delivery Year when a Maximum Generation Emergency is declared and the Locational Marginal Price exceeds the price associated with such Price Responsive Demand identified by the PRD Provider in its PRD Plan.

#### Member:

"Member" shall have the meaning provided in the Operating Agreement.

# **Members Committee:**

"Members Committee" shall mean the committee specified in Operating Agreement, section 8 composed of the representatives of all the Members.

#### **NERC:**

"NERC" shall mean the North American Electric Reliability Corporation or any successor thereto.

# **Network External Designated Transmission Service:**

"Network External Designated Transmission Service" shall mean the quantity of network

transmission service confirmed by PJM for use by a market participant to import power and energy from an identified Generation Capacity Resource located outside the PJM Region, upon demonstration by such market participant that it owns such Generation Capacity Resource, has an executed contract to purchase power and energy from such Generation Capacity Resource, or has a contract to purchase power and energy from such Generation Capacity Resource contingent upon securing firm transmission service from such resource.

#### **Network Resources:**

"Network Resources" shall have the meaning set forth in the PJM Tariff.

#### **Network Transmission Service:**

"Network Transmission Service" shall mean transmission service provided pursuant to the rates, terms and conditions set forth in Tariff, Part III or transmission service comparable to such service that is provided to a Load Serving Entity that is also a Transmission Owner.

#### **Nominal PRD Value:**

"Nominal PRD Value" shall mean, as to any PRD Provider, an adjustment, determined in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.1, to the peak-load forecast used to determine the quantity of capacity sought through an RPM Auction, reflecting the aggregate effect of Price Responsive Demand on peak load resulting from the Price Responsive Demand to be provided by such PRD Provider.

#### **Nominated Demand Resource Value:**

"Nominated Demand Resource Value" shall have the meaning specified in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### **Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation:**

"Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation" shall mean Behind the Meter Generation that is used by municipal electric systems, electric cooperatives, and electric distribution companies to serve load.

#### **Nuclear Class:**

"Nuclear Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources primarily fueled by nuclear fuel.

# **Obligation Peak Load:**

"Obligation Peak Load" shall have the meaning specified in Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.

# Office of the Interconnection:

"Office of the Interconnection" shall mean the employees and agents of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., subject to the supervision and oversight of the PJM Board, acting pursuant to the Operating Agreement.

#### **Offshore Wind Class:**

"Offshore Wind Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that produce electrical energy with offshore wind turbines located in the ocean.

#### **Onshore Wind Class:**

"Onshore Wind Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that produce electrical energy using wind turbines and that are not in the Offshore Wind Class.

# Operating Agreement of the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., Operating Agreement or PJM Operating Agreement:

"Operating Agreement of the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.," "Operating Agreement" or "PJM Operating Agreement" shall mean that agreement, dated as of April 1, 1997 and as amended and restated as of June 2, 1997, including all Schedules, Exhibits, Appendices, addenda or supplements hereto, as amended from time to time thereafter, among the Members of the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C, on file with the Commission.

#### **Operating Day:**

"Operating Day" shall have the same meaning as provided in the Operating Agreement.

# **Operating Reserve:**

"Operating Reserve" shall mean the amount of generating capacity scheduled to be available for a specified period of an Operating Day to ensure the reliable operation of the PJM Region, as specified in the PJM Manuals.

#### **Ordinary Water Storage:**

"Ordinary Water Storage" shall mean water stored in the pondage or reservoir of a hydropower resource which is typically available during normal operating conditions pursuant to the FERC license governing the operation of the hydropower resource.

#### **Other Limited Duration Class:**

"Other Limited Duration Class" shall mean the ELCC Classes specified in RAA Schedules 9.1 and 9.2 section B of this Agreement, each of which has a specified characteristic duration and consists of Limited Duration Resources that are not Capacity Storage Resources. The

characteristic duration of an Other Limited Duration Class is the maximum period of time represented in the ELCC model that the resources of the class can run at a stated capability.

#### **Other Limited Duration Combination Class:**

"Other Limited Duration Combination Class" shall mean the ELCC Classes specified in RAA Schedules 9.1 and 9.2 section B. Each Other Limited Duration Class has a specified combination of two components, whereby, absent being part of a Combination Resource, one component would be in an Other Limited Duration Class, and the other component would be in a Variable Resource Class or would be an Unlimited Resource. A resource that is a member of an Other Limited Duration Combination Class has a single Point Of Interconnection, unless the resource is controlled in an integrated fashion, is at a single site, and is approved by PJM to be considered a single resource in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

# **Other Supplier:**

"Other Supplier" shall mean a Member that: (i) is engaged in buying, selling or transmitting electric energy, capacity, ancillary services, Financial Transmission Rights or other services available under PJM's governing documents in or through the Interconnection or has a good faith intent to do so, and (ii) is not a Generation Owner, Electric Distributor, Transmission Owner or End-Use Customer.

# **Other Unlimited Resource Class:**

"Other Unlimited Resource Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources that do not qualify for any other ELCC Class specified in RAA Schedule 9.2, section D.

#### **Other Variable Resource Class:**

"Other Variable Resource Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that are not in any other Variable Resource class, including Variable Resources that are composed of multiple components, each of which would be a Variable Resource. A resource composed of both fixed-tilt solar panels and tracking solar panels is not in this class. A resource that is a member of a Other Variable Resource Class has a single Point Of Interconnection, unless the resource is controlled in an integrated fashion, is at a single site, and is approved by PJM to be considered a single resource in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

# **Partial Requirements Service:**

"Partial Requirements Service" shall mean wholesale service to supply a specified portion, but not all, of the power needs of a Load Serving Entity to serve end-users within the PJM Region that are not satisfied by its own generating facilities.

# Party:

"Party" shall mean an entity bound by the terms of the Operating Agreement.

# **Peak Shaving Adjustment:**

"Peak Shaving Adjustment" shall mean a load forecast mechanism that allows load reductions by end-use customers to result in a downward adjustment of the summer load forecast for the associated Zone. Any End-Use Customer identified in an approved peak shaving plan shall not also participate in PJM Markets as Price Responsive Demand, Demand Resource, Base Capacity Demand Resource, Capacity Performance Demand Resource, or Economic Load Response Participant.

# **Percentage Internal Resources Required:**

"Percentage Internal Resources Required" shall mean, for purposes of an FRR Capacity Plan, the percentage of the LDA Reliability Requirement for an LDA that must be satisfied with Capacity Resources located in such LDA.

#### **Performance Assessment Interval:**

"Performance Assessment Interval" shall have the meaning specified in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### PJM:

"PJM" shall mean PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., including the Office of the Interconnection as referenced in the PJM Operating Agreement. When such term is being used in the RAA it shall also include the PJM Board.

#### PJM Board:

"PJM Board" shall mean the Board of Managers of the LLC, acting pursuant to the Operating Agreement, except when such term is being used in Tariff, Attachment M, in which case PJM Board shall mean the Board of Managers of PJM or its designated representative, exclusive of any members of PJM Management.

#### **PJM Manuals:**

"PJM Manuals" shall mean the instructions, rules, procedures and guidelines established by the Office of the Interconnection for the operation, planning and accounting requirements of the PJM Region.

# **PJM Region:**

"PJM Region" shall have the same meaning as provided in the Operating Agreement.

# PJM Region Installed Reserve Margin:

"PJM Region Installed Reserve Margin" shall mean the percent installed reserve margin for the PJM Region required pursuant to Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 4.1, as approved by the PJM Board.

# PJM Tariff, Tariff, O.A.T.T., OATT or PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff:

"PJM Tariff," "C.A.T.T., "OATT" or "PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff" shall mean that certain PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, including any schedules, appendices, or exhibits attached thereto, on file with FERC and as amended from time to time thereafter.

#### **Planned Demand Resource:**

"Planned Demand Resource" shall mean any Demand Resource that does not currently have the capability to provide a reduction in demand or to otherwise control load, but that is scheduled to be capable of providing such reduction or control on or before the start of the Delivery Year for which such resource is to be committed, as determined in accordance with the requirements of Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6. As set forth in Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1, a Demand Resource Provider submitting a DR Sell Offer Plan shall identify as Planned Demand Resources in such plan all Demand Resources in excess of those that qualify as Existing Demand Resources.

# **Planned External Generation Capacity Resource:**

"Planned External Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean a proposed Generation Capacity Resource, or a proposed increase in the capability of a Generation Capacity Resource, that (a) is to be located outside the PJM Region, (b) participates in the generation interconnection process of a Control Area external to PJM, (c) is scheduled to be physically and electrically interconnected to the transmission facilities of such Control Area on or before the first day of the Delivery Year for which such resource is to be committed to satisfy the reliability requirements of the PJM Region, and (d) is in full commercial operation prior to the first day of such Delivery Year, such that it is sufficient to provide the Installed Capacity set forth in the Sell Offer forming the basis of such resource's commitment to the PJM Region. Prior to participation in any Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that it has a fully executed system impact study agreement (or other documentation which is functionally equivalent to a System Impact Study Agreement under the PJM Tariff) or, for resources which are greater than 20MWs participating in a Base Residual Auction for the 2019/2020 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, an agreement or other documentation which is functionally equivalent to a Facilities Study Agreement under the PJM Tariff), with the transmission owner to whose transmission facilities or distribution facilities the resource is being directly connected, and, as applicable, the transmission provider. Prior to participating in any Incremental Auction for such Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate it has entered into an interconnection agreement, or such other documentation that is functionally equivalent to an Interconnection Service Agreement under the PJM Tariff, with the transmission owner to whose transmission facilities or distribution facilities the resource is being directly connected, and, as applicable, the transmission provider. A Planned External Generation Capacity Resource must provide evidence to PJM that it has been studied as a Network

Resource, or such other similar interconnection product in such external Control Area, must provide contractual evidence that it has applied for or purchased transmission service to be deliverable to the PJM border, and must provide contractual evidence that it has applied for transmission service to be deliverable to the bus at which energy is to delivered, the agreements for which must have been executed prior to participation in any Reliability Pricing Model Auction for such Delivery Year. Any such resource shall cease to be considered a Planned External Generation Capacity Resource as of the earlier of (i) the date that interconnection service commences as to such resource; or (ii) the resource has cleared an RPM Auction, in which case it shall become an Existing Generation Capacity Resource for purposes of the mitigation of offers for any RPM Auction for all subsequent Delivery Years.

# **Planned Generation Capacity Resource:**

"Planned Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean a Generation Capacity Resource, or additional megawatts to increase the size of a Generation Capacity Resource that is being or has been modified to increase the number of megawatts of available installed capacity thereof, participating in the generation interconnection process under Tariff, Part IV, Subpart A, as applicable, for which: (i) Interconnection Service is scheduled to commence on or before the first day of the Delivery Year for which such resource is to be committed to RPM or to an FRR Capacity Plan; (ii) for any such resource seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction, or for any such resource of 20 MWs or less seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction, a System Impact Study Agreement (or, for resources for which a System Impact Study Agreement is not required, has such other agreement or documentation that is functionally equivalent to a System Impact Study Agreement) has been executed prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year; (iii) for any such resource of more than 20 MWs seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction for the 2019/2020 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Facilities Study Agreement (or, for resources for which a Facilities Study Agreement is not required, has such other agreement or documentation that is functionally equivalent to a Facility Studies Agreement) has been executed prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year; and (iv) an Interconnection Service Agreement has been executed prior to any Incremental Auction for such Delivery Year in which such resource plans to participate. For purposes of the mustoffer requirement and mitigation of offers for any RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource shall cease to be considered a Planned Generation Capacity Resource as of the earlier of (i) the date that Interconnection Service commences as to such resource; or (ii) the resource has cleared an RPM Auction for any Delivery Year, in which case it shall become an Existing Generation Capacity Resource for any RPM Auction for all subsequent Delivery Years.

#### **Planning Period:**

"Planning Period" shall mean the 12 months beginning June 1 and extending through May 31 of the following year, or such other period approved by the Members Committee.

#### **Portfolio Expected Unserved Energy:**

"Portfolio Expected Unserved Energy" shall mean the annual amount of expected unserved energy, in MWh, that is expected for the RTO when at the annual reliability criteria that provides an acceptable level of reliability consistent with the Reliability Principles and Standards.

#### **PRD Curve:**

"PRD Curve" shall mean a price-consumption curve at a PRD Substation level, if available, and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) level, that details the base consumption level of Price Responsive Demand and the decreasing consumption levels at increasing prices.

#### PRD Provider:

"PRD Provider" shall mean a PJM Member that has entered contractual arrangements with enduse customers that satisfy the eligibility criteria for and provides Price Responsive Demand.

# PRD Provider's Zonal Expected Peak Load Value of PRD:

"PRD Provider's Zonal Expected Peak Load Value of PRD" shall mean the expected contribution to Delivery Year peak load of a PRD Provider's Price Responsive Demand, were such demand not to be reduced in response to price, based on the contribution of the end-use customers comprising such Price Responsive Demand to the most recent prior Delivery Year's peak demand, escalated to the Delivery Year in question, as determined in a manner consistent with the Office of the Interconnection's load forecasts used for purposes of the RPM Auctions.

#### **PRD Reservation Price:**

"PRD Reservation Price" shall mean an RPM Auction clearing price identified in a PRD Plan for Price Responsive Demand load below which the PRD Provider desires not to commit the identified load as Price Responsive Demand.

#### **PRD Substation:**

"PRD Substation" shall mean an electrical substation that is located in the same Zone or in the same sub-Zonal LDA as the end-use customers identified in a PRD Plan or PRD registration and that, in terms of the electrical topography of the Transmission Facilities comprising the PJM Region, is as close as practicable to such loads.

# **Price Responsive Demand:**

"Price Responsive Demand" or "PRD" shall mean end-use customer load registered by a PRD Provider pursuant to Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.1 that have, as set forth in more detail in the PJM Manuals, the metering capability to record electricity consumption at an interval of one hour or less, Supervisory Control capable of curtailing such load (consistent with applicable RERRA requirements) at each PRD Substation identified in the relevant PRD Plan or PRD registration in response to a Maximum Generation Emergency declared by the Office of the Interconnection (prior to 2022/2023Delivery Year) or a Performance Assessment Interval that

triggers a PRD performance assessment (effective with 2022/2023 Delivery Year), and a retail rate structure, or equivalent contractual arrangement, capable of changing retail rates as frequently as an hourly basis, that is linked to or based upon changes in real-time Locational Marginal Prices at a PRD Substation level and that results in a predictable automated response to varying wholesale electricity prices.

# **Price Responsive Demand Credit:**

"Price Responsive Demand Credit" shall mean a credit, based on committed Price Responsive Demand, as determined under Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.1.

# **Price Responsive Demand Plan or PRD Plan:**

"Price Responsive Demand Plan" or "PRD Plan" shall mean a plan, submitted by a PRD Provider and received by the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.1 and procedures specified in the PJM Manuals, claiming a peak demand limitation due to Price Responsive Demand to support the determination of such PRD Provider's Nominal PRD Value.

# **Public Power Entity:**

"Public Power Entity" shall mean any agency, authority, or instrumentality of a state or of a political subdivision of a state, or any corporation wholly owned by any one or more of the foregoing, that is engaged in the generation, transmission, and/or distribution of electric energy.

#### **Qualifying Transmission Upgrades:**

"Qualifying Transmission Upgrades" shall have the meaning specified in Tariff, Attachment DD.

# **Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority:**

"Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority" or "RERRA" shall have the meaning specified in the PJM Operating Agreement.

#### **Reliability Principles and Standards:**

"Reliability Principles and Standards" shall mean the principles and standards established by the Office of the Interconnection that define, among other things, an acceptable probabilistic of loss of load criteria due to inadequate generation or transmission capability, as amended from time to time.

# **Required Approvals:**

"Required Approvals" shall mean all of the approvals required for the Operating Agreement to be modified or to be terminated, in whole or in part, including the acceptance for filing by FERC and every other regulatory authority with jurisdiction over all or any part of the Operating Agreement.

# **Self-Supply:**

"Self-Supply" shall have the meaning provided in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### **Small Commercial Customer:**

"Small Commercial Customer" shall have the same meaning as in the PJM Tariff.

#### **State Consumer Advocate:**

"State Consumer Advocate" shall mean a legislatively created office from any State, all or any part of the territory of which is within the PJM Region, and the District of Columbia established, inter alia, for the purpose of representing the interests of energy consumers before the utility regulatory commissions of such states and the District of Columbia and the FERC.

# **State Regulatory Structural Change:**

"State Regulatory Structural Change" shall mean as to any Party, a state law, rule, or order that, after September 30, 2006, initiates a program that allows retail electric consumers served by such Party to choose from among alternative suppliers on a competitive basis, terminates such a program, expands such a program to include classes of customers or localities served by such Party that were not previously permitted to participate in such a program, or that modifies retail electric market structure or market design rules in a manner that materially increases the likelihood that a substantial proportion of the customers of such Party that are eligible for retail choice under such a program (a) that have not exercised such choice will exercise such choice; or (b) that have exercised such choice will no longer exercise such choice, including for example, without limitation, mandating divestiture of utility-owned generation or structural changes to such Party's default service rules that materially affect whether retail choice is economically viable.

#### **Steam Class:**

"Steam Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the steam technology type and the primary fuel is not coal or nuclear.

#### **Summer-Period Demand Resource:**

Summer-Period Demand Resource shall mean, for the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a resource that is placed under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection, and will be available June through October and the following May of the Delivery Year, and will be available for an unlimited number of interruptions during such months by the Office of the Interconnection, and will be capable of maintaining each such interruption between the hours of 10:00AM to 10:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time. The Summer-Period Demand Resource must be

available June through October and the following May in the corresponding Delivery Year to be offered for sale in an RPM Auction, or included as a Summer-Period Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan for the corresponding Delivery Year.

# **Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resource:**

Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resource shall mean, for the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or systems, meeting the requirements of Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during the summer peak periods as described in Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and the PJM Manuals) reduction in electric energy consumption that is not reflected in the peak load forecast prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention.

# **Supervisory Control:**

"Supervisory Control" shall mean the capability to curtail, in accordance with applicable RERRA requirements, load registered as Price Responsive Demand at each PRD Substation identified in the relevant PRD Plan or PRD registration in response to a Maximum Generation Emergency declared by the Office of the Interconnection. Except to the extent automation is not required by the provisions of the Operating Agreement, the curtailment shall be automated, meaning that load shall be reduced automatically in response to control signals sent by the PRD Provider or its designated agent directly to the control equipment where the load is located without the requirement for any action by the end-use customer.

# **Threshold Quantity:**

"Threshold Quantity" shall mean, as to any FRR Entity for any Delivery Year, the sum of (a) the Unforced Capacity equivalent (determined using the Pool-Wide Average EFORD through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, or pool-wide average Accredited UCAP Factor effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year) of the Installed Reserve Margin for such Delivery Year multiplied by the Preliminary Forecast Peak Load for which such FRR Entity is responsible under its FRR Capacity Plan for such Delivery Year, plus (b) the lesser of (i) 3% of the Unforced Capacity amount determined in (a) above or (ii) 450 MW. If the FRR Entity is not responsible for all load within a Zone, the Preliminary Forecast Peak Load for such entity shall be determined in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1, section D.2.

#### **Tracking Solar Class:**

"Tracking Solar Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that produce electrical energy with solar panels that are primarily mounted on trackers that align the panels with incoming sunlight over the course of the day.

#### **Transmission Facilities:**

"Transmission Facilities" shall mean facilities that: (i) are within the PJM Region; (ii) meet the definition of transmission facilities pursuant to FERC's Uniform System of Accounts or have been classified as transmission facilities in a ruling by FERC addressing such facilities; and (iii) have been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Office of the Interconnection to be integrated with the PJM Region transmission system and integrated into the planning and operation of the PJM Region to serve all of the power and transmission customers within the PJM Region.

#### **Transmission Owner:**

"Transmission Owner" shall mean a Member that owns or leases with rights equivalent to ownership Transmission Facilities and is a signatory to the PJM Transmission Owners Agreement. Taking transmission service shall not be sufficient to qualify a Member as a Transmission Owner.

#### **Unforced Capacity:**

"Unforced Capacity" shall mean installed capacity rated at summer conditions that is not on average experiencing a forced outage or forced derating, calculated for each Capacity Resource on the 12-month period from October to September without regard to the ownership of or the contractual rights to the capacity of the unit.

#### **Unlimited Resource:**

"Unlimited Resource" shall mean a generating unit having the ability to maintain output at a stated capability continuously on a daily basis without interruption. Through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, an Unlimited Resource is a Generation Capacity Resource that is not an ELCC Resource.

#### Variable Resource:

"Variable Resource" shall mean a Generation Capacity Resource with output that can vary as a function of its energy source, such as wind, solar, run of river hydroelectric power without storage, and landfill gas units without an alternate fuel source. All Intermittent Resources are Variable Resources, with the exception of Hydropower with Non-Pumped Storage.

# Winter Peak Load (or WPL):

"Winter Peak Load" or "WPL" shall mean the average of the Demand Resource customer's specific peak hourly load between hours ending 7:00 EPT through 21:00 EPT on the PJM defined 5 coincident peak days from December through February two Delivery Years prior the Delivery Year for which the registration is submitted. Notwithstanding, if the average use between hours ending 7:00 EPT through 21:00 EPT on a winter 5 coincident peak day is below 35% of the average hours ending 7:00 EPT through 21:00 EPT over all five of such peak days, then up to two such days and corresponding peak demand values may be excluded from the

calculation. Upon approval by the Office of the Interconnection, a Curtailment Service Provider may provide alternative data to calculate Winter Peak Load, as outlined in the PJM Manuals, when there is insufficient hourly load data for the two Delivery Years prior to the relevant Delivery Year or if more than two days meet the exclusion criteria described above.

# **Zonal Capacity Price:**

"Zonal Capacity Price" shall mean the clearing price required in each Zone to meet the demand for Unforced Capacity and satisfy Locational Deliverability Requirements for the LDA or LDAs associated with such Zone. If the Zone contains multiple LDAs with different Capacity Resource Clearing Prices, the Zonal Capacity Price shall be a weighted average of the Capacity Resource Clearing Prices for such LDAs, weighted by the Unforced Capacity of Capacity Resources cleared in each such LDA.

#### Zone or Zonal:

"Zone" or "Zonal" shall refer to an area within the PJM Region, as set forth in Tariff, Attachment J and RAA, Schedule 15, or as such areas may be (i) combined as a result of mergers or acquisitions or (ii) added as a result of the expansion of the boundaries of the PJM Region. A Zone shall include any Non-Zone Network Load located outside the PJM Region that is served from such Zone under Tariff, Attachment H-A.

# **Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor (ZWWAF):**

"Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor" or "ZWWAF" shall mean the PJM zonal winter weather normalized coincident peak divided by PJM zonal average of 5 coincident peak loads in December through February.

#### **SCHEDULE 8**

# **DETERMINATION OF UNFORCED CAPACITY OBLIGATIONS**

A. For each billing month during a Delivery Year, the Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation of a Party that has not elected the FRR Alternative for such Delivery Year shall be determined on a daily basis for each Zone as follows:

Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation = OPL x Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor x FPR

Where:

OPL =Obligation Peak Load, defined as the daily summation of the weather-adjusted coincident summer peak, last preceding the Delivery Year, of the end-users in such Zone (net of operating Behind The Meter Generation, but not to be less than zero) for which such Party was responsible on that billing day, as determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals, and as adjusted further to include the Obligation Peak Load associated with any Large Load Adjustment that may be allocated to the Party

Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor = the factor determined as set forth in sections
B and C of this Schedule

FPR = the Forecast Pool Requirement

Netting of Behind the Meter Generation for a Party with regard to Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation shall be subject to the following limitation:

For the 2006/2007 Planning Period, 100 percent of the operating Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation shall be netted, provided that the total amount of Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation in the PJM Region does not exceed 1500 megawatts ("Non-Retail Threshold"). For each Planning Period/Delivery Year thereafter, the Non-Retail threshold shall be proportionately increased based on load growth in the PJM Region but shall not be greater than 3000 megawatts. Load growth shall be determined by the Office of the Interconnection based on the most recent forecasted weather-adjusted coincident summer peak for the PJM Region divided by the weather-adjusted coincident peak for the previous summer for the same area. After the load growth factor is applied, the Non-Retail Threshold will be rounded up or down to the nearest whole megawatt and the rounded number shall be the Non-Retail Threshold for the current Planning Period and the base amount for calculating the Non-Retail Threshold for the succeeding planning period. If the Non-Retail Threshold is exceeded, the amount of operating Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation that a Party may net shall be adjusted according to the following formula:

Party Netting Credit = (NRT/ PJM NRBTMG) \* Party Operating NRBTMG

Where: NRBTMG is Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation

NRT is the Non-Retail Threshold

PJM NRBTMG is the total amount of Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation in the PJM Region

The total amount of Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation that is eligible for netting in the PJM Region is 3000 megawatts. Once this 3000 megawatt limit is reached, any additional Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation which operates in the PJM Region will be ineligible for netting under this section.

In addition, the Party NRBTMG Netting Credit shall be adjusted pursuant to Schedule 16 of this Agreement, if applicable.

A Party shall be required to report to PJM such information as is required to facilitate the determination of its NRBTMG Netting Credit in accordance with the procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals.

B. Following the Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, the Office of the Interconnection shall determine the Base Zonal RPM Scaling Factor and the Base Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation for each Zone for such Delivery Year as follows:

Base Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation = (ZPLDY/RPLDY) \* RUCO

and

Base Zonal RPM Scaling Factor = Base Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation / (Adjusted ZWNSP \* FPR)

#### Where:

ZPLDY = Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year

RPLDY = RTO Preliminary Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year,

RUCO = the RTO Unforced Capacity Obligation satisfied in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year,

FPR – the Forecast Pool Requirement, and,

Adjusted ZWNSP = Adjusted Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak = ZWNSP + [ZLLA \* (ZWNSP / (ZPLDY - ZLLA))]

Where:

ZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Summer Peak for the summer season concluding four years prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year, and,

ZLLA = the total zonal MW quantity of Large Load Adjustment for such Delivery Year.

For purposes of such determination, PJM shall determine the Preliminary RTO Peak Load Forecast, and the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecasts for each Zone, in accordance with the PJM Manuals for each Delivery Year no later than one month prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year. PJM shall determine the Updated RTO and Zonal Peak Load Forecasts in accordance with the PJM Manuals for each Delivery Year no later than one month prior to each of the First, Second, and Third Incremental Auctions for such Delivery Year. PJM shall determine the most recent Weather Normalized Summer Peak for each Zone no later than seven months prior to the start of the Delivery Year, and shall calculate the RTO Weather Normalized Summer Peak as the sum of the Weather Normalized Summer Peaks for all Zones. In addition, for each Zone, PJM shall determine, as applicable, the Adjusted Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak as set forth in Section B of this Schedule, where the Obligation Peak Load associated with such Large Load Adjustment is included. The Obligation Peak Load associated with such Large Load Adjustment MW will be calculated for each "zone/area" as determined by:

**LLAOPL** = the Obligation Peak Load associated with the total MW quantity of Large Load Adjustment of a Zone or separate wholesale area within the zone for such Delivery Year = **LLAMW** \* (ZWNSP / (ZPLDY - Z**LLA**))

#### Where:

**LLAMW** = the total MW quantity of Large Load Adjustment of a Zone or of a separate wholesale area within the Zone for the relevant Delivery Year,

ZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Summer Peak from most recent summer season,

ZPLDY = Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year, and,

ZLLA = the total zonal MW quantity of Large Load Adjustment for such Delivery Year.

- C. This subsection C is effective through the end of the 2024/2025 Delivery Year. The Final RTO Unforced Capacity Obligation for a Delivery Year shall be equal to the sum of the unforced capacity obligations satisfied through the Base Residual Auction and the First, Second, Third, and any Conditional Incremental Auctions for such Delivery Year. The unforced capacity obligation satisfied in an Incremental Auction may be negative if capacity is decommitted in such auction. The Final Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation for a Zone shall be equal to such Zone's pro rata share of the Final RTO Unforced Capacity Obligation for the Delivery Year based on the Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast made one month prior to the Third Incremental Auction. The Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor shall be equal to the Final Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation divided by (FPR times the Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak for the summer concluding prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year).
- C1. This subsection C1 is effective beginning with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year. The Final RTO Unforced Capacity Obligation for a Delivery Year shall be equal to the sum of the unforced capacity obligations satisfied through the Base Residual Auction and the First, Second, Third, and any Conditional Incremental Auctions for such Delivery Year. The unforced capacity obligation satisfied in an Incremental Auction may be negative if capacity is de-committed in such auction. The Final Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation for a Zone shall be equal to such Zone's pro rata share of the Final RTO Unforced Capacity Obligation for the Delivery Year based on the Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast made one month prior to the Third Incremental Auction. The Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor shall be equal to the Final Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation divided by (FPR times the Adjusted Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak of such Delivery Year).
- D. 1. No later than five months prior to the start of each Delivery Year, the Electric Distributor for a Zone shall allocate the most recent Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak for such Zone to each "zone/area" in the Zone to determine the Obligation Peak Load for each "zone/area" in such Zone.
- 2. During the Delivery Year, no later than 36 hours prior to the start of each Operating Day, the Electric Distributor shall provide to PJM for each Party to this Agreement serving load in such Electric Distributor's Zone the Obligation Peak Load for all end-use customers served by such Party in such Zone. The Electric Distributor may submit corrections to the Obligation Peak Load data up to 12:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time of the next Business Day following the Operating Day.
- 3. For purposes of such allocations, the daily sum of the Obligation Peak Loads of all Parties serving load in a given "zone/area" within the Zone must equal the Obligation Peak Load established for that "zone/area," including any Large Load Adjustment MW, determined as set forth in section B above.

# D. FRR Capacity Plans

- 1. Each FRR Entity shall submit its initial FRR Capacity Plan as required by subsection C.1 of this Schedule, and shall annually extend and update such plan by no later than one month prior to the Base Residual Auction for each succeeding Delivery Year in such plan. Each FRR Capacity Plan shall indicate the nature and current status of each resource, including the status of each Planned Generation Capacity Resource or Planned Demand Resource, the planned deactivation or retirement of any Generation Capacity Resource or Demand Resource, and the status of commitments for each sale or purchase of capacity included in such plan.
- 1.1 Beginning with the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and for all subsequent Delivery Years, the FRR Capacity Plan shall comprise only Capacity Performance Resources and Seasonal Capacity Performance Resources.
- 2. The FRR Capacity Plan of each FRR Entity that commits that it will not sell surplus Capacity Resources as a Capacity Market Seller in any auction conducted under Attachment DD of the PJM Tariff, or to any direct or indirect purchaser that uses such resource as the basis of any Sell Offer in such auction, shall designate Capacity Resources in a megawatt quantity no less than the Forecast Pool Requirement for each applicable Delivery Year times the FRR Entity's allocated share of the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year, as determined in accordance with procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals. If the FRR Entity is not responsible for all load within a Zone, the Preliminary Forecast Peak Load for such entity shall be the Base Zonal FRR Scaling Factor times the summation of the FRR Entity's MW share of the Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak last determined prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year plus the Obligation Peak Load MW associated with any Large Load Adjustment specified for such Delivery Year for any "zone/area" served by the FRR Entity's Capacity Plan. The Obligation Peak Load MW associated with a Large Load Adjustment specified for a "zonal/area" is determined as set forth in RAA, Schedule 8, section B.

The FRR Capacity Plan of each FRR Entity that does not commit that it will not sell surplus Capacity Resources as set forth above shall designate Capacity Resources at least equal to the Threshold Quantity. To the extent the FRR Entity's allocated share of the Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast exceeds the FRR Entity's allocated share of the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast, such FRR Entity's FRR Capacity Plan shall be updated to designate additional Capacity Resources in an amount no less than the Forecast Pool Requirement times such increase; provided, however, any excess megawatts of Capacity Resources included in such FRR Entity's previously designated Threshold Quantity, if any, may be used to satisfy the capacity obligation for such increased load. To the extent the FRR Entity's allocated share of the Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast is less than the FRR Entity's allocated share of the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast, such FRR Entity's FRR Capacity Plan may be updated to release previously designated Capacity Resources in an amount no greater than the Forecast Pool Requirement times such decrease. Peak load values referenced in this section shall be adjusted as necessary to take into account any applicable Nominal PRD Values approved pursuant to Schedule 6.1 of this Agreement. Any FRR Entity seeking an adjustment to peak load for Price Responsive Demand must submit a separate PRD Plan in compliance with Section 6.1 (provided that the FRR Entity shall not specify any PRD Reservation Price), and shall register all PRD-eligible load needed to

satisfy its PRD commitment and be subject to compliance charges as set forth in that Schedule under the circumstances specified therein; provided that for non-compliance by an FRR Entity, the compliance charge rate shall be equal to 1.20 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price resulting from all RPM Auctions for such Delivery Year for the LDA encompassing the FRR Entity's Zone, weight-averaged for the Delivery Year based on the prices established and quantities cleared in the RPM auctions for such Delivery Year; and provided further that an alternative PRD Provider may provide PRD in an FRR Service Area by agreement with the FRR Entity responsible for the load in such FRR Service Area, subject to the same terms and conditions as if the FRR Entity had provided the PRD.

3. As to any FRR Entity, the Base Zonal FRR Scaling Factor for each Zone in which it serves load for a Delivery Year shall equal [(ZPLDY-ZLA) / ZWNSP], where:

ZPLDY = Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Zone for such Delivery Year;

ZLLA = the Zonal MW quantity of Large Load Adjustment for such Delivery Year; and

ZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Summer Peak Load for such Zone for the summer concluding four years prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year.

Capacity Resources identified and committed in an FRR Capacity Plan shall meet all requirements under this Agreement, the PJM Tariff, and the PJM Operating Agreement applicable to Capacity Resources, including, as applicable, requirements and milestones for Planned Generation Capacity Resources and Planned Demand Resources. A Capacity Resource submitted in an FRR Capacity Plan must be on a unit-specific basis, and may not include "slice of system" or similar agreements that are not unit specific. An FRR Capacity Plan may include bilateral transactions that commit capacity for less than a full Delivery Year only if the resources included in such plan in the aggregate satisfy all obligations for all Delivery Years. All demand response, load management, energy efficiency, or similar programs on which such FRR Entity intends to rely for a Delivery Year must be included in the FRR Capacity Plan, subject to applicable demand resource constraints for the relevant Delivery Year, submitted three years in advance of such Delivery Year and must satisfy all requirements applicable to Demand Resources or Energy Efficiency Resources, as applicable, including, without limitation, those set forth in Schedule 6 to this Agreement and the PJM Manuals; provided, however, that previously uncommitted Unforced Capacity from such programs may be used to satisfy any increased capacity obligation for such FRR Entity resulting from a Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast applicable to such FRR Entity. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the FRR Entity must submit a Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan 15 business days before the deadline for submitting an FRR Capacity Plan as to any Demand Resources it intends to include in such FRR Capacity Plan and may only include in such FRR Capacity Plan Demand Resources that are approved by PJM following review of such Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan. The requirements, standards, and procedures for a Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan shall be as set forth in Schedule 6 of this Agreement, provided that all references (including deadlines) in Schedule 6, section A-1 to submission or clearing of a Demand Resource offer in an RPM Auction shall be understood for purposes of FRR Entities as referring to inclusion of a Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan, and a distinct Demand Resource Officer Certification Form

shall be applicable to FRR Entities, as shown in the PJM Manuals and provided on the PJM website.

- 5. For each LDA for which the Office of the Interconnection is required to establish a separate Variable Resource Requirement Curve for any Delivery Year addressed by such FRR Capacity Plan, the plan must include a Percentage Internal Resources Required, subject to subsections D.1.1 and D.2 of this Schedule. The Percentage Internal Resources Required will be calculated as the LDA Reliability Requirement less the CETL for the Delivery Year, as determined by the RTEP process as set forth in the PJM Manuals. Such requirement shall be expressed as a percentage of the Unforced Capacity Obligation based on the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast multiplied by the Forecast Pool Requirement. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections C.1 and C.2 of this Schedule 8.1, an FRR Entity may terminate its election of the FRR Alternative prior to meeting its minimum five year commitment without penalty for any Delivery Year after the first Delivery Year of its minimum five year FRR commitment for which the Office of the Interconnection will be required to establish a separate Variable Resource Requirement Curve by giving written notice two months prior to the Base Residual Auction for the Delivery Year. The Office of the Interconnection shall be deemed to be required to establish a separate Variable Resource Requirement Curve for an LDA if the LDA is the Eastern Mid-Atlantic Region ("EMAR"), Southwest Mid-Atlantic Region ("SWMAR"), or Mid-Atlantic Region ("MAR"), or for other LDAs if the separate modeling is required by Section 5.10(a)(ii)(A) or (B) of Attachment DD of the Tariff.
- 6. An FRR Entity may reduce the Percentage Internal Resources Required as to any LDA to the extent the FRR Entity commits to a transmission upgrade that increases the CETL for such LDA. Any such transmission upgrade shall adhere to all requirements for a Qualified Transmission Upgrade as set forth in Attachment DD to the PJM Tariff. The increase in CETL used in the FRR Capacity Plan shall be that approved by PJM prior to inclusion of any such upgrade in an FRR Capacity Plan. The FRR Entity shall designate specific additional Capacity Resources located in the LDA from which the CETL was increased, to the extent of such increase.
- 7. The Office of the Interconnection will review the adequacy of all submittals hereunder both as to timing and content. A Party that seeks to elect the FRR Alternative that submits an FRR Capacity Plan which, upon review by the Office of the Interconnection, is determined not to satisfy such Party's capacity obligations hereunder, shall not be permitted to elect the FRR Alternative. If a previously approved FRR Entity submits an FRR Capacity Plan that, upon review by the Office of the Interconnection, is determined not to satisfy such Party's capacity obligations hereunder, the Office of the Interconnection shall notify the FRR Entity, in writing, of the insufficiency within five (5) business days *after* the submittal *deadline* of the FRR Capacity Plan. Through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, if the FRR Entity does not cure such insufficiency within five (5) business days after receiving such notice of insufficiency, then such FRR Entity shall be assessed an FRR Commitment Insufficiency Charge, in an amount equal to two times the Cost of New Entry for the relevant location, in \$/MW-day, times the shortfall of Capacity Resources below the FRR Entity's capacity obligation (including any Threshold Quantity requirement) in such FRR Capacity Plan, for the remaining term of such plan. For

Delivery Years between the 2025/2026 Delivery Year through the 2028/2029 Delivery Year, no FRR Commitment Insufficiency Charge shall be assessed. Effective with the 2029/2030 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, if the FRR Entity does not cure such insufficiency within five (5) business days after receiving such notice of insufficiency, then such FRR Entity shall be assessed an FRR Commitment Insufficiency Charge, in an amount equal to the price level corresponding to point (1) of the Variable Resource Requirement curve, as provided in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.10(a)(i), for the relevant Locational Deliverability Area, in \$/MW-day, times the shortfall of Capacity Resources below the FRR Entity's capacity obligation (including any Threshold Quantity requirement) in such FRR Capacity Plan, for such Delivery Year.

- 8. In a state regulatory jurisdiction that has implemented retail choice, the FRR Entity must include in its FRR Capacity Plan all load, including expected load growth, in the FRR Service Area, notwithstanding the loss of any such load to or among alternative retail LSEs. In the case of load reflected in the FRR Capacity Plan that switches to an alternative retail LSE, where the state regulatory jurisdiction requires switching customers or the LSE to compensate the FRR Entity for its FRR capacity obligations, such state compensation mechanism will prevail. In the absence of a state compensation mechanism, the applicable alternative retail LSE shall compensate the FRR Entity at the capacity price in the unconstrained portions of the PJM Region, as determined in accordance with Attachment DD to the PJM Tariff, provided that the FRR Entity may, at any time, make a filing with FERC under Sections 205 of the Federal Power Act proposing to change the basis for compensation to a method based on the FRR Entity's cost or such other basis shown to be just and reasonable, and a retail LSE may at any time exercise its rights under Section 206 of the FPA.
- 9. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in lieu of providing the compensation described above, such alternative retail LSE may, for any Delivery Year subsequent to those addressed in the FRR Entity's then-current FRR Capacity Plan, provide to the FRR Entity Capacity Resources sufficient to meet the capacity obligation described in paragraph D.2 for the switched load. Such Capacity Resources shall meet all requirements applicable to Capacity Resources pursuant to this Agreement, the PJM Tariff, and the PJM Operating Agreement, all requirements applicable to resources committed to an FRR Capacity Plan under this Agreement, and shall be committed to service to the switched load under the FRR Capacity Plan of such FRR Entity. The alternative retail LSE shall provide the FRR Entity all information needed to fulfill these requirements and permit the resource to be included in the FRR Capacity Plan. The alternative retail LSE, rather than the FRR Entity, shall be responsible for any performance charges or compliance penalties related to the performance of the resources committed by such LSE to the switched load. For any Delivery Year, or portion thereof, the foregoing obligations apply to the alternative retail LSE serving the load during such time period. PJM shall manage the transfer accounting associated with such compensation and shall administer the collection and payment of amounts pursuant to the compensation mechanism.

Such load shall remain under the FRR Capacity Plan until the effective date of any termination of the FRR Alternative and, for such period, shall not be subject to Locational Reliability Charges under Section 7.2 of this Agreement.

# F. FRR Daily Unforced Capacity Obligations and Deficiency Charges

1. This subsection 1 is effective through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year. For each billing month during a Delivery Year, the Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation of an FRR Entity shall be determined on a daily basis for each Zone as follows:

Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation = [(OPL \* Final Zonal FRR Scaling Factor) – Nominal PRD Value committed by the FRR Entity] \* FPR

where:

OPL =Obligation Peak Load, defined as:

the daily summation of the weather-adjusted coincident summer peak, last preceding the Delivery Year, of the end-users in such Zone (net of operating Behind The Meter Generation, but not to be less than zero) for which such Party was responsible on that billing day, as determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals

Final Zonal FRR Scaling Factor = FZPLDY/FZWNSP;

FZPLDY = Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year; and

FZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Peak Load for the summer concluding prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year.

1A. This subsection 1A is effective beginning with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year. For each billing month during a Delivery Year, the Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation of an FRR Entity shall be determined on a daily basis for each Zone as follows:

Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation = [(OPL \* Final Zonal FRR Scaling Factor) – Nominal PRD Value committed by the FRR Entity] \* FPR

where:

OPL = Obligation Peak Load, defined as:

the daily summation of the weather-adjusted coincident summer peak, last preceding the Delivery Year, of the end-users in such Zone (net of operating Behind The Meter Generation, but not to be less than zero) for which such Party was responsible on that billing day, as determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals, and as adjusted further to include the Obligation Peak Load associated with any Large-Load Adjustment that may be allocated to "zone/area";

Final Zonal FRR Scaling Factor = [FZPLDY - FZLA] / FZWNSP;

FZPLDY = Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year; and

FZLLA = Final Zonal MW quantity of Large Load Adjustment for such Delivery Year; and

FZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Peak Load for the summer concluding prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year.

- 2. An FRR Entity shall be assessed an FRR Capacity Deficiency Charge in each Zone addressed in such entity's FRR Capacity Plan for each day during a Delivery Year that it fails to satisfy its Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation in each Zone. Through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, such FRR Capacity Deficiency Charge shall be in an amount equal to the deficiency below such FRR Entity's Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation for such Zone times (1.20 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price resulting from all RPM Auctions for such Delivery Year for the LDA encompassing such Zone, weight-averaged for the Delivery Year based on the prices established and quantities cleared in such auctions). Effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, such FRR Capacity Deficiency Charge shall equal the deficiency below such FRR Entity's Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation for such Zone times the price level corresponding to Point (1) of the Variable Resource Requirement curve, as provided in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.10(a)(i), for the Locational Deliverability Area encompassing the Zone of the FRR Entity.
- 3. If an FRR Entity acquires load that is not included in the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast such acquired load shall be treated in the same manner as provided in Sections H.1 and H.2 of this Schedule.
- 4. The shortages in meeting the minimum requirement within the constrained zones and the shortage in meeting the total obligation are first calculated. The shortage in the unconstrained area is calculated as the total shortage less shortages in constrained zones and excesses in constrained zones (the shortage is zero if this is a negative number). The Capacity Deficiency Charge is charged to the shortage in each zone and in the unconstrained area separately. This procedure is used to allow the use of capacity excesses from constrained zones to reduce shortage in the unconstrained area and to disallow the use of capacity excess from unconstrained area to reduce shortage in constrained zones.

# Attachment B

# Revisions to the PJM Reliability Assurance Agreement

(Clean Format)

#### **ARTICLE 1 – DEFINITIONS**

Unless the context otherwise specifies or requires, capitalized terms used herein shall have the respective meanings assigned herein or in the Schedules hereto, or in the PJM Tariff or PJM Operating Agreement if not otherwise defined in this Agreement, for all purposes of this Agreement (such definitions to be equally applicable to both the singular and the plural forms of the terms defined). Unless otherwise specified, all references herein to Articles, Sections or Schedules, are to Articles, Sections or Schedules of this Agreement. As used in this Agreement:

#### **Accredited UCAP:**

"Accredited UCAP" shall mean the quantity of Unforced Capacity, as denominated in Effective UCAP, that an ELCC Resource is capable of providing in a given Delivery Year.

#### **Accredited UCAP Factor:**

"Accredited UCAP Factor" shall mean, through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, one minus EFORd, and for 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the ratio of the Capacity Resource's Accredited UCAP to the Capacity Resource's installed capacity.

## **Agreement:**

"Agreement" shall mean this Reliability Assurance Agreement, together with all Schedules hereto, as amended from time to time.

#### **Annual Demand Resource:**

"Annual Demand Resource" shall mean a resource that is placed under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection during the Delivery Year, and will be available for an unlimited number of interruptions during such Delivery Year by the Office of the Interconnection, and will be capable of maintaining each such interruption between the hours of 10:00AM to 10:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time for the months of June through October and the following May, and 6:00AM through 9:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time for the months of November through April unless there is an Office of the Interconnection approved maintenance outage during October through April. The Annual Demand Resource must be available in the corresponding Delivery year to be offered for sale or Self-Supplied in an RPM Auction, or included as an Annual Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan for the corresponding Delivery Year.

# **Annual Energy Efficiency Resource:**

"Annual Energy Efficiency Resource" shall mean a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or systems, meeting the requirements of Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during the summer and winter periods described in such Schedule 6 and the PJM Manuals) reduction in electric energy consumption that is not reflected in the peak load forecast

prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention.

# **Applicable Regional Entity:**

"Applicable Regional Entity" shall have the same meaning as in the PJM Tariff.

# **Base Capacity Demand Resource:**

"Base Capacity Demand Resource" shall mean, for the 2018/2019 and 2019/2020 Delivery Years, a resource that is placed under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection and that will be available June through September of a Delivery Year, and will be available to the Office of the Interconnection for an unlimited number of interruptions during such months, and will be capable of maintaining each such interruption for at least a 10-hour duration between the hours of 10:00AM to 10:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time. The Base Capacity Demand Resource must be available June through September in the corresponding Delivery Year to be offered for sale or self-supplied in an RPM Auction, or included as a Base Capacity Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan for the corresponding Delivery Year.

# **Base Capacity Energy Efficiency Resource:**

"Base Capacity Energy Efficiency Resource" shall mean, for the 2018/2019 and 2019/2020 Delivery Years, a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or systems, meeting the requirements of RAA, Schedule 6 and exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during the summer peak periods as described in Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and the PJM Manuals) reduction in electric energy consumption that is not reflected in the peak load forecast prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Base Capacity Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention.

# **Base Capacity Resource:**

"Base Capacity Resource" shall have the same meaning as in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### **Base Residual Auction:**

"Base Residual Auction" shall have the same meaning as in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### **Behind The Meter Generation:**

"Behind The Meter Generation" shall refer to a generating unit that delivers energy to load without using the Transmission System or any distribution facilities (unless the entity that owns or leases the distribution facilities consented to such use of the distribution facilities and such

consent has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Office of the Interconnection; provided, however, that Behind The Meter Generation does not include (i) at any time, any portion of such generating unit's capacity that is designated as a Capacity Resource or (ii) in any hour, any portion of the output of such generating unit that is sold to another entity for consumption at another electrical location or into the PJM Interchange Energy Market.

# **Black Start Capability:**

"Black Start Capability" shall mean the ability of a generating unit or station to go from a shutdown condition to an operating condition and start delivering power without assistance from the power system.

# **Capacity Emergency Transfer Objective (CETO):**

"Capacity Emergency Transfer Objective" or "CETO" shall mean, through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, the amount of electric energy that a given area must be able to import in order to remain within a loss of load expectation of one event in 25 years when the area is experiencing a localized capacity emergency, as determined in accordance with the PJM Manuals. Without limiting the foregoing, CETO shall be, for Delivery Years through 2024/2025, calculated based in part on EFORD determined in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 5, Paragraph C. Beginning with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, CETO shall mean the amount of electric energy that a given area must be able to import in order to satisfy a normalized expected unserved energy for the area that is equal to forty percent of the normalized expected unserved energy is the expected unserved energy (for the area or RTO, as appropriate) divided by the forecasted annual energy (for the area or RTO, as appropriate), when the area is experiencing a localized capacity emergency, as determined in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

# **Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit (CETL):**

Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit" or "CETL" shall mean the capability of the transmission system to support deliveries of electric energy to a given area experiencing a localized capacity emergency as determined in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

#### **Capacity Import Limit:**

For any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, "Capacity Import Limit" shall mean, (a) for the PJM Region, (1) the maximum megawatt quantity of external Generation Capacity Resources that PJM determines for each Delivery Year, through appropriate modeling and the application of engineering judgment, the transmission system can receive, in aggregate at the interface of the PJM Region with all external balancing authority areas and deliver to load in the PJM Region under capacity emergency conditions without violating applicable reliability criteria on any bulk electric system facility of 100kV or greater, internal or external to the PJM Region, that has an electrically significant response to transfers on such interface, minus (2) the then-applicable Capacity Benefit Margin; and (b) for certain source zones identified in the PJM manuals as groupings of one or more balancing authority areas, (1)

the maximum megawatt quantity of external Generation Capacity Resources that PJM determines the transmission system can receive at the interface of the PJM Region with each such source zone and deliver to load in the PJM Region under capacity emergency conditions without violating applicable reliability criteria on any bulk electric system facility of 100kV or greater, internal or external to the PJM Region, that has an electrically significant response to transfers on such interface, minus the then-applicable Capacity Benefit Margin times (2) the ratio of the maximum import quantity from each such source zone divided by the PJM total maximum import quantity. As more fully set forth in the PJM Manuals, PJM shall make such determination based on the latest peak load forecast for the studied period, the same computer simulation model of loads, generation and transmission topography employed in the determination of Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit for such Delivery Year, including external facilities from an industry standard model of the loads, generation, and transmission topography of the Eastern Interconnection under peak conditions. PJM shall specify in the PJM Manuals the areas and minimum distribution factors for identifying monitored bulk electric system facilities that have an electrically significant response to such transfers on the PJM interface. Employing such tools, PJM shall model increased power transfers from external areas into PJM to determine the transfer level at which one or more reliability criteria is violated on any monitored bulk electric system facilities that have an electrically significant response to such transfers. For the PJM Region Capacity Import Limit, PJM shall optimize transfers from other source areas not experiencing any reliability criteria violations as appropriate to increase the Capacity Import Limit. The aggregate megawatt quantity of transfers into PJM at the point where any increase in transfers on the interface would violate reliability criteria will establish the Capacity Import Limit. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Capacity Resource located outside the PJM Region shall not be subject to the Capacity Import Limit if the Capacity Market Seller seeks an exception thereto by demonstrating to PJM, by no later than five (5) business days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the relevant RPM Auction, that such resource meets all of the following requirements:

- (i) it has, at the time such exception is requested, met all applicable requirements to be pseudo-tied into the PJM Region, or the Capacity Market Seller has committed in writing that it will meet such requirements, unless prevented from doing so by circumstances beyond the control of the Capacity Market Seller, prior to the relevant Delivery Year;
- (ii) at the time such exception is requested, it has long-term firm transmission service confirmed on the complete transmission path from such resource into PJM; and
- (iii) it is, by written commitment of the Capacity Market Seller, subject to the same obligations imposed on Generation Capacity Resources located in the PJM Region by Tariff, Attachment DD, section 6.6 to offer their capacity into RPM Auctions; provided, however, that (a) the total megawatt quantity of all exceptions granted hereunder for a Delivery Year, plus the Capacity Import Limit for the applicable interface determined for such Delivery Year, may not exceed the total megawatt quantity of Network External Designated Transmission Service on such interface that PJM has confirmed for such Delivery Year; and (b) if granting a qualified exception would result in a violation of the rule in clause (a), PJM shall grant the requested exception but reduce the Capacity Import Limit by the quantity necessary to ensure that the total quantity of Network External Designated Transmission Service is not exceeded.

# **Capacity Only Option:**

"Capacity Only Option" shall mean participation in Emergency Load Response Program or Pre-Emergency Program which allows, pursuant to Tariff, Attachment DD and as applicable, a capacity payment for the ability to reduce load during a pre-emergency or emergency event.

# **Capacity Performance Resource:**

"Capacity Performance Resource" shall have the same meaning as in Tariff, Attachment DD.

# **Capacity Resources:**

"Capacity Resources" shall mean megawatts of (i) net capacity from Existing Generation Capacity Resources or Planned Generation Capacity Resources meeting the requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedules 9 and Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 10 that are or will be owned by or contracted to a Party and that are or will be committed to satisfy that Party's obligations under the Reliability Assurance Agreement, or to satisfy the reliability requirements of the PJM Region, for a Delivery Year; (ii) net capacity from Existing Generation Capacity Resources or Planned Generation Capacity Resources not owned or contracted for by a Party which are accredited to the PJM Region pursuant to the procedures set forth in such Schedules 9 and 10; or (iii) load reduction capability provided by Demand Resources or Energy Efficiency Resources that are accredited to the PJM Region pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.

# **Capacity Storage Resource Class:**

"Capacity Storage Resource Class" shall mean the ELCC Classes specified in Schedules 9.1 and 9.2, section B of this Agreement, each of which is composed of Capacity Storage Resources with the same specified characteristic duration of 4, 6, 8, and 10 hours. The characteristic duration of an Energy Storage Resource Class is the ratio of the modeled MWh energy storage capability of members of the class to the modeled MW power capability of members of the class.

#### **Capacity Transfer Right:**

"Capacity Transfer Right" shall have the meaning specified in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### **Coal Class:**

"Coal Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources primarily fueled by coal.

#### **Combination Resource:**

"Combination Resource" shall mean a Generation Capacity Resource that has a component that has the characteristics of a Limited Duration Resource combined with (i) a component that has

the characteristics of an Unlimited Resource or (ii) a component that has the characteristics of a Variable Resource.

# **Compliance Aggregation Area (CAA):**

"Compliance Aggregation Area" or "CAA" shall have the same meaning as in the Tariff.

# **Complex Hybrid Class:**

"Complex Hybrid Class" shall mean an ELCC Class composed of Combination Resources that combine three or more components, whereby one component is a class of Limited Duration Resource, and the other components are different Variable Resource classes, and such Combination Resources cannot be included in any other Combination Resource class. A resource that is a member of a Complex Hybrid Class has a single Point Of Interconnection, unless the resource is controlled in an integrated fashion, is at a single site, and is approved by PJM to be considered a single resource in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

# Consolidated Transmission Owners Agreement, PJM Transmission Owners Agreement or Transmission Owners Agreement:

"Consolidated Transmission Owners Agreement," "PJM Transmission Owners Agreement" or "Transmission Owners Agreement" shall mean that certain Consolidated Transmission Owners Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2005, by and among the Transmission Owners and by and between the Transmission Owners and PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. on file with the Commission, as amended from time to time.

#### **Control Area:**

"Control Area" shall mean an electric power system or combination of electric power systems bounded by interconnection metering and telemetry to which a common generation control scheme is applied in order to:

- (a) match the power output of the generators within the electric power system(s) and energy purchased from entities outside the electric power system(s), with the load within the electric power system(s);
- (b) maintain scheduled interchange with other Control Areas, within the limits of Good Utility Practice;
- (c) maintain the frequency of the electric power system(s) within reasonable limits in accordance with Good Utility Practice and the criteria of NERC and each Applicable Regional Entity;
- (d) maintain power flows on transmission facilities within appropriate limits to preserve reliability; and

(e) provide sufficient generating capacity to maintain operating reserves in accordance with Good Utility Practice.

# **Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation:**

"Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation" shall mean the capacity obligation of a Load Serving Entity during the Delivery Year, determined in accordance with the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8 or, as to an FRR Entity, in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1.

# **Delivery Year:**

"Delivery Year" shall mean a Planning Period for which a Capacity Resource is committed pursuant to the auction procedures specified in Tariff, Attachment DD or pursuant to an FRR Capacity Plan under RAA, Schedule 8.1.

#### **Demand Resource (DR):**

"Demand Resource" or "DR" shall mean a Limited Demand Resource, Extended Summer Demand Resource, Annual Demand Resource, Base Capacity Demand Resource or Summer-Period Demand Resource with a demonstrated capability to provide a reduction in demand or otherwise control load in accordance with the requirements of RAA, Schedule 6 that offers and that clears load reduction capability in a Base Residual Auction or Incremental Auction or that is committed through an FRR Capacity Plan.

#### **Demand Resource Factor or DR Factor:**

"Demand Resource Factor" or "DR Factor" shall mean, for Delivery Years through May 31, 2018, that factor approved from time to time by the PJM Board used to determine the unforced capacity value of a Demand Resource in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6

#### **Demand Resource Officer Certification Form:**

"Demand Resource Officer Certification Form" shall mean a certification as to an intended Demand Resource Sell Offer, in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1 and the PJM Manuals.

# **Demand Resource Registration:**

"Demand Resource Registration" shall mean a registration in the Full Program Option or Capacity Only Option of the Emergency or Pre-Emergency Load Resource Program in accordance with Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix, section 8.

#### **Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan:**

"Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan" shall mean the plan required by Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1 in support of an intended offer of Demand Resources in an RPM Auction, or an intended inclusion of Demand Resources in an FRR Capacity Plan.

# **Diesel Utility Class:**

"Diesel Utility Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the diesel technology type that is not primarily fueled by landfill gas.

# **Effective Nameplate Capacity:**

"Effective Nameplate Capacity" shall mean (i) for each Variable Resource and Combination Resource, the resource's Maximum Facility Output (or, for a Co-Located Resource, the applicable share of the Mixed Technology Facility's Maximum Facility Output); (ii) for each Limited Duration Resource, the sustained level of output that the unit can provide and maintain over a continuous period, whereby the duration of that continuous period matches the characteristic duration of the corresponding ELCC Class, with consideration given to ambient conditions expected to exist at the time of PJM system peak load, to the extent that such conditions impact such resource's capability, not to exceed the Maximum Facility Output (or, for a Co-Located Resource, the applicable share of the Mixed Technology Facility's Maximum Facility Output). For the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, the Effective Nameplate Capacity of each Limited Duration Resource shall not exceed the greater of the Capacity Interconnection Rights of such Limited Duration Resource, or the transitional system capability as limited by the transitional resource MW ceiling as defined in the PJM Manuals, awarded for the applicable Delivery Year.

#### **Effective UCAP:**

"Effective UCAP" shall mean a unit of measure that represents the capacity product transacted in the Reliability Pricing Model and included in FRR Capacity Plans. One megawatt of Effective UCAP has the same capacity value of one megawatt of Unforced Capacity.

#### **ELCC Class:**

"ELCC Class" shall mean a defined group of ELCC Resources that share a common set of operational characteristics and for which effective load carrying capability analysis, as set forth in RAA, Schedules 9.1 and 9.2, will establish a unique ELCC Class UCAP and corresponding ELCC Class Rating(s). ELCC Classes shall be defined in the Schedules 9.1 and 9.2, section B of this Agreement. Members of an ELCC Class shall share a common method of calculating the ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment, provided that the individual ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment values will generally differ among ELCC Resources.

# **ELCC Class Rating:**

"ELCC Class Rating" shall mean the rating factor, based on effective load carrying capability analysis, that applies to ELCC Resources that are members of an ELCC Class as part of the calculation of their Accredited UCAP.

#### **ELCC Class UCAP:**

"ELCC Class UCAP" shall mean the aggregate Effective UCAP all modeled ELCC Resources in a given ELCC Class are capable of providing in a given Delivery Year.

#### **ELCC Portfolio UCAP:**

"ELCC Portfolio UCAP" shall mean the aggregate Effective UCAP that all modeled ELCC Resources are capable of providing in a given Delivery Year.

#### **ELCC Resource:**

"ELCC Resource" shall mean, through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource that is a Variable Resource, a Limited Duration Resource, or a Combination Resource, and beginning with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource or a Demand Resource.

# **ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment:**

"ELCC Resource Performance Adjustment" shall mean the performance of a specific ELCC Resource relative to the aggregate performance of the ELCC Class to which it belongs as further described in RAA, Schedule 9.1, section F and RAA, Schedule 9.2, section D.

# **Electric Cooperative:**

"Electric Cooperative" shall mean an entity owned in cooperative form by its customers that is engaged in the generation, transmission, and/or distribution of electric energy.

#### **Electric Distributor:**

"Electric Distributor" shall mean a Member that 1) owns or leases with rights equivalent to ownership of electric distribution facilities that are used to provide electric distribution service to electric load within the PJM Region; or 2) is a generation and transmission cooperative or a joint municipal agency that has a member that owns electric distribution facilities used to provide electric distribution service to electric load within the PJM Region.

#### **Emergency:**

"Emergency" shall mean (i) an abnormal system condition requiring manual or automatic action to maintain system frequency, or to prevent loss of firm load, equipment damage, or tripping of system elements that could adversely affect the reliability of an electric system or the safety of persons or property; or (ii) a fuel shortage requiring departure from normal operating procedures

in order to minimize the use of such scarce fuel; or (iii) a condition that requires implementation of emergency procedures as defined in the PJM Manuals.

#### **End-Use Customer:**

"End-Use Customer" shall mean a Member that is a retail end-user of electricity within the PJM Region. For purposes of Members Committee sector classification, a Member that is a retail end-user that owns generation may qualify as an End-Use customer if: (1) the average physical unforced capacity owned by the Member and its affiliates in the PJM region over the five Planning Periods immediately preceding the relevant Planning Period does not exceed the average PJM capacity obligation for the Member and its affiliates over the same time period; or (2) the average energy produced by the Member and its affiliates within the PJM region over the five Planning Periods immediately preceding the relevant Planning Period does not exceed the average energy consumed by that Member and its affiliates within the PJM region over the same time period. The foregoing notwithstanding, taking retail service may not be sufficient to qualify a Member as an End-Use Customer.

# **Energy Efficiency Resource:**

"Energy Efficiency Resource" shall mean a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or systems, meeting the requirements of RAA, Schedule 6 and exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during the periods described in Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and the PJM Manuals) reduction in electric energy consumption that is not reflected in the peak load forecast prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention. Annual Energy Efficiency Resources, Base Capacity Energy Efficiency Resources and Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resources are types of Energy Efficiency Resources.

# **Exigent Water Storage:**

"Exigent Water Storage" shall mean water stored in the pondage or reservoir of a hydropower resource which is not typically available during normal operating conditions (as those conditions are described in the relevant FERC hydropower license), but which can be drawn upon during emergency conditions (as described in the FERC hydropower license), including in order to avoid a load shed. In an effective load carrying capability analysis, exigent storage capability from an upstream hydro facility can be considered relative to a downstream hydro facility by assessing cascading storage and flows.

# **Existing Demand Resource:**

"Existing Demand Resource" shall mean a Demand Resource for which the Demand Resource Provider has identified existing end-use customer sites that are registered for the current Delivery Year with PJM (even if not registered by such Demand Resource Provider) and that the Demand Resource Provider reasonably expects to have under a contract to reduce load based on PJM dispatch instructions by the start of the Delivery Year for which such resource is offered.

# **Existing Generation Capacity Resource:**

"Existing Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean, for purposes of the must-offer requirement and mitigation of offers for any RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource that, as of the date on which bidding commences for such auction: (a) is in service; or (b) is not yet in service, but has cleared any RPM Auction for any prior Delivery Year. A Generation Capacity Resource shall be deemed to be in service if interconnection service has ever commenced (for resources located in the PJM Region), or if it is physically and electrically interconnected to an external Control Area and is in full commercial operation (for resources not located in the PJM Region). The additional megawatts of a Generation Capacity Resource that is being, or has been, modified to increase the number of megawatts of available installed capacity thereof shall not be deemed to be an Existing Generation Capacity Resource until such time as those megawatts (a) are in service; or (b) are not yet in service, but have cleared any RPM Auction for any prior Delivery Year.

#### **Extended Summer Demand Resource:**

"Extended Summer Demand Resource" shall mean, for Delivery Years through May 31, 2018, and for FRR Capacity Plans Delivery Years through May 31, 2019, a resource that is placed under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection and that will be available June through October and the following May, and will be available for an unlimited number of interruptions during such months by the Office of the Interconnection, and will be capable of maintaining each such interruption for at least a 10-hour duration between the hours of 10:00AM to 10:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time. The Extended Summer Demand Resource must be available June through October and the following May in the corresponding Delivery Year to be offered for sale or Self-Supplied in an RPM Auction, or included as an Extended Summer Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan for the corresponding Delivery Year.

#### **Facilities Study Agreement:**

"Facilities Study Agreement" shall have the same meaning as in Tariff, Part VI, section 206.

#### **FERC or Commission:**

"FERC" or "Commission" shall mean the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or any successor federal agency, commission or department exercising jurisdiction over the Tariff, Operating Agreement and Reliability Assurance Agreement.

# Firm Point-To-Point Transmission Service:

"Firm Point-To-Point Transmission Service" shall have the meaning specified in the Tariff.

#### Firm Service Level:

"Firm Service Level" or "FSL" of Price Responsive Demand for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years shall mean the level, determined at a PRD Substation level, to which Price Responsive Demand shall be reduced during the Delivery Year when an Emergency Action that triggers a Performance Assessment Interval is declared and the Locational Marginal Price exceeds the price associated with such Price Responsive Demand identified by the PRD Provider in its PRD Plan. "Firm Service Level" or "FSL" of Demand Resource shall mean the pre-determined level for which an end-use customer's load shall be reduced, upon notification from the Curtailment Service Provider's market operations center or its agent.

#### **Firm Transmission Service:**

"Firm Transmission Service" shall mean transmission service that is intended to be available at all times to the maximum extent practicable, subject to an Emergency, an unanticipated failure of a facility, or other event beyond the control of the owner or operator of the facility or the Office of the Interconnection.

#### **Fixed Resource Requirement Alternative or FRR Alternative:**

"Fixed Resource Requirement Alternative" or "FRR Alternative" shall mean an alternative method for a Party to satisfy its obligation to provide Unforced Capacity hereunder, as set forth in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1.

#### **Fixed-Tilt Solar Class:**

"Fixed-Tilt Solar Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that produce electrical energy with solar panels that are primarily mounted in a fixed orientation.

# **Forecast Pool Requirement:**

"Forecast Pool Requirement" or "FPR" shall mean the amount equal to one plus the unforced reserve margin (stated as a decimal number) for the PJM Region required pursuant to this Reliability Assurance Agreement, as approved by the PJM Board pursuant to Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 4.1.

# FRR Capacity Plan or FRR Plan:

"FRR Capacity Plan" or "FRR Plan" shall mean a long-term plan for the commitment of Capacity Resources and Price Responsive Demand to satisfy the capacity obligations of a Party that has elected the FRR Alternative, as more fully set forth in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1.

#### FRR Entity:

"FRR Entity" shall mean, for the duration of such election, a Party that has elected the FRR Alternative hereunder.

#### FRR Service Area:

"FRR Service Area" shall mean (a) the service territory of an IOU as recognized by state law, rule or order; (b) the service area of a Public Power Entity or Electric Cooperative as recognized by franchise or other state law, rule, or order; or (c) a separately identifiable geographic area that is: (i) bounded by wholesale metering, or similar appropriate multi-site aggregate metering, that is visible to, and regularly reported to, the Office of the Interconnection, or that is visible to, and regularly reported to an Electric Distributor and such Electric Distributor agrees to aggregate the load data from such meters for such FRR Service Area and regularly report such aggregated information, by FRR Service Area, to the Office of the Interconnection; and (ii) for which the FRR Entity has or assumes the obligation to provide capacity for all load (including load growth) within such area. In the event that the service obligations of an Electric Cooperative or Public Power Entity are not defined by geographic boundaries but by physical connections to a defined set of customers, the FRR Service Area in such circumstances shall be defined as all customers physically connected to transmission or distribution facilities of such Electric Cooperative or Public Power Entity within an area bounded by appropriate wholesale aggregate metering as described above.

# **Full Program Option:**

"Full Program Option" shall mean participation in Emergency Load Response Program or Pre-Emergency Program which allows, pursuant to Tariff, Attachment DD and as applicable, (i) an energy payment for load reductions during a pre-emergency or emergency event, and (ii) a capacity payment for the ability to reduce load during a pre-emergency or emergency event.

# **Full Requirements Service:**

"Full Requirements Service" shall mean wholesale service to supply all of the power needs of a Load Serving Entity to serve end-users within the PJM Region that are not satisfied by its own generating facilities.

#### **Gas Combined Cycle Class:**

"Gas Combined Cycle Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the combined cycle technology type that is primarily fueled by natural gas, but does not meet the requirements to be included in the Gas Combined Cycle Dual Fuel Class.

#### **Gas Combined Cycle Dual Fuel Class:**

"Gas Combined Cycle Dual Fuel Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the combined cycle technology type that is primarily fueled by natural gas, and that attests that it has the capability to start independently using onsite sources and operate independently on alternate onsite fuel source(s) up to its maximum capacity level during the

winter season of the applicable Delivery Year in which it is providing capacity, and capable of operating on the alternate fuel for two 16-hour periods over two consecutive days at its maximum capacity level.

#### **Gas Combustion Turbine Class:**

"Gas Combustion Turbine Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the combustion turbine technology type that is primarily fueled by natural gas, but does not meet the requirements to be included in the Gas Combustion Turbine Dual Fuel Class.

#### **Gas Combustion Turbine Dual Fuel Class:**

"Gas Combustion Turbine Dual Fuel Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the combustion turbine technology type that is primarily fueled by natural gas, and attests that it has the capability to start independently using onsite sources and operate independently on alternate onsite fuel source(s) up to its maximum capacity level during the winter season of the applicable Delivery Year in which it is providing capacity, and capable of operating on the alternate fuel for two 16-hour periods over two consecutive days at its maximum capacity level.

# **Generation Capacity Resource:**

"Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean a Generating Facility, or the contractual right to capacity from a specified Generating Facility, that meets the requirements of RAA, Schedule 9 and RAA, Schedule 10, and, for Generating Facilities that are committed to an FRR Capacity Plan, that meets the requirements of RAA, Schedule 8.1. A Generation Capacity Resource may be an Existing Generation Capacity Resource or a Planned Generation Capacity Resource.

# **Generation Capacity Resource Provider:**

"Generation Capacity Resource Provider" shall mean a Member that owns, or has the contractual authority to control the output of, a Generation Capacity Resource, that has not transferred such authority to another entity.

#### **Generation Owner:**

"Generation Owner" shall mean a Member that owns or leases with rights equivalent to ownership, or otherwise controls and operates one or more operating generation resources located in the PJM Region. The foregoing notwithstanding, for a planned generation resource to qualify a Member as a Generation Owner, such resource shall have cleared an RPM auction, and for Energy Resources, the resource shall have a FERC-jurisdictional interconnection agreement or wholesale market participation agreement within PJM. Purchasing all or a portion of the output of a generation resource shall not be sufficient to qualify a Member as a Generation Owner. For purposes of Members Committee sector classification, a Member that is primarily a retail end-user of electricity that owns generation may qualify as a Generation Owner if: (1) the generation resource is the subject of a FERC-jurisdictional interconnection agreement or

wholesale market participation agreement within PJM; (2) the average physical unforced capacity owned by the Member and its affiliates over the five Planning Periods immediately preceding the relevant Planning Period exceeds the average PJM capacity obligation of the Member and its affiliates over the same time period; and (3) the average energy produced by the Member and its affiliates within PJM over the five Planning Periods immediately preceding the relevant Planning Period exceeds the average energy consumed by the Member and its affiliates within PJM over the same time period.

# **Generator Forced Outage:**

"Generator Forced Outage" shall mean an immediate reduction in output or capacity or removal from service, in whole or in part, of a generating unit by reason of an Emergency or threatened Emergency, unanticipated failure, or other cause beyond the control of the owner or operator of the facility, as specified in the relevant portions of the PJM Manuals. A reduction in output or removal from service of a generating unit in response to changes in market conditions shall not constitute a Generator Forced Outage.

# **Generator Maintenance Outage:**

"Generator Maintenance Outage" shall mean the scheduled removal from service, in whole or in part, of a generating unit in order to perform repairs on specific components of the facility, if removal of the facility qualifies as a maintenance outage pursuant to the PJM Manuals.

# **Generator Planned Outage:**

"Generator Planned Outage" shall mean the scheduled removal from service, in whole or in part, of a generating unit for inspection, maintenance or repair with the approval of the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

#### **Good Utility Practice:**

"Good Utility Practice" shall mean any of the practices, methods and acts engaged in or approved by a significant portion of the electric utility industry during the relevant time period, or any of the practices, methods and acts which, in the exercise of reasonable judgment in light of the facts known at the time the decision was made, could have been expected to accomplish the desired result at a reasonable cost consistent with good business practices, reliability, safety and expedition. Good Utility Practice is not intended to be limited to the optimum practice, method, or act to the exclusion of all others, but rather is intended to include acceptable practices, methods, or acts generally accepted in the region; including those practices required by Federal Power Act Section 215(a)(4).

# **Hybrid Resource Class:**

"Hybrid Resource Class" shall mean the ELCC Classes specified in RAA Schedules 9.1 and 9.2 Section B. Each Hybrid Resource Class has a specified combination of two components, whereby, absent being part of a Combination Resource, one component would be in a Capacity

Storage Resource Class, and the other component would be in a Variable Resource Class or would be an Unlimited Resource. A resource that is a member of a Hybrid Resource Class has a single Point Of Interconnection, unless the resource is controlled in an integrated fashion, is at a single site, and is approved by PJM to be considered a single resource in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

# **Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage:**

"Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage" shall mean a hydropower facility that can capture and store incoming stream flow, without use of pumps, in pondage or a reservoir, and the Generation Owner has the ability, within the constraints available in the applicable operating license, to exert material control over the quantity of stored water and output of the facility throughout an Operating Day.

#### **Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage Class:**

"Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Combination Resources that are Hydropower With Non-Pumped Storage resources.

#### **Incremental Auction:**

"Incremental Auction" shall mean any of several auctions conducted for a Delivery Year after the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year and before the first day of such Delivery Year, including the First Incremental Auction, Second Incremental Auction, Third Incremental Auction, or Conditional Incremental Auction. Incremental Auctions (other than the Conditional Incremental Auction), shall be held for the purposes of:

- (i) allowing Market Sellers that committed Capacity Resources in the Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, which subsequently are determined to be unavailable to deliver the committed Unforced Capacity in such Delivery Year (due to resource retirement, resource cancellation or construction delay, resource derating, EFORd increase, Accredited UCAP Factor decrease, a decrease in the Nominated Demand Resource Value of a Planned Demand Resource, delay or cancellation of a Qualifying Transmission Upgrade, or similar occurrences) to submit Buy Bids for replacement Capacity Resources; and
- (ii) allowing the Office of the Interconnection to reduce or increase the amount of committed capacity secured in prior auctions for such Delivery Year if, as a result of changed circumstances or expectations since the prior auction(s), there is, respectively, a significant excess or significant deficit of committed capacity for such Delivery Year, for the PJM Region or for an LDA.

#### **Intermittent Hydropower Class:**

"Intermittent Hydropower Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that are run-of-river hydropower generators that must generally pass incoming water and

therefore cannot appreciably store water to later increase the output of the facility. Resources in the Intermittent Hydropower Class are not Hydropower with Non-Pumped Storage resources.

#### IOU:

"IOU" shall mean an investor-owned utility with substantial business interest in owning and/or operating electric facilities in any two or more of the following three asset categories: generation, transmission, distribution.

#### **Intermittent Landfill Gas Class:**

"Intermittent Landfill Gas Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources fueled by landfill gas that, because of fuel availability patterns, cannot run consistently at installed capacity levels for 24 or more hours.

# **Load Adjustment:**

"Load Adjustment" shall mean any MW quantity of adjustments to summer peak load at the "zone/area" level and summed by Zone as further detailed in PJM Manuals. For purposes of this definition, a "zone/area" is the service area within a Zone for which the relevant Electric Distributor specifies a separate Obligation Peak Load (OPL) MW value that is a separately identifiable, geographic area bounded by wholesale metering (e.g., the service territory of an operating company of a Transmission Owner).

#### **Limited Demand Resource:**

"Limited Demand Resource" shall mean, for Delivery Years through May 31, 2018, and for FRR Capacity Plans Delivery Years through May 31, 2019, a resource that is placed under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection and that will, at a minimum, be available for interruption for at least 10 Load Management Events during the summer period of June through September in the Delivery Year, and will be capable of maintaining each such interruption for at least a 6-hour duration. At a minimum, the Limited Demand Resource shall be available for such interruptions on weekdays, other than NERC holidays, from 12:00PM (noon) to 8:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time. The Limited Demand Resource must be available during the summer period of June through September in the corresponding Delivery Year to be offered for sale or Self-Supplied in an RPM Auction, or included as a Limited Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan for the corresponding Delivery Year.

#### **Limited Duration Resource:**

"Limited Duration Resource" shall mean a Generation Capacity Resource that is not a Variable Resource, that is not a Combination Resource, and that is not capable of running continuously at Maximum Facility Output for 24 hours or longer. A Capacity Storage Resource is a Limited Duration Resource.

#### **Load Serving Entity or LSE:**

"Load Serving Entity" or "LSE" shall mean any entity (or the duly designated agent of such an entity), including a load aggregator or power marketer, (i) serving end-users within the PJM Region, and (ii) that has been granted the authority or has an obligation pursuant to state or local law, regulation or franchise to sell electric energy to end-users located within the PJM Region. Load Serving Entity shall include any end-use customer that qualifies under state rules or a utility retail tariff to manage directly its own supply of electric power and energy and use of transmission and ancillary services.

# **Locational Reliability Charge:**

"Locational Reliability Charge" shall mean the charge determined pursuant to RAA, Article 7, section 2.

# **Markets and Reliability Committee:**

"Markets and Reliability Committee" shall mean the committee established pursuant to the Operating Agreement as a Standing Committee of the Members Committee.

# **Maximum Emergency Service Level:**

"Maximum Emergency Service Level" or "MESL" of Price Responsive Demand for the 2017/2018 through the 2021/2022 Delivery Years shall mean the level, determined at a PRD Substation level, to which Price Responsive Demand shall be reduced during the Delivery Year when a Maximum Generation Emergency is declared and the Locational Marginal Price exceeds the price associated with such Price Responsive Demand identified by the PRD Provider in its PRD Plan.

#### Member:

"Member" shall have the meaning provided in the Operating Agreement.

#### **Members Committee:**

"Members Committee" shall mean the committee specified in Operating Agreement, section 8 composed of the representatives of all the Members.

#### **NERC:**

"NERC" shall mean the North American Electric Reliability Corporation or any successor thereto.

#### **Network External Designated Transmission Service:**

"Network External Designated Transmission Service" shall mean the quantity of network transmission service confirmed by PJM for use by a market participant to import power and

energy from an identified Generation Capacity Resource located outside the PJM Region, upon demonstration by such market participant that it owns such Generation Capacity Resource, has an executed contract to purchase power and energy from such Generation Capacity Resource, or has a contract to purchase power and energy from such Generation Capacity Resource contingent upon securing firm transmission service from such resource.

#### **Network Resources:**

"Network Resources" shall have the meaning set forth in the PJM Tariff.

#### **Network Transmission Service:**

"Network Transmission Service" shall mean transmission service provided pursuant to the rates, terms and conditions set forth in Tariff, Part III or transmission service comparable to such service that is provided to a Load Serving Entity that is also a Transmission Owner.

#### **Nominal PRD Value:**

"Nominal PRD Value" shall mean, as to any PRD Provider, an adjustment, determined in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.1, to the peak-load forecast used to determine the quantity of capacity sought through an RPM Auction, reflecting the aggregate effect of Price Responsive Demand on peak load resulting from the Price Responsive Demand to be provided by such PRD Provider.

# **Nominated Demand Resource Value:**

"Nominated Demand Resource Value" shall have the meaning specified in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### **Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation:**

"Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation" shall mean Behind the Meter Generation that is used by municipal electric systems, electric cooperatives, and electric distribution companies to serve load.

#### **Nuclear Class:**

"Nuclear Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources primarily fueled by nuclear fuel.

#### **Obligation Peak Load:**

"Obligation Peak Load" shall have the meaning specified in Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.

#### Office of the Interconnection:

"Office of the Interconnection" shall mean the employees and agents of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., subject to the supervision and oversight of the PJM Board, acting pursuant to the Operating Agreement.

#### **Offshore Wind Class:**

"Offshore Wind Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that produce electrical energy with offshore wind turbines located in the ocean.

#### **Onshore Wind Class:**

"Onshore Wind Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that produce electrical energy using wind turbines and that are not in the Offshore Wind Class.

# Operating Agreement of the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., Operating Agreement or PJM Operating Agreement:

"Operating Agreement of the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.," "Operating Agreement" or "PJM Operating Agreement" shall mean that agreement, dated as of April 1, 1997 and as amended and restated as of June 2, 1997, including all Schedules, Exhibits, Appendices, addenda or supplements hereto, as amended from time to time thereafter, among the Members of the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C, on file with the Commission.

# **Operating Day:**

"Operating Day" shall have the same meaning as provided in the Operating Agreement.

# **Operating Reserve:**

"Operating Reserve" shall mean the amount of generating capacity scheduled to be available for a specified period of an Operating Day to ensure the reliable operation of the PJM Region, as specified in the PJM Manuals.

# **Ordinary Water Storage:**

"Ordinary Water Storage" shall mean water stored in the pondage or reservoir of a hydropower resource which is typically available during normal operating conditions pursuant to the FERC license governing the operation of the hydropower resource.

#### **Other Limited Duration Class:**

"Other Limited Duration Class" shall mean the ELCC Classes specified in RAA Schedules 9.1 and 9.2 section B of this Agreement, each of which has a specified characteristic duration and consists of Limited Duration Resources that are not Capacity Storage Resources. The

characteristic duration of an Other Limited Duration Class is the maximum period of time represented in the ELCC model that the resources of the class can run at a stated capability.

#### **Other Limited Duration Combination Class:**

"Other Limited Duration Combination Class" shall mean the ELCC Classes specified in RAA Schedules 9.1 and 9.2 section B. Each Other Limited Duration Class has a specified combination of two components, whereby, absent being part of a Combination Resource, one component would be in an Other Limited Duration Class, and the other component would be in a Variable Resource Class or would be an Unlimited Resource. A resource that is a member of an Other Limited Duration Combination Class has a single Point Of Interconnection, unless the resource is controlled in an integrated fashion, is at a single site, and is approved by PJM to be considered a single resource in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

# **Other Supplier:**

"Other Supplier" shall mean a Member that: (i) is engaged in buying, selling or transmitting electric energy, capacity, ancillary services, Financial Transmission Rights or other services available under PJM's governing documents in or through the Interconnection or has a good faith intent to do so, and (ii) is not a Generation Owner, Electric Distributor, Transmission Owner or End-Use Customer.

# **Other Unlimited Resource Class:**

"Other Unlimited Resource Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources that do not qualify for any other ELCC Class specified in RAA Schedule 9.2, section D.

#### **Other Variable Resource Class:**

"Other Variable Resource Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that are not in any other Variable Resource class, including Variable Resources that are composed of multiple components, each of which would be a Variable Resource. A resource composed of both fixed-tilt solar panels and tracking solar panels is not in this class. A resource that is a member of a Other Variable Resource Class has a single Point Of Interconnection, unless the resource is controlled in an integrated fashion, is at a single site, and is approved by PJM to be considered a single resource in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

# **Partial Requirements Service:**

"Partial Requirements Service" shall mean wholesale service to supply a specified portion, but not all, of the power needs of a Load Serving Entity to serve end-users within the PJM Region that are not satisfied by its own generating facilities.

# Party:

"Party" shall mean an entity bound by the terms of the Operating Agreement.

# **Peak Shaving Adjustment:**

"Peak Shaving Adjustment" shall mean a load forecast mechanism that allows load reductions by end-use customers to result in a downward adjustment of the summer load forecast for the associated Zone. Any End-Use Customer identified in an approved peak shaving plan shall not also participate in PJM Markets as Price Responsive Demand, Demand Resource, Base Capacity Demand Resource, Capacity Performance Demand Resource, or Economic Load Response Participant.

# **Percentage Internal Resources Required:**

"Percentage Internal Resources Required" shall mean, for purposes of an FRR Capacity Plan, the percentage of the LDA Reliability Requirement for an LDA that must be satisfied with Capacity Resources located in such LDA.

#### **Performance Assessment Interval:**

"Performance Assessment Interval" shall have the meaning specified in Tariff, Attachment DD.

#### PJM:

"PJM" shall mean PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., including the Office of the Interconnection as referenced in the PJM Operating Agreement. When such term is being used in the RAA it shall also include the PJM Board.

#### PJM Board:

"PJM Board" shall mean the Board of Managers of the LLC, acting pursuant to the Operating Agreement, except when such term is being used in Tariff, Attachment M, in which case PJM Board shall mean the Board of Managers of PJM or its designated representative, exclusive of any members of PJM Management.

#### **PJM Manuals:**

"PJM Manuals" shall mean the instructions, rules, procedures and guidelines established by the Office of the Interconnection for the operation, planning and accounting requirements of the PJM Region.

# **PJM Region:**

"PJM Region" shall have the same meaning as provided in the Operating Agreement.

# PJM Region Installed Reserve Margin:

"PJM Region Installed Reserve Margin" shall mean the percent installed reserve margin for the PJM Region required pursuant to Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 4.1, as approved by the PJM Board.

# PJM Tariff, Tariff, O.A.T.T., OATT or PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff:

"PJM Tariff," "C.A.T.T., "OATT" or "PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff" shall mean that certain PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, including any schedules, appendices, or exhibits attached thereto, on file with FERC and as amended from time to time thereafter.

#### **Planned Demand Resource:**

"Planned Demand Resource" shall mean any Demand Resource that does not currently have the capability to provide a reduction in demand or to otherwise control load, but that is scheduled to be capable of providing such reduction or control on or before the start of the Delivery Year for which such resource is to be committed, as determined in accordance with the requirements of Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6. As set forth in Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1, a Demand Resource Provider submitting a DR Sell Offer Plan shall identify as Planned Demand Resources in such plan all Demand Resources in excess of those that qualify as Existing Demand Resources.

# **Planned External Generation Capacity Resource:**

"Planned External Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean a proposed Generation Capacity Resource, or a proposed increase in the capability of a Generation Capacity Resource, that (a) is to be located outside the PJM Region, (b) participates in the generation interconnection process of a Control Area external to PJM, (c) is scheduled to be physically and electrically interconnected to the transmission facilities of such Control Area on or before the first day of the Delivery Year for which such resource is to be committed to satisfy the reliability requirements of the PJM Region, and (d) is in full commercial operation prior to the first day of such Delivery Year, such that it is sufficient to provide the Installed Capacity set forth in the Sell Offer forming the basis of such resource's commitment to the PJM Region. Prior to participation in any Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that it has a fully executed system impact study agreement (or other documentation which is functionally equivalent to a System Impact Study Agreement under the PJM Tariff) or, for resources which are greater than 20MWs participating in a Base Residual Auction for the 2019/2020 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, an agreement or other documentation which is functionally equivalent to a Facilities Study Agreement under the PJM Tariff), with the transmission owner to whose transmission facilities or distribution facilities the resource is being directly connected, and, as applicable, the transmission provider. Prior to participating in any Incremental Auction for such Delivery Year, the Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate it has entered into an interconnection agreement, or such other documentation that is functionally equivalent to an Interconnection Service Agreement under the PJM Tariff, with the transmission owner to whose transmission facilities or distribution facilities the resource is being directly connected, and, as applicable, the transmission provider. A Planned External Generation Capacity Resource must provide evidence to PJM that it has been studied as a Network

Resource, or such other similar interconnection product in such external Control Area, must provide contractual evidence that it has applied for or purchased transmission service to be deliverable to the PJM border, and must provide contractual evidence that it has applied for transmission service to be deliverable to the bus at which energy is to delivered, the agreements for which must have been executed prior to participation in any Reliability Pricing Model Auction for such Delivery Year. Any such resource shall cease to be considered a Planned External Generation Capacity Resource as of the earlier of (i) the date that interconnection service commences as to such resource; or (ii) the resource has cleared an RPM Auction, in which case it shall become an Existing Generation Capacity Resource for purposes of the mitigation of offers for any RPM Auction for all subsequent Delivery Years.

# **Planned Generation Capacity Resource:**

"Planned Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean a Generation Capacity Resource, or additional megawatts to increase the size of a Generation Capacity Resource that is being or has been modified to increase the number of megawatts of available installed capacity thereof, participating in the generation interconnection process under Tariff, Part IV, Subpart A, as applicable, for which: (i) Interconnection Service is scheduled to commence on or before the first day of the Delivery Year for which such resource is to be committed to RPM or to an FRR Capacity Plan; (ii) for any such resource seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction, or for any such resource of 20 MWs or less seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction, a System Impact Study Agreement (or, for resources for which a System Impact Study Agreement is not required, has such other agreement or documentation that is functionally equivalent to a System Impact Study Agreement) has been executed prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year; (iii) for any such resource of more than 20 MWs seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction for the 2019/2020 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Facilities Study Agreement (or, for resources for which a Facilities Study Agreement is not required, has such other agreement or documentation that is functionally equivalent to a Facility Studies Agreement) has been executed prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year; and (iv) an Interconnection Service Agreement has been executed prior to any Incremental Auction for such Delivery Year in which such resource plans to participate. For purposes of the mustoffer requirement and mitigation of offers for any RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource shall cease to be considered a Planned Generation Capacity Resource as of the earlier of (i) the date that Interconnection Service commences as to such resource; or (ii) the resource has cleared an RPM Auction for any Delivery Year, in which case it shall become an Existing Generation Capacity Resource for any RPM Auction for all subsequent Delivery Years.

#### **Planning Period:**

"Planning Period" shall mean the 12 months beginning June 1 and extending through May 31 of the following year, or such other period approved by the Members Committee.

#### **Portfolio Expected Unserved Energy:**

"Portfolio Expected Unserved Energy" shall mean the annual amount of expected unserved energy, in MWh, that is expected for the RTO when at the annual reliability criteria that provides an acceptable level of reliability consistent with the Reliability Principles and Standards.

#### **PRD Curve:**

"PRD Curve" shall mean a price-consumption curve at a PRD Substation level, if available, and otherwise at a Zonal (or sub-Zonal LDA, if applicable) level, that details the base consumption level of Price Responsive Demand and the decreasing consumption levels at increasing prices.

#### PRD Provider:

"PRD Provider" shall mean a PJM Member that has entered contractual arrangements with enduse customers that satisfy the eligibility criteria for and provides Price Responsive Demand.

## PRD Provider's Zonal Expected Peak Load Value of PRD:

"PRD Provider's Zonal Expected Peak Load Value of PRD" shall mean the expected contribution to Delivery Year peak load of a PRD Provider's Price Responsive Demand, were such demand not to be reduced in response to price, based on the contribution of the end-use customers comprising such Price Responsive Demand to the most recent prior Delivery Year's peak demand, escalated to the Delivery Year in question, as determined in a manner consistent with the Office of the Interconnection's load forecasts used for purposes of the RPM Auctions.

### **PRD Reservation Price:**

"PRD Reservation Price" shall mean an RPM Auction clearing price identified in a PRD Plan for Price Responsive Demand load below which the PRD Provider desires not to commit the identified load as Price Responsive Demand.

#### **PRD Substation:**

"PRD Substation" shall mean an electrical substation that is located in the same Zone or in the same sub-Zonal LDA as the end-use customers identified in a PRD Plan or PRD registration and that, in terms of the electrical topography of the Transmission Facilities comprising the PJM Region, is as close as practicable to such loads.

# **Price Responsive Demand:**

"Price Responsive Demand" or "PRD" shall mean end-use customer load registered by a PRD Provider pursuant to Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.1 that have, as set forth in more detail in the PJM Manuals, the metering capability to record electricity consumption at an interval of one hour or less, Supervisory Control capable of curtailing such load (consistent with applicable RERRA requirements) at each PRD Substation identified in the relevant PRD Plan or PRD registration in response to a Maximum Generation Emergency declared by the Office of the Interconnection (prior to 2022/2023Delivery Year) or a Performance Assessment Interval that

triggers a PRD performance assessment (effective with 2022/2023 Delivery Year), and a retail rate structure, or equivalent contractual arrangement, capable of changing retail rates as frequently as an hourly basis, that is linked to or based upon changes in real-time Locational Marginal Prices at a PRD Substation level and that results in a predictable automated response to varying wholesale electricity prices.

## **Price Responsive Demand Credit:**

"Price Responsive Demand Credit" shall mean a credit, based on committed Price Responsive Demand, as determined under Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.1.

# **Price Responsive Demand Plan or PRD Plan:**

"Price Responsive Demand Plan" or "PRD Plan" shall mean a plan, submitted by a PRD Provider and received by the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.1 and procedures specified in the PJM Manuals, claiming a peak demand limitation due to Price Responsive Demand to support the determination of such PRD Provider's Nominal PRD Value.

# **Public Power Entity:**

"Public Power Entity" shall mean any agency, authority, or instrumentality of a state or of a political subdivision of a state, or any corporation wholly owned by any one or more of the foregoing, that is engaged in the generation, transmission, and/or distribution of electric energy.

### **Qualifying Transmission Upgrades:**

"Qualifying Transmission Upgrades" shall have the meaning specified in Tariff, Attachment DD.

## **Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority:**

"Relevant Electric Retail Regulatory Authority" or "RERRA" shall have the meaning specified in the PJM Operating Agreement.

### **Reliability Principles and Standards:**

"Reliability Principles and Standards" shall mean the principles and standards established by the Office of the Interconnection that define, among other things, an acceptable probabilistic of loss of load criteria due to inadequate generation or transmission capability, as amended from time to time.

## **Required Approvals:**

"Required Approvals" shall mean all of the approvals required for the Operating Agreement to be modified or to be terminated, in whole or in part, including the acceptance for filing by FERC and every other regulatory authority with jurisdiction over all or any part of the Operating Agreement.

## **Self-Supply:**

"Self-Supply" shall have the meaning provided in Tariff, Attachment DD.

### **Small Commercial Customer:**

"Small Commercial Customer" shall have the same meaning as in the PJM Tariff.

### **State Consumer Advocate:**

"State Consumer Advocate" shall mean a legislatively created office from any State, all or any part of the territory of which is within the PJM Region, and the District of Columbia established, inter alia, for the purpose of representing the interests of energy consumers before the utility regulatory commissions of such states and the District of Columbia and the FERC.

# **State Regulatory Structural Change:**

"State Regulatory Structural Change" shall mean as to any Party, a state law, rule, or order that, after September 30, 2006, initiates a program that allows retail electric consumers served by such Party to choose from among alternative suppliers on a competitive basis, terminates such a program, expands such a program to include classes of customers or localities served by such Party that were not previously permitted to participate in such a program, or that modifies retail electric market structure or market design rules in a manner that materially increases the likelihood that a substantial proportion of the customers of such Party that are eligible for retail choice under such a program (a) that have not exercised such choice will exercise such choice; or (b) that have exercised such choice will no longer exercise such choice, including for example, without limitation, mandating divestiture of utility-owned generation or structural changes to such Party's default service rules that materially affect whether retail choice is economically viable.

### **Steam Class:**

"Steam Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Unlimited Resources of the steam technology type and the primary fuel is not coal or nuclear.

#### **Summer-Period Demand Resource:**

Summer-Period Demand Resource shall mean, for the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a resource that is placed under the direction of the Office of the Interconnection, and will be available June through October and the following May of the Delivery Year, and will be available for an unlimited number of interruptions during such months by the Office of the Interconnection, and will be capable of maintaining each such interruption between the hours of 10:00AM to 10:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time. The Summer-Period Demand Resource must be

available June through October and the following May in the corresponding Delivery Year to be offered for sale in an RPM Auction, or included as a Summer-Period Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan for the corresponding Delivery Year.

# **Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resource:**

Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resource shall mean, for the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a project, including installation of more efficient devices or equipment or implementation of more efficient processes or systems, meeting the requirements of Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and exceeding then-current building codes, appliance standards, or other relevant standards, designed to achieve a continuous (during the summer peak periods as described in Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6 and the PJM Manuals) reduction in electric energy consumption that is not reflected in the peak load forecast prepared for the Delivery Year for which the Summer-Period Energy Efficiency Resource is proposed, and that is fully implemented at all times during such Delivery Year, without any requirement of notice, dispatch, or operator intervention.

## **Supervisory Control:**

"Supervisory Control" shall mean the capability to curtail, in accordance with applicable RERRA requirements, load registered as Price Responsive Demand at each PRD Substation identified in the relevant PRD Plan or PRD registration in response to a Maximum Generation Emergency declared by the Office of the Interconnection. Except to the extent automation is not required by the provisions of the Operating Agreement, the curtailment shall be automated, meaning that load shall be reduced automatically in response to control signals sent by the PRD Provider or its designated agent directly to the control equipment where the load is located without the requirement for any action by the end-use customer.

# **Threshold Quantity:**

"Threshold Quantity" shall mean, as to any FRR Entity for any Delivery Year, the sum of (a) the Unforced Capacity equivalent (determined using the Pool-Wide Average EFORD through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, or pool-wide average Accredited UCAP Factor effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year) of the Installed Reserve Margin for such Delivery Year multiplied by the Preliminary Forecast Peak Load for which such FRR Entity is responsible under its FRR Capacity Plan for such Delivery Year, plus (b) the lesser of (i) 3% of the Unforced Capacity amount determined in (a) above or (ii) 450 MW. If the FRR Entity is not responsible for all load within a Zone, the Preliminary Forecast Peak Load for such entity shall be determined in accordance with Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 8.1, section D.2.

### **Tracking Solar Class:**

"Tracking Solar Class" shall mean an ELCC Class consisting of Variable Resources that produce electrical energy with solar panels that are primarily mounted on trackers that align the panels with incoming sunlight over the course of the day.

#### **Transmission Facilities:**

"Transmission Facilities" shall mean facilities that: (i) are within the PJM Region; (ii) meet the definition of transmission facilities pursuant to FERC's Uniform System of Accounts or have been classified as transmission facilities in a ruling by FERC addressing such facilities; and (iii) have been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Office of the Interconnection to be integrated with the PJM Region transmission system and integrated into the planning and operation of the PJM Region to serve all of the power and transmission customers within the PJM Region.

### **Transmission Owner:**

"Transmission Owner" shall mean a Member that owns or leases with rights equivalent to ownership Transmission Facilities and is a signatory to the PJM Transmission Owners Agreement. Taking transmission service shall not be sufficient to qualify a Member as a Transmission Owner.

### **Unforced Capacity:**

"Unforced Capacity" shall mean installed capacity rated at summer conditions that is not on average experiencing a forced outage or forced derating, calculated for each Capacity Resource on the 12-month period from October to September without regard to the ownership of or the contractual rights to the capacity of the unit.

#### **Unlimited Resource:**

"Unlimited Resource" shall mean a generating unit having the ability to maintain output at a stated capability continuously on a daily basis without interruption. Through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, an Unlimited Resource is a Generation Capacity Resource that is not an ELCC Resource.

#### Variable Resource:

"Variable Resource" shall mean a Generation Capacity Resource with output that can vary as a function of its energy source, such as wind, solar, run of river hydroelectric power without storage, and landfill gas units without an alternate fuel source. All Intermittent Resources are Variable Resources, with the exception of Hydropower with Non-Pumped Storage.

# Winter Peak Load (or WPL):

"Winter Peak Load" or "WPL" shall mean the average of the Demand Resource customer's specific peak hourly load between hours ending 7:00 EPT through 21:00 EPT on the PJM defined 5 coincident peak days from December through February two Delivery Years prior the Delivery Year for which the registration is submitted. Notwithstanding, if the average use between hours ending 7:00 EPT through 21:00 EPT on a winter 5 coincident peak day is below 35% of the average hours ending 7:00 EPT through 21:00 EPT over all five of such peak days, then up to two such days and corresponding peak demand values may be excluded from the

calculation. Upon approval by the Office of the Interconnection, a Curtailment Service Provider may provide alternative data to calculate Winter Peak Load, as outlined in the PJM Manuals, when there is insufficient hourly load data for the two Delivery Years prior to the relevant Delivery Year or if more than two days meet the exclusion criteria described above.

## **Zonal Capacity Price:**

"Zonal Capacity Price" shall mean the clearing price required in each Zone to meet the demand for Unforced Capacity and satisfy Locational Deliverability Requirements for the LDA or LDAs associated with such Zone. If the Zone contains multiple LDAs with different Capacity Resource Clearing Prices, the Zonal Capacity Price shall be a weighted average of the Capacity Resource Clearing Prices for such LDAs, weighted by the Unforced Capacity of Capacity Resources cleared in each such LDA.

### Zone or Zonal:

"Zone" or "Zonal" shall refer to an area within the PJM Region, as set forth in Tariff, Attachment J and RAA, Schedule 15, or as such areas may be (i) combined as a result of mergers or acquisitions or (ii) added as a result of the expansion of the boundaries of the PJM Region. A Zone shall include any Non-Zone Network Load located outside the PJM Region that is served from such Zone under Tariff, Attachment H-A.

# **Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor (ZWWAF):**

"Zonal Winter Weather Adjustment Factor" or "ZWWAF" shall mean the PJM zonal winter weather normalized coincident peak divided by PJM zonal average of 5 coincident peak loads in December through February.

#### **SCHEDULE 8**

## **DETERMINATION OF UNFORCED CAPACITY OBLIGATIONS**

A. For each billing month during a Delivery Year, the Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation of a Party that has not elected the FRR Alternative for such Delivery Year shall be determined on a daily basis for each Zone as follows:

Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation = OPL x Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor x FPR

Where:

OPL =Obligation Peak Load, defined as the daily summation of the weather-adjusted coincident summer peak, last preceding the Delivery Year, of the end-users in such Zone (net of operating Behind The Meter Generation, but not to be less than zero) for which such Party was responsible on that billing day, as determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals, and as adjusted further to include the Obligation Peak Load associated with any Load Adjustment that may be allocated to the Party

Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor = the factor determined as set forth in sections
B and C of this Schedule

FPR = the Forecast Pool Requirement

Netting of Behind the Meter Generation for a Party with regard to Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation shall be subject to the following limitation:

For the 2006/2007 Planning Period, 100 percent of the operating Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation shall be netted, provided that the total amount of Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation in the PJM Region does not exceed 1500 megawatts ("Non-Retail Threshold"). For each Planning Period/Delivery Year thereafter, the Non-Retail threshold shall be proportionately increased based on load growth in the PJM Region but shall not be greater than 3000 megawatts. Load growth shall be determined by the Office of the Interconnection based on the most recent forecasted weather-adjusted coincident summer peak for the PJM Region divided by the weather-adjusted coincident peak for the previous summer for the same area. After the load growth factor is applied, the Non-Retail Threshold will be rounded up or down to the nearest whole megawatt and the rounded number shall be the Non-Retail Threshold for the current Planning Period and the base amount for calculating the Non-Retail Threshold for the succeeding planning period. If the Non-Retail Threshold is exceeded, the amount of operating Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation that a Party may net shall be adjusted according to the following formula:

Party Netting Credit = (NRT/ PJM NRBTMG) \* Party Operating NRBTMG

Where: NRBTMG is Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation

NRT is the Non-Retail Threshold

PJM NRBTMG is the total amount of Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation in the PJM Region

The total amount of Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation that is eligible for netting in the PJM Region is 3000 megawatts. Once this 3000 megawatt limit is reached, any additional Non-Retail Behind the Meter Generation which operates in the PJM Region will be ineligible for netting under this section.

In addition, the Party NRBTMG Netting Credit shall be adjusted pursuant to Schedule 16 of this Agreement, if applicable.

A Party shall be required to report to PJM such information as is required to facilitate the determination of its NRBTMG Netting Credit in accordance with the procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals.

B. Following the Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, the Office of the Interconnection shall determine the Base Zonal RPM Scaling Factor and the Base Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation for each Zone for such Delivery Year as follows:

Base Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation = (ZPLDY/RPLDY) \* RUCO

and

Base Zonal RPM Scaling Factor = Base Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation / (Adjusted ZWNSP \* FPR)

#### Where:

ZPLDY = Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year

RPLDY = RTO Preliminary Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year,

RUCO = the RTO Unforced Capacity Obligation satisfied in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year,

FPR – the Forecast Pool Requirement, and,

Adjusted ZWNSP = Adjusted Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak = ZWNSP + [ZLA \* (ZWNSP / (ZPLDY - ZLA))]

Where:

ZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Summer Peak for the summer season concluding four years prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year, and,

ZLA = the total zonal MW quantity of Load Adjustment for such Delivery Year.

For purposes of such determination, PJM shall determine the Preliminary RTO Peak Load Forecast, and the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecasts for each Zone, in accordance with the PJM Manuals for each Delivery Year no later than one month prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year. PJM shall determine the Updated RTO and Zonal Peak Load Forecasts in accordance with the PJM Manuals for each Delivery Year no later than one month prior to each of the First, Second, and Third Incremental Auctions for such Delivery Year. PJM shall determine the most recent Weather Normalized Summer Peak for each Zone no later than seven months prior to the start of the Delivery Year, and shall calculate the RTO Weather Normalized Summer Peak as the sum of the Weather Normalized Summer Peaks for all Zones. In addition, for each Zone, PJM shall determine, as applicable, the Adjusted Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak as set forth in Section B of this Schedule, where the Obligation Peak Load associated with such Load Adjustment is included. The Obligation Peak Load associated with such Load Adjustment MW will be calculated for each "zone/area" as determined by:

LAOPL = the Obligation Peak Load associated with the total MW quantity of Load Adjustment of a Zone or separate wholesale area within the zone for such Delivery Year = LAMW \* (ZWNSP / (ZPLDY - ZLA))

Where:

LAMW = the total MW quantity of Load Adjustment of a Zone or of a separate wholesale area within the Zone for the relevant Delivery Year,

ZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Summer Peak from most recent summer season,

ZPLDY = Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year, and,

ZLA = the total zonal MW quantity of Load Adjustment for such Delivery Year.

C. This subsection C is effective through the end of the 2024/2025 Delivery Year. The Final RTO Unforced Capacity Obligation for a Delivery Year shall be equal to the sum of the unforced capacity obligations satisfied through the Base

Residual Auction and the First, Second, Third, and any Conditional Incremental Auctions for such Delivery Year. The unforced capacity obligation satisfied in an Incremental Auction may be negative if capacity is decommitted in such auction. The Final Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation for a Zone shall be equal to such Zone's pro rata share of the Final RTO Unforced Capacity Obligation for the Delivery Year based on the Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast made one month prior to the Third Incremental Auction. The Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor shall be equal to the Final Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation divided by (FPR times the Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak for the summer concluding prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year).

- C1. This subsection C1 is effective beginning with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year. The Final RTO Unforced Capacity Obligation for a Delivery Year shall be equal to the sum of the unforced capacity obligations satisfied through the Base Residual Auction and the First, Second, Third, and any Conditional Incremental Auctions for such Delivery Year. The unforced capacity obligation satisfied in an Incremental Auction may be negative if capacity is de-committed in such auction. The Final Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation for a Zone shall be equal to such Zone's pro rata share of the Final RTO Unforced Capacity Obligation for the Delivery Year based on the Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast made one month prior to the Third Incremental Auction. The Final Zonal RPM Scaling Factor shall be equal to the Final Zonal Unforced Capacity Obligation divided by (FPR times the Adjusted Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak of such Delivery Year).
- D. 1. No later than five months prior to the start of each Delivery Year, the Electric Distributor for a Zone shall allocate the most recent Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak for such Zone to each "zone/area" in the Zone to determine the Obligation Peak Load for each "zone/area" in such Zone.
- 2. During the Delivery Year, no later than 36 hours prior to the start of each Operating Day, the Electric Distributor shall provide to PJM for each Party to this Agreement serving load in such Electric Distributor's Zone the Obligation Peak Load for all end-use customers served by such Party in such Zone. The Electric Distributor may submit corrections to the Obligation Peak Load data up to 12:00PM Eastern Prevailing Time of the next Business Day following the Operating Day.
- 3. For purposes of such allocations, the daily sum of the Obligation Peak Loads of all Parties serving load in a given "zone/area" within the Zone must equal the Obligation Peak Load established for that "zone/area," including any Load Adjustment MW, determined as set forth in section B above.

## D. FRR Capacity Plans

- 1. Each FRR Entity shall submit its initial FRR Capacity Plan as required by subsection C.1 of this Schedule, and shall annually extend and update such plan by no later than one month prior to the Base Residual Auction for each succeeding Delivery Year in such plan. Each FRR Capacity Plan shall indicate the nature and current status of each resource, including the status of each Planned Generation Capacity Resource or Planned Demand Resource, the planned deactivation or retirement of any Generation Capacity Resource or Demand Resource, and the status of commitments for each sale or purchase of capacity included in such plan.
- 1.1 Beginning with the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and for all subsequent Delivery Years, the FRR Capacity Plan shall comprise only Capacity Performance Resources and Seasonal Capacity Performance Resources.
- 2. The FRR Capacity Plan of each FRR Entity that commits that it will not sell surplus Capacity Resources as a Capacity Market Seller in any auction conducted under Attachment DD of the PJM Tariff, or to any direct or indirect purchaser that uses such resource as the basis of any Sell Offer in such auction, shall designate Capacity Resources in a megawatt quantity no less than the Forecast Pool Requirement for each applicable Delivery Year times the FRR Entity's allocated share of the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year, as determined in accordance with procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals. If the FRR Entity is not responsible for all load within a Zone, the Preliminary Forecast Peak Load for such entity shall be the Base Zonal FRR Scaling Factor times the summation of the FRR Entity's MW share of the Zonal Weather Normalized Summer Peak last determined prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year plus the Obligation Peak Load MW associated with any Load Adjustment specified for such Delivery Year for any "zone/area" served by the FRR Entity's Capacity Plan. The Obligation Peak Load MW associated with a Load Adjustment specified for a "zonal/area" is determined as set forth in RAA, Schedule 8, section B.

The FRR Capacity Plan of each FRR Entity that does not commit that it will not sell surplus Capacity Resources as set forth above shall designate Capacity Resources at least equal to the Threshold Quantity. To the extent the FRR Entity's allocated share of the Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast exceeds the FRR Entity's allocated share of the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast, such FRR Entity's FRR Capacity Plan shall be updated to designate additional Capacity Resources in an amount no less than the Forecast Pool Requirement times such increase; provided, however, any excess megawatts of Capacity Resources included in such FRR Entity's previously designated Threshold Quantity, if any, may be used to satisfy the capacity obligation for such increased load. To the extent the FRR Entity's allocated share of the Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast is less than the FRR Entity's allocated share of the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast, such FRR Entity's FRR Capacity Plan may be updated to release previously designated Capacity Resources in an amount no greater than the Forecast Pool Requirement times such decrease. Peak load values referenced in this section shall be adjusted as necessary to take into account any applicable Nominal PRD Values approved pursuant to Schedule 6.1 of this Agreement. Any FRR Entity seeking an adjustment to peak load for Price Responsive Demand must submit a separate PRD Plan in compliance with Section 6.1 (provided that the FRR Entity shall not specify any PRD Reservation Price), and shall register all PRD-eligible load needed to

satisfy its PRD commitment and be subject to compliance charges as set forth in that Schedule under the circumstances specified therein; provided that for non-compliance by an FRR Entity, the compliance charge rate shall be equal to 1.20 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price resulting from all RPM Auctions for such Delivery Year for the LDA encompassing the FRR Entity's Zone, weight-averaged for the Delivery Year based on the prices established and quantities cleared in the RPM auctions for such Delivery Year; and provided further that an alternative PRD Provider may provide PRD in an FRR Service Area by agreement with the FRR Entity responsible for the load in such FRR Service Area, subject to the same terms and conditions as if the FRR Entity had provided the PRD.

3. As to any FRR Entity, the Base Zonal FRR Scaling Factor for each Zone in which it serves load for a Delivery Year shall equal [(ZPLDY-ZLA) / ZWNSP], where:

ZPLDY = Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Zone for such Delivery Year;

ZLA = the Zonal MW quantity of Load Adjustment for such Delivery Year; and

ZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Summer Peak Load for such Zone for the summer concluding four years prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year.

Capacity Resources identified and committed in an FRR Capacity Plan shall meet all requirements under this Agreement, the PJM Tariff, and the PJM Operating Agreement applicable to Capacity Resources, including, as applicable, requirements and milestones for Planned Generation Capacity Resources and Planned Demand Resources. A Capacity Resource submitted in an FRR Capacity Plan must be on a unit-specific basis, and may not include "slice of system" or similar agreements that are not unit specific. An FRR Capacity Plan may include bilateral transactions that commit capacity for less than a full Delivery Year only if the resources included in such plan in the aggregate satisfy all obligations for all Delivery Years. All demand response, load management, energy efficiency, or similar programs on which such FRR Entity intends to rely for a Delivery Year must be included in the FRR Capacity Plan, subject to applicable demand resource constraints for the relevant Delivery Year, submitted three years in advance of such Delivery Year and must satisfy all requirements applicable to Demand Resources or Energy Efficiency Resources, as applicable, including, without limitation, those set forth in Schedule 6 to this Agreement and the PJM Manuals; provided, however, that previously uncommitted Unforced Capacity from such programs may be used to satisfy any increased capacity obligation for such FRR Entity resulting from a Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast applicable to such FRR Entity. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the FRR Entity must submit a Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan 15 business days before the deadline for submitting an FRR Capacity Plan as to any Demand Resources it intends to include in such FRR Capacity Plan and may only include in such FRR Capacity Plan Demand Resources that are approved by PJM following review of such Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan. The requirements, standards, and procedures for a Demand Resource Sell Offer Plan shall be as set forth in Schedule 6 of this Agreement, provided that all references (including deadlines) in Schedule 6, section A-1 to submission or clearing of a Demand Resource offer in an RPM Auction shall be understood for purposes of FRR Entities as referring to inclusion of a Demand Resource in an FRR Capacity Plan, and a distinct Demand Resource Officer Certification Form

shall be applicable to FRR Entities, as shown in the PJM Manuals and provided on the PJM website.

- 5. For each LDA for which the Office of the Interconnection is required to establish a separate Variable Resource Requirement Curve for any Delivery Year addressed by such FRR Capacity Plan, the plan must include a Percentage Internal Resources Required, subject to subsections D.1.1 and D.2 of this Schedule. The Percentage Internal Resources Required will be calculated as the LDA Reliability Requirement less the CETL for the Delivery Year, as determined by the RTEP process as set forth in the PJM Manuals. Such requirement shall be expressed as a percentage of the Unforced Capacity Obligation based on the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast multiplied by the Forecast Pool Requirement. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections C.1 and C.2 of this Schedule 8.1, an FRR Entity may terminate its election of the FRR Alternative prior to meeting its minimum five year commitment without penalty for any Delivery Year after the first Delivery Year of its minimum five year FRR commitment for which the Office of the Interconnection will be required to establish a separate Variable Resource Requirement Curve by giving written notice two months prior to the Base Residual Auction for the Delivery Year. The Office of the Interconnection shall be deemed to be required to establish a separate Variable Resource Requirement Curve for an LDA if the LDA is the Eastern Mid-Atlantic Region ("EMAR"), Southwest Mid-Atlantic Region ("SWMAR"), or Mid-Atlantic Region ("MAR"), or for other LDAs if the separate modeling is required by Section 5.10(a)(ii)(A) or (B) of Attachment DD of the Tariff.
- 6. An FRR Entity may reduce the Percentage Internal Resources Required as to any LDA to the extent the FRR Entity commits to a transmission upgrade that increases the CETL for such LDA. Any such transmission upgrade shall adhere to all requirements for a Qualified Transmission Upgrade as set forth in Attachment DD to the PJM Tariff. The increase in CETL used in the FRR Capacity Plan shall be that approved by PJM prior to inclusion of any such upgrade in an FRR Capacity Plan. The FRR Entity shall designate specific additional Capacity Resources located in the LDA from which the CETL was increased, to the extent of such increase.
- 7. The Office of the Interconnection will review the adequacy of all submittals hereunder both as to timing and content. A Party that seeks to elect the FRR Alternative that submits an FRR Capacity Plan which, upon review by the Office of the Interconnection, is determined not to satisfy such Party's capacity obligations hereunder, shall not be permitted to elect the FRR Alternative. If a previously approved FRR Entity submits an FRR Capacity Plan that, upon review by the Office of the Interconnection, is determined not to satisfy such Party's capacity obligations hereunder, the Office of the Interconnection shall notify the FRR Entity, in writing, of the insufficiency within five (5) business days *after* the submittal *deadline* of the FRR Capacity Plan. Through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, if the FRR Entity does not cure such insufficiency within five (5) business days after receiving such notice of insufficiency, then such FRR Entity shall be assessed an FRR Commitment Insufficiency Charge, in an amount equal to two times the Cost of New Entry for the relevant location, in \$/MW-day, times the shortfall of Capacity Resources below the FRR Entity's capacity obligation (including any Threshold Quantity requirement) in such FRR Capacity Plan, for the remaining term of such plan. For

Delivery Years between the 2025/2026 Delivery Year through the 2028/2029 Delivery Year, no FRR Commitment Insufficiency Charge shall be assessed. Effective with the 2029/2030 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, if the FRR Entity does not cure such insufficiency within five (5) business days after receiving such notice of insufficiency, then such FRR Entity shall be assessed an FRR Commitment Insufficiency Charge, in an amount equal to the price level corresponding to point (1) of the Variable Resource Requirement curve, as provided in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.10(a)(i), for the relevant Locational Deliverability Area, in \$/MW-day, times the shortfall of Capacity Resources below the FRR Entity's capacity obligation (including any Threshold Quantity requirement) in such FRR Capacity Plan, for such Delivery Year.

- 8. In a state regulatory jurisdiction that has implemented retail choice, the FRR Entity must include in its FRR Capacity Plan all load, including expected load growth, in the FRR Service Area, notwithstanding the loss of any such load to or among alternative retail LSEs. In the case of load reflected in the FRR Capacity Plan that switches to an alternative retail LSE, where the state regulatory jurisdiction requires switching customers or the LSE to compensate the FRR Entity for its FRR capacity obligations, such state compensation mechanism will prevail. In the absence of a state compensation mechanism, the applicable alternative retail LSE shall compensate the FRR Entity at the capacity price in the unconstrained portions of the PJM Region, as determined in accordance with Attachment DD to the PJM Tariff, provided that the FRR Entity may, at any time, make a filing with FERC under Sections 205 of the Federal Power Act proposing to change the basis for compensation to a method based on the FRR Entity's cost or such other basis shown to be just and reasonable, and a retail LSE may at any time exercise its rights under Section 206 of the FPA.
- 9. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in lieu of providing the compensation described above, such alternative retail LSE may, for any Delivery Year subsequent to those addressed in the FRR Entity's then-current FRR Capacity Plan, provide to the FRR Entity Capacity Resources sufficient to meet the capacity obligation described in paragraph D.2 for the switched load. Such Capacity Resources shall meet all requirements applicable to Capacity Resources pursuant to this Agreement, the PJM Tariff, and the PJM Operating Agreement, all requirements applicable to resources committed to an FRR Capacity Plan under this Agreement, and shall be committed to service to the switched load under the FRR Capacity Plan of such FRR Entity. The alternative retail LSE shall provide the FRR Entity all information needed to fulfill these requirements and permit the resource to be included in the FRR Capacity Plan. The alternative retail LSE, rather than the FRR Entity, shall be responsible for any performance charges or compliance penalties related to the performance of the resources committed by such LSE to the switched load. For any Delivery Year, or portion thereof, the foregoing obligations apply to the alternative retail LSE serving the load during such time period. PJM shall manage the transfer accounting associated with such compensation and shall administer the collection and payment of amounts pursuant to the compensation mechanism.

Such load shall remain under the FRR Capacity Plan until the effective date of any termination of the FRR Alternative and, for such period, shall not be subject to Locational Reliability Charges under Section 7.2 of this Agreement.

# F. FRR Daily Unforced Capacity Obligations and Deficiency Charges

1. This subsection 1 is effective through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year. For each billing month during a Delivery Year, the Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation of an FRR Entity shall be determined on a daily basis for each Zone as follows:

Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation = [(OPL \* Final Zonal FRR Scaling Factor) – Nominal PRD Value committed by the FRR Entity] \* FPR

where:

OPL =Obligation Peak Load, defined as:

the daily summation of the weather-adjusted coincident summer peak, last preceding the Delivery Year, of the end-users in such Zone (net of operating Behind The Meter Generation, but not to be less than zero) for which such Party was responsible on that billing day, as determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals

Final Zonal FRR Scaling Factor = FZPLDY/FZWNSP;

FZPLDY = Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year; and

FZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Peak Load for the summer concluding prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year.

1A. This subsection 1A is effective beginning with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year. For each billing month during a Delivery Year, the Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation of an FRR Entity shall be determined on a daily basis for each Zone as follows:

Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation = [(OPL \* Final Zonal FRR Scaling Factor) – Nominal PRD Value committed by the FRR Entity] \* FPR

where:

OPL = Obligation Peak Load, defined as:

the daily summation of the weather-adjusted coincident summer peak, last preceding the Delivery Year, of the end-users in such Zone (net of operating Behind The Meter Generation, but not to be less than zero) for which such Party was responsible on that billing day, as determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals, and as adjusted further to include the Obligation Peak Load associated with any Load Adjustment that may be allocated to "zone/area";

Final Zonal FRR Scaling Factor = [FZPLDY - FZLA] / FZWNSP;

FZPLDY = Final Zonal Peak Load Forecast for such Delivery Year; and

FZLA = Final Zonal MW quantity of Load Adjustment for such Delivery Year; and

FZWNSP = Zonal Weather-Normalized Peak Load for the summer concluding prior to the commencement of such Delivery Year.

- 2. An FRR Entity shall be assessed an FRR Capacity Deficiency Charge in each Zone addressed in such entity's FRR Capacity Plan for each day during a Delivery Year that it fails to satisfy its Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation in each Zone. Through the 2024/2025 Delivery Year, such FRR Capacity Deficiency Charge shall be in an amount equal to the deficiency below such FRR Entity's Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation for such Zone times (1.20 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price resulting from all RPM Auctions for such Delivery Year for the LDA encompassing such Zone, weight-averaged for the Delivery Year based on the prices established and quantities cleared in such auctions). Effective with the 2025/2026 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, such FRR Capacity Deficiency Charge shall equal the deficiency below such FRR Entity's Daily Unforced Capacity Obligation for such Zone times the price level corresponding to Point (1) of the Variable Resource Requirement curve, as provided in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.10(a)(i), for the Locational Deliverability Area encompassing the Zone of the FRR Entity.
- 3. If an FRR Entity acquires load that is not included in the Preliminary Zonal Peak Load Forecast such acquired load shall be treated in the same manner as provided in Sections H.1 and H.2 of this Schedule.
- 4. The shortages in meeting the minimum requirement within the constrained zones and the shortage in meeting the total obligation are first calculated. The shortage in the unconstrained area is calculated as the total shortage less shortages in constrained zones and excesses in constrained zones (the shortage is zero if this is a negative number). The Capacity Deficiency Charge is charged to the shortage in each zone and in the unconstrained area separately. This procedure is used to allow the use of capacity excesses from constrained zones to reduce shortage in the unconstrained area and to disallow the use of capacity excess from unconstrained area to reduce shortage in constrained zones.