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June 11, 2013

Honorable Kimberly D. Bose
Secretary
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
888 First Street, NE.
Washington, D.C. 20426-0001

Re: *PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.*; ER13- 1659 -000

Dear Ms. Bose:

Pursuant to Section 205 of the Federal Power Act, 16 U.S.C. § 824d, and Section 35.13 of the regulations of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (“FERC” or the “Commission”), 18 C.F.R. Part 35, PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. (“PJM LLC”) and PJM Settlement, Inc. (“PJM Settlement”) (collectively “PJM”)¹ hereby submits for filing revised sheets of the Open Access Transmission Tariff (“Tariff”) and the Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of PJM (“Operating Agreement”).² The purpose of the proposed revisions is to incorporate changes to PJM’s governing agreements to allow it and its Market Participants to qualify for an exemption of specified market transactions from the provisions of the Commodity Exchange Act (“CEA”)³ and Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) regulations. PJM respectfully requests that the Commission accept the proposed revisions for filing, allowing them to become effective no later than August 12, 2013.

¹ Beginning January 1, 2011, the administration of PJM’s credit practices and requirements are coordinated by PJM Settlement. In addition, PJM Settlement serves as the counterparty to transactions occurring under the Tariff and Operating Agreement, and invoices Members for the transactions in PJM Markets. *See, PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.*, 132 FERC ¶ 61,205 (2010). As the independent regional transmission organization (“RTO”) and administrator of the PJM Tariff, PJM has the authority to submit these Tariff and Operating Agreement revisions pursuant to Section 205 of the Federal Power Act. *See, Tariff* § 9.2 (providing PJM with exclusive and unilateral Section 205 filing rights regarding changes to the terms and conditions of the Tariff, except for those provided to the Transmission Owners as specified in the first sentence of Section 9.1); *Operating Agreement* § 18.6(a) (providing the procedures for amending the Operating Agreement, consisting of a review by the PJM Board and approved by the Members Committee). References to “PJM” set forth in this transmittal letter shall refer to PJM Interconnection, LLC, and/or PJM Settlement, Inc., as appropriate.

² Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein have the meaning specified in the PJM Operating Agreement or the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, as appropriate.

³ 7 U.S.C. 1 *et seq.*

I. Background

In 2010, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (“Dodd-Frank Act”)⁴ amended the CEA by expanding the scope of the CFTC’s jurisdiction in such a way as to raise the question of whether the CFTC exercised regulatory jurisdiction over certain transactions in the PJM energy and energy-related markets. In February, 2012, a group of regional transmission organizations (“RTOs”) and independent system operators (“ISOs”), including PJM (collectively, the “Petitioners”), jointly filed a petition with the CFTC requesting that it exercise its authority under the CEA to exempt contracts, agreements and transactions for the purchase or sale of specified electricity products from most provisions of the CEA. More specifically, the Petitioners requested that the CFTC exempt certain “financial transmission rights” (“FTRs”), “energy transactions,” “forward capacity transactions” and “reserve or regulation transactions,” if such transactions are offered or entered into pursuant to a FERC-approved tariff.

Ultimately, in response, the CFTC issued a final order on March 28, 2013, granting the requested exemption for the stated transactions on certain conditions (“CFTC Final Order”).⁵ Salient to this filing, to be eligible for the exemptive relief granted in the CFTC Final Order, the specified transactions must be offered or entered into in a market administered by an RTO or ISO pursuant to its FERC⁶-approved Tariff and must be entered into solely between entities that are either:

- a) “Appropriate persons,” as that term is defined is defined in the CEA, but, generally, most applicable to PJM Members, that means, a corporation, partnership, proprietorship, organization, trust or other business entity with a net worth exceeding \$1 million, or total assets exceeding \$5 million, or the obligations of which under the agreement, contract or transaction are guaranteed or otherwise supported by a letter of credit by an eligible entity⁷, or;
- b) An “eligible contract participant,” as that term is defined in the CEA, but, generally, means a corporation, partnership, proprietorship, organization, trust or other business entity that has total assets exceeding \$10 million, the obligation of which under an

⁴ See, Dodd-Frank Act, Pub. L. No. 111-203, 124 Stat. 1376 (2010).

⁵ See, Final Order in Response to a Petition From Certain Independent System Operators and Regional Transmission Organizations to Exempt Specified Transactions Authorized by a Tariff or Protocol Approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or the Public Utility Commission of Texas From Certain Provisions of the Commodity Exchange Act Pursuant to the Authority Provided in the Act, 78 Fed. Reg. 19880 (April 2, 2013) (“CFTC Final Order”).

⁶ One of the Petitioners, the Electric Reliability Council of Texas (“ERCOT”), is not subject to Commission jurisdiction and, for the purposes of its exemption, must meet any comparable, applicable requirements established by the Public Utility Commission of Texas (“PUCT”). When spoken of generically in this transmittal, references to the “FERC” or the “Commission,” should be read to include the PUCT, where applicable.

⁷ 7 U.S.C. 6(c)(3)

agreement, contract or transaction are guaranteed, or has a net worth exceeding \$1 million and enters into an agreement, contract or transactions in connection with the conduct of the entity's business or to manage the risk associated with an asset or liability owned or incurred by the entity⁸, or;

- c) Persons who are in the business of:
 - a. Generating, transmitting, or distributing electric energy, or
 - b. Providing electric energy services that are necessary to support the reliable operation of the transmission system.⁹

In addition to the eligibility requirement described above, prior to the issuance of final exemptive relief with respect to a specific ISO or RTO, the CFTC required Petitioners to show: they have adopted in their Tariffs all requirements set forth in this Commission's regulations establishing credit practices in organized wholesale electric markets;¹⁰ such provisions have been approved or permitted to take effect by the Commission, and; such provisions have become effective and been fully implemented by the respective RTO or ISO.¹¹ Additionally, as a condition precedent to the issuance of the exemption, the CFTC required each requesting party to provide a legal opinion or memorandum to provide the CFTC assurance that any netting arrangements contained in the approach selected by the RTO or ISO to satisfy this Commission's credit reform regulations will, in fact, provide the requesting party with enforceable rights of set-off against any of its Market Participants.

PJM has already satisfied these conditions precedent. In March, 2012, the Commission approved revisions to PJM's governing agreements which were filed in response to the Commission's directives in Order No. 741 and 741-A,¹² finding that those revisions were consistent with the Commission's requirements.¹³ Additionally, PJM has already provided a legal opinion to CFTC staff regarding its netting arrangements in satisfaction of that condition.

Finally, the CFTC's Final Order also included two information-sharing conditions. The first condition prohibits a requesting party from including any requirement in its Tariff or other governing documents that would require the requesting party to notify a Market Participant prior

⁸ 7 U.S.C. 1(a)(18)

⁹ See, 78 Fed.Reg. 19880, 19897. Under the authority granted to it by section 4(c)(3)(K) of the CEA, the CFTC expanded the definition of "appropriate persons," to include such persons that "...actively participates in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electric energy."

¹⁰ 18 C.F.R. § 35.45, *et seq.*

¹¹ 78 Fed. Reg. 19880, 19883.

¹² *Credit Reforms in Organized Wholesale Electric Markets*, Order No. 741, FERC Stats. & Regs. ¶ 31,317 (2010), *order on reh'g*, Order No. 741-A, FERC Stats. & Regs. ¶ 31,320 (2011), *order denying reh'g*, Order No. 741-B, 135 FERC ¶ 61,242 (2011).

¹³ *PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.*, 136 FERC ¶ 61,190 (September 15, 2011), *order denying reh'g*, 138 FERC ¶ 61,182 (March 15, 2012), *order accepting compliance filing*, 138 FERC ¶ 61,183 (March 15, 2012).

to providing information to the CFTC in response to a subpoena or other request for information. Revisions to PJM's Tariff and Operating Agreement are offered with this filing to satisfy this condition. Secondly, the exemption is conditioned upon adopting information sharing arrangements between the CFTC and the Commission. PJM understands that the CFTC and the Commission have entered into a Memorandum of Understanding which covers, among other things, the data sharing arrangements between the two agencies and, therefore, no further action is required with regard to this second condition.

The exemption granted by the CFTC will avoid unnecessary and duplicative regulation for products and services that have been developed under the regulatory observation of the Commission and provide regulatory certainty for PJM and its Market Participants. Accordingly, this filing offers rule revisions in two areas to realize the objective. First, PJM submits the necessary amendments to its Tariff and Operating Agreement here to satisfy the conditions addressing CFTC access to member confidential information. In addition, while not explicitly required as a condition of the CFTC's Final Order, PJM is proposing to amend its governing agreements to limit eligibility for market participation to those entities that can establish that they are, indeed, "appropriate persons," "eligible contract participants," or entities that actively participate in the generation, transmission or distribution of electric energy. Requiring Market Participants to make this demonstration ensures that PJM does not unwittingly become subject to potential additional regulatory requirements of the CEA. As such, appropriate revisions to Attachment Q of PJM's Tariff have been offered with this filing to explicitly require that Market Participants certify that they meet at least one of the applicable parties eligible for exemption.

II. Proposed Revisions

A. Information and Data Sharing

To address the first condition – that PJM amend its governing agreements to remove any requirement that it notify its members prior to providing information to the CFTC in response to a subpoena or other request for information – PJM proposes to amend Section 18.17.3 of the Operating Agreement (relating to disclosure of confidential information to FERC) to include the CFTC as a regulatory commission to which PJM must provide requested confidential information without prior notice to the affected member. Essentially, this provision remains largely the same but for the inclusion of the CFTC and relevant regulatory citations. Additionally, PJM has offered some language to clarify the role of PJM in notifying affected members in the event that it receives written notice from, either, the Commission or the CFTC, plans to release publicly confidential information previously provided by PJM. The proposed revision merely puts the CFTC in the same position as the Commission in accessing Member confidential information and, accordingly, should facilitate cooperation between the agencies, particularly in matters of enforcement where manipulative trading schemes can, and sometimes do, cross different markets regulated by different agencies.

A nearly identical provision relating to responsibility of PJM's Market Monitoring Unit to disclose confidential information or data to the Commission is set forth at Section I.C of the Appendix to Attachment M of the PJM's Tariff, and PJM proposes to make corresponding

revisions to incorporate the CFTC. In addition, a non-substantive change is proposed in paragraph 2 of this section to correct a reference to an earlier section in the document.

The Commission has previously accepted similar requirements in addressing the CFTC's conditions¹⁴, and, likewise, seeks acceptance of the rule amendments offered here.

B. Market Participation Eligibility and Certification

As mentioned previously, while not an explicit condition to qualify for the exemptive relief offered by the CFTC, PJM, and its membership, have determined that the most prudent and only realistic approach to address that aspect of the CFTC's Final Order limiting the exemption to Market Participants that meet the stated eligibility requirements is to amend PJM's governing agreements to limit eligibility for market participation to those entities that can establish that they are, indeed, "appropriate persons," "eligible contract participants," or entities that actively participate in the generation, transmission or distribution of electric energy. Practically speaking, because many transacting PJM members already qualify as actively participating in the generation, transmission or distribution of electric energy or, as a result of PJM's existing Minimum Participation Requirements adopted in response to Order No. 741 and 741-A, already meet the minimum financial wherewithal standards to qualify as an "appropriate person," PJM expects very few, if any, currently transacting Members will fail to meet the eligibility requirements proposed here.¹⁵

In this regard, PJM has proposed the addition of Section Ia.A to Attachment Q of the Tariff, requiring that Market Participants demonstrate, in accordance with PJM's Risk Management and Verification processes, that it qualifies to participate, and is eligible to transact in PJM Markets, as: a) an "appropriate person;" b) an "an eligible contract participant;" c) a business entity or person who is in the business of generating, transmitting or distributing electric energy, or provides energy services that are necessary to support the reliable operation of the transmission system; d) a Market Participant seeking eligibility as an "appropriate person" providing an unlimited Corporate Guaranty from an issuer that has at least \$1 million of total net worth or \$5 million of total assets for each Participant for which the issuer is issuing an

¹⁴ See, *California Independent System Operator*, 142 FERC ¶ 61,069 (January 29, 2013).

¹⁵ In reviewing PJM's records, it appears that approximately 224 out of PJM's more than 860 Members may have to provide further evidence to PJM to certify their eligibility as an "appropriate persons," or that they otherwise qualify for an exemption. However, it is important to note that of that number, only approximately half transact in PJM's Markets, while the remaining have not participated in any market activity and their intentions to do so remain unknown. Therefore, while the number of entities potentially affected by the proposed change may facially appear large, only a subset of those Members - representing approximately 15% of PJM's total number of Members - are actually transacting in PJM's Markets and, in total, account for relatively low transactional activity when compared to PJM's market transactions as a whole. Further, all but one PJM Member complied with the Commission-approved Order No. 741 minimum participation requirements when implemented by PJM in June 2012. Based on past history and the Member's acclamation support of these proposed revisions to PJM's Credit Policy, PJM expects the vast majority of PJM Members to be able to provide the proposed support of eligibility for the CFTC exemption.

unlimited Corporate Guaranty¹⁶, or; e) a Market Participant providing a letter of credit of at least \$5 million to PJM Settlement, which the Market Participant understands and acknowledges is separate from, and cannot be applied to meet, its applicable credit requirements to PJM.

Because PM is relying upon the representations of its Market Participants to establish and maintain compliance with federal regulatory requirements, it will require that a Market Participant notify PJM Settlement, and cease conducting transactions in PJM's Markets, if the Market Participant determines that it cannot meet the threshold eligibility requirements set forth in proposed Section Ia.A. Equally, PJM Settlement shall have the right to terminate a Market Participant's transactions rights in the PJM Market if, at any time, it becomes aware that the Market Participant does not meet the minimum eligibility requirements. In the event that a Market Participant can no longer demonstrate it meets the minimum eligibility requirements, and possesses any open forward positions in PJM's Markets, PJM Settlement may take any action as it deems necessary with respect to such forward positions, including liquidation or sale, provided, however, that the Market Participant will be entitled to any positive market value of those positions (net of any obligations owed to PJM Settlement).

Finally, Market Participants will be required to make an annual certification (due every April 30) to PJM Settlement that they continually meet the eligibility criteria and, as such, PJM has proposed to revise the Officer Certification Form appended to Attachment Q to include certifications that the entity meets one of eligibility criteria listed above. For those entities that PJM cannot determine, based upon available data and information, whether they meet the eligibility criteria, it will require those entities to issue interim certification forms no later than September 30, 2013, to establish their eligibility.

These proposed revisions are necessary to avoid the uncertainty that would follow from having PJM transact with Market Participants that are unable to qualify under the CFTC's requirements. Transactions with such parties who could not avail themselves of the exemptive relief provided by the CFTC's Final Order would subject both PJM and the Market Participant to an argument that such transactions should have been undertaken, settled and reported subject to Dodd-Frank Act requirements. Neither PJM, nor its larger membership, wants to face this uncertainty and confusion.

C. Clarification of PJM Settlement Standing to Pursue Collection Efforts.

Lastly, PJM offers clarifying revisions to Sections 15.2 and 15.2.1 of the Operating Agreement relating to the ability of PJM Settlement to enforce and pursue collection efforts against members in default. This changes should have been made explicit when PJM submitted its governing agreement revisions in response to the directives of Order No. 741 and 741-A, and is relevant here because it substantiates PJM Settlement's legal standing to pursue collection

¹⁶ That is, an issuer of the Corporate Guaranty must establish \$1 million of total net worth, or \$5 million of total assets, for each entity that it intends to guaranty. So, if the issuer of an unlimited Corporate Guaranty intends to guaranty two entities, the issuer must establish a total net worth of at least \$2 million, or demonstrate that it has \$10 million of total assets.

efforts and, in some measure, strengthens the identify of PJM Settlement as the counterparty to market transactions, thereby, strengthening its claim to enforce set-offs and netting.

In particular, at Section 15.2, PJM has proposed to remove the independent ability of a Member that has paid a default allocation assessment following a Member default to pursue collection efforts for that assessment against the defaulting Member. Allowing Members the independent ability to pursue collection efforts against default Members is inconsistent with creating PJM Settlement as the single counterparty to market transactions and the administrator of PJM's credit policy. While Members will no longer will have the ability to pursue collection efforts in their own name (and, arguably, with the creation of PJM Settlement, they no longer had a legal basis to pursue independent collection efforts in any event), they still will qualify for a return of any monies, *pro rata*, which PJM Settlement recovers in its collection efforts.

Similarly, Section 15.3 of the Operating Agreement has been changed to remove the requirement that a majority of Members explicitly authorize PJM Settlement to pursue and collect any amounts in default and now gives PJM Settlement the ability to purse collections as it deems necessary. However, prior to initiating any such action, PJM Settlement will confer with the Members and consider any advisory motion made by the Members.

III. Stakeholder Support

On May 30, 2013, the PJM Members Committee met and endorsed the proposed Tariff revisions with no Members opposed and one abstention.

Similarly, on May 30, 2013, the PJM Members Committee approved the proposed Operating Agreement revision with no Members opposed and one abstention.

IV. Effective Date

The exemption provided by the CFTC does not become effective with respect to any particular ISO or RTO until that entity has complied with all of the specified prerequisites provided in the Final Order. Thus, some regulatory uncertainty existed as to whether PJM would need to immediately comply with the provisions of the CEA and applicable CFTC regulations while it developed the appropriate governing agreement revisions through PJM's stakeholder process, and, as such, PJM, along with the other RTOs and ISOs, sought to extend the interim no-action relief which had been granted to the Petitioners and those participating in Petitioners' markets under FERC-approved Tariffs in October, 2012. In a letter issued on March 29, 2012, the CFTC extended its no-action relief, giving the Petitioners until September 30, 2013, to request and implement any governing agreement changes necessary to allow them to qualify for the exemption. PJM has submitted the Tariff and Operating Agreement revisions here, requesting that they be made effective no later than August 12, 2013, to afford PJM ample time to modify, send and receive the Officer Certification Forms from those entities that it cannot determine meet the minimum eligibility criteria proposed herein, before the expiration of the no-action relief issued by CFTC staff.

V. Documents Submitted

Along with this transmittal letter, PJM submits electronic versions of the revisions to the Tariff and Operating Agreement in both marked (showing the changes) and clean formats.

VI. Correspondence and Communication

The following individuals are designated for inclusion on the official service list in this proceeding and for receipt of any communication regarding this filing:

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VII. Service

PJM has served a copy of this filing on all PJM Members and on all state utility regulatory commissions in the PJM Region by posting this filing electronically. Electronic service is permitted as of November 3, 2008, under the Commission's regulations¹⁷ pursuant to Order No. 714¹⁸ and the Commission's Notice of Effectiveness of Regulations issued on October 28, 2008, in Docket No. RM01-5-000. In compliance with those regulations, PJM will post a copy of this filing to the FERC filings section of the its internet site, located at the following link: <http://www.pjm.com/documents/ferc-manuals/ferc-filings.aspx> with a specific link to the newly filed document, and will send an e-mail on the same date as this filing to all PJM Members and all state utility regulatory commissions in the PJM Region¹⁹ alerting them that this filing has been made by PJM today and available by following such link. If the document is not immediately available by using the referenced link, the document will be available through the referenced link within 24 hours of the filing. Also, a copy of this filing will be available on the Commission's eLibrary website located at the following link: <http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/elibrary.asp> in accordance with the Commission's regulations and Order No. 714.

¹⁷ See, 18 C.F.R. §§ 35.2, 154.2, 154.208 and 341.2.

¹⁸ *Electronic Tariff Filings*, Order No. 714, 124 FERC ¶ 61,270

¹⁹ PJM already maintains updates and regularly uses e-mail lists for all PJM Members and affected commissions.

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Respectfully submitted,



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Attachment A

Revisions to the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff and PJM Operating Agreement

(Marked / Redline Format)

Section(s) of the
PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff
(Marked / Redline Format)

ATTACHMENT M – APPENDIX

I. CONFIDENTIALITY OF DATA AND INFORMATION

A. Party Access:

1. No Member shall have a right hereunder to receive or review any documents, data or other information of another Member, including documents, data or other information provided to the Market Monitoring Unit, to the extent such documents, data or information have been designated as confidential pursuant to the procedures adopted by the Market Monitoring Unit or to the extent that they have been designated as confidential by such other Member; provided, however, a Member may receive and review any composite documents, data and other information that may be developed based on such confidential documents, data or information if the composite does not disclose any individual Member's confidential data or information.

2. Except as may be provided in this Appendix, the Plan, the PJM Operating Agreement or in the PJM Tariff, the Market Monitoring Unit shall not disclose to its Members or to third parties, any documents, data, or other information of a Member or entity applying for Membership, to the extent such documents, data, or other information has been designated confidential pursuant to the procedures adopted by the Market Monitoring Unit or by such Member or entity applying for membership; provided that nothing contained herein shall prohibit the Market Monitoring Unit from providing any such confidential information to its agents, representatives, or contractors to the extent that such person or entity is bound by an obligation to maintain such confidentiality. The Market Monitoring Unit shall collect and use confidential information only in connection with its authority under this Appendix, the Plan, the PJM Operating Agreement or in the PJM Tariff and the retention of such information shall be in accordance with PJM's data retention policies.

3. Nothing contained herein shall prevent the Market Monitoring Unit from releasing a Member's confidential data or information to a third party provided that the Member has delivered to the Market Monitoring Unit specific, written authorization for such release setting forth the data or information to be released, to whom such release is authorized, and the period of time for which such release shall be authorized. The Market Monitoring Unit shall limit the release of a Member's confidential data or information to that specific authorization received from the Member. Nothing herein shall prohibit a Member from withdrawing such authorization upon written notice to the Market Monitoring Unit, who shall cease such release as soon as practicable after receipt of such withdrawal notice.

4. Reciprocal provisions to this Section I hereof, delineating the confidentiality requirements of the Office of the Interconnection and PJM members, are set forth in Section 18.17 of the PJM Operating Agreement.

B. Required Disclosure:

1. Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing section to the contrary, and subject to the provisions of Section I.C below, if the Market Monitoring Unit is required by applicable law, or

in the course of administrative or judicial proceedings, to disclose to third parties, information that is otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to the PJM Tariff, PJM Operating Agreement, Attachment M or this Appendix, the Market Monitoring Unit may make disclosure of such information; provided, however, that as soon as the Market Monitoring Unit learns of the disclosure requirement and prior to making disclosure, the Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the affected Member or Members of the requirement and the terms thereof and the affected Member or Members may direct, at their sole discretion and cost, any challenge to or defense against the disclosure requirement. The Market Monitoring Unit shall cooperate with such affected Members to the maximum extent practicable to minimize the disclosure of the information consistent with applicable law. The Market Monitoring Unit shall cooperate with the affected Members to obtain proprietary or confidential treatment of such information by the person to whom such information is disclosed prior to any such disclosure.

2. Nothing in this Section I shall prohibit or otherwise limit the Market Monitoring Unit's use of information covered herein if such information was: (i) previously known to the Market Monitoring Unit without an obligation of confidentiality; (ii) independently developed by or for the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor using non-confidential information; (iii) acquired by the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor from a third party which is not, to the Office of the Market Monitoring Unit's knowledge, under an obligation of confidence with respect to such information; (iv) which is or becomes publicly available other than through a manner inconsistent with this Section I.

3. The Market Monitoring Unit shall impose on any contractors retained to provide technical support or otherwise to assist with the implementation of the Plan or this Appendix a contractual duty of confidentiality consistent with the Plan or this Appendix. A Member shall not be obligated to provide confidential or proprietary information to any contractor that does not assume such a duty of confidentiality, and the Market Monitoring Unit shall not provide any such information to any such contractor without the express written permission of the Member providing the information.

C. Disclosure to FERC and CFTC:

1. Notwithstanding anything in this Section I to the contrary, if the FERC, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") or ~~its~~the staff of those commissions, during the course of an investigation or otherwise, requests information from the Market Monitoring Unit that is otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to the PJM Tariff, the PJM Operating Agreement, the Plan or this Appendix, the Market Monitoring Unit shall provide the requested information to the FERC, CFTC or ~~its~~their staff, within the time provided for in the request for information. In providing the information to the FERC or its staff, the Market Monitoring Unit may request, consistent with 18 C.F.R. §§ 1b.20 and 388.112, or to the CFTC or its staff, the Market Monitoring Unit may request, consistent with 17 C.F.R. §§ 11.3 and 145.9, that the information be treated as confidential and non-public by the ~~FERC~~respective commission and its staff and that the information be withheld from public disclosure. The Market Monitoring Unit shall promptly notify any affected Member(s) ~~when it is notified by~~if the Market Monitoring Unit receives from the FERC, CFTC or its staff, written notice that the commission has decided to release publicly or has asked for comment on whether such commission should release

~~publicly, a request for disclosure of, or decision to disclose, confidential information previously provided to a commission Market Monitoring Unit has been received, at which time the Office of the Interconnection, the Market Monitoring Unit, and/or the affected Member may respond before such information would be made public, pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 388.112.~~

2. The foregoing Section I.C.1 shall not apply to requests for production of information under Subpart D of the FERC's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR Part 385) in proceedings before FERC and its administrative law judges. In all such proceedings, PJM and/or the Market Monitoring Unit shall follow the procedures in Section ~~18.17.2I.B.~~

D. Disclosure to Authorized Commissions:

1. Notwithstanding anything in this Section I to the contrary, the Market Monitoring Unit shall disclose confidential information, otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to the PJM Tariff, the PJM Operating Agreement, the Plan or this Appendix, to an Authorized Commission under the following conditions:

(i) The Authorized Commission has provided the FERC with a properly executed Certification in the form attached to the PJM Operating Agreement as Schedule 10A. Upon receipt of the Authorized Commission's Certification, the FERC shall provide public notice of the Authorized Commission's filing pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 385.2009. If any interested party disputes the accuracy and adequacy of the representations contained in the Authorized Commission's Certification, that party may file a protest with the FERC within 14 days of the date of such notice, pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 385.211. The Authorized Commission may file a response to any such protest within seven days. Each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such a protest proceeding. If there are material changes in law that affect the accuracy and adequacy of the representations in the Certification filed with the FERC, the Authorized Commission shall, within thirty (30) days, submit an amended Certification identifying such changes. Any such amended Certification shall be subject to the same procedures for comment and review by the FERC as set forth above in this paragraph.

(ii) Neither the Office of the Interconnection nor the Market Monitoring Unit may disclose data to an Authorized Commission during the FERC's consideration of the Certification and any filed protests. If the FERC does not act upon an Authorized Commission's Certification within 90 days of the date of filing, the Certification shall be deemed approved and the Authorized Commission shall be permitted to receive confidential information pursuant to this Section I. In the event that an interested party protests the Authorized Commission's Certification and the FERC approves the Certification, that party may not challenge any Information Request made by the Authorized Commission on the grounds that the Authorized Commission is unable to protect the confidentiality of the information requested, in the absence of a showing of changed circumstances.

(iii) Any confidential information provided to an Authorized Commission pursuant to this Section I shall not be further disclosed by the recipient Authorized Commission except by order of the FERC.

(iv) The Market Monitoring Unit shall be expressly entitled to rely upon such Authorized Commission Certifications in providing confidential information to the Authorized Commission, and shall in no event be liable, or subject to damages or claims of any kind or nature hereunder, due to the ineffectiveness or inaccuracy of such Authorized Commission Certifications.

(v) The Authorized Commission may provide confidential information obtained from the Market Monitoring Unit to such of its employees, attorneys and contractors as needed to examine or handle that information in the course and scope of their work on behalf of the Authorized Commission, provided that (a) the Authorized Commission has internal procedures in place, pursuant to the Certification, to ensure that each person receiving such information agrees to protect the confidentiality of such information (such employees, attorneys or contractors to be defined hereinafter as “Authorized Persons”); (b) the Authorized Commission provides, pursuant to the Certification, a list of such Authorized Persons to the Office of the Interconnection and the Market Monitoring Unit and updates such list, as necessary, every ninety (90) days; and (c) any third-party contractors provided access to confidential information sign a nondisclosure agreement in the form attached to the PJM Operating Agreement as Schedule 10 before being provided access to any such confidential information.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit may, in the course of discussions with an Authorized Person, orally disclose information otherwise required to be maintained in confidence, without the need for a prior Information Request. Such oral disclosures shall provide enough information to enable the Authorized Person or the Authorized Commission with which that Authorized Person is associated to determine whether additional Information Requests are appropriate. The Market Monitoring Unit will not make any written or electronic disclosures of confidential information to the Authorized Person pursuant to this Section I.D.2. In any such discussions, the Market Monitoring Unit shall ensure that the individual or individuals receiving such confidential information are Authorized Persons as defined herein, orally designate confidential information that is disclosed, and refrain from identifying any specific Affected Member whose information is disclosed. The Market Monitoring Unit shall also be authorized to assist Authorized Persons in interpreting confidential information that is disclosed. The Market Monitoring Unit shall provide any Affected Member with oral notice of any oral disclosure immediately, but not later than one (1) business day after the oral disclosure. Such oral notice to the Affected Member shall include the substance of the oral disclosure, but shall not reveal any confidential information of any other Member and must be received by the Affected Member before the name of the Affected Member is released to the Authorized Person; provided however, disclosure of the identity of the Affected Party must be made to the Authorized Commission with which the Authorized Person is associated within two (2) business days of the initial oral disclosure.

3. As regards Information Requests:

(i) Information Requests to the Office of the Interconnection and/or Market Monitoring Unit by an Authorized Commission shall be in writing, which shall include electronic communications, addressed to the Market Monitoring Unit, and shall: (a) describe the information sought in sufficient detail to allow a response to the Information Request; (b)

provide a general description of the purpose of the Information Request; (c) state the time period for which confidential information is requested; and (d) re-affirm that only Authorized Persons shall have access to the confidential information requested. The Market Monitoring Unit shall provide an Affected Member with written notice, which shall include electronic communication, of an Information Request by an Authorized Commission as soon as possible, but not later than two (2) business days after the receipt of the Information Request.

(ii) Subject to the provisions of Section I.D.3(iii) below, the Market Monitoring Unit shall supply confidential information to the Authorized Commission in response to any Information Request within five (5) business days of the receipt of the Information Request, to the extent that the requested confidential information can be made available within such period; provided however, that in no event shall confidential information be released prior to the end of the fourth (4th) business day without the express consent of the Affected Member. To the extent that the Market Monitoring Unit cannot reasonably prepare and deliver the requested confidential information within such five (5) day period, it shall, within such period, provide the Authorized Commission with a written schedule for the provision of such remaining confidential information. Upon providing confidential information to the Authorized Commission, the Market Monitoring Unit shall either provide a copy of the confidential information to the Affected Member(s), or provide a listing of the confidential information disclosed; provided, however, that the Market Monitoring Unit shall not reveal any Member's confidential information to any other Member.

(iii) Notwithstanding Section I.D.3(ii), above, should the Office of the Interconnection, the Market Monitoring Unit or an Affected Member object to an Information Request or any portion thereof, any of them may, within four (4) business days following the Market Monitoring Unit's receipt of the Information Request, request, in writing, a conference with the Authorized Commission to resolve differences concerning the scope or timing of the Information Request; provided, however, nothing herein shall require the Authorized Commission to participate in any conference. Any party to the conference may seek assistance from FERC staff in resolution of the dispute or terminate the conference process at any time. Should such conference be refused or terminated by any participant or should such conference not resolve the dispute, then the Office of the Interconnection, Market Monitoring Unit, or the Affected Member may file a complaint with the FERC pursuant to Rule 206 objecting to the Information Request within ten (10) business days following receipt of written notice from any conference participant terminating such conference. Any complaints filed at the FERC objecting to a particular Information Request shall be designated by the party as a "fast track" complaint and each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such FERC proceeding. The grounds for such a complaint shall be limited to the following: (a) the Authorized Commission is no longer able to preserve the confidentiality of the requested information due to changed circumstances relating to the Authorized Commission's ability to protect confidential information arising since the filing of or rejection of a protest directed to the Authorized Commission's Certification; (b) complying with the Information Request would be unduly burdensome to the complainant, and the complainant has made a good faith effort to negotiate limitations in the scope of the requested information; or (c) other exceptional circumstances exist such that complying with the Information Request would result in harm to the complainant. There shall be a presumption that "exceptional circumstances," as used in the prior sentence,

does not include circumstances in which an Authorized Commission has requested wholesale market data (or Market Monitoring Unit workpapers that support or explain conclusions or analyses) generated in the ordinary course and scope of the operations of the Market Monitoring Unit. There shall be a presumption that circumstances in which an Authorized Commission has requested personnel files, internal emails and internal company memos, analyses and related work product constitute “exceptional circumstances” as used in the prior sentence. If no complaint challenging the Information Request is filed within the ten (10) day period defined above, the Office of the Interconnection and/or Market Monitoring Unit shall utilize its best efforts to respond to the Information Request promptly. If a complaint is filed, and the Commission does not act on that complaint within ninety (90) days, the complaint shall be deemed denied and the Market Monitoring Unit shall use its best efforts to respond to the Information Request promptly.

(iv) Any Authorized Commission may initiate appropriate legal action at the FERC within ten (10) business days following receipt of information designated as “Confidential,” challenging such designation. Any complaints filed at FERC objecting to the designation of information as “Confidential” shall be designated by the party as a “fast track” complaint and each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such FERC proceeding. The party filing such a complaint shall be required to prove that the material disclosed does not merit “Confidential” status because it is publicly available from other sources or contains no trade secret or other sensitive commercial information (with “publicly available” not being deemed to include unauthorized disclosures of otherwise confidential data).

4. In the event of any breach of confidentiality of information disclosed pursuant to an Information Request by an Authorized Commission or Authorized Person:

(i) The Authorized Commission or Authorized Person shall promptly notify the Market Monitoring Unit, who shall, in turn, promptly notify any Affected Member of any inadvertent or intentional release, or possible release, of confidential information provided pursuant to this Section I.

(ii) The Office Market Monitoring Unit shall terminate the right of such Authorized Commission to receive confidential information under this Section I upon written notice to such Authorized Commission unless: (i) there was no harm or damage suffered by the Affected Member; or (ii) similar good cause is shown. Any appeal of the Market Monitoring Unit’s actions under this Section I shall be to Commission. An Authorized Commission shall be entitled to reestablish its certification as set forth in Section I.D.1 by submitting a filing with the Commission showing that it has taken appropriate corrective action. If the Commission does not act upon an Authorized Commission’s recertification filing with sixty (60) days of the date of the filing, the recertification shall be deemed approved and the Authorized Commission shall be permitted to receive confidential information pursuant to this section.

(iii) The Office of the Interconnection, the Market Monitoring Unit, and/or the Affected Member shall have the right to seek and obtain at least the following types of relief: (a) an order from the FERC requiring any breach to cease and preventing any future breaches; (b)

temporary, preliminary, and/or permanent injunctive relief with respect to any breach; and (c) the immediate return of all confidential information to the Market Monitoring Unit.

(iv) No Authorized Person or Authorized Commission shall have responsibility or liability whatsoever under this section for any and all liabilities, losses, damages, demands, fines, monetary judgments, penalties, costs and expenses caused by, resulting from, or arising out of or in connection with the release of confidential information to persons not authorized to receive it, provided that such Authorized Person is an agent, servant, employee or member of an Authorized Commission at the time of such unauthorized release. Nothing in this Section I.D.4(iv) is intended to limit the liability of any person who is not an agent, servant, employee or member of an Authorized Commission at the time of such unauthorized release for any and all economic losses, damages, demands, fines, monetary judgments, penalties, costs and expenses caused by, resulting from, or arising out of or in connection with such unauthorized release.

(v) Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in Section I.D.4(ii) or I.D.4(iii)(a) above, shall be submitted to the FERC for hearing and resolution. Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in Section I.D.4(iii)(c) above may be submitted to FERC or any court of competent jurisdiction for hearing and resolution.

E. Market Monitoring:

1. Subject to the requirements of Section E.2, the Market Monitoring Unit may release confidential information of Public Service Electric & Gas Company (“PSE&G”), Consolidated Edison Company of New York (“ConEd”), and their affiliates, and the confidential information of any Member regarding generation and/or transmission facilities located within the PSE&G Zone to the New York Independent System Operator, Inc. (“New York ISO”), the market monitoring unit of New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor to the limited extent that PJM or the Market Monitoring Unit determines necessary to carry out the responsibilities of PJM, New York ISO or the market monitoring units of PJM and the New York ISO under FERC Opinion No. 476 (see Consolidated Edison Company v. Public Service Electric and Gas Company, et al., 108 FERC ¶ 61,120, at P 215 (2004)) to conduct joint investigations to ensure that gaming, abuse of market power, or similar activities do not take place with regard to power transfers under the contracts that are the subject of FERC Opinion No. 476.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit may release a Member’s confidential information pursuant to Section I.E.1 to the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor only if the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor are subject to obligations limiting the disclosure of such information that are equivalent to or greater than the limitations on disclosure specified in this Section I.E. Information received from the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO, or the New York ISO Market Advisor under Section I.E.1 that is designated as confidential shall be protected from disclosure in accordance with this Section I.E.

II. DEVELOPMENT OF INPUTS FOR PROSPECTIVE MITIGATION

A. Offer Price Caps:

1. The Market Monitor or his designee shall advise the Office of the Interconnection whether it believes that the cost references, methods and rules included in the Cost Development Guidelines are accurate and appropriate, as specified in the PJM Manuals.
2. The Market Monitoring Unit shall review upon request of a Market Seller, and may review upon its own initiative at any time, the incremental costs (defined in Section 6.4.2 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement) included in the Offer Price Cap of a generating unit in order to ensure that the Market Seller has correctly applied the Cost Development Guidelines and that the level of the Offer Price Cap is otherwise acceptable.
3. On or before the 21st day of each month, the Market Monitoring Unit shall compute the cost capping percentages for each Frequently Mitigated Unit and Associated Unit for the prior rolling twelve-month period, consistent with Section 6.4.2 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement and shall issue a written notice to a unit, as applicable, indicating that it is a “Frequently Mitigated Unit” or “FMU,” or an “Associated Unit,” and provide a copy of the same to the Office of the Interconnection, when the Market Monitoring Unit determines that the unit meets the criteria delineated in Section 6.4.2 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement.
4. Notwithstanding the number of jointly pivotal suppliers in any hour, if the Market Monitoring Unit determines that a reasonable level of competition will not exist based on an evaluation of all facts and circumstances, it may propose to the Commission the removal of offer-capping suspensions otherwise authorized by Section 6.4 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement. Such proposals shall take effect upon Commission acceptance of the Market Monitoring Unit’s filing.

B. Minimum Generator Operating Parameters:

1. The Market Monitoring Unit shall provide to the Office of the Interconnection a table of default unit class specific parameter limits to be known as the “Parameter Limited Schedule Matrix” to be included in Section 6.6(c) of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement. The Parameter Limited Schedule Matrix shall include default values on a unit-type basis as specified in Section 6.6(c). The Market Monitoring Unit shall review the Parameter Limited Schedule Matrix annually, and, in the event it determines that revision is appropriate, shall provide a revised matrix to the Office of the Interconnection by no later than December 31 prior to the annual enrollment period.
2. The Market Monitoring Unit shall notify generation resources and the Office of the Interconnection no later than April 1 of its determination regarding each request for a period exception or persistent exception to a value specified in the Parameter Limited Schedule Matrix or the parameters defined in Section 6.6 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement and the PJM Manuals, provided that the Market Monitoring Unit receives such request by no later than February 28.

3. When a generation resource notifies the Market Monitoring Unit of a material change to the facts relied upon by the Market Monitoring Unit and/or the Office of the Interconnection to support a parameter limited schedule exception pursuant to Section 6.7 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement (or the Commission in support of its approval), the Market Monitoring Unit shall make a determination, and notify the Office of the Interconnection and the generation resource, either that the existing exception should continue, that the exception should be revised, or that no exception is supported by the data.

4. The Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Office of the Interconnection of any risk premium to which it and a nuclear generation resource agree or its determination if agreement is not obtained. If a nuclear generation resource submits a risk premium inconsistent with its agreement or inconsistent with the Market Monitoring Unit's determination regarding such risk premium, the Market Monitoring Unit may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and request a determination that would require the nuclear generation resource to submit an appropriate risk premium.

C. RPM Must-Offer Obligation:

1. The Market Monitoring Unit shall maintain, post on its website and provide to the Office of the Interconnection prior to each RPM Auction (updated, as necessary, on at least a quarterly basis), a list of Existing Generation Capacity Resources located in the PJM Region that are subject to the "must-offer" obligation set forth in Section 6.6 of Attachment DD.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit shall evaluate requests submitted by Capacity Market Sellers for a determination that a Generation Capacity Resource, or any portion thereof, be removed from Capacity Resource status or exempted from status as a Generation Capacity Resource subject to Section II.C.1 above and inform both the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection of such determination in writing by no later ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction. A Generation Capacity Resource located in the PJM Region shall not be removed from Capacity Resource status to the extent the resource is committed to service of PJM loads as a result of an RPM Auction, FRR Capacity Plan, Locational UCAP transaction and/or by designation as a replacement resource under this Attachment DD.

3. The Market Monitoring Unit shall evaluate the data and documentation provided to it by a potential Capacity Market Seller to establish the EFORD to be included in a Sell Offer applicable to each resource pursuant to Section 6.6(b) of Attachment DD. If a Capacity Market Seller timely submits a request for an alternative maximum level of EFORD that may be used in a Sell Offer for RPM Auctions held prior to the date on which the final EFORDs used for a Delivery Year are posted, the Market Monitoring Unit shall attempt to reach agreement with the Capacity Market Seller on the alternate maximum level of the EFORD by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the Base Residual Auction for the applicable Delivery Year. By no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the Base Residual Auction for the applicable Delivery Year, the Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Office of the Interconnection in writing, notifying the Capacity Market Seller by copy of the same, of any alternative maximum EFORD to which it and the

Capacity Market Seller agree or its determination of the alternative maximum EFORD if agreement is not obtained.

4. The Market Monitoring Unit shall consider the documentation provided to it by a potential Capacity Market Seller pursuant to Section 6.6 of Attachment DD, and determine whether a resource owned or controlled by such Capacity Market Seller meets the criteria to qualify for an exception to the must-offer requirement because the resource (i) is reasonably expected to be physically unable to participate in the relevant auction; (ii) has a financially and physically firm commitment to an external sale of its capacity; or (iii) was interconnected to the Transmission System as an Energy Resource and not subsequently converted to a Capacity Resource. The Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection of its determination by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.

In order to establish that a resource is reasonably expected to be physically unable to participate in the relevant auction as set forth in (i) above, the Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that:

A. It has a documented plan in place to retire the resource prior to or during the Delivery Year, and has submitted a notice of Deactivation to the Office of the Interconnection consistent with Section 113.1 of the PJM Tariff, without regard to whether the Office of the Interconnection has requested the Capacity Market Seller to continue to operate the resource beyond its desired deactivation date in accordance with Section 113.2 of the PJM Tariff for the purpose of maintaining the reliability of the PJM Transmission System and the Capacity Market Seller has agreed to do so;

B. Significant physical operational restrictions cause long term or permanent changes to the installed capacity value of the resource, or the resource is under major repair that will extend into the applicable Delivery Year, that will result in the imposition of RPM performance penalties pursuant to Attachment DD of the PJM Tariff;

C. The Capacity Market Seller is involved in an ongoing regulatory proceeding (e.g. – regarding potential environmental restrictions) specific to the resource and has received an order, decision, final rule, opinion or other final directive from the regulatory authority that will result in the retirement of the resource; or,

D. A resource considered an Existing Generating Capacity Resource because it cleared an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year prior to the Delivery Year of the relevant auction, but which is not yet in service, is unable to achieve full commercial operation prior to the Delivery Year of the relevant auction. The Capacity Market Seller must submit to the Office of the Interconnection and the Market Monitoring Unit a written sworn, notarized statement of a corporate officer certifying that the resource will not be in full commercial operation prior to the referenced Delivery Year.

5. If a Capacity Market Seller submits for the portion of a Generation Capacity Resource that it owns or controls, and the Office of Interconnection accepts, a Sell Offer (i) at a level of

installed capacity that the Market Monitoring Unit believes is inconsistent with the level established under Section 5.6.6 of Attachment DD of the PJM Tariff, (ii) at a level of installed capacity inconsistent with its determination of eligibility for an exception listed in Section II.C.4 above, or (iii) a maximum EFORD that the Market Monitoring Unit believes is inconsistent with the maximum level determined under Section II.C.3 of this Appendix, the Market Monitoring Unit may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and/or request a determination from the Commission that would require the Generation Capacity Resource to submit a new or revised Sell Offer, notwithstanding any determination to the contrary made under Section 6.6 of Attachment DD.

The Market Monitoring Unit shall also consider the documentation provided by the Capacity Market Seller pursuant to Section 6.6 of Attachment DD, for generation resources for which the Office of the Interconnection has not approved an exception to the must-offer requirement as set forth in Section 6.6(g) of Attachment DD, to determine whether the Capacity Market Seller's failure to offer part or all of one or more generation resources into an RPM Auction would result in an increase of greater than five percent in any Zonal Capacity Price determined through such auction as required by Section 6.6(i) of Attachment DD, and shall inform both the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection of its determination by no later than two (2) business days after the close of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.

D. Unit Specific Minimum Sell Offers:

1. If a Capacity Market Seller timely submits an exemption *or exception* request, with all of the required supporting documentation as specified in section 5.14(h) of Attachment DD, the Market Monitoring Unit shall review the request and documentation and shall provide in writing to the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection by no later than forty five (45) days after receipt of the exemption *or exception* request its determination whether it believes the requested exemption *or exception* should be granted in accordance with the standards and criteria set forth in section 5.14(h). *If the Market Monitoring Unit determines that the Sell Offer proposed in a Unit-Specific Exception request raises market power concerns, it shall advise the Capacity Market Seller of the minimum Sell Offer in the relevant auction that would not raise market power concerns, with such calculation based on the data and documentation received, by no later than forty five (45) days after receipt of the request.*

2. All information submitted to the Office of the Interconnection or the Market Monitoring Unit by a Market Participant is subject to verification by the Market Monitoring Unit.

3. In the event that the Market Monitoring Unit reasonably believes that a request for a Competitive Entry Exemption or a Self-Supply Exemption that has been granted contains fraudulent or material misrepresentations or omissions such that the Capacity Market Seller would not have been eligible for the exemption for that MOPR Screened Generation Resource had the request not contained such misrepresentations or omissions, then it shall notify the Office of the Interconnection and Capacity Market Seller of its findings and provide the Office of the Interconnection with all of the data and documentation supporting its findings, and may take any other action required or permitted under Attachment M.

E. Market Seller Offer Caps:

1. Based on the data and calculations submitted by the Capacity Market Sellers for each Existing Generation Capacity Resource and the formulas specified in Section 6.7(d) of Attachment DD, the Market Monitoring Unit shall calculate the Market Seller Offer Cap for each such resource and provide it to the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection by no later than ninety (90) days before the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit must attempt to reach agreement with the Capacity Market Seller on the appropriate level of the Market Seller Offer Cap by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction. If such agreement cannot be reached, then the Market Monitoring Unit shall inform the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection of its determination of the appropriate level of the Market Seller Offer Cap by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction, and the Market Monitoring Unit may pursue any action available to it under Attachment M.

3. Nothing herein shall preclude any Capacity Market Seller and the Market Monitoring Unit from agreeing to, nor require either such entity to agree to, an alternative market seller offer cap determined on a mutually agreeable basis. Any such alternative offer cap shall be filed with the Commission for its approval. This provision is duplicated in Section 6.4(a) of Attachment DD.

F. Mitigation of Offers from Planned Generation Capacity Resources:

Pursuant to Section 6.5 of Attachment DD, the Market Monitoring Unit shall evaluate Sell Offers for Planned Generation Capacity Resources to determine whether market power mitigation should be applied and notify in writing each Capacity Market Seller whose Sell Offer has been determined to be non-competitive and subject to mitigation, with a copy to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than one (1) business day after the close of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.

G. Data Submission:

Pursuant to Section 6.7 of Attachment DD, the Market Monitoring Unit may request additional information from any potential auction participant as deemed necessary by the Market Monitoring Unit, including, without limitation, additional cost data on resources in a class that is not otherwise expected to include the marginal price setting resource. All data submitted to the Office of the Interconnection or the Market Monitoring Unit by a Market Participant is subject to verification by the Market Monitoring Unit.

H. Determination of Default Avoidable Cost Rates:

1. The Market Monitoring Unit shall conduct an annual review of the table of default Avoidable Cost Rates included in Section 6.7(c) of Attachment DD and calculated on the bases set forth therein, and determine whether the values included therein need to be updated. If the

Market Monitoring Unit determines that the Avoidable Cost Rates need to be updated, it shall provide to the Office of the Interconnection updated values or notice of its determination that updated values are not needed by no later than September 30th of each year.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit shall indicate in its posted reports on RPM performance the number of Generation Capacity Resources and megawatts per LDA that use the retirement default Avoidable Cost Rates.

3. If a Capacity Market Seller does not elect to use a default Avoidable Cost Rate and has timely provided to the Market Monitoring Unit its request to apply a unit-specific Avoidable Cost Rate, along with the data described in Section 6.7 of Attachment DD, the Market Monitoring Unit shall calculate the Avoidable Cost Rate and provide a unit-specific value to the Capacity Market Seller for each such resource, and notify the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection in writing by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction whether it agrees that the unit-specific Avoidable Cost Rate is acceptable. The Capacity Market Seller and Office of the Interconnection's deadlines relating to the submittal and acceptance of a request for a unit-specific Avoidable Cost Rate are delineated in section 6.7(d) of Attachment DD.

I. Determination of PJM Market Revenues:

The Market Monitoring Unit shall calculate the Projected PJM Market Revenues for any Generation Capacity Resource to which the Avoidable Cost Rate is applied pursuant to Section 6.8(d) of Attachment DD, and notify the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection of its determination in writing by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.

J. Determination of Opportunity Costs:

The Market Monitoring Unit shall review and verify the documentation of prices available to Existing Generation Capacity Resources in markets external to PJM and proposed for inclusion in Opportunity Costs pursuant to Section 6.7(d)(ii) of Attachment DD. The Market Monitoring Unit shall notify, in writing, such Generation Capacity Resource and the Office of the Interconnection if it is dissatisfied with the documentation provided and whether it objects to the inclusion of such Opportunity Costs in a Market Seller Offer by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction. If such Generation Capacity Resource submits a Market Seller Offer that includes Opportunity Costs that have not been documented and verified to the Market Monitoring Unit's satisfaction, then the Market Monitoring Unit may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and request a determination that would require the Generation Capacity Resource to remove them.

III. BLACKSTART SERVICE

A. Upon the submission by a Black Start Unit owner of a request for Black Start Service revenue requirements and changes to the Black Start Service revenue requirements for the Black

Start Unit, the Black Start Unit owner and the Market Monitoring Unit shall attempt to agree to values on the level of each component included in the Black Start Service revenue requirements by no later than May 14 of each year. The Market Monitoring Unit shall calculate the revenue requirement for each Black Start Unit and provide its calculation to the Office of the Interconnection by no later than May 14 of each year.

B. Pursuant to the terms of Schedule 6A of the PJM Tariff and the PJM Manuals, the Market Monitoring Unit will analyze any requested generator black start cost changes on an annual basis and shall notify the Office of the Interconnection of any costs to which it and the Black Start Unit owner have agreed or the Market Monitoring Unit's determination regarding any cost components to which agreement has not been obtained. If a Black Start Unit owner includes a cost component inconsistent with its agreement or inconsistent with the Market Monitoring Unit's determination regarding such cost component, and the Office of the Interconnection accepts the Black Start Service revenue requirements submitted by the Black Start Unit owner, the Market Monitoring Unit may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and request a determination that would require the Black Start Service generator to utilize the values determined by the Market Monitoring Unit or the Office of the Interconnection or such other values as determined by the Commission.

IV. DEACTIVATION RATES

1. Upon receipt of a notice to deactivate a generating unit under Part V of the PJM Tariff from the Office of the Interconnection forwarded pursuant to Section 113.1 of the PJM Tariff, the Market Monitoring Unit shall analyze the effects of the proposed deactivation with regard to potential market power issues and shall notify the Office of the Interconnection and the generator owner (of, if applicable, its designated agent) within 30 days of the deactivation request if a market power issue has been identified. Such notice shall include the specific market power impact resulting from the proposed deactivation of the generating unit, as well as an initial assessment of any steps that could be taken to mitigate the market power impact.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit and the generating unit owner shall attempt to come to agreement on the level of each component included in the Deactivation Avoidable Cost Credit. In the case of cost of service filing submitted to the Commission in alternative to the Deactivation Cost Credit, the Market Monitoring Unit shall indicate to the generating unit owner in advance of filing its views regarding the proposed method or cost components of recovery. The Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Office of the Interconnection of any costs to which it and the generating unit owner have agreed or the Market Monitoring Unit's determination regarding any cost components to which agreement has not been obtained. If a generating unit owner includes a cost component inconsistent with its agreement or inconsistent with the Market Monitoring Unit's determination regarding such cost components, the Market Monitoring Unit may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and seek a determination that would require the Generating unit to include an appropriate cost component. This provision is duplicated in Sections 114 and 119 of Part V of the PJM Tariff.

V. OPPORTUNITY COST CALCULATION

The Market Monitoring Unit shall review requests for opportunity cost compensation under Sections 3.2.3(f-3) and 3.2.3B(h) of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement, discuss with the Office of the Interconnection and individual Market Sellers the amount of compensation, and file exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and request a determination of compensation as provided by such sections. These requirements are duplicated in Sections 3.2.3(f-3) and 3.2.3B(h) of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement.

VI. FTR FORFEITURE RULE

The Market Monitoring Unit shall calculate Transmission Congestion Credits as required under Section 5.2.1(b) of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement, including the determination of the identity of the holder of FTRs and an evaluation of the overall benefits accrued by an entity or affiliated entities trading in FTRs and *Virtual Transactions* in the Day-ahead Energy Market, and provide such calculations to the Office of the Interconnection. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Market Monitoring Unit from action to recover inappropriate benefits from the subject activity if the amount forfeited is less than the benefit derived by the FTR holder. If the Office of the Interconnection imposes a forfeiture of the Transmission Congestion Credit in an amount that the Market Monitoring Unit disagrees with, then it may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and request an adjustment.

VII. FORCED OUTAGE RULE

1. The Market Monitoring Unit shall observe offers submitted in the Day-ahead Energy Market to determine whether all or part of a generating unit's capacity (MW) is designated as Maximum Emergency and (i) such offer in the Real-time Energy Market designates a smaller amount of capacity from that unit as Maximum Emergency for the same time period, and (ii) there is no physical reason to designate a larger amount of capacity as Maximum Emergency in the offer in the Day-ahead Energy Market than in the Real-time Energy Market, the Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Office of Interconnection.

2. If the Market Monitoring Unit observes that (i) an offer submitted in the Day-ahead Energy market designates all or part of capacity (MW) of a Generating unit as economic maximum that is less than the economic maximum designated in the offer in the Real-time Energy Market, and (ii) there is no physical reason to designate a lower economic maximum in the offer in the Day-ahead Energy Market than in the offer in the Real-time Energy Market, the Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Office of Interconnection.

VIII. DATA COLLECTION AND VERIFICATION

The Market Monitoring Unit shall gather and keep confidential detailed data on the procurement and usage of fuel to produce electric power transmitted in the PJM Region in order to assist the performance of its duties under Attachment M. To achieve this objective, the Market Monitoring Unit shall maintain on its website a mechanism that allows Members to conveniently and confidentially submit such data and develop a manual in consultation with stakeholders that describes the nature of and procedure for collecting data. Members of PJM owning a Generating unit that is located in the PJM Region (including dynamically scheduled units), or is included in

a PJM Black Start Service plan, committed as a Generation Capacity Resource for the current or future Delivery Year, or otherwise subject to a commitment to provide service to PJM, shall provide data to the Market Monitoring Unit.

ATTACHMENT Q

PJM CREDIT POLICY

POLICY STATEMENT:

It is the policy of PJM Interconnection, LLC (“PJM”) that prior to an entity participating in the PJM Markets, or in order to take Transmission Service, the entity must demonstrate its ability to meet PJMSettlement’s credit requirements.

Prior to becoming a Market Participant, Transmission Customer, and/or Member of PJM, PJMSettlement must accept and approve a Credit Application (including Credit Agreement) from such entity and establish a Working Credit Limit with PJMSettlement. PJMSettlement shall approve or deny an accepted Credit Application on the basis of a complete credit evaluation including, but not be limited to, a review of financial statements, rating agency reports, and other pertinent indicators of credit strength.

POLICY INTENT:

This credit policy describes requirements for: (1) the establishment and maintenance of credit by Market Participants, Transmission Customers, and entities seeking either such status (collectively “Participants”), pursuant to one or more of the Agreements, and (2) forms of security that will be deemed acceptable (hereinafter the “Financial Security”) in the event that the Participant does not satisfy the financial or other requirements to establish Unsecured Credit.

This policy also sets forth the credit limitations that will be imposed on Participants in order to minimize the possibility of failure of payment for services rendered pursuant to the Agreements, and conditions that will be considered an event of default pursuant to this policy and the Agreements.

These credit rules may establish certain set-asides of credit for designated purposes (such as for FTR or RPM activity). Such set-asides shall be construed to be applicable to calculation of credit requirements only, and shall not restrict PJMSettlement’s ability to apply such designated credit to any obligation(s) in case of a default.

PJMSettlement may post on PJM’s web site, and may reference on OASIS, a supplementary document which contains additional business practices (such as algorithms for credit scoring) that are not included in this document. Changes to the supplementary document will be subject to stakeholder review and comment prior to implementation. PJMSettlement may specify a required compliance date, not less than 15 days from notification, by which time all Participants must comply with provisions that have been revised in the supplementary document.

APPLICABILITY:

This policy applies to all Participants.

IMPLEMENTATION:

I. CREDIT EVALUATION

Each Participant will be subject to a complete credit evaluation in order for PJMSettlement to determine creditworthiness and to establish an **Unsecured Credit Allowance**, if applicable; provided, however, that a Participant need not provide the information specified in section I.A or I.B if it notifies PJMSettlement in writing that it does not seek any Unsecured Credit Allowance. PJMSettlement will identify any necessary Financial Security requirements and establish a Working Credit Limit for each Participant. In addition, PJMSettlement will perform follow-up credit evaluations on at least an annual basis.

If a **Corporate Guaranty** is being utilized to establish credit for a Participant, the guarantor will be evaluated and the Unsecured Credit Allowance or Financial Security requirement will be based on the financial strength of the Guarantor.

PJMSettlement will provide a Participant, upon request, with a written explanation for any change in credit levels or collateral requirements. PJMSettlement will provide such explanation within ten Business Days.

If a Participant believes that either its level of unsecured credit or its collateral requirement has been incorrectly determined, according to this credit policy, then the Participant may send a request for reconsideration in writing to PJMSettlement. Such a request should include:

- A citation to the applicable section(s) of the PJMSettlement credit policy along with an explanation of how the respective provisions of the credit policy were not carried out in the determination as made
- A calculation of what the Participant believes should be the correct credit level or collateral requirement, according to terms of the credit policy

PJMSettlement will reconsider the determination and will provide a written response as promptly as practical, but no longer than ten Business Days of receipt of the request. If the Participant still feels that the determination is incorrect, then the Participant may contest that determination. Such contest should be in written form, addressed to PJMSettlement, and should contain:

- ◆ A complete copy of the Participant's earlier request for reconsideration, including citations and calculations
- ◆ A copy of PJMSettlement's written response to its request for reconsideration
- ◆ An explanation of why it believes that the determination still does not comply with the credit policy

PJMSettlement will investigate and will respond to the Participant with a final determination on the matter as promptly as practical, but no longer than 20 Business Days.

Neither requesting reconsideration nor contesting the determination following such request shall relieve or delay Participant's responsibility to comply with all provisions of this credit policy.

A. Initial Credit Evaluation

In completing the initial credit evaluation, PJMSettlement will consider:

1) Rating Agency Reports

In evaluating credit strength, PJMSettlement will review rating agency reports from Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Service, Fitch Ratings, or other nationally known rating agencies. The focus of the review will be on senior unsecured debt ratings; however, PJMSettlement will consider other ratings if senior unsecured debt ratings are not available.

2) Financial Statements and Related Information

Each Participant must submit with its application audited financial statements for the most recent fiscal quarter, as well as the most recent three fiscal years, or the period of existence of the Participant, if shorter. All financial and related information considered for a Credit Score must be audited by an outside entity, and must be accompanied by an unqualified audit letter acceptable to PJMSettlement.

The information should include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a. If publicly traded:
 - i. Annual and quarterly reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q, respectively.
 - ii. Form 8-K reports disclosing Material changes, if any.
- b. If privately held:
 - i. Management's Discussion & Analysis
 - ii. Report of Independent Accountants
 - iii. Financial Statements, including:
 - Balance Sheet
 - Income Statement
 - Statement of Cash Flows
 - Statement of Stockholder's Equity
 - iv. Notes to Financial Statements

If the above information is available on the Internet, the Participant may provide a letter stating where such statements may be located and retrieved by PJMSettlement. For certain Participants, some of the above financial submittals may not be applicable, and alternate requirements may be specified by PJMSettlement.

In its credit evaluation of Cooperatives and Municipalities, PJMSettlement may request additional information as part of the overall financial review process and may also consider qualitative factors in determining financial strength and creditworthiness.

3) References

PJMSettlement may request Participants to provide with their applications at least one (1) bank and three (3) utility credit references. In the case where a Participant does not have the required utility references, trade payable vendor references may be substituted.

4) Litigation, Commitments and Contingencies

Each Participant is also required to provide with its application information as to any known Material litigation, commitments or contingencies as well as any prior bankruptcy declarations or Material defalcations by the Participant or its predecessors, subsidiaries or Affiliates, if any. These disclosures shall be made upon application, upon initiation or change, and at least annually thereafter, or as requested by PJMSettlement.

5) Other Disclosures

Each Participant is required to disclose any Affiliates that are currently Members of PJMSettlement or are applying for membership with PJMSettlement. Each Participant is also required to disclose the existence of any ongoing investigations by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"), Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC"), or any other governing, regulatory, or standards body. These disclosures shall be made upon application, upon initiation or change, and at least annually thereafter, or as requested by PJMSettlement.

B. Ongoing Credit Evaluation

On at least an annual basis, PJMSettlement will perform follow-up credit evaluations on all Participants. In completing the credit evaluation, PJMSettlement will consider:

1) Rating Agency Reports

In evaluating credit strength, PJMSettlement will review rating agency reports from Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Service, Fitch Ratings, or other nationally known rating agencies. The focus of the review will be on senior unsecured debt ratings; however, PJMSettlement will consider other ratings if senior unsecured debt ratings are not available.

2) Financial Statements and Related Information

Each Participant must submit audited annual financial statements as soon as they become available and no later than 120 days after fiscal year end. Each Participant is also required to provide PJMSettlement with quarterly financial statements promptly upon their issuance, but no later than 60 days after the end of each quarter. All financial and related information considered

for a Credit Score must be audited by an outside entity, and must be accompanied by an unqualified audit letter acceptable to PJMSettlement. If financial statements are not provided within the timeframe required, the Participant may not be granted an Unsecured Credit Allowance.

The information should include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a. If publicly traded:
 - i. Annual and quarterly reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q, respectively.
 - ii. Form 8-K reports disclosing Material changes, if any, immediately upon issuance.
- b. If privately held:
 - i. Management's Discussion & Analysis
 - ii. Report of Independent Accountants
 - iii. Financial Statements, including:
 - Balance Sheet
 - Income Statement
 - Statement of Cash Flows
 - Statement of Stockholder's Equity
 - iv. Notes to Financial Statements

If the above information is available on the Internet, the Participant may provide a letter stating where such statements may be located and retrieved by PJMSettlement. For certain Participants, some of the above financial submittals may not be applicable, and alternate requirements may be specified by PJMSettlement.

In its credit evaluation of Cooperatives and Municipalities, PJMSettlement may request additional information as part of the overall financial review process and may also consider qualitative factors in determining financial strength and creditworthiness.

3) Material Changes

Each Participant is responsible for informing PJMSettlement immediately, in writing, of any Material change in its financial condition. However, PJMSettlement may also independently establish from available information that a Participant has experienced a Material change in its financial condition without regard to whether such Participant has informed PJMSettlement of the same.

For the purpose of this policy, a Material change in financial condition may include, but not be limited to, any of the following:

- a. a downgrade of any debt rating by any rating agency;
- b. being placed on a credit watch with negative implications by any rating agency;
- c. a bankruptcy filing;
- d. insolvency;

- e. a report of a quarterly or annual loss or a decline in earnings of ten percent or more compared to the prior period;
- f. restatement of prior financial statements;
- g. the resignation of key officer(s);
- h. the filing of a lawsuit that could adversely impact any current or future financial results by ten percent or more;
- i. financial default in another organized wholesale electric market futures exchange or clearing house;
- j. revocation of a license or other authority by any Federal or State regulatory agency; where such license or authority is necessary or important to the Participants continued business for example, FERC market-based rate authority, or State license to serve retail load; or
- k. a significant change in credit default spreads, market capitalization, or other market-based risk measurement criteria, such as a recent increase in Moody's KMV Expected Default Frequency (EDFtm) that is noticeably greater than the increase in its peers' EDFtm rates, or a collateral default swap (CDS) premium normally associated with an entity rated lower than investment grade.

If PJMSettlement determines that a Material change in the financial condition of the Participant has occurred, it may require the Participant to provide Financial Security within two Business Days, in an amount and form approved by PJMSettlement. If the Participant fails to provide the required Financial Security, the Participant shall be in default under this credit policy.

In the event that PJMSettlement determines that a Material change in the financial condition of a Participant warrants a requirement to provide Financial Security, PJMSettlement shall provide the Participant with a written explanation of why such determination was made. However, under no circumstances shall the requirement that a Participant provide the requisite Financial Security be deferred pending the issuance of such written explanation.

4) Litigation, Commitments, and Contingencies

Each Participant is also required to provide information as to any known Material litigation, commitments or contingencies as well as any prior bankruptcy declarations or Material defalcations by the Participant or its predecessors, subsidiaries or Affiliates, if any. These disclosures shall be made upon initiation or change or as requested by PJMSettlement.

5) Other Disclosures

Each Participant is required to disclose any Affiliates that are currently Members of PJM or are applying for membership within PJM. Each Participant is also required to disclose the existence of any ongoing investigations by the SEC, FERC, CFTC or any other governing, regulatory, or standards body. These disclosures shall be made upon initiation or change, or as requested by PJMSettlement.

C. Corporate Guaranty

If a Corporate Guaranty is being utilized to establish credit for a Participant, the Guarantor will be evaluated and the Unsecured Credit Allowance or Financial Security requirement will be based on the financial strength of the Guarantor.

An irrevocable and unconditional Corporate Guaranty may be utilized as part of the credit evaluation process, but will not be considered a form of Financial Security. The Corporate Guaranty will be considered a transfer of credit from the Guarantor to the Participant. The Corporate Guaranty must guarantee the (i) full and prompt payment of all amounts payable by the Participant under the Agreements, and (ii) performance by the Participant under this policy.

The Corporate Guaranty should clearly state the identities of the “Guarantor,” “Beneficiary” (PJMSettlement) and “Obligor” (Participant). The Corporate Guaranty must be signed by an officer of the Guarantor, and must demonstrate that it is duly authorized in a manner acceptable to PJMSettlement. Such demonstration may include either a Corporate Seal on the Guaranty itself, or an accompanying executed and sealed Secretary’s Certificate noting that the Guarantor was duly authorized to provide such Corporate Guaranty and that the person signing the Corporate Guaranty is duly authorized, or other manner acceptable to PJMSettlement.

A Participant supplying a Corporate Guaranty must provide the same information regarding the Guarantor as is required in the “Initial Credit Evaluation” §I.A. and the “Ongoing Evaluation” §I.B. of this policy, including providing the Rating Agency Reports, Financial Statements and Related Information, References, Litigation Commitments and Contingencies, and Other Disclosures. A Participant supplying a Foreign or Canadian Guaranty must also satisfy the requirements of §I.C.1 or §I.C.2, as appropriate.

If there is a Material change in the financial condition of the Guarantor or if the Corporate Guaranty comes within 30 days of expiring without renewal, the Participant will be required to provide Financial Security either in the form of a cash deposit or a letter of credit. Failure to provide the required Financial Security within two Business Days after request by PJMSettlement will constitute an event of default under this credit policy. A Participant may request PJMSettlement to perform a credit evaluation in order to determine creditworthiness and to establish an Unsecured Credit Allowance, if applicable. If PJMSettlement determines that a Participant does qualify for a sufficient Unsecured Credit Allowance, then Financial Security will not be required.

The PJMSettlement Credit Application contains an acceptable form of Corporate Guaranty that should be utilized by a Participant choosing to establish its credit with a Corporate Guaranty. If the Corporate Guaranty varies in any way from the PJMSettlement format, it must first be reviewed and approved by PJMSettlement. All costs associated with obtaining and maintaining a Corporate Guaranty and meeting the policy provisions are the responsibility of the Participant.

1) Foreign Guaranties

A Foreign Guaranty is a Corporate Guaranty that is provided by an Affiliate entity that is domiciled in a country other than the United States or Canada. The entity providing a Foreign Guaranty on behalf of a Participant is a Foreign Guarantor. A Participant may provide a Foreign

Guaranty in satisfaction of part of its credit obligations or voluntary credit provision at PJMSettlement provided that all of the following conditions are met:

PJMSettlement reserves the right to deny, reject, or terminate acceptance of any Foreign Guaranty at any time, including for material adverse circumstances or occurrences.

- a. A Foreign Guaranty:
 - i. Must contain provisions equivalent to those contained in PJMSettlement's standard form of Foreign Guaranty with any modifications subject to review and approval by PJMSettlement counsel.
 - ii. Must be denominated in US currency.
 - iii. Must be written and executed solely in English, including any duplicate originals.
 - iv. Will not be accepted towards a Participant's Unsecured Credit Allowance for more than the following limits, depending on the Foreign Guarantor's credit rating:

Rating of Foreign Guarantor	Maximum Accepted Guaranty if Country Rating is AAA	Maximum Accepted Guaranty if Country Rating is AA+
A- and above	USD50,000,000	USD30,000,000
BBB+	USD30,000,000	USD20,000,000
BBB	USD10,000,000	USD10,000,000
BBB- or below	USD 0	USD 0

- v. May not exceed 50% of the Participant's total credit, if the Foreign Grantor is rated less than BBB+.
- b. A Foreign Guarantor:
 - i. Must satisfy all provisions of the PJM credit policy applicable to domestic Guarantors.
 - ii. Must be an Affiliate of the Participant.
 - iii. Must maintain an agent for acceptance of service of process in the United States; such agent shall be situated in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, absent legal constraint.
 - iv. Must be rated by at least one Rating Agency acceptable to PJMSettlement; the credit strength of a Foreign Guarantor may not be determined based on an evaluation of its financials without an actual credit rating as well.
 - v. Must have a Senior Unsecured (or equivalent, in PJMSettlement's sole discretion) rating of BBB (one notch above BBB-) or greater by any and all agencies that provide rating coverage of the entity.
 - vi. Must provide financials in GAAP format or other format acceptable to PJMSettlement with clear representation of net worth, intangible assets, and any other information PJMSettlement may require in order to determine the entity's Unsecured Credit Allowance
 - vii. Must provide a Secretary's Certificate certifying the adoption of Corporate Resolutions:

1. Authorizing and approving the Guaranty; and
 2. Authorizing the Officers to execute and deliver the Guaranty on behalf of the Guarantor.
- viii. Must be domiciled in a country with a minimum long-term sovereign (or equivalent) rating of AA+/Aa1, with the following conditions:
1. Sovereign ratings must be available from at least two rating agencies acceptable to PJMSettlement (e.g. S&P, Moody's, Fitch, DBRS).
 2. Each agency's sovereign rating for the domicile will be considered to be the lowest of: country ceiling, senior unsecured government debt, long-term foreign currency sovereign rating, long-term local currency sovereign rating, or other equivalent measures, at PJMSettlement's sole discretion.
 3. Whether ratings are available from two or three agencies, the lowest of the two or three will be used.
- ix. Must be domiciled in a country that recognizes and enforces judgments of US courts.
- x. Must demonstrate financial commitment to activity in the United States as evidenced by one of the following:
1. American Depositary Receipts (ADR) are traded on the New York Stock Exchange, American Stock Exchange, or NASDAQ.
 2. Equity ownership worth over USD100,000,000 in the wholly-owned or majority owned subsidiaries in the United States.
- xi. Must satisfy all other applicable provisions of the PJM Tariff and/or Operating Agreement, including this credit policy.
- xii. Must pay for all expenses incurred by PJMSettlement related to reviewing and accepting a foreign guaranty beyond nominal in-house credit and legal review.
- xiii. Must, at its own cost, provide PJMSettlement with independent legal opinion from an attorney/solicitor of PJMSettlement's choosing and licensed to practice law in the United States and/or Guarantor's domicile, in form and substance acceptable to PJMSettlement in its sole discretion, confirming the enforceability of the Foreign Guaranty, the Guarantor's legal authorization to grant the Guaranty, the conformance of the Guaranty, Guarantor, and Guarantor's domicile to all of these requirements, and such other matters as PJMSettlement may require in its sole discretion.

2) Canadian Guaranties

A Canadian Guaranty is a Corporate Guaranty that is provided by an Affiliate entity that is domiciled in Canada and satisfies all of the provisions below. The entity providing a Canadian Guaranty on behalf of a Participant is a Canadian Guarantor. A Participant may provide a Canadian Guaranty in satisfaction of part of its credit obligations or voluntary credit provision at PJMSettlement provided that all of the following conditions are met.

PJMSettlement reserves the right to deny, reject, or terminate acceptance of any Canadian Guaranty at any time for reasonable cause, including adverse material circumstances.

- a. A Canadian Guaranty:
 - i. Must contain provisions equivalent to those contained in PJMSettlement's standard form of Foreign Guaranty with any modifications subject to review and approval by PJMSettlement counsel.
 - ii. Must be denominated in US currency.
 - iii. Must be written and executed solely in English, including any duplicate originals.
- b. A Canadian Guarantor:
 - i. Must satisfy all provisions of the PJM credit policy applicable to domestic Guarantors.
 - ii. Must be an Affiliate of the Participant.
 - iii. Must maintain an agent for acceptance of service of process in the United States; such agent shall be situated in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, absent legal constraint.
 - iv. Must be rated by at least one Rating Agency acceptable to PJMSettlement; the credit strength of a Canadian Guarantor may not be determined based on an evaluation of its financials without an actual credit rating as well.
 - v. Must provide financials in GAAP format or other format acceptable to PJMSettlement with clear representation of net worth, intangible assets, and any other information PJMSettlement may require in order to determine the entity's Unsecured Credit Allowance.
 - vi. Must satisfy all other applicable provisions of the PJM Tariff and/or Operating Agreement, including this Credit Policy.

Ia. MINIMUM PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS

A. PJM Market Participation Eligibility Requirements

To be eligible to transact in PJM Markets, a Market Participant must demonstrate in accordance with the Risk Management and Verification processes set forth below that it qualifies in one of the following ways:

- 1. an "appropriate person," as that term is defined under Section 4(c)(3), or successor provision, of the Commodity Exchange Act, or;
- 2. an "eligible contract participant," as that term is defined in Section 1a(18), or successor provision, of the Commodity Exchange Act, or;
- 3. a business entity or person who is in the business of: (1) generating, transmitting, or distributing electric energy, or (2) providing electric energy services that are necessary to support the reliable operation of the transmission system, or;
- 4. a Market Participant seeking eligibility as an "appropriate person" providing an unlimited Corporate Guaranty in a form acceptable to PJMSettlement as described in Section I.C of Attachment Q from an issuer that has at least \$1 million of total net

worth or \$5 million of total assets per Participant for which the issuer has issued an unlimited Corporate Guaranty, or;

5. a Market Participant providing a letter of credit of at least \$5 million to PJMSettlement in a form acceptable to PJMSettlement as described in Section VI.B of Attachment Q that the Market Participant acknowledges is separate from, and cannot be applied to meet, its credit requirements to PJMSettlement.

If, at any time, a Market Participant cannot meet the eligibility requirements set forth above, it shall immediately notify PJMSettlement and immediately cease conducting transactions in the PJM Markets. PJMSettlement shall terminate a Market Participant's transaction rights in the PJM Markets if, at any time, it becomes aware that the Market Participant does not meet the minimum eligibility requirements set forth above.

In the event that a Market Participant is no longer able to demonstrate it meets the minimum eligibility requirements set forth above, and possesses, obtains or has rights to possess or obtain, any open or forward positions in PJM's Markets, PJMSettlement may take any such action it deems necessary with respect to such open or forward positions, including, but not limited to, liquidation, transfer, assignment or sale; provided, however, that the Market Participant will, notwithstanding its ineligibility to participate in the PJM Markets, be entitled to any positive market value of those positions, net of any obligations due and owing to PJM and/or PJMSettlement.

B. Risk Management and Verification

All Participants shall provide to PJMSettlement an executed copy of the annual certification set forth in Appendix 1 to this Attachment Q. This certification shall be provided before an entity is eligible to participate in the PJM Markets and shall be initially submitted to PJMSettlement together with the entity's Credit Application. Thereafter, it shall be submitted each calendar year by all Participants during a period beginning on January 1 and ending April 30, except that new Participants who became eligible to participate in PJM markets during the period of January through April shall not be required to resubmit such certification until the following calendar year. Except for certain FTR Participants (discussed below) or in cases of manifest error, PJMSettlement will accept such certifications as a matter of course and Participants will not need further notice from PJMSettlement before commencing or maintaining their eligibility to participate in PJM markets. A Participant that fails to provide its annual certification by April 30 shall be ineligible to transact in the PJM markets and PJM will disable the Participant's access to the PJM markets until such time as PJMSettlement receives the Participant's certification.

Participants acknowledge and understand that the annual certification constitutes a representation upon which PJMSettlement will rely. Such representation is additionally made under the PJM Tariff, filed with and accepted by FERC, and any inaccurate or incomplete statement may subject the Participant to action by FERC. Failure to comply with any of the criteria or requirements listed herein or in the certification may result in suspension of a Participant's transaction rights in the PJM markets.

Certain FTR Participants (those providing representations found in paragraph 3.b of the annual certification set forth in Appendix 1 to this Attachment Q) are additionally required to submit to PJMSettlement (at the time they make their annual certification) a copy of their current governing risk control policies, procedures and controls applicable to their FTR trading activities. PJMSettlement will review such documentation to verify that it appears generally to conform to prudent risk management practices for entities trading in FTR-type markets. If principles or best practices relating to risk management in FTR-type markets are published, as may be modified from time to time, by a third-party industry association, such as the Committee of Chief Risk Officers, PJMSettlement may, following stakeholder discussion and with no less than six months prior notice to stakeholders, apply such principles or best practices in determining the fundamental sufficiency of the FTR Participant's risk controls. Those FTR Participants subject to this provision shall make a one-time payment of \$1,000.00 to PJMSettlement to cover costs associated with review and verification. Thereafter, if such FTR Participant's risk policies, procedures and controls applicable to its FTR trading activities change substantively, it shall submit such modified documentation, without charge, to PJMSettlement for review and verification at the time it makes its annual certification. Such FTR Participant's continued eligibility to participate in the PJM FTR markets is conditioned on PJMSettlement notifying such FTR Participant that its annual certification, including the submission of its risk policies, procedures and controls, has been accepted by PJMSettlement. PJMSettlement may retain outside expertise to perform the review and verification function described in this paragraph, however, in all circumstances, PJMSettlement and any third-party it may retain will treat as confidential the documentation provided by an FTR Participant under this paragraph, consistent with the applicable provisions of PJM's Operating Agreement.

An FTR Participant that makes the representation in paragraph 3.a of the annual certification understand that PJMSettlement, given the visibility it has over a Participant's overall market activity in performing billing and settlement functions, may at any time request the FTR Participant provide additional information demonstrating that it is in fact eligible to make the representation in paragraph 3.a of the annual certification. If such additional information is not provided or does not, in PJMSettlement's judgment, demonstrate eligibility to make the representation in paragraph 3.a of the annual certification, PJMSettlement will require the FTR Participant to instead make the representations required in paragraph 3.b of the annual certification, including representing that it has submitted a copy of its current governing risk control policies, procedures and controls applicable to its FTR trading activities. If the FTR Participant cannot or does not make those representations as required in paragraph 3.b of the annual certification, then PJM will terminate the FTR Participant's rights to purchase FTRs in the FTR market and may terminate the FTR Participant's rights to sell FTRs in the PJM FTR market.

Through a periodic compliance verification process, PJMSettlement shall review and verify, as applicable, a Participant's risk management policies, practices, and procedures pertaining to the Participant's activities in the PJM markets. Such review shall include verification that:

1. The risk management framework is documented in a risk policy addressing market, credit and liquidity risks.

2. The Participant maintains an organizational structure with clearly defined roles and responsibilities that clearly segregates trading and risk management functions.
3. There is clarity of authority specifying the types of transactions into which traders are allowed to enter.
4. The Participant has requirements that traders have adequate training relative to their authority in the systems and PJM markets in which they transact.
5. As appropriate, risk limits are in place to control risk exposures.
6. Reporting is in place to ensure that risks and exceptions are adequately communicated throughout the organization.
7. Processes are in place for qualified independent review of trading activities.
8. As appropriate, there is periodic valuation or mark-to-market of risk positions.

If principles or best practices relating to risk management in PJM-type markets are published, as may be modified from time to time, by a third-party industry association, PJMSettlement may, following stakeholder discussion and with no less than six months prior notice to stakeholders, apply such principles or best practices in determining the sufficiency of the Participant's risk controls. PJMSettlement may select Participants for review on a random basis and/or based on identified risk factors such as, but not limited to, the PJM markets in which the Participant is transacting, the magnitude of the Participant's transactions in the PJM markets, or the volume of the Participant's open positions in the PJM markets. Those Participants notified by PJMSettlement that they have been selected for review shall, upon 14 calendar days notice, provide a copy of their current governing risk control policies, procedures and controls applicable to their PJM market activities and shall also provide such further information or documentation pertaining to the Participants' activities in the PJM markets as PJMSettlement may reasonably request. Participants selected for risk management verification through a random process and satisfactorily verified by PJMSettlement shall be excluded from such verification process based on a random selection for the subsequent two years. PJMSettlement shall annually randomly select for review no more than 20% of the Participants in each member sector.

Each selected Participant's continued eligibility to participate in the PJM markets is conditioned upon PJMSettlement notifying the Participant of successful completion of PJMSettlement's verification, provided, however, that if PJMSettlement notifies the Participant in writing that it could not successfully complete the verification process, PJMSettlement shall allow such Participant 14 calendar days to provide sufficient evidence for verification prior to declaring the Participant as ineligible to continue to participate in PJM's markets, which declaration shall be in writing with an explanation of why PJMSettlement could not complete the verification. If, prior to the expiration of such 14 calendar days, the Participant demonstrates to PJMSettlement that it has filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an appeal of PJMSettlement's risk management verification determination, then the Participant shall retain its transaction rights,

pending the Commission's determination on the Participant's appeal. PJMSettlement may retain outside expertise to perform the review and verification function described in this paragraph. PJMSettlement and any third party it may retain will treat as confidential the documentation provided by a Participant under this paragraph, consistent with the applicable provisions of the Operating Agreement. If PJMSettlement retains such outside expertise, a Participant may direct in writing that PJMSettlement perform the risk management review and verification for such Participant instead of utilizing a third party, provided however, that employees and contract employees of PJMSettlement and PJM shall not be considered to be such outside expertise or third parties.

Participants are solely responsible for the positions they take and the obligations they assume in PJM markets. PJMSettlement hereby disclaims any and all responsibility to any Participant or PJM Member associated with Participant's submitting or failure to submit its annual certification or PJMSettlement's review and verification of an FTR Participant's risk policies, procedures and controls. Such review and verification is limited to demonstrating basic compliance by an FTR Participant with the representation it makes under paragraph 3.b of its annual certification showing the existence of written policies, procedures and controls to limit its risk in PJM's FTR markets and does not constitute an endorsement of the efficacy of such policies, procedures or controls.

B. Capitalization

In addition to the Annual Certification requirements in Appendix 1 to this Attachment Q, a Participant must demonstrate that it meets the minimum financial requirements appropriate for the PJM market(s) in which it transacts by satisfying either the Minimum Capitalization or the Provision of Collateral requirements listed below:

1. Minimum Capitalization

FTR Participants must demonstrate a tangible net worth in excess of \$1 million or tangible assets in excess of \$10 million. Other Participants must demonstrate a tangible net worth in excess of \$500,000 or tangible assets in excess of \$5 million.

- a. In either case, consideration of "tangible" assets and net worth shall exclude assets (net of any matching liabilities, assuming the result is a positive value) which PJMSettlement reasonably believes to be restricted, highly risky, or potentially unavailable to settle a claim in the event of default. Examples include, but are not limited to, restricted assets and Affiliate assets, derivative assets, goodwill, and other intangible assets.
- b. Demonstration of "tangible" assets and net worth may be satisfied through presentation of an acceptable Corporate Guaranty, provided that both:

- (i) the guarantor is an affiliate company that satisfies the tangible net worth or tangible assets requirements herein, and;
- (ii) the Corporate Guaranty is either unlimited or at least \$500,000.

If the Corporate Guaranty presented by the Participant to satisfy these Capitalization requirements is limited in value, then the Participant's resulting Unsecured Credit Allowance shall be the lesser of:

- (1) the applicable Unsecured Credit Allowance available to the Participant by the Corporate Guaranty pursuant to the creditworthiness provisions of this Credit Policy, or:
- (2) the face value of the Corporate Guaranty, reduced by \$500,000 and further reduced by 10%. (For example, a \$10.5 million Corporate Guaranty would be reduced first by \$500,000 to \$10 million and then further reduced 10% more to \$9 million. The resulting \$9 million would be the Participant's Unsecured Credit Allowance available through the Corporate Guaranty).

In the event that a Participant provides collateral in addition to a limited Corporate Guaranty to increase its available credit, the value of such collateral shall be reduced by 10%. This reduced value shall be deemed Financial Security and available to satisfy the requirements of this Credit Policy.

Demonstrations of capitalization must be presented in the form of audited financial statements for the Participant's most recent fiscal year.

2. Provision of Collateral

If a Participant does not demonstrate compliance with its applicable Minimum Capitalization Requirements above, it may still qualify to participate in PJM's markets by posting additional collateral, subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

Any collateral provided by a Participant unable to satisfy the Minimum Capitalization Requirements above will be restricted in the following manner:

- i. Collateral provided by FTR Participants shall be reduced by \$500,000 and then further reduced by 10%. This reduced amount shall be considered the Financial Security provided by the Participant and available to satisfy requirements of this Credit Policy.
- ii. Collateral provided by other Participants that engage in *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* shall be reduced by \$200,000 and then further

reduced by 10%. This reduced value shall be considered Financial Security available to satisfy requirements of this Credit Policy.

- iii. Collateral provided by other Participants that do not engage in *Virtual Transactions* shall be reduced by 10%, and this reduced value shall be considered Financial Security available to satisfy requirements of this Credit Policy.

In the event a Participant that satisfies the Minimum Participation Requirements through provision of collateral also provides a Corporate Guaranty to increase its available credit, then the Participant's resulting Unsecured Credit Allowance conveyed through such Guaranty shall be the lesser of:

- (1) the applicable Unsecured Credit Allowance available to the Participant by the Corporate Guaranty pursuant to the creditworthiness provisions of this credit policy, or,
- (2) the face value of the Guaranty, reduced by 10%.

II. CREDIT ALLOWANCE AND WORKING CREDIT LIMIT

PJMSettlement's credit evaluation process will include calculating a Credit Score for each Participant. The credit score will be utilized to determine a Participant's Unsecured Credit Allowance.

Participants who do not qualify for an Unsecured Credit Allowance will be required to provide Financial Security based on their Peak Market Activity, as provided below.

A corresponding Working Credit Limit will be established based on the Unsecured Credit Allowance and/or the Financial Security provided.

Where Participant of PJM are considered Affiliates, Unsecured Credit Allowances and Working Credit Limits will be established for each individual Participant, subject to an aggregate maximum amount for all Affiliates as provided for in §II.F of this policy.

In its credit evaluation of Cooperatives and Municipalities, PJMSettlement may request additional information as part of the overall financial review process and may also consider qualitative factors in determining financial strength and creditworthiness.

A. Credit Score

For participants with credit ratings, a Credit Score will be assigned based on their senior unsecured credit rating and credit watch status as shown in the table below. If an explicit senior unsecured rating is not available, PJMSettlement may impute an equivalent rating from other ratings that are available. For Participants without a credit rating, but who wish to be considered for unsecured Credit, a Credit Score will be generated from PJMSettlement's review and analysis of various factors that are predictors of financial strength and creditworthiness. Key factors in the scoring process include, financial ratios, and years in business. PJMSettlement will

consistently apply the measures it uses in determining Credit Scores. The credit scoring methodology details are included in a supplementary document available on OASIS.

Rated Entities Credit Scores

Rating	Score	Score Modifier	
		Credit Watch Negative	Credit Watch Positive
AAA	100	-1.0	0.0
AA+	99	-1.0	0.0
AA	99	-1.0	0.0
AA-	98	-1.0	0.0
A+	97	-1.0	0.0
A	96	-2.0	0.0
A-	93	-3.0	1.0
BBB+	88	-4.0	2.0
BBB	78	-4.0	2.0
BBB-	65	-4.0	2.0
BB+ and below	0	0.0	0.0

B. Unsecured Credit Allowance

PJMSettlement will determine a Participant's Unsecured Credit Allowance based on its Credit Score and the parameters in the table below. The maximum Unsecured Credit Allowance is the lower of:

- 1) A percentage of the Participant's Tangible Net Worth, as stated in the table below, with the percentage based on the Participant's credit score; and
- 2) A dollar cap based on the credit score, as stated in the table below:

Credit Score	Tangible Net Worth Factor	Maximum Unsecured Credit Allowance (\$ Million)
91-100	2.125 – 2.50%	\$50
81-90	1.708 – 2.083%	\$42
71-80	1.292 – 1.667%	\$33
61-70	0.875 – 1.25%	\$7
51-60	0.458 – 0.833%	\$0-\$2
50 and Under	0%	\$0

If a Corporate Guaranty is utilized to establish an Unsecured Credit Allowance for a Participant, the value of a Corporate Guaranty will be the lesser of:

- The limit imposed in the Corporate Guaranty;
- The Unsecured Credit Allowance calculated for the Guarantor; and
- A portion of the Unsecured Credit Allowance calculated for the Guarantor in the case of Affiliated Participants.

PJMSettlement has the right at any time to modify any Unsecured Credit Allowance and/or require additional Financial Security as may be deemed reasonably necessary to support current market activity. Failure to pay the required amount of additional Financial Security within two Business Days shall be an event of default.

PJMSettlement will maintain a posting of each Participant's unsecured Credit Allowance, along with certain other credit related parameters, on the PJM web site in a secure, password-protected location. Such information will be updated at least weekly. Each Participant will be responsible for monitoring such information and recognizing changes that may occur.

C. Seller Credit

Participants that have maintained a Net Sell Position for each of the prior 12 months are eligible for Seller Credit, which is an additional form of Unsecured Credit. A Participant's Seller Credit will be equal to sixty percent of the Participant's thirteenth smallest weekly Net Sell Position invoiced in the past 52 weeks.

Each Participant receiving Seller Credit must maintain both its Seller Credit and its Total Net Sell Position equal to or greater than the Participant's aggregate credit requirements, less any Financial Security or other sources of credit provided.

For Participants receiving Seller Credit, PJMSettlement may forecast the Participant's Total Net Sell Position considering the Participant's current Total Net Sell Position, recent trends in the Participant's Total Net Sell Position, and other information available to PJMSettlement, such as, but not limited to, known generator outages, changes in load responsibility, and bilateral transactions impacting the Participant. If PJMSettlement's forecast ever indicates that the Participant's Total Net Sell Position may in the future be less than the Participant's aggregate credit requirements, less any Financial Security or other sources of credit provided, then PJMSettlement may require Financial Security as needed to cover the difference. Failure to pay the required amount of additional Financial Security within two Business Days shall be an event of default.

Any Financial Security required by PJMSettlement pursuant to these provisions for Seller Credit will be returned once the requirement for such Financial Security has ended. Seller Credit may not be conveyed to another entity through use of a guaranty. Seller Credit shall be subject to the cap on available Unsecured Credit set forth in Section II.F.

D. Peak Market Activity and Financial Security Requirement

A PJM Participant or Applicant that has an insufficient Unsecured Credit Allowance to satisfy its Peak Market Activity will be required to provide Financial Security such that its Unsecured Credit Allowance and Financial Security together are equal to its Peak Market Activity in order to secure its transactional activity in the PJM Market.

Peak Market Activity for Participants will be determined semi-annually beginning in the first complete billing week in the months of April and October. Peak Market Activity shall be the greater of the initial Peak Market Activity, as explained below, or the greatest amount invoiced for the Participant's transaction activity for all PJM markets and services, excluding FTR Net Activity, in any rolling one, two, or three week period, ending within a respective semi-annual period. However, Peak Market Activity shall not exceed the greatest amount invoiced for the Participant's transaction activity for all PJM markets and services, excluding FTR Net Activity, in any rolling one, two or three week period in the prior 52 weeks.

The initial Peak Market Activity for Applicants will be determined by PJMSettlement based on a review of an estimate of their transactional activity for all PJM markets and services, excluding FTR Net Activity, over the next 52 weeks, which the Applicant shall provide to PJMSettlement.

The initial Peak Market Activity for Participants, calculated at the beginning of each respective semi-annual period, shall be the three-week average of all non-zero invoice totals, excluding FTR Net Activity, over the previous 52 weeks. This calculation shall be performed and applied within three business days following the day the invoice is issued for the first full billing week in the current semi-annual period.

Prepayments shall not affect Peak Market Activity unless otherwise agreed to in writing pursuant to this Credit Policy.

All Peak Market Activity calculations shall take into account reductions of invoice values effectuated by early payments which are applied to reduce a Participant's Peak Market Activity as contemplated by other terms of the Credit Policy; provided that the initial Peak Market Activity shall not be less than the average value calculated using the weeks for which no early payment was made.

A Participant may reduce its Financial Security Requirement by agreeing in writing (in a form acceptable to PJMSettlement) to make additional payments, including prepayments, as and when necessary to ensure that such Participant's Total Net Obligation at no time exceeds such reduced Financial Security Requirement.

PJMSettlement may, at its discretion, adjust a Participant's Financial Security Requirement if PJMSettlement determines that the Peak Market Activity is not representative of such Participant's expected activity, as a consequence of known, measurable, and sustained changes. Such changes may include the loss (without replacement) of short-term load contracts, when such contracts had terms of three months or more and were acquired through state-sponsored retail load programs, but shall not include short-term buying and selling or *Virtual Transactions*.

PJMSettlement may waive the Financial Security Requirement for a Participant that agrees in writing that it shall not, after the date of such agreement, incur obligations under any of the Agreements. Such entity's access to all electronic transaction systems administered by PJM shall be terminated.

PJMSettlement will maintain a posting of each Participant's Financial Security Requirement on the PJM web site in a secure, password-protected location. Such information will be updated at least weekly. Each Participant will be responsible for monitoring such information and recognizing changes that may occur.

E. Working Credit Limit

PJMSettlement will establish a Working Credit Limit for each Participant against which its **Total Net Obligation** will be monitored. The Working Credit Limit is defined as 75% of the Financial Security provided to PJMSettlement and/or 75% of the Unsecured Credit Allowance determined by PJMSettlement based on a credit evaluation. A Participant's Total Net Obligation should not exceed its Working Credit Limit.

Example: After a credit evaluation by PJMSettlement, a Participant is deemed able to support an Unsecured Credit Allowance of \$10.0 million. The Participant will be assigned a Working Credit Limit of \$8.5 million. PJMSettlement will monitor the Participant's Total Net Obligations against the Working Credit Limit.

A Participant with an Unsecured Credit Allowance may choose to provide Financial Security in order to increase its Working Credit Limit. A Participant with no Unsecured Credit Allowance may also choose to increase its Working Credit Limit by providing Financial Security in an amount greater than its Peak Market Activity.

If a Participant's Total Net Obligation approaches its Working Credit Limit, PJMSettlement may require the Participant to make an advance payment or increase its Financial Security in order to maintain its Total Net Obligation below its Working Credit Limit. Except as explicitly provided below, advance payments shall not serve to reduce the Participant's Peak Market Activity for the purpose of calculating credit requirements.

Example: After 10 days, and with 5 days remaining before the bill is due to be paid, a Participant approaches its \$4.0 million Working Credit Limit. PJMSettlement may require a prepayment of \$2.0 million in order that the Total Net Obligation will not exceed the Working Credit Limit.

If a Participant exceeds its Working Credit Limit or is required to make advance payments more than ten times during a 52-week period, PJMSettlement may require Financial Security in an amount as may be deemed reasonably necessary to support its Total Net Obligation.

A Participant receiving unsecured credit may make early payments up to ten times in a rolling 52-week period in order to reduce its Peak Market Activity for credit requirement purposes. Imputed Peak Market Activity reductions for credit purposes will be applied to the billing period for which the payment was received. Payments used as the basis for such reductions must be received prior to issuance or posting of the invoice for the relevant billing period. The imputed

Peak Market Activity reduction attributed to any payment may not exceed the amount of Unsecured Credit for which the Participant is eligible.

F. Credit Limit Setting For Affiliates

If two or more Participants are Affiliates and each is being granted an Unsecured Credit Allowance and a corresponding Working Credit Limit, PJMSettlement will consider the overall creditworthiness of the Affiliated Participants when determining the Unsecured Credit Allowances and Working Credit Limits in order not to grant more Unsecured Credit than the overall corporation could support.

Example: Participants A and B each have a \$10.0 million Corporate Guaranty from their common parent, a holding company with an Unsecured Credit Allowance calculation of \$12.0 million. PJMSettlement may limit the Unsecured Credit Allowance for each Participant to \$6.0 million, so the total Unsecured Credit Allowance does not exceed the corporate total of \$12.0 million.

PJMSettlement will work with Affiliated Participants to allocate the total Unsecured Credit Allowance among the Affiliates while assuring that no individual Participant, nor common guarantor, exceeds the Unsecured Credit Allowance appropriate for its credit strength. The aggregate Unsecured Credit for a Participant, including Unsecured Credit Allowance granted based on its own creditworthiness and any Unsecured Credit Allowance conveyed through a Guaranty shall not exceed \$50 million. The aggregate Unsecured Credit for a group of Affiliates shall not exceed \$50 million. A group of Affiliates subject to this cap shall request PJMSettlement to allocate the maximum Unsecured Credit and Working Credit Limit amongst the group, assuring that no individual Participant or common guarantor, shall exceed the Unsecured Credit level appropriate for its credit strength and activity.

G. Working Credit Limit Violations

1) Notification

A Participant is subject to notification when its Total Net Obligation to PJMSettlement approaches the Participant's established Working Credit Limit.

2) Suspension

A Participant that exceeds its Working Credit Limit is subject to suspension from participation in the PJM markets and from scheduling any future Transmission Service unless and until Participant's credit standing is brought within acceptable limits. A Participant will have two Business Days from notification to remedy the situation in a manner deemed acceptable by PJMSettlement. Additionally, PJMSettlement, in coordination with PJM, will take such actions as may be required or permitted under the Agreements, including but not limited to the termination of the Participant's ongoing Transmission Service and participation in PJM Markets. Failure to comply with this policy will be considered an event of default under this credit policy.

H. PJM Administrative Charges

Financial Security held by PJMSettlement shall also secure obligations to PJM for PJM administrative charges.

I. Pre-existing Financial Security

PJMSettlement's credit requirements are applicable as of the effective date of the filing on May 5, 2010 by PJM and PJMSettlement of amendments to Attachment Q. Financial Security held by PJM prior to the effective date of such amendments shall be held by PJM for the benefit of PJMSettlement.

III. INCREMENT OFFER AND DECREMENT BID SCREENING

A. Credit and Financial Security

PJMSettlement does not require a Participant to establish separate or additional credit for *submitting Increment Offers and Decrement Bids*. A Participant's ability to submit *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* into the spot market will be governed, however, by the terms of this section, so a Participant may choose to establish such additional credit in order to expand its ability to undertake *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* in the PJM spot market.

If a Participant chooses to provide additional Financial Security in order to increase its **Credit Available for Increment Offers and Decrement Bids PJMSettlement** may establish a reasonable timeframe, not to exceed three months, for which such Financial Security must be maintained. PJMSettlement will not impose such restriction on a deposit unless a Participant is notified prior to making the deposit. Such restriction, if applied, shall be applied to all future deposits by all *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* participants.

A Participant wishing to increase its Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* by providing additional Financial Security may make the appropriate arrangements with PJMSettlement. PJMSettlement will make a good faith effort to make new Financial Security available as Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* as soon as practicable after confirmation of receipt. In any event, however, Financial Security received and confirmed by noon on a business day will be applied (as provided under this policy) to Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* no later than 10:00 am on the following business day. Receipt and acceptance of wired funds for cash deposit shall mean actual receipt by PJMSettlement's bank, deposit into PJMSettlement's customer deposit account, and confirmation by PJMSettlement that such wire has been received and deposited. Receipt and acceptance of letters of credit shall mean receipt of the original letter of credit or amendment thereto, and confirmation from PJMSettlement's credit and legal staffs that such letter of credit or amendment thereto conforms to PJMSettlement's requirements, which confirmation shall be made in a reasonable and practicable timeframe. To facilitate this process, bidders wiring funds for the purpose of increasing their Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* are advised to specifically notify PJMSettlement that a wire is being sent for such purpose.

B. Increment Offer and Decrement Bid Screening Process

All *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* submitted to PJM shall be subject to a credit screen prior to acceptance in the Day-ahead Energy Market auction. The credit screen process will automatically reject *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* submitted by the PJM market participant if the participant's Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* is exceeded by the **Virtual Credit Exposure** that is calculated based on the participant's submitted bids and offers as described below.

A Participant's Virtual Credit Exposure will be calculated on a daily basis for all *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* submitted by the market participant for the next operating day using the following equation:

Virtual Credit Exposure = the lesser of:

- (i) ((total MWh bid or offered, whichever is greater, hourly at each node) x Nodal Reference Price x 2 days) summed over all nodes and all hours; or
- (ii) (a) ((the total MWh bid or offered, whichever is greater, hourly at each node) x the Nodal Reference Price x 1 day) summed over all nodes and all hours; plus (b) ((the difference between the total bid MWh cleared and total offered MWh cleared hourly at each node) x Nodal Reference Price) summed over all nodes and all hours for the previous three cleared day-ahead markets.

A Participant's Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* will be the Participant's Working Credit Limit less any unpaid billed and unbilled amounts owed to PJMSettlement, plus any unpaid billed and unbilled amounts owed by PJMSettlement to the Participant, less any credit required for FTR or other credit requirement determinants as defined in this policy.

If a Market Participant's *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* are rejected as a result of the credit screen process, the Market Participant will be notified via an eMKT error message. A Market Participant whose *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* are rejected may alter its *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* so that its Virtual Credit Exposure does not exceed its Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids*, and may resubmit them. Bids may be submitted in one or more groups during a day. If one or more groups of bids is submitted and accepted, and a subsequent group of submitted bids causes the total submitted bids to exceed the Virtual Credit Exposure, then only that subsequent set of bids will be rejected. Previously accepted bids will not be affected, though the Market Participant may choose to withdraw them voluntarily.

IV. RELIABILITY PRICING MODEL AUCTION AND PRICE RESPONSIVE DEMAND CREDIT REQUIREMENTS

Settlement during any Delivery Year of cleared positions resulting or expected to result from any Reliability Pricing Model Auction shall be included as appropriate in Peak Market Activity, and

the provisions of this Attachment Q shall apply to any such activity and obligations arising therefrom. In addition, the provisions of this section shall apply to any entity seeking to participate in any RPM Auction, to address credit risks unique to such auctions. The provisions of this section also shall apply under certain circumstances to PRD Providers that seek to commit Price Responsive Demand pursuant to the provisions of the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

A. Applicability

A Market Seller seeking to submit a Sell Offer in any Reliability Pricing Model Auction based on any Capacity Resource for which there is a materially increased risk of non-performance must satisfy the credit requirement specified in section IV.B before submitting such Sell Offer. A PRD Provider seeking to commit Price Responsive Demand for which there is a materially increased risk of non-performance must satisfy the credit requirement specified in section IV.B before it may commit the Price Responsive Demand. Credit must be maintained until such risk of non-performance is substantially eliminated, but may be reduced commensurate with the reduction in such risk, as set forth in Section IV.C.

For purposes of this provision, a resource for which there is a materially increased risk of non-performance shall mean: (i) a Planned Generation Capacity Resource; (ii) a Planned Demand Resource or an Energy Efficiency Resource; (iii) a Qualifying Transmission Upgrade; (iv) an existing or Planned Generation Capacity Resource located outside the PJM Region that at the time it is submitted in a Sell Offer has not secured firm transmission service to the border of the PJM Region sufficient to satisfy the deliverability requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement; or (v) Price Responsive Demand to the extent the responsible PRD Provider has not registered PRD-eligible load at a PRD Substation level to satisfy its Nominal PRD Value commitment, in accordance with Schedule 6.1 of the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

B. Reliability Pricing Model Auction and Price Responsive Demand Credit Requirement

Except as provided for Credit-Limited Offers below, for any resource specified in Section IV.A, other than Price Responsive Demand, the credit requirement shall be the RPM Auction Credit Rate, as provided in Section IV.D, times the megawatts to be offered for sale from such resource in a Reliability Pricing Model Auction. The RPM Auction Credit Requirement for each Market Seller shall be the sum of the credit requirements for all such resources to be offered by such Market Seller in the auction or, as applicable, cleared by such Market Seller from the relevant auctions. For Price Responsive Demand specified in section IV.A, the credit requirement shall be based on the Nominal PRD Value (stated in Unforced Capacity terms) times the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate as set forth in section IV.E.

Except for Credit-Limited Offers, the RPM Auction Credit Requirement for a Market Seller will be reduced for any Delivery Year to the extent less than all of such Market Seller's offers clear in the Base Residual Auction or any Incremental Auction for such Delivery Year. Such reduction shall be proportional to the quantity, in megawatts, that failed to clear in such Delivery Year.

A Sell Offer based on a Planned Generation Capacity Resource, Planned Demand Resource, or Energy Efficiency Resource may be submitted as a Credit-Limited Offer. A Market Seller electing this option shall specify a maximum amount of Unforced Capacity, in megawatts, and a maximum credit requirement, in dollars, applicable to the Sell Offer. A Credit-Limited Offer shall clear the RPM Auction in which it is submitted (to the extent it otherwise would clear based on the other offer parameters and the system's need for the offered capacity) only to the extent of the lesser of: (i) the quantity of Unforced Capacity that is the quotient of the division of the specified maximum credit requirement by the Auction Credit Rate resulting from section IV.D.b.; and (ii) the maximum amount of Unforced Capacity specified in the Sell Offer. For a Market Seller electing this alternative, the RPM Auction Credit Requirement applicable prior to the posting of results of the auction shall be the maximum credit requirement specified in its Credit-Limited Offer, and the RPM Auction Credit Requirement subsequent to posting of the results will be the Auction Credit Rate, as provided in Section IV.D.b, c. or d., as applicable, times the amount of Unforced Capacity from such Sell Offer that cleared in the auction. The availability and operational details of Credit-Limited Offers shall be as described in the PJM Manuals.

As set forth in Section IV.D, a Market Seller's Auction Credit Requirement shall be determined separately for each Delivery Year.

C. Reduction in Credit Requirement

As specified in Section IV.D, the RPM Auction Credit Rate may be reduced under certain circumstances after the auction has closed.

The Price Responsive Demand credit requirement shall be reduced as and to the extent the PRD Provider registers PRD-eligible load at a PRD Substation level to satisfy its Nominal PRD Value commitment, in accordance with Schedule 6.1 of the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

In addition, the RPM Auction Credit Requirement for a Participant for any given Delivery Year shall be reduced periodically, provided the Participant successfully meets progress milestones that reduce the risk of non-performance, as follows:

a. For Planned Demand Resources and Energy Efficiency Resources, the RPM Auction Credit Requirement will be reduced in direct proportion to the megawatts of such Demand Resource that the Resource Provider qualifies as a Capacity Resource, in accordance with the procedures established under the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

b. For Existing Generation Capacity Resources located outside the PJM Region that have not secured sufficient firm transmission to the border of the PJM Region prior to the auction in which such resource is first offered, the RPM Credit Requirement shall be reduced in direct proportion to the megawatts of firm transmission service secured by the Market Seller that qualify such resource under the deliverability requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

c. For Planned Generation Capacity Resources, the RPM Credit Requirement shall be reduced to 50% of the amount calculated under Section IV.B beginning as of the effective date of an Interconnection Service Agreement, and shall be reduced to zero on the date of commencement of Interconnection Service.

d. For Planned Generation Capacity Resources located outside the PJM Region, the RPM Credit Requirement shall be reduced once the conditions in both b and c above are met, i.e., the RPM Credit Requirement shall be reduced to 50% of the amount calculated under Section IV.B when 1) beginning as of the effective date of the equivalent Interconnection Service Agreement, and 2) when 50% or more megawatts of firm transmission service have been secured by the Market Seller that qualify such resource under the deliverability requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement. The RPM Credit Requirement for a Planned Generation Capacity Resource located outside the PJM Region shall be reduced to zero when 1) the resource commences Interconnection Service and 2) 100% of the megawatts of firm transmission service have been secured by the Market Seller that qualify such resource under the deliverability requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

e. For Qualifying Transmission Upgrades, the RPM Credit Requirement shall be reduced to 50% of the amount calculated under Section IV.B beginning as of the effective date of the latest associated Interconnection Service Agreement (or, when a project will have no such agreement, an Upgrade Construction Service Agreement), and shall be reduced to zero on the date the Qualifying Transmission Upgrade is placed in service. In addition, a Qualifying Transmission Upgrade will be allowed a reduction in its RPM Credit Requirement equal to the amount of collateral currently posted with PJM for the facility construction when the Qualifying Transmission Upgrade meets the following requirements: the Upgrade Construction Service Agreement has been fully executed, the full estimated cost to complete as most recently determined or updated by PJM has been fully paid or collateralized, and all regulatory and other required approvals (except those that must await construction completion) have been obtained. Such reduction in RPM Credit Requirement may not be transferred across different projects.

D. RPM Auction Credit Rate

As set forth in the PJM Manuals, a separate Auction Credit Rate shall be calculated for each Delivery year prior to each Reliability Pricing Model Auction for such Delivery Year, as follows:

For Delivery Years through the Delivery Year that ends on May 31, 2012, the Auction Credit Rate for any resource for a Delivery Year shall be (the greater of \$20/MW-day or 0.24 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the resource is located) times the number of days in such Delivery Year.

For Delivery Years beginning with the Delivery Year that commences on June 1, 2012:

a. Prior to the posting of the results of a Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, the Auction Credit Rate shall be (the greater of (i) 0.3 times the Net Cost of New Entry for the PJM

Region for such Delivery Year, in MW-day or (ii) \$20 per MW-day) times the number of days in such Delivery Year.

b. Subsequent to the posting of the results from a Base Residual Auction, the Auction Credit Rate used for ongoing credit requirements for supply committed in such auction shall be (the greater of (i) \$20/MW-day or (ii) 0.2 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price in such auction for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the resource is located) times the number of days in such Delivery Year; provided, however, that the Auction Credit Rate for Capacity Resources to the extent committed in the Base Residual Auction for the 2012-2013 Delivery Year shall be as determined under the provisions of this Attachment Q in effect at the time of such Base Residual Auction.

c. For any resource not previously committed for a Delivery Year that seeks to participate in an Incremental Auction, the Auction Credit Rate shall be (the greater of (i) 0.3 times the Net Cost of New Entry for the PJM Region for such Delivery Year, in MW-day or (ii) 0.24 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the resource is located or (iii) \$20 per MW-day) times the number of days in such Delivery Year.

d. Subsequent to the posting of the results of an Incremental Auction, the Auction Credit Rate used for ongoing credit requirements for supply committed in such auction shall be (the greater of (i) \$20/MW-day or (ii) 0.2 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price in such auction for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the resource is located) times the number of days in such Delivery Year, but no greater than the Auction Credit Rate previously established for such resource's participation in such Incremental Auction pursuant to subsection (c) above) times the number of days in such Delivery Year.

E. Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate

a. Prior to the posting of the results of a Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate shall be (the greater of (i) 0.3 times the Net Cost of New Entry for the PJM Region for such Delivery Year, in MW-day or (ii) \$20 per MW-day) times the number of days in such Delivery Year;

b. Subsequent to the posting of the results from a Base Residual Auction, the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate used for ongoing credit requirements for Price Responsive Demand registered prior to such auction shall be (the greater of (i) \$20/MW-day or (ii) 0.2 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price in such auction for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the PRD load is located) times the number of days in such Delivery Year times a final price uncertainty factor of 1.05;

c. For any additional Price Responsive Demand that seeks to commit in a Third Incremental Auction in response to a qualifying change in the final LDA load forecast, the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate shall be the same as the rate for Price Responsive Demand that had cleared in the Base Residual Auction;

d. Subsequent to the posting of the results of the Third Incremental Auction, the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate used for ongoing credit requirements for all Price Responsive Demand, shall be (the greater of (i) \$20/MW-day or (ii) 0.2 times the Final Zonal Capacity Price for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the Price Responsive Demand is located) times the number of days in such Delivery Year, but no greater than the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate previously established under subsections (a), (b), or (c) of this section for such Delivery Year.

F. RPM Seller Credit - Additional Form of Unsecured Credit for RPM

In addition to the forms of credit specified elsewhere in this Attachment Q, RPM Seller Credit shall be available to Market Sellers, but solely for purposes of satisfying RPM Auction Credit Requirements. If a supplier has a history of being a net seller into PJM markets, on average, over the past 12 months, then PJMSettlement will count as available Unsecured Credit twice the average of that participant's total net monthly PJMSettlement bills over the past 12 months. This RPM Seller Credit shall be subject to the cap on available Unsecured Credit as established in Section II.F.

G. Credit Responsibility for Traded Planned RPM Capacity Resources

PJMSettlement may require that credit and financial responsibility for planned RPM Capacity Resources that are traded remain with the original party (which for these purposes, means the party bearing credit responsibility for the planned RPM Capacity Resource immediately prior to trade) unless the receiving party independently establishes consistent with the PJM credit policy, that it has sufficient credit with PJMSettlement and agrees by providing written notice to PJMSettlement that it will fully assume the credit responsibility associated with the traded planned RPM Capacity Resource.

V. FINANCIAL TRANSMISSION RIGHT AUCTIONS

A. FTR Credit Limit.

PJMSettlement will establish an FTR Credit Limit for each Participant. Participants must maintain their FTR Credit Limit at a level equal to or greater than their FTR Credit Requirement. FTR Credit Limits will be established only by a Participant providing Financial Security.

B. FTR Credit Requirement.

For each Participant with FTR activity, PJMSettlement shall calculate an FTR Credit Requirement based on FTR cost less a discounted historical value. FTR Credit Requirements shall be further adjusted by ARR credits available and by an amount based on portfolio diversification, if applicable. The requirement will be based on individual monthly exposures which are then used to derive a total requirement.

The FTR Credit Requirement shall be calculated by first adding for each month the FTR Monthly Credit Requirement Contribution for each submitted, accepted, and cleared FTR and

then subtracting the prorated value of any ARRs held by the Participant for that month. The resulting twelve monthly subtotals represent the expected value of net payments between PJMSettlement and the Participant for FTR activity each month during the Planning Period. Subject to later adjustment by an amount based on portfolio diversification, if applicable, the FTR Credit Requirement shall be the sum of the individual positive monthly subtotals, representing months in which net payments to PJMSettlement are expected.

C. Rejection of FTR Bids.

Bids submitted into an auction will be rejected if the Participant's FTR Credit Requirement including such submitted bids would exceed the Participant's FTR Credit Limit, or if the Participant fails to establish additional credit as required pursuant to provisions related to portfolio diversification.

D. FTR Credit Collateral Returns.

A Market Participant may request from PJMSettlement the return of any collateral no longer required for the FTR auctions. PJMSettlement is permitted to limit the frequency of such requested collateral returns, provided that collateral returns shall be made by PJMSettlement at least once per calendar quarter, if requested by a Market Participant.

E. Credit Responsibility for Traded FTRs.

PJMSettlement may require that credit responsibility associated with an FTR traded within PJM's eFTR system remain with the original party (which for these purposes, means the party bearing credit responsibility for the FTR immediately prior to trade) unless and until the receiving party independently establishes, consistent with the PJM credit policy, sufficient credit with PJMSettlement and agrees through confirmation of the FTR trade within the eFTR system that it will meet in full the credit requirements associated with the traded FTR.

F. Portfolio Diversification.

Subsequent to calculating a tentative cleared solution for an FTR auction (or auction round), PJM shall both:

1. Determine the FTR Portfolio Auction Value, including the tentative cleared solution. Any Participants with such FTR Portfolio Auction Values that are negative shall be deemed FTR Flow Undiversified.
2. Measure the geographic concentration of the FTR Flow Undiversified portfolios by testing such portfolios using a simulation model including, one at a time, each planned transmission outage or other network change which would substantially affect the network for the specific auction period. A list of such planned outages or changes anticipated to be modeled shall be posted prior to commencement of the auction (or auction round). Any FTR Flow Undiversified portfolio that experiences a net reduction in calculated congestion credits as a

result of any one or more of such modeled outages or changes shall be deemed FTR Geographically Undiversified.

For portfolios that are FTR Flow Undiversified but not FTR Geographically Undiversified, PJMSettlement shall increment the FTR Credit Requirement by an amount equal to twice the absolute value of the FTR Portfolio Auction Value, including the tentative cleared solution. For Participants with portfolios that are both FTR Flow Undiversified and FTR Geographically Undiversified, PJMSettlement shall increment the FTR Credit Requirement by an amount equal to three times the absolute value of the FTR Portfolio Auction Value, including the tentative cleared solution. For portfolios that are FTR Flow Undiversified in months subsequent to the current planning year, these incremental amounts, calculated on a monthly basis, shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount up to 25% of the monthly value of ARR credits that are held by a Participant. Subsequent to the ARR allocation process preceding an annual FTR auction, such ARR credits shall be reduced to zero for months associated with that ARR allocation process. PJMSettlement may recalculate such ARR credits at any time, but at a minimum shall do so subsequent to each annual FTR auction. If a reduction in such ARR credits at any time increases the amount of credit required for the Participant beyond its credit available for FTR activity, the Participant must increase its credit to eliminate the shortfall.

If the FTR Credit Requirement for any Participant exceeds its credit available for FTRs as a result of these diversification requirements for the tentatively cleared portfolio of FTRs, PJMSettlement shall immediately issue a demand for additional credit, and such demand must be fulfilled before 4:00 p.m. on the business day following the demand. If any Participant does not timely satisfy such demand, PJMSettlement, in coordination with PJM, shall cause the removal that Participant's entire set of bids for that FTR auction (or auction round) and a new cleared solution shall be calculated for the entire auction (or auction round).

If necessary, PJM shall repeat the auction clearing calculation. PJM shall repeat these portfolio diversification calculations subsequent to any such secondary clearing calculation, and PJMSettlement shall require affected Participants to establish additional credit.

G. FTR Administrative Charge Credit Requirement

In addition to any other credit requirements, PJMSettlement may apply a credit requirement to cover the maximum administrative fees that may be charged to a Participant for its bids and offers.

H. Long-Term FTR Credit Recalculation

Long-term FTR Credit Requirement calculations shall be updated annually for known history, consistent with updating of historical values used for FTR Credit Requirement calculations in the annual auctions.

VI. FORMS OF FINANCIAL SECURITY

Participants that provide Financial Security must provide the security in a PJMSettlement approved form and amount according to the guidelines below.

Financial Security which is no longer required to be maintained under provisions of the Agreements shall be returned at the request of a participant no later than two Business Days following determination by PJMSettlement within a commercially reasonable period of time that such collateral is not required.

Except when an event of default has occurred, a Participant may substitute an approved PJMSettlement form of Financial Security for another PJMSettlement approved form of Financial Security of equal value. The Participant must provide three (3) Business Days notice to PJMSettlement of its intent to substitute the Financial Security. PJMSettlement will release the replaced Financial Security with interest, if applicable, within (3) Business Days of receiving an approved form of substitute Financial Security.

A. Cash Deposit

Cash provided by a Participant as Financial Security will be held in a depository account by PJMSettlement with interest earned at PJMSettlement's overnight bank rate, and accrued to the Participant. PJMSettlement also may establish an array of investment options among which a Participant may choose to invest its cash deposited as Financial Security. Such investment options shall be comprised of high quality debt instruments, as determined by PJMSettlement, and may include obligations issued by the federal government and/or federal government sponsored enterprises. These investment options will reside in accounts held in PJMSettlement's name in a banking or financial institution acceptable to PJMSettlement. Where practicable, PJMSettlement may establish a means for the Participant to communicate directly with the bank or financial institution to permit the Participant to direct certain activity in the PJMSettlement account in which its Financial Security is held. PJMSettlement will establish and publish procedural rules, identifying the investment options and respective discounts in collateral value that will be taken to reflect any liquidation, market and/or credit risk presented by such investments. PJMSettlement has the right to liquidate all or a portion of the account balances at its discretion to satisfy a Participant's Total Net Obligation to PJMSettlement in the event of default under this credit policy or one or more of the Agreements.

B. Letter Of Credit

An unconditional, irrevocable standby letter of credit can be utilized to meet the Financial Security requirement. As stated below, the form, substance, and provider of the letter of credit must all be acceptable to PJMSettlement.

- The letter of credit will only be accepted from U.S.-based financial institutions or U.S. branches of foreign financial institutions ("financial institutions") that have a minimum corporate debt rating of "A" by Standard & Poor's or Fitch Ratings, or "A2" from Moody's Investors Service, or an equivalent short term rating from one of these agencies. PJMSettlement will consider the lowest applicable rating to be the rating of the financial institution. If the rating of a financial institution providing a letter of credit is lowered

below A/A2 by any rating agency, then PJMSettlement may require the Participant to provide a letter of credit from another financial institution that is rated A/A2 or better, or to provide a cash deposit. If a letter of credit is provided from a U.S. branch of a foreign institution, the U.S. branch must itself comply with the terms of this credit policy, including having its own acceptable credit rating.

- The letter of credit shall state that it shall renew automatically for successive one-year periods, until terminated upon at least ninety (90) days prior written notice from the issuing financial institution. If PJM or PJMSettlement receives notice from the issuing financial institution that the current letter of credit is being cancelled, the Participant will be required to provide evidence, acceptable to PJMSettlement, that such letter of credit will be replaced with appropriate Financial Security, effective as of the cancellation date of the letter of credit, no later than thirty (30) days before the cancellation date of the letter of credit, and no later than ninety (90) days after the notice of cancellation. Failure to do so will constitute a default under this credit policy and one of more of the Agreements.
- The letter of credit must clearly state the full names of the "Issuer", "Account Party" and "Beneficiary" (PJMSettlement), the dollar amount available for drawings, and shall specify that funds will be disbursed upon presentation of the drawing certificate in accordance with the instructions stated in the letter of credit. The letter of credit should specify any statement that is required to be on the drawing certificate, and any other terms and conditions that apply to such drawings.
- The PJMSettlement Credit Application contains an acceptable form of a letter of credit that should be utilized by a Participant choosing to meet its Financial Security requirement with a letter of credit. If the letter of credit varies in any way from the PJMSettlement format, it must first be reviewed and approved by PJMSettlement. All costs associated with obtaining and maintaining a letter of credit and meeting the policy provisions are the responsibility of the Participant
- PJMSettlement may accept a letter of credit from a Financial Institution that does not meet the credit standards of this policy provided that the letter of credit has third-party support, in a form acceptable to PJMSettlement, from a financial institution that does meet the credit standards of this policy.

VII. POLICY BREACH AND EVENTS OF DEFAULT

A Participant will have two Business Days from notification of Breach (including late payment notice) or notification of a Collateral Call to remedy the Breach or satisfy the Collateral Call in a manner deemed acceptable by PJMSettlement. Failure to remedy the Breach or satisfy such Collateral Call within such two Business Days will be considered an event of default. If a Participant fails to meet the requirements of this policy but then remedies the Breach or satisfies a Collateral Call within the two Business Day cure period, then the Participant shall be deemed to have complied with the policy. Any such two Business Day cure period will expire at 4:00 p.m. eastern prevailing time on the final day.

Only one cure period shall apply to a single event giving rise to a breach or default. Application of Financial Security towards a non-payment Breach shall not be considered a satisfactory cure of the Breach if the Participant fails to meet all requirements of this policy after such application.

Failure to comply with this policy (except for the responsibility of a Participant to notify PJMSettlement of a Material change) shall be considered an event of default. Pursuant to § 15.1.3(a) of the Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. and § I.7.3 of the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, non-compliance with the PJMSettlement credit policy is an event of default under those respective Agreements. In event of default under this credit policy or one or more of the Agreements, PJMSettlement, in coordination with PJM, will take such actions as may be required or permitted under the Agreements, including but not limited to the termination of the Participant's ongoing Transmission Service and participation in PJM Markets. PJMSettlement has the right to liquidate all or a portion of a Participant's Financial Security at its discretion to satisfy Total Net Obligations to PJMSettlement in the event of default under this credit policy or one or more of the Agreements.

PJMSettlement may hold a defaulting Participant's Financial Security for as long as such party's positions exist and consistent with the PJM credit policy in this Attachment Q, in order to protect PJM's membership from default.

No payments shall be due to a Participant, nor shall any payments be made to a Participant, while the Participant is in default or has been declared in Breach of this policy or the Agreements, or while a Collateral Call is outstanding. PJMSettlement may apply towards an ongoing default any amounts that are held or later become available or due to the defaulting Participant through PJM's markets and systems.

In order to cover Obligations, PJMSettlement may hold a Participant's Financial Security through the end of the billing period which includes the 90th day following the last day a Participant had activity, open positions, or accruing obligations (other than reconciliations and true-ups), and until such Participant has satisfactorily paid any obligations invoiced through such period. Obligations incurred or accrued through such period shall survive any withdrawal from PJM. In event of non-payment, PJMSettlement may apply such Financial Security to such Participant's Obligations, even if Participant had previously announced and effected its withdrawal from PJM.

VIII. DEFINITIONS:

Affiliate

Affiliate is defined in the PJM Operating Agreement, §1.2.

Agreements

Agreements are the Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, the Reliability Assurance Agreement, the Reliability Assurance Agreement – West, and/or other agreements between PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. and its Members.

Applicant

Applicant is an entity desiring to become a PJM Member, or to take Transmission Service that has submitted the PJMSettlement Credit Application, PJMSettlement Credit Agreement and other required submittals as set forth in this policy.

Breach

Breach is the status of a Participant that does not currently meet the requirements of this policy or other provisions of the Agreements.

Business Day

A Business Day is a day in which the Federal Reserve System is open for business and is not a scheduled PJM holiday.

Canadian Guaranty

Canadian Guaranty is a Corporate Guaranty provided by an Affiliate of a Participant that is domiciled in Canada, and meets all of the provisions of this credit policy.

Capacity

Capacity is the installed capacity requirement of the Reliability Assurance Agreement or similar such requirements as may be established.

Collateral Call

Collateral Call is a notice to a Participant that additional Financial Security, or possibly early payment, is required in order to remain in, or to regain, compliance with this policy.

Corporate Guaranty

Corporate Guaranty is a legal document used by one entity to guaranty the obligations of another entity.

Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids*

Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* is a Participant's Working Credit Limit, less its Total Net Obligation.

Credit-Limited Offer

Credit-Limited Offer shall mean a Sell Offer that is submitted by a Market Seller in an RPM Auction subject to a maximum credit requirement specified by such Market Seller.

Credit Score

Credit Score is a composite numerical score scaled from 0-100 as calculated by PJMSettlement that incorporates various predictors of creditworthiness.

Financial Security

Financial Security is a cash deposit or letter of credit in an amount and form determined by and acceptable to PJMSettlement, provided by a Participant to PJMSettlement as security in order to participate in the PJM Markets or take Transmission Service.

Foreign Guaranty

Foreign Guaranty is a Corporate Guaranty provided by an Affiliate of a Participant that is domiciled in a foreign country, and meets all of the provisions of this credit policy.

FTR Credit Limit

FTR Credit Limit will be equal to the amount of credit established with PJMSettlement that a Participant has specifically designated to PJMSettlement to be set aside and used for FTR activity. Any such credit so set aside shall not be considered available to satisfy any other credit requirement the Participant may have with PJMSettlement.

FTR Credit Requirement

FTR Credit Requirement is the amount of credit that a Participant must provide in order to support the FTR positions that it holds and/or is bidding for. The FTR Credit Requirement shall not include months for which the invoicing has already been completed, provided that PJMSettlement shall have up to two Business Days following the date of the invoice completion to make such adjustments in its credit systems.

FTR Flow Undiversified

FTR Flow Undiversified shall have the meaning established in section V.G of this Attachment Q.

FTR Geographically Undiversified

FTR Geographically Undiversified shall have the meaning established in section V.G of this Attachment Q.

FTR Historical Value

FTR Historical Value – For each FTR for each month, this is the historical weighted average value over three years for the FTR path using the following weightings: 50% - most recent year; 30% - second year; 20% - third year. FTR Historical Values shall be calculated separately for on-peak, off-peak, and 24-hour FTRs for each month of the year. FTR Historical Values shall be adjusted by plus or minus ten percent (10%) for cleared counterflow or normal flow FTRs, respectively, in order to mitigate exposure due to uncertainty and fluctuations in actual FTR value.

FTR Monthly Credit Requirement Contribution

FTR Monthly Credit Requirement Contribution - For each FTR for each month, this is the total FTR cost for the month, prorated on a daily basis, less the FTR Historical Value for the month. For cleared FTRs, this contribution may be negative; prior to clearing, FTRs with negative contribution shall be deemed to have zero contribution.

FTR Net Activity

FTR Net Activity shall mean the aggregate net value of the billing line items for auction revenue rights credits, FTR auction charges, FTR auction credits, and FTR congestion credits, and shall also include day-ahead and balancing/real-time congestion charges up to a maximum net value of the sum of the foregoing auction revenue rights credits, FTR auction charges, FTR auction credits and FTR congestion credits.

FTR Participant

FTR Participant shall mean any Market Participant that is required to provide Financial Security in order to participate in PJM's FTR auctions.

FTR Portfolio Auction Value

FTR Portfolio Auction Value shall mean for each Participant (or Participant account), the sum, calculated on a monthly basis, across all FTRs, of the FTR price times the FTR volume in MW.

Increment Offer and Decrement Bid Screening

Increment Offer and Decrement Bid Screening is the process of reviewing the Virtual Credit Exposure of submitted Day-Ahead market bids, as defined in this policy, against the Credit Available for Increment Offers and Decrement Bids. If the credit required is greater than credit available, then the bids will not be accepted.

Market Participant

Market Participant shall have the meaning provided in the Operating Agreement.

Material

For these purposes, material is defined in §I.B.3, Material Changes. For the purposes herein, the use of the term "material" is not necessarily synonymous with use of the term by governmental agencies and regulatory bodies.

Member

Member shall have the meaning provided in the Operating Agreement.

Minimum Participation Requirements

A set of minimum training, risk management, communication and capital or collateral requirements required for Participants in the PJM markets, as set forth herein and in the Form of Annual Certification set forth as Appendix 1 to this Attachment Q. Participants transacting in FTRs in certain circumstances will be required to demonstrate additional risk management procedures and controls as further set forth in the Annual Certification found in Appendix 1 to this Attachment Q.

Net Obligation

Net Obligation is the amount owed to PJMSettlement and PJM for purchases from the PJM Markets, Transmission Service, (under both Part II and Part III of the O.A.T.T.), and other services pursuant to the Agreements, after applying a deduction for amounts owed to a Participant by PJMSettlement as it pertains to monthly market activity and services. Should other markets be formed such that Participants may incur future Obligations in those markets, then the aggregate amount of those Obligations will also be added to the Net Obligation.

Net Sell Position

Net Sell Position is the amount of Net Obligation when Net Obligation is negative.

Nodal Reference Price

The Nodal Reference Price at each location is the 97th percentile price differential between hourly day-ahead and real-time prices experienced over the corresponding two-month reference

period in the prior calendar year. In order to capture seasonality effects and maintain a two-month reference period, reference months will be grouped by two, starting with January (e.g., Jan-Feb, Mar-Apr, ... , Jul-Aug, ... Nov-Dec). For any given current-year month, the reference period months will be the set of two months in the prior calendar year that include the month corresponding to the current month. For example, July and August 2003 would each use July-August 2002 as their reference period.

Obligation

Obligation is all amounts owed to PJMSettlement for purchases from the PJM Markets, Transmission Service, (under both Part II and Part III of the O.A.T.T.), and other services or obligations pursuant to the Agreements. In addition, aggregate amounts that will be owed to PJMSettlement in the future for Capacity purchases within the PJM Capacity markets will be added to this figure. Should other markets be formed such that Participants may incur future Obligations in those markets, then the aggregate amount of those Obligations will also be added to the Net Obligation.

Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., (“Operating Agreement”)

The Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., dated as of June 2, 1997, on file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and as revised from time to time.

Participant

A Participant is a Market Participant and/or Transmission Customer and/or Applicant.

Peak Market Activity

Peak Market Activity is a measure of exposure for which credit is required, involving peak exposures in rolling three-week periods over a year timeframe, with two semi-annual reset points, pursuant to provisions of section II.D of this Credit Policy.

PJM Markets

The PJM Markets are the PJM Interchange Energy Market and the PJM Capacity markets as established by the Operating Agreement. Also any other markets that exist or may be established in the future wherein Participants may incur Obligations to PJMSettlement.

PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff (“O.A.T.T.”)

The Open Access Transmission Tariff of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., on file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and as revised from time to time.

Reliability Assurance Agreement (“R.A.A.”)

See the definition of the Reliability Assurance Agreement (“R.A.A.”) in the Operating Agreement.

RPM Seller Credit

RPM Seller Credit is an additional form of Unsecured Credit defined in section IV of this document.

Seller Credit

A Seller Credit is a form of Unsecured Credit extended to Participants that have a consistent long-term history of selling into PJM Markets, as defined in this document.

Tangible Net Worth

Tangible Net Worth is all assets (not including any intangible assets such as goodwill) less all liabilities. Any such calculation may be reduced by PJMSettlement upon review of the available financial information.

Total Net Obligation

Total Net Obligation is all unpaid billed Net Obligations plus any unbilled Net Obligation incurred to date, as determined by PJMSettlement on a daily basis, plus any other Obligations owed to PJMSettlement at the time.

Total Net Sell Position

Total Net Sell Position is all unpaid billed Net Sell Positions plus any unbilled Net Sell Positions accrued to date, as determined by PJMSettlement on a daily basis.

Transmission Customer

Transmission Customer is a Transmission Customer is an entity taking service under Part II or Part III of the O.A.T.T.

Transmission Service

Transmission Service is any or all of the transmission services provided by PJM pursuant to Part II or Part III of the O.A.T.T.

Uncleared Bid Exposure

Uncleared Bid Exposure is a measure of exposure from *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* activity relative to a Participant's established credit as defined in this policy. It is used only as a pre-screen to determine whether a Participant's *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* should be subject to *Increment Offer and Decrement Bid Screening*.

Unsecured Credit

Unsecured Credit is any credit granted by PJMSettlement to a Participant that is not secured by a form of Financial Security.

Unsecured Credit Allowance

Unsecured Credit Allowance is Unsecured Credit extended by PJMSettlement in an amount determined by PJMSettlement's evaluation of the creditworthiness of a Participant. This is also defined as the amount of credit that a Participant qualifies for based on the strength of its own financial condition without having to provide Financial Security. See also: "Working Credit Limit."

Virtual Credit Exposure

Virtual Credit Exposure is the amount of potential credit exposure created by a market participant's bid submitted into the Day-ahead market, as defined in this policy.

Working Credit Limit

Working Credit Limit amount is 75% of the Participant's Unsecured Credit Allowance and/or 75% of the Financial Security provided by the Participant to PJMSettlement. The Working Credit Limit establishes the maximum amount of Total Net Obligation that a Participant may have outstanding at any time.

Appendix 1 to Attachment Q

**PJM MINIMUM PARTICIPATION CRITERIA
OFFICER CERTIFICATION FORM**

Participant Name: _____ ("Participant")

I, _____, a duly authorized officer of Participant, understanding that PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. and PJM Settlement, Inc. ("PJMSettlement") are relying on this certification as evidence that Participant meets the minimum ~~participation~~ requirements set forth in Attachment Q to the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff ("PJM Tariff"), hereby certify that I have full authority to represent on behalf of Participant and further represent as follows, as evidenced by my initialing each representation in the space provided below:

1. All employees or agents transacting in markets or services provided pursuant to the PJM Tariff or PJM Amended and Restated Operating Agreement ("PJM Operating Agreement") on behalf of the Participant have received appropriate¹ training and are authorized to transact on behalf of Participant. _____
2. Participant has written risk management policies, procedures, and controls, approved by Participant's independent risk management function² and applicable to transactions in the PJM markets in which it participates and for which employees or agents transacting in markets or services provided pursuant to the PJM Tariff or PJM Operating Agreement have been trained, that provide an appropriate, comprehensive risk management framework that, at a minimum, clearly identifies and documents the range of risks to which Participant is exposed, including, but not limited to credit risks, liquidity risks and market risks. _____
3. An FTR Participant (as defined in Attachment Q to the PJM Tariff) must make either the following 3.a. or 3.b. additional representations, evidenced by the undersigned officer initialing either the one 3.a. representation or the five 3.b. representations in the spaces provided below:
 - 3.a. Participant transacts in PJM's FTR markets with the sole intent to hedge congestion risk in connection with either obligations Participant has to serve load or rights Participant has to generate electricity in the PJM Region ("physical transactions") and monitors all of the Participant's FTR market activity to endeavor to ensure that its FTR positions, considering both the size and pathways of the positions, are either generally

¹ As used in this representation, the term "appropriate" as used with respect to training means training that is (i) comparable to generally accepted practices in the energy trading industry, and (ii) commensurate and proportional in sophistication, scope and frequency to the volume of transactions and the nature and extent of the risk taken by the participant.

² As used in this representation, a Participant's "independent risk management function" can include appropriate corporate persons or bodies that are independent of the Participant's trading functions, such as a risk management committee, a risk officer, a Participant's board or board committee, or a board or committee of the Participant's parent company.

proportionate to or generally do not exceed the Participant's physical transactions, and remain generally consistent with the Participant's intention to hedge its physical transactions._____

- 3.b. On no less than a weekly basis, Participant values its FTR positions and engages in a probabilistic assessment of the hypothetical risk of such positions using analytically based methodologies, predicated on the use of industry accepted valuation methodologies._____

Such valuation and risk assessment functions are performed either by persons within Participant's organization independent from those trading in PJM's FTR markets or by an outside firm qualified and with expertise in this area of risk management._____

Having valued its FTR positions and quantified their hypothetical risks, Participant applies its written policies, procedures and controls to limit its risks using industry recognized practices, such as value-at-risk limitations, concentration limits, or other controls designed to prevent Participant from purposefully or unintentionally taking on risk that is not commensurate or proportional to Participant's financial capability to manage such risk._____

Exceptions to Participant's written risk policies, procedures and controls applicable to Participant's FTR positions are documented and explain a reasoned basis for the granting of any exception._____

Participant has provided to PJMSettlement, in accordance with Section I A. of Attachment Q to the PJM Tariff, a copy of its current governing risk management policies, procedures and controls applicable to its FTR trading activities._____

4. Participant has appropriate personnel resources, operating procedures and technical abilities to promptly and effectively respond to all PJM communications and directions._____
5. Participant has demonstrated compliance with the Minimum Capitalization criteria set forth in Attachment Q of the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff that are applicable to the PJM market(s) in which Participant transacts, and is not aware of any change having occurred or being imminent that would invalidate such compliance._____

6. All Participants must certify and initial in at least one of the four sections below:

1. I certify that Participant qualifies as an “appropriate person” as that term is defined under Section 4(c)(3), or successor provision, of the Commodity Exchange Act or an “eligible contract participant” as that term is defined under Section 1a(18), or successor provision, of the Commodity Exchange Act. I certify that Participant will cease transacting in PJM’s Markets and notify PJMSettlement immediately if Participant no longer qualifies as an “appropriate person” or “eligible contract participant.”

If providing financial statements to support Participant’s certification of qualification as an “appropriate person:”

I certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the financial statements provided to PJMSettlement present fairly, pursuant to such disclosures in such financial statements, the financial position of Participant as of the date of those financial statements. Further, I certify that Participant continues to maintain the minimum \$1 million total net worth and/or \$5 million total asset levels reflected in these financial statements as of the date of this certification. I acknowledge that both PJM and PJMSettlement are relying upon my certification to maintain compliance with federal regulatory requirements.

If providing financial statements to support Participant’s certification of qualification as an “eligible contract participant:”

I certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the financial statements provided to PJMSettlement present fairly, pursuant to such disclosures in such financial statements, the financial position of Participant as of the date of those financial statements. Further, I certify that Participant continues to maintain the minimum \$1 million total net worth and/or \$10 million total asset levels reflected in these financial statements as of the date of this certification. I acknowledge that both PJM and PJMSettlement are relying upon my certification to maintain compliance with federal regulatory requirements.

- b. I certify that Participant has provided an unlimited Corporate Guaranty in a form acceptable to PJM as described in Section I.C of Attachment Q from an issuer that has at least \$1 million of total net worth or \$5 million of total assets per Participant per Participant for which the issuer has issued an unlimited Corporate Guaranty. I certify that Participant will cease transacting PJM’s Markets and notify PJMSettlement immediately if issuer of the unlimited Corporate Guaranty for Participant no longer has at least \$1 million of total net worth or \$5 million of total assets per Participant for which the issuer has issued an unlimited Corporate Guaranty.

I certify that the issuer of the unlimited Corporate Guaranty to Participant continues to have at least \$1 million of total net worth or \$5 million of total assets per Participant for which the issuer has issued an unlimited Corporate Guaranty. I

acknowledge that PJM and PJMSettlement are relying upon my certifications to maintain compliance with federal regulatory requirements.

c. I certify that Participant fulfills the eligibility requirements of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission exemption order (78 F.R. 19880 – April 2, 2013) by being in the business of at least one of the following in the PJM Region as indicated below (initial those applicable):

1. Generating electric energy, including Participants that resell physical energy acquired from an entity generating electric energy:
2. Transmitting electric energy:
3. Distributing electric energy delivered under Point-to-Point or Network Integration Transmission Service, including scheduled import, export and wheel through transactions:
4. Other electric energy services that are necessary to support the reliable operation of the transmission system:

Description only if c(4) is initialed:

Further, I certify that Participant will cease transacting in PJM's Markets and notify PJMSettlement immediately if Participant no longer performs at least one of the functions noted above in the PJM Region. I acknowledge that PJM and PJMSettlement are relying on my certification to maintain compliance with federal energy regulatory requirements.

d. I certify that Participant has provided a letter of credit of \$5 million or more to PJMSettlement in a form acceptable to PJMSettlement as described in Section VI.B of Attachment Q that the Participant acknowledges cannot be utilized to meet its credit requirements to PJMSettlement. I acknowledge that PJM and PJMSettlement are relying on the provision of this letter of credit and my certification to maintain compliance with federal regulatory requirements.

6.7. I acknowledge that I have read and understood the provisions of Attachment Q of the PJM Tariff applicable to Participant's business in the PJM markets, including those provisions describing PJM's minimum participation requirements and the enforcement actions available to PJMSettlement of a Participant not satisfying those requirements. I acknowledge that the information provided herein is true and accurate to the best of my belief and knowledge after due investigation. In addition, by signing this Certification, I acknowledge the potential consequences of making incomplete or false statements in this Certification. _____

Date: _____

(Signature)

Print Name: _____

Title: _____

Subscribed and sworn before me _____, a notary public of the State
of _____, in and for the County of _____, this _____
day of _____, 20____.

(Notary Public Signature)

My commission expires: ____ / ____ / ____

Section(s) of the
PJM Operating Agreement
(Marked / Redline Format)

15.2 Enforcement of Obligations.

If the Office of the Interconnection sends a notice to the PJM Board that a Member has failed to perform an obligation under this Agreement, the PJM Board, on behalf of the LLC and PJMSettlement, shall initiate such action against such Member to enforce such obligation as the PJM Board shall deem appropriate. Subject to the procedures specified in Section 15.1, a Member's failure to perform such obligation shall be deemed to be a default under this Agreement. In order to remedy a default, but without limiting any rights the LLC or PJMSettlement may have against the defaulting Member, the PJM Board may assess against, and collect from, the Members not in default, in proportion to their Default Allocation Assessment, an amount equal to the amount that the defaulting Member has failed to pay to PJMSettlement or the LLC (less amounts covered by Financial Security, as defined in Attachment Q to the PJM Tariff, held by PJMSettlement, on behalf of itself and as agent for the LLC, or indemnifications paid to the LLC or PJMSettlement), along with appropriate interest. Such assessment shall in no way relieve the defaulting Member of its obligations. ~~A Member that has paid such an assessment to the LLC or PJMSettlement shall have an independent right to seek and obtain payment and recovery from the defaulting Member of the amount of the assessment the Member paid to the LLC or PJMSettlement.~~ In addition to any amounts in default, the defaulting Member shall be liable to the LLC and PJMSettlement for all reasonable costs incurred in enforcing the defaulting Member's obligations.

15.2.1 Collection by the Office of the Interconnection.

~~By vote at any Members Committee meeting, a majority of the Members that have paid a Default Allocation Assessment may request and appoint the Office of the Interconnection to act as agent on behalf of the Members that have paid a Default Allocation Assessment, solely for the purpose of pursuing and collecting any amounts so assessed; provided, however, that any Member that does not desire for the Office of the Interconnection to act on their behalf with regard to such collection shall so inform the Office of the Interconnection. In the event that the Office of the Interconnection is appointed as agent for the Members, the Office of the Interconnection shall be~~PJMSettlement is authorized to pursue collection through such actions, legal or otherwise, as it reasonably deems appropriate, including but not limited to the prosecution of legal actions and assertion of claims on behalf of the affected Members in the state and federal courts as well as under the United States Bankruptcy Code; ~~provided, however, that the Office of the Interconnection shall take no action on behalf of those Members that have requested that the Office of the Interconnection not act on their behalf. Prior to initiating formal legal action in state or federal court to pursue collection, PJMSettlement shall provide to the Members Committee an explanation of its intended action. Upon the duly seconded motion of any Member, the Members Committee may conduct a vote to afford PJMSettlement a sense of the membership as regards to PJMSettlement's intended action to pursue collection. PJMSettlement shall consider any such vote before initiating formal legal action and at all times during the course of any collection effort evaluate the expected benefits in pursuing such effort in light of any changed circumstances.~~ After deducting the costs of collection, any amounts recovered by ~~the Office of the Interconnection on behalf of the affected Members~~PJMSettlement shall be distributed to the Members who have paid their Default Allocation Assessment in proportion to

the Default Allocation Assessment paid by each Member ~~except those Members who informed the Office of the Interconnection that it should not act as their agent.~~

15.2.2 Default Allocation Assessment.

(a) “Default Allocation Assessment” shall be equal to $(0.1(1/N) + 0.9(A/Z))$, where:

N = the total number of Members, calculated as of five o’clock p.m. eastern prevailing time on the date PJM declares a Member in default, excluding ex officio Members, State Consumer Advocates, Emergency and Economic Load Response Program Special Members, and municipal electric system Members that have been granted a waiver under section 17.2 of this Agreement.

A = for Members comprising factor “N” above, the Member's gross activity as determined by summing the absolute values of the charges and credits for each of the Activity Line Items identified in section 15.2.2(b) of this Agreement as accounted for and billed pursuant to section 3 of Schedule 1 of this Agreement for the month of default and the two previous months.

Z = the sum of factor A for all Members excluding ex officio Members, State Consumer Advocates, Emergency and Economic Load Response Program Special Members, and municipal electric system Members that have been granted a waiver under section 17.2 of this Agreement.

The assessment value of $(0.1(1/N))$ shall not exceed \$10,000 per Member per calendar year, cumulative of all defaults. If one or more defaults arise that cause the value to exceed \$10,000 per Member, then the excess shall be reallocated through the gross activity factor.

(b) Activity Line Items shall be each of the line items on the PJM monthly bills net of load reconciliation adjustments and adjustments applicable to activity for the current billing month appearing on the same bill.

18.17 Confidentiality.

18.17.1 Party Access.

(a) No Member shall have a right hereunder to receive or review any documents, data or other information of another Member, including documents, data or other information provided to the Office of the Interconnection, to the extent such documents, data or information have been designated as confidential pursuant to the procedures adopted by the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor or to the extent that they have been designated as confidential by such other Member; provided, however, a Member may receive and review any composite documents, data and other information that may be developed based on such confidential documents, data or information if the composite does not disclose any individual Member's confidential data or information.

(b) Except as may be provided in this Agreement or in the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, the Office of the Interconnection shall not disclose to its Members or to third parties, any documents, data, or other information of a Member or entity applying for Membership, to the extent such documents, data, or other information has been designated confidential pursuant to the procedures adopted by the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor or by such Member or entity applying for membership; provided that nothing contained herein shall prohibit the Office of the Interconnection from providing any such confidential information to its agents, representatives, or contractors to the extent that such person or entity is bound by an obligation to maintain such confidentiality; provided further that nothing contained herein shall prohibit the Office of the Interconnection from providing Member confidential information to the NERC, any Applicable Regional Entity, or to any reliability coordinator, to the extent that (i) the Office of the Interconnection determines in its reasonable discretion that the exchange of such information is required to enhance and/or maintain reliability within the Members' Applicable Regional Entities and their neighboring Regional Entities, or within the region of any reliability coordinator, (ii) such entity is bound by a written agreement to maintain such confidentiality, and (iii) the Office of the Interconnection has notified the affected party of its intention to release such information no less than five business days prior to the release. The Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor shall collect and use confidential information only in connection with its authority under this Agreement and the Open Access Transmission Tariff and the retention of such information shall be in accordance with PJM's data retention policies.

(c) Nothing contained herein shall prevent the Office of the Interconnection from releasing a Member's confidential data or information to a third party provided that the Member has delivered to the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor specific, written authorization for such release setting forth the data or information to be released, to whom such release is authorized, and the period of time for which such release shall be authorized. The Office of the Interconnection shall limit the release of a Member's confidential data or information to that specific authorization received from the Member. Nothing herein shall prohibit a Member from withdrawing such authorization upon written notice to the Office of the Interconnection, who shall cease such release as soon as practicable after receipt of such withdrawal notice.

(d) Reciprocal provisions to Sections 18.17.1, 18.17.2, 18.17.3, 18.17.4 and 18.17.5 hereof, delineating the confidentiality requirements of PJM's Market Monitoring Unit, are set forth in Attachment M – Appendix, section I.

(e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or in the PJM Tariff, to allow the tracking of Market Participants' non-aggregated bids and offers over time as required by FERC Order No. 719, the Office of the Interconnection shall post on its Web site the non-aggregated bid data and Offer Data submitted by Market Participants (for participation on the PJM Interchange Energy Market) approximately four months after the bid or offer was submitted to the Office of the Interconnection. However, to protect the confidential, market sensitive and/or proprietary bidding strategies of Market Participants as well as the identity of Market Participants from being discernible from the published data, the posted information will not reveal the (a) name of the resource, (b) characteristics of a specific resource, (c) identity of the load, (d) name of the individual or entity submitting the data, (e) identity of the resource owner, or (f) location of the resource at a level lower than its Zone. The Office of the Interconnection also reserves the right to take any other precautionary measures that it deems appropriate to preserve the confidential, market sensitive and/or proprietary bidding strategies of Market Participants to the extent not specifically set forth herein.

18.17.2 Required Disclosure.

(a) Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing Section to the contrary, and subject to the provisions of Section 18.17.3, if a Member, the Office of the Interconnection is required by applicable law, or in the course of administrative or judicial proceedings, to disclose to third parties, information that is otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to this Agreement, that Member, the Office of the Interconnection may make disclosure of such information; provided, however, that as soon as the Member, the Office of the Interconnection learns of the disclosure requirement and prior to making disclosure, that Member, the Office of the Interconnection shall notify the affected Member or Members of the requirement and the terms thereof and the affected Member or Members may direct, at their sole discretion and cost, any challenge to or defense against the disclosure requirement. The disclosing Member, the Office of the Interconnection shall cooperate with such affected Members to the maximum extent practicable to minimize the disclosure of the information consistent with applicable law. Each Member, the Office of the Interconnection shall cooperate with the affected Members to obtain proprietary or confidential treatment of such information by the person to whom such information is disclosed prior to any such disclosure.

(b) Nothing in this Section 18.17 shall prohibit or otherwise limit the Office of the Interconnection's use of information covered herein if such information was: (i) previously known to the Office of the Interconnection without an obligation of confidentiality; (ii) independently developed by or for the Office of the Interconnection using nonconfidential information; (iii) acquired by the Office of the Interconnection from a third party which is not, to the Office of the Interconnection's knowledge, under an obligation of confidence with respect to such information; (iv) which is or becomes publicly available other than through a manner inconsistent with this Section 18.17.

(c) The Office of the Interconnection shall impose on any contractors retained to provide technical support or otherwise to assist with the implementation or administration of this Agreement or of the Open Access Transmission Tariff a contractual duty of confidentiality consistent with this Agreement. A Member shall not be obligated to provide confidential or proprietary information to any contractor that does not assume such a duty of confidentiality, and the Office of the Interconnection shall not provide any such information to any such contractor without the express written permission of the Member providing the information.

18.17.3 Disclosure to FERC and CFTC.

(a) Notwithstanding anything in this Section to the contrary, if the FERC, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”), or ~~its~~the staff of those commissions, during the course of an investigation or otherwise, requests information from the Office of the Interconnection that is otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to this Agreement, the Office of the Interconnection shall provide the requested information to the FERC, CFTC or ~~its~~their respective staff, within the time provided for in the request for information. In providing the information to the FERC or its staff, the Office of the Interconnection may request, consistent with 18 C.F.R. §§ 1b.20 and 388.112, or to the CFTC or its staff, the Office of the Interconnection may request, consistent with 17 C.F.R. §§ 11.3 and 145.9, that the information be treated as confidential and non-public by the ~~FERC~~respective commission and its staff and that the information be withheld from public disclosure. The Office of the Interconnection shall promptly notify any affected Member(s) ~~when if the Office of the Interconnection it is notified by~~receives from the FERC, CFTC or its staff written notice that the commission has decided to release publicly, or has asked for comment on whether such commission should release publicly, ~~that a request for disclosure of, or decision to disclose,~~ confidential information previously provided to a commission by the Office of the Interconnection has been received, at which time the Office of the Interconnection and/or the affected Member may respond before such information would be made public, pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 388.112.

(b) Section 18.17.3(a) shall not apply to requests for production of information under Subpart D of the FERC’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR Part 385) in proceedings before FERC and its administrative law judges. In all such proceedings, PJM shall follow the procedures in Section 18.17.2.

(c) Pursuant to the FERC Order No. 760, as codified under 18 C.F.R. § 35.28(g)(4), to the extent that PJM already collects such data described in Order No. 760, PJM shall electronically deliver to the FERC, on an ongoing basis and in a form and manner consistent with its own collection of data and in a form and manner acceptable to the FERC, data related to the markets that PJM administers. Section 18.17.3(a) shall not apply to data supplied to the FERC under this subsection (c) to satisfy the FERC Order No. 760 requirements.

18.17.4 Disclosure to Authorized Commissions.

(a) Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the Office of the Interconnection shall disclose confidential information, otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to this Agreement, to an Authorized Commission under the following conditions:

- i) The Authorized Commission has provided the FERC with a properly-executed Certification in the form attached hereto as Schedule 10A. Upon receipt of the Authorized Commission's Certification, the FERC shall provide public notice of the Authorized Commission's filing pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 385.2009. If any interested party disputes the accuracy and adequacy of the representations contained in the Authorized Commission's Certification, that party may file a protest with the Commission within 14 days of the date of such notice, pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 385.211. The Authorized Commission may file a response to any such protest within seven days. Each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such a FERC protest proceeding. If there are material changes in law that affect the accuracy and adequacy of the representations in the Certification filed with the Commission, the Authorized Commission shall, within thirty (30) days, submit an amended Certification identifying such changes. Any such amended Certification shall be subject to the same procedures for comment and review by the Commission as set forth above in this paragraph.

The Office of the Interconnection may not disclose data to an Authorized Commission during the Commission's consideration of the Certification and any filed protests. If the Commission does not act upon an Authorized Commission's Certification within 90 days of the date of filing, the Certification shall be deemed approved and the Authorized Commission shall be permitted to receive confidential information pursuant to this section. In the event that an interested party protests the Authorized Commission's Certification and the Commission approves the Certification, that party may not challenge any Information Request made by the Authorized Commission on the grounds that the Authorized Commission is unable to protect the confidentiality of the information requested, in the absence of a showing of changed circumstances.

- ii) Any confidential information provided to an Authorized Commission pursuant to this section shall not be further disclosed by the recipient Authorized Commission except by order of the Commission.
- iii) The Office of the Interconnection shall be expressly entitled to rely upon such Authorized Commission Certifications in providing confidential information to the Authorized Commission, and shall in no event be liable, or subject to damages or claims of any kind or nature hereunder, due to the ineffectiveness or inaccuracy of such Authorized Commission Certifications.

- iv) The Authorized Commission may provide confidential information obtained from the Office of the Interconnection to such of its employees, attorneys and contractors as needed to examine or handle that information in the course and scope of their work on behalf of the Authorized Commission, provided that (a) the Authorized Commission has internal procedures in place, pursuant to the Certification, to ensure that each person receiving such information agrees to protect the confidentiality of such information (such employees, attorneys or contractors to be defined hereinafter as “Authorized Persons”); (b) the Authorized Commission provides, pursuant to the Certification, a list of such Authorized Persons to the Office of the Interconnection and the PJM Market Monitor and updates such list, as necessary, every ninety (90) days; and (c) any third-party contractors provided access to confidential information sign a non-disclosure agreement in the form attached hereto as Schedule 10 before being provided access to any such confidential information.
- v) The Office of the Interconnection shall maintain a schedule of all Authorized Persons and the Authorized Commissions they represent, which shall be made publicly available on its website, or by written request. Such schedule shall be compiled by the Office of the Interconnection, based on information provided by any Authorized Commission. The Office of the Interconnection shall update the schedule promptly upon receipt of information from an Authorized Commission, but shall have no obligation to verify or corroborate any such information, and shall not be liable or otherwise responsible for any inaccuracies in the schedule due to incomplete or erroneous information conveyed to and relied upon by the Office of the Interconnection in the compilation and/or maintenance of the schedule.

(b) The Office of the Interconnection may, in the course of discussions with an Authorized Person, orally disclose information otherwise required to be maintained in confidence, without the need for a prior Information Request. Such oral disclosures shall provide enough information to enable the Authorized Person or the Authorized Commission with which that Authorized Person is associated to determine whether additional Information Requests are appropriate. The Office of the Interconnection will not make any written or electronic disclosures of confidential information to the Authorized Person pursuant to this Section 18.17.4(b). In any such discussions, the Office of the Interconnection shall ensure that the individual or individuals receiving such confidential information are Authorized Persons as defined herein, orally designate confidential information that is disclosed, and refrain from identifying any specific Affected Member whose information is disclosed. The Office of the Interconnection shall also be authorized to assist Authorized Persons in interpreting confidential information that is disclosed. The Office of the Interconnection shall provide any Affected Member with oral notice of any oral disclosure immediately, but not later than one (1) business day after the oral disclosure. Such oral notice to the Affected Member shall include the substance of the oral disclosure, but shall not reveal any confidential information of any other Member and must be received by the Affected Member before the name of the Affected Member is released to the

Authorized Person; provided however, disclosure of the identity of the Affected Party must be made to the Authorized Commission with which the Authorized Person is associated within two (2) business days of the initial oral disclosure.

(c) As regards Information Requests:

- (i) Information Requests to the Office of the Interconnection and/or PJM Market Monitor by an Authorized Commission shall be in writing, which shall include electronic communications, addressed to the Office of the Interconnection, and shall: (a) describe the information sought in sufficient detail to allow a response to the Information Request; (b) provide a general description of the purpose of the Information Request; (c) state the time period for which confidential information is requested; and (d) re-affirm that only Authorized Persons shall have access to the confidential information requested. The Office of the Interconnection shall provide an Affected Member with written notice, which shall include electronic communication, of an Information Request by an Authorized Commission as soon as possible, but not later than two (2) business days after the receipt of the Information Request.
- (ii) Subject to the provisions of section (c)(iii), the Office of the Interconnection shall supply confidential information to the Authorized Commission in response to any Information Request within five (5) business days of the receipt of the Information Request, to the extent that the requested confidential information can be made available within such period; provided however, that in no event shall confidential information be released prior to the end of the fourth (4th) business day without the express consent of the Affected Member. To the extent that the Office of the Interconnection cannot reasonably prepare and deliver the requested confidential information within such five (5) day period, it shall, within such period, provide the Authorized Commission with a written schedule for the provision of such remaining confidential information. Upon providing confidential information to the Authorized Commission, the Office of the Interconnection shall either provide a copy of the confidential information to the Affected Member(s), or provide a listing of the confidential information disclosed; provided, however, that the Office of the Interconnection shall not reveal any Member's confidential information to any other Member.
- (iii) Notwithstanding section (c)(ii), above, should the Office of the Interconnection or an Affected Member object to an Information Request or any portion thereof, any of them may, within four (4) business days following the Office of the Interconnection's receipt of the Information Request, request, in writing, a conference with the Authorized Commission to resolve differences concerning the scope or timing of the Information Request; provided, however, nothing herein shall require the

Authorized Commission to participate in any conference. Any party to the conference may seek assistance from FERC staff in resolution of the dispute or terminate the conference process at any time. Should such conference be refused or terminated by any participant or should such conference not resolve the dispute, then the Office of the Interconnection or the Affected Member may file a complaint with the Commission pursuant to Rule 206 objecting to the Information Request within ten (10) business days following receipt of written notice from any conference participant terminating such conference. Any complaints filed at FERC objecting to a particular Information Request shall be designated by the party as a “fast track” complaint and each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such FERC proceeding. The grounds for such a complaint shall be limited to the following: (a) the Authorized Commission is no longer able to preserve the confidentiality of the requested information due to changed circumstances relating to the Authorized Commission’s ability to protect confidential information arising since the filing of or rejection of a protest directed to the Authorized Commission’s Certification; (b) complying with the Information Request would be unduly burdensome to the complainant, and the complainant has made a good faith effort to negotiate limitations in the scope of the requested information; or (c) other exceptional circumstances exist such that complying with the Information Request would result in harm to the complainant. There shall be a presumption that “exceptional circumstances,” as used in the prior sentence, does not include circumstances in which an Authorized Commission has requested wholesale market data (or PJM Market Monitor workpapers that support or explain conclusions or analyses) generated in the ordinary course and scope of the operations of the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor. There shall be a presumption that circumstances in which an Authorized Commission has requested personnel files, internal emails and internal company memos, analyses and related work product constitute “exceptional circumstances” as used in the prior sentence. If no complaint challenging the Information Request is filed within the ten (10) day period defined above, the Office of the Interconnection shall utilize its best efforts to respond to the Information Request promptly. If a complaint is filed, and the Commission does not act on that complaint within ninety (90) days, the complaint shall be deemed denied and the Office of Interconnection shall use its best efforts to respond to the Information Request promptly.

- (iv) Any Authorized Commission may initiate appropriate legal action at FERC within ten (10) business days following receipt of information designated as “Confidential,” challenging such designation. Any complaints filed at FERC objecting to the designation of information as “Confidential” shall be designated by the party as a “fast track” complaint and each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such FERC proceeding. The party filing such a complaint shall be required to prove

that the material disclosed does not merit “Confidential” status because it is publicly available from other sources or contains no trade secret or other sensitive commercial information (with “publicly available” not being deemed to include unauthorized disclosures of otherwise confidential data).

(d) In the event of any breach of confidentiality of information disclosed pursuant to an Information Request by an Authorized Commission or Authorized Person:

- (i) The Authorized Commission or Authorized Person shall promptly notify the Office of the Interconnection, who shall, in turn, promptly notify any Affected Member of any inadvertent or intentional release, or possible release, of confidential information provided pursuant to this section.
- (ii) The Office of the Interconnection shall terminate the right of such Authorized Commission to receive confidential information under this section upon written notice to such Authorized Commission unless: (i) there was no harm or damage suffered by the Affected Member; or (ii) similar good cause is shown. Any appeal of the Office of the Interconnection’s and/or the PJM Market Monitor’s actions under this section shall be to FERC. An Authorized Commission shall be entitled to reestablish its certification as set forth in Section 18.17.4(a) by submitting a filing with the Commission showing that it has taken appropriate corrective action. If the Commission does not act upon an Authorized Commission’s re-certification filing with sixty (60) days of the date of the filing, the re-certification shall be deemed approved and the Authorized Commission shall be permitted to receive confidential information pursuant to this section.
- (iii) The Office of the Interconnection and/or the Affected Member shall have the right to seek and obtain at least the following types of relief: (a) an order from FERC requiring any breach to cease and preventing any future breaches; (b) temporary, preliminary, and/or permanent injunctive relief with respect to any breach; and (c) the immediate return of all confidential information to the Office of the Interconnection.
- (iv) No Authorized Person or Authorized Commission shall have responsibility or liability whatsoever under this section for any and all liabilities, losses, damages, demands, fines, monetary judgments, penalties, costs and expenses caused by, resulting from, or arising out of or in connection with the release of confidential information to persons not authorized to receive it, provided that such Authorized Person is an agent, servant, employee or member of an Authorized Commission at the time of such unauthorized release. Nothing in this Section (d)(iv) is intended to limit the liability of any person who is not an agent, servant, employee or member of an Authorized Commission at the time of such unauthorized

release for any and all economic losses, damages, demands, fines, monetary judgments, penalties, costs and expenses caused by, resulting from, or arising out of or in connection with such unauthorized release.

- (v) Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in section (d)(ii) or (d)(iii)(a) above, shall be submitted to FERC for hearing and resolution. Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in section (d)(iii)(c) above may be submitted to FERC or any court of competent jurisdiction for hearing and resolution.

18.17.5 Market Monitoring.

a) Subject to the requirements of section 18.17.5(b), PJM may release confidential information of Public Service Electric & Gas Company (“PSE&G”), Consolidated Edison Company of New York (“ConEd”), and their affiliates, and the confidential information of any Member regarding generation and/or transmission facilities located within the PSE&G Zone to the New York Independent System Operator, Inc. (“New York ISO”), the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor to the limited extent that PJM or its Market Monitoring Unit determines necessary to carry out the responsibilities of PJM, the New York ISO and the market monitoring units of PJM and the New York ISO under FERC Opinion No. 476 (see Consolidated Edison Company v. Public Service Electric and Gas Company, et al., 108 FERC ¶ 61,120, at P 215 (2004)) to conduct joint investigations to ensure that gaming, abuse of market power, or similar activities do not take place with regard to power transfers under the contracts that are the subject of FERC Opinion No. 476.

b) PJM may release a Member’s confidential information pursuant to section 18.17.5(a) to the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor only if the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor are subject to obligations limiting the disclosure of such information that are equivalent to or greater than the limitations on disclosure specified in this section 18.17. Information received from the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO, or the New York ISO Market Advisor under section 18.17.5(a) that is designated as confidential shall be protected from disclosure in accordance with this section 18.17.

18.17.6 Disclosure of EMS Data to Transmission Owners

a) While the Office of the Interconnection has overall power system reliability in the Office of the Interconnection region, Transmission Owners within the Office of the Interconnection region perform certain reliability functions with respect to their individual Transmission Facilities and distribution systems. In order to facilitate reliable operations between the Office of the Interconnection and the Transmission Owners, the Office of the Interconnection may, without written authorization from any Member, install a read-only terminal in any Transmission Owner’s secure control room facility, with access to Office of the Interconnection’s Energy Management System (EMS) and its associated data transmission and generation data under the terms and conditions set forth in this section 18.17.6.

b) The data and information produced by the Office of the Interconnection's EMS are confidential and/or commercially sensitive because it will display the real-time status of electric transmission lines and generation facilities, the disclosure of which could impact the market and the commercial interests of its participants. In addition, the responsive information will contain detailed information about real-time grid conditions, transmission lines, power flows, and outages, which may fall within the definition of Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (CEII) as set forth in 18 CFR § 388.112. The Office of the Interconnection shall not release any generator cost, price or other market information without written authorization pursuant to section § 18.17.1 (c) supra. The only generator information that will be made available is real-time MW/MVAR output and Minimum/Maximum MW Range.

c) The confidential or CEII information provided to the Transmission Owner on a read-only PJM EMS terminal shall only be held in the secure control room facility of the Transmission Owner. Such data shall be used for informational and operational purposes within the control room by Transmission Function employees as defined in the FERC's rules and regulations, 18 C.F.R. § 358.3 (j). No "screen-scraping" or other data transfer of information from the read-only terminal to other Transmission Owner systems or databases shall be permitted. No storage of information from the read-only terminal shall be permitted. The data shall be held confidential within the transmission function environment and not be disclosed to other personnel within the Transmission Owners' company, subsidiaries, marketing organizations, energy affiliates or independent third parties. The Transmission Owner may use the confidential or CEII information only for the purpose of performing Transmission Owner's Reliability Function and shall not otherwise use the confidential information for its own benefit or for the benefit of any other person.

d) In the event of any breach:

- (i) The Transmission Owners shall promptly notify the Office of the Interconnection, which shall, in turn, promptly notify FERC and any Affected Member(s) of any inadvertent or intentional release, or possible release, of confidential or CEII information disclosed as provided above.
- (ii) The Office of the Interconnection shall terminate all rights of the Transmission Owner to receive confidential or CEII information as provided in this section 18.17.6; provided, however, that the Office of the Interconnection may restore a Transmission Owners' status after consulting with the Affected Member(s) and to the extent that: (a) the Office of the Interconnection determines that the disclosure was not due to the intentional, reckless or negligent action or omission of the Authorized Person; (b) there were no harm or damages suffered by the Affected Member(s); or (c) similar good cause shown. Any appeal of the Office of the Interconnection's actions under this section shall be to FERC.
- (iii) The Office of the Interconnection and/or the Affected Member(s) shall have the right to seek and obtain at least the following types of relief: (a) an order from FERC requiring any breach to cease and preventing any

future breaches; (b) temporary, preliminary, and/or permanent injunctive relief and/or damages with respect to any breach; and (c) the immediate return of all confidential or CEII information to the Office of the Interconnection.

- (iv) Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in section (d)(ii) or (d)(iii)(a) above, shall be submitted to FERC for hearing and resolution. Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in section (d)(iii)(b) and (c) above may be submitted to FERC or any court of competent jurisdiction for hearing and resolution.

Attachment B

Revisions to the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff and PJM Operating Agreement

(Clean Format)

Section(s) of the
PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff
(Clean Format)

ATTACHMENT M – APPENDIX

I. CONFIDENTIALITY OF DATA AND INFORMATION

A. Party Access:

1. No Member shall have a right hereunder to receive or review any documents, data or other information of another Member, including documents, data or other information provided to the Market Monitoring Unit, to the extent such documents, data or information have been designated as confidential pursuant to the procedures adopted by the Market Monitoring Unit or to the extent that they have been designated as confidential by such other Member; provided, however, a Member may receive and review any composite documents, data and other information that may be developed based on such confidential documents, data or information if the composite does not disclose any individual Member's confidential data or information.

2. Except as may be provided in this Appendix, the Plan, the PJM Operating Agreement or in the PJM Tariff, the Market Monitoring Unit shall not disclose to its Members or to third parties, any documents, data, or other information of a Member or entity applying for Membership, to the extent such documents, data, or other information has been designated confidential pursuant to the procedures adopted by the Market Monitoring Unit or by such Member or entity applying for membership; provided that nothing contained herein shall prohibit the Market Monitoring Unit from providing any such confidential information to its agents, representatives, or contractors to the extent that such person or entity is bound by an obligation to maintain such confidentiality. The Market Monitoring Unit shall collect and use confidential information only in connection with its authority under this Appendix, the Plan, the PJM Operating Agreement or in the PJM Tariff and the retention of such information shall be in accordance with PJM's data retention policies.

3. Nothing contained herein shall prevent the Market Monitoring Unit from releasing a Member's confidential data or information to a third party provided that the Member has delivered to the Market Monitoring Unit specific, written authorization for such release setting forth the data or information to be released, to whom such release is authorized, and the period of time for which such release shall be authorized. The Market Monitoring Unit shall limit the release of a Member's confidential data or information to that specific authorization received from the Member. Nothing herein shall prohibit a Member from withdrawing such authorization upon written notice to the Market Monitoring Unit, who shall cease such release as soon as practicable after receipt of such withdrawal notice.

4. Reciprocal provisions to this Section I hereof, delineating the confidentiality requirements of the Office of the Interconnection and PJM members, are set forth in Section 18.17 of the PJM Operating Agreement.

B. Required Disclosure:

1. Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing section to the contrary, and subject to the provisions of Section I.C below, if the Market Monitoring Unit is required by applicable law, or

in the course of administrative or judicial proceedings, to disclose to third parties, information that is otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to the PJM Tariff, PJM Operating Agreement, Attachment M or this Appendix, the Market Monitoring Unit may make disclosure of such information; provided, however, that as soon as the Market Monitoring Unit learns of the disclosure requirement and prior to making disclosure, the Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the affected Member or Members of the requirement and the terms thereof and the affected Member or Members may direct, at their sole discretion and cost, any challenge to or defense against the disclosure requirement. The Market Monitoring Unit shall cooperate with such affected Members to the maximum extent practicable to minimize the disclosure of the information consistent with applicable law. The Market Monitoring Unit shall cooperate with the affected Members to obtain proprietary or confidential treatment of such information by the person to whom such information is disclosed prior to any such disclosure.

2. Nothing in this Section I shall prohibit or otherwise limit the Market Monitoring Unit's use of information covered herein if such information was: (i) previously known to the Market Monitoring Unit without an obligation of confidentiality; (ii) independently developed by or for the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor using non-confidential information; (iii) acquired by the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor from a third party which is not, to the Office of the Market Monitoring Unit's knowledge, under an obligation of confidence with respect to such information; (iv) which is or becomes publicly available other than through a manner inconsistent with this Section I.

3. The Market Monitoring Unit shall impose on any contractors retained to provide technical support or otherwise to assist with the implementation of the Plan or this Appendix a contractual duty of confidentiality consistent with the Plan or this Appendix. A Member shall not be obligated to provide confidential or proprietary information to any contractor that does not assume such a duty of confidentiality, and the Market Monitoring Unit shall not provide any such information to any such contractor without the express written permission of the Member providing the information.

C. Disclosure to FERC and CFTC:

1. Notwithstanding anything in this Section I to the contrary, if the FERC, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") or the staff of those commissions, during the course of an investigation or otherwise, requests information from the Market Monitoring Unit that is otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to the PJM Tariff, the PJM Operating Agreement, the Plan or this Appendix, the Market Monitoring Unit shall provide the requested information to the FERC, CFTC or their staff, within the time provided for in the request for information. In providing the information to the FERC or its staff, the Market Monitoring Unit may request, consistent with 18 C.F.R. §§ 1b.20 and 388.112, or to the CFTC or its staff, the Market Monitoring Unit may request, consistent with 17 C.F.R. §§ 11.3 and 145.9, that the information be treated as confidential and non-public by the respective commission and its staff and that the information be withheld from public disclosure. The Market Monitoring Unit shall promptly notify any affected Member(s) if the Market Monitoring Unit receives from the FERC, CFTC or its staff, written notice that the commission has decided to release publicly or has asked

for comment on whether such commission should release publicly, confidential information previously provided to a commission Market Monitoring Unit.

2. The foregoing Section I.C.1 shall not apply to requests for production of information under Subpart D of the FERC's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR Part 385) in proceedings before FERC and its administrative law judges. In all such proceedings, PJM and/or the Market Monitoring Unit shall follow the procedures in Section I.B.

D. Disclosure to Authorized Commissions:

1. Notwithstanding anything in this Section I to the contrary, the Market Monitoring Unit shall disclose confidential information, otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to the PJM Tariff, the PJM Operating Agreement, the Plan or this Appendix, to an Authorized Commission under the following conditions:

(i) The Authorized Commission has provided the FERC with a properly executed Certification in the form attached to the PJM Operating Agreement as Schedule 10A. Upon receipt of the Authorized Commission's Certification, the FERC shall provide public notice of the Authorized Commission's filing pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 385.2009. If any interested party disputes the accuracy and adequacy of the representations contained in the Authorized Commission's Certification, that party may file a protest with the FERC within 14 days of the date of such notice, pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 385.211. The Authorized Commission may file a response to any such protest within seven days. Each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such a protest proceeding. If there are material changes in law that affect the accuracy and adequacy of the representations in the Certification filed with the FERC, the Authorized Commission shall, within thirty (30) days, submit an amended Certification identifying such changes. Any such amended Certification shall be subject to the same procedures for comment and review by the FERC as set forth above in this paragraph.

(ii) Neither the Office of the Interconnection nor the Market Monitoring Unit may disclose data to an Authorized Commission during the FERC's consideration of the Certification and any filed protests. If the FERC does not act upon an Authorized Commission's Certification within 90 days of the date of filing, the Certification shall be deemed approved and the Authorized Commission shall be permitted to receive confidential information pursuant to this Section I. In the event that an interested party protests the Authorized Commission's Certification and the FERC approves the Certification, that party may not challenge any Information Request made by the Authorized Commission on the grounds that the Authorized Commission is unable to protect the confidentiality of the information requested, in the absence of a showing of changed circumstances.

(iii) Any confidential information provided to an Authorized Commission pursuant to this Section I shall not be further disclosed by the recipient Authorized Commission except by order of the FERC.

(iv) The Market Monitoring Unit shall be expressly entitled to rely upon such Authorized Commission Certifications in providing confidential information to the Authorized

Commission, and shall in no event be liable, or subject to damages or claims of any kind or nature hereunder, due to the ineffectiveness or inaccuracy of such Authorized Commission Certifications.

(v) The Authorized Commission may provide confidential information obtained from the Market Monitoring Unit to such of its employees, attorneys and contractors as needed to examine or handle that information in the course and scope of their work on behalf of the Authorized Commission, provided that (a) the Authorized Commission has internal procedures in place, pursuant to the Certification, to ensure that each person receiving such information agrees to protect the confidentiality of such information (such employees, attorneys or contractors to be defined hereinafter as “Authorized Persons”); (b) the Authorized Commission provides, pursuant to the Certification, a list of such Authorized Persons to the Office of the Interconnection and the Market Monitoring Unit and updates such list, as necessary, every ninety (90) days; and (c) any third-party contractors provided access to confidential information sign a nondisclosure agreement in the form attached to the PJM Operating Agreement as Schedule 10 before being provided access to any such confidential information.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit may, in the course of discussions with an Authorized Person, orally disclose information otherwise required to be maintained in confidence, without the need for a prior Information Request. Such oral disclosures shall provide enough information to enable the Authorized Person or the Authorized Commission with which that Authorized Person is associated to determine whether additional Information Requests are appropriate. The Market Monitoring Unit will not make any written or electronic disclosures of confidential information to the Authorized Person pursuant to this Section I.D.2. In any such discussions, the Market Monitoring Unit shall ensure that the individual or individuals receiving such confidential information are Authorized Persons as defined herein, orally designate confidential information that is disclosed, and refrain from identifying any specific Affected Member whose information is disclosed. The Market Monitoring Unit shall also be authorized to assist Authorized Persons in interpreting confidential information that is disclosed. The Market Monitoring Unit shall provide any Affected Member with oral notice of any oral disclosure immediately, but not later than one (1) business day after the oral disclosure. Such oral notice to the Affected Member shall include the substance of the oral disclosure, but shall not reveal any confidential information of any other Member and must be received by the Affected Member before the name of the Affected Member is released to the Authorized Person; provided however, disclosure of the identity of the Affected Party must be made to the Authorized Commission with which the Authorized Person is associated within two (2) business days of the initial oral disclosure.

3. As regards Information Requests:

(i) Information Requests to the Office of the Interconnection and/or Market Monitoring Unit by an Authorized Commission shall be in writing, which shall include electronic communications, addressed to the Market Monitoring Unit, and shall: (a) describe the information sought in sufficient detail to allow a response to the Information Request; (b) provide a general description of the purpose of the Information Request; (c) state the time period for which confidential information is requested; and (d) re-affirm that only Authorized Persons

shall have access to the confidential information requested. The Market Monitoring Unit shall provide an Affected Member with written notice, which shall include electronic communication, of an Information Request by an Authorized Commission as soon as possible, but not later than two (2) business days after the receipt of the Information Request.

(ii) Subject to the provisions of Section I.D.3(iii) below, the Market Monitoring Unit shall supply confidential information to the Authorized Commission in response to any Information Request within five (5) business days of the receipt of the Information Request, to the extent that the requested confidential information can be made available within such period; provided however, that in no event shall confidential information be released prior to the end of the fourth (4th) business day without the express consent of the Affected Member. To the extent that the Market Monitoring Unit cannot reasonably prepare and deliver the requested confidential information within such five (5) day period, it shall, within such period, provide the Authorized Commission with a written schedule for the provision of such remaining confidential information. Upon providing confidential information to the Authorized Commission, the Market Monitoring Unit shall either provide a copy of the confidential information to the Affected Member(s), or provide a listing of the confidential information disclosed; provided, however, that the Market Monitoring Unit shall not reveal any Member's confidential information to any other Member.

(iii) Notwithstanding Section I.D.3(ii), above, should the Office of the Interconnection, the Market Monitoring Unit or an Affected Member object to an Information Request or any portion thereof, any of them may, within four (4) business days following the Market Monitoring Unit's receipt of the Information Request, request, in writing, a conference with the Authorized Commission to resolve differences concerning the scope or timing of the Information Request; provided, however, nothing herein shall require the Authorized Commission to participate in any conference. Any party to the conference may seek assistance from FERC staff in resolution of the dispute or terminate the conference process at any time. Should such conference be refused or terminated by any participant or should such conference not resolve the dispute, then the Office of the Interconnection, Market Monitoring Unit, or the Affected Member may file a complaint with the FERC pursuant to Rule 206 objecting to the Information Request within ten (10) business days following receipt of written notice from any conference participant terminating such conference. Any complaints filed at the FERC objecting to a particular Information Request shall be designated by the party as a "fast track" complaint and each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such FERC proceeding. The grounds for such a complaint shall be limited to the following: (a) the Authorized Commission is no longer able to preserve the confidentiality of the requested information due to changed circumstances relating to the Authorized Commission's ability to protect confidential information arising since the filing of or rejection of a protest directed to the Authorized Commission's Certification; (b) complying with the Information Request would be unduly burdensome to the complainant, and the complainant has made a good faith effort to negotiate limitations in the scope of the requested information; or (c) other exceptional circumstances exist such that complying with the Information Request would result in harm to the complainant. There shall be a presumption that "exceptional circumstances," as used in the prior sentence, does not include circumstances in which an Authorized Commission has requested wholesale market data (or Market Monitoring Unit workpapers that support or explain conclusions or

analyses) generated in the ordinary course and scope of the operations of the Market Monitoring Unit. There shall be a presumption that circumstances in which an Authorized Commission has requested personnel files, internal emails and internal company memos, analyses and related work product constitute “exceptional circumstances” as used in the prior sentence. If no complaint challenging the Information Request is filed within the ten (10) day period defined above, the Office of the Interconnection and/or Market Monitoring Unit shall utilize its best efforts to respond to the Information Request promptly. If a complaint is filed, and the Commission does not act on that complaint within ninety (90) days, the complaint shall be deemed denied and the Market Monitoring Unit shall use its best efforts to respond to the Information Request promptly.

(iv) Any Authorized Commission may initiate appropriate legal action at the FERC within ten (10) business days following receipt of information designated as “Confidential,” challenging such designation. Any complaints filed at FERC objecting to the designation of information as “Confidential” shall be designated by the party as a “fast track” complaint and each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such FERC proceeding. The party filing such a complaint shall be required to prove that the material disclosed does not merit “Confidential” status because it is publicly available from other sources or contains no trade secret or other sensitive commercial information (with “publicly available” not being deemed to include unauthorized disclosures of otherwise confidential data).

4. In the event of any breach of confidentiality of information disclosed pursuant to an Information Request by an Authorized Commission or Authorized Person:

(i) The Authorized Commission or Authorized Person shall promptly notify the Market Monitoring Unit, who shall, in turn, promptly notify any Affected Member of any inadvertent or intentional release, or possible release, of confidential information provided pursuant to this Section I.

(ii) The Office Market Monitoring Unit shall terminate the right of such Authorized Commission to receive confidential information under this Section I upon written notice to such Authorized Commission unless: (i) there was no harm or damage suffered by the Affected Member; or (ii) similar good cause is shown. Any appeal of the Market Monitoring Unit’s actions under this Section I shall be to Commission. An Authorized Commission shall be entitled to reestablish its certification as set forth in Section I.D.1 by submitting a filing with the Commission showing that it has taken appropriate corrective action. If the Commission does not act upon an Authorized Commission’s recertification filing with sixty (60) days of the date of the filing, the recertification shall be deemed approved and the Authorized Commission shall be permitted to receive confidential information pursuant to this section.

(iii) The Office of the Interconnection, the Market Monitoring Unit, and/or the Affected Member shall have the right to seek and obtain at least the following types of relief: (a) an order from the FERC requiring any breach to cease and preventing any future breaches; (b) temporary, preliminary, and/or permanent injunctive relief with respect to any breach; and (c) the immediate return of all confidential information to the Market Monitoring Unit.

(iv) No Authorized Person or Authorized Commission shall have responsibility or liability whatsoever under this section for any and all liabilities, losses, damages, demands, fines, monetary judgments, penalties, costs and expenses caused by, resulting from, or arising out of or in connection with the release of confidential information to persons not authorized to receive it, provided that such Authorized Person is an agent, servant, employee or member of an Authorized Commission at the time of such unauthorized release. Nothing in this Section I.D.4(iv) is intended to limit the liability of any person who is not an agent, servant, employee or member of an Authorized Commission at the time of such unauthorized release for any and all economic losses, damages, demands, fines, monetary judgments, penalties, costs and expenses caused by, resulting from, or arising out of or in connection with such unauthorized release.

(v) Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in Section I.D.4(ii) or I.D.4(iii)(a) above, shall be submitted to the FERC for hearing and resolution. Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in Section I.D.4(iii)(c) above may be submitted to FERC or any court of competent jurisdiction for hearing and resolution.

E. Market Monitoring:

1. Subject to the requirements of Section E.2, the Market Monitoring Unit may release confidential information of Public Service Electric & Gas Company (“PSE&G”), Consolidated Edison Company of New York (“ConEd”), and their affiliates, and the confidential information of any Member regarding generation and/or transmission facilities located within the PSE&G Zone to the New York Independent System Operator, Inc. (“New York ISO”), the market monitoring unit of New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor to the limited extent that PJM or the Market Monitoring Unit determines necessary to carry out the responsibilities of PJM, New York ISO or the market monitoring units of PJM and the New York ISO under FERC Opinion No. 476 (see Consolidated Edison Company v. Public Service Electric and Gas Company, et al., 108 FERC ¶ 61,120, at P 215 (2004)) to conduct joint investigations to ensure that gaming, abuse of market power, or similar activities do not take place with regard to power transfers under the contracts that are the subject of FERC Opinion No. 476.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit may release a Member’s confidential information pursuant to Section I.E.1 to the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor only if the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor are subject to obligations limiting the disclosure of such information that are equivalent to or greater than the limitations on disclosure specified in this Section I.E. Information received from the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO, or the New York ISO Market Advisor under Section I.E.1 that is designated as confidential shall be protected from disclosure in accordance with this Section I.E.

II. DEVELOPMENT OF INPUTS FOR PROSPECTIVE MITIGATION

A. Offer Price Caps:

1. The Market Monitor or his designee shall advise the Office of the Interconnection whether it believes that the cost references, methods and rules included in the Cost Development Guidelines are accurate and appropriate, as specified in the PJM Manuals.
2. The Market Monitoring Unit shall review upon request of a Market Seller, and may review upon its own initiative at any time, the incremental costs (defined in Section 6.4.2 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement) included in the Offer Price Cap of a generating unit in order to ensure that the Market Seller has correctly applied the Cost Development Guidelines and that the level of the Offer Price Cap is otherwise acceptable.
3. On or before the 21st day of each month, the Market Monitoring Unit shall compute the cost capping percentages for each Frequently Mitigated Unit and Associated Unit for the prior rolling twelve-month period, consistent with Section 6.4.2 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement and shall issue a written notice to a unit, as applicable, indicating that it is a "Frequently Mitigated Unit" or "FMU," or an "Associated Unit," and provide a copy of the same to the Office of the Interconnection, when the Market Monitoring Unit determines that the unit meets the criteria delineated in Section 6.4.2 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement.
4. Notwithstanding the number of jointly pivotal suppliers in any hour, if the Market Monitoring Unit determines that a reasonable level of competition will not exist based on an evaluation of all facts and circumstances, it may propose to the Commission the removal of offer-capping suspensions otherwise authorized by Section 6.4 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement. Such proposals shall take effect upon Commission acceptance of the Market Monitoring Unit's filing.

B. Minimum Generator Operating Parameters:

1. The Market Monitoring Unit shall provide to the Office of the Interconnection a table of default unit class specific parameter limits to be known as the "Parameter Limited Schedule Matrix" to be included in Section 6.6(c) of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement. The Parameter Limited Schedule Matrix shall include default values on a unit-type basis as specified in Section 6.6(c). The Market Monitoring Unit shall review the Parameter Limited Schedule Matrix annually, and, in the event it determines that revision is appropriate, shall provide a revised matrix to the Office of the Interconnection by no later than December 31 prior to the annual enrollment period.
2. The Market Monitoring Unit shall notify generation resources and the Office of the Interconnection no later than April 1 of its determination regarding each request for a period exception or persistent exception to a value specified in the Parameter Limited Schedule Matrix or the parameters defined in Section 6.6 of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement and the PJM Manuals, provided that the Market Monitoring Unit receives such request by no later than February 28.
3. When a generation resource notifies the Market Monitoring Unit of a material change to the facts relied upon by the Market Monitoring Unit and/or the Office of the Interconnection to support a parameter limited schedule exception pursuant to Section 6.7 of Schedule 1 of the

Operating Agreement (or the Commission in support of its approval), the Market Monitoring Unit shall make a determination, and notify the Office of the Interconnection and the generation resource, either that the existing exception should continue, that the exception should be revised, or that no exception is supported by the data.

4. The Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Office of the Interconnection of any risk premium to which it and a nuclear generation resource agree or its determination if agreement is not obtained. If a nuclear generation resource submits a risk premium inconsistent with its agreement or inconsistent with the Market Monitoring Unit's determination regarding such risk premium, the Market Monitoring Unit may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and request a determination that would require the nuclear generation resource to submit an appropriate risk premium.

C. RPM Must-Offer Obligation:

1. The Market Monitoring Unit shall maintain, post on its website and provide to the Office of the Interconnection prior to each RPM Auction (updated, as necessary, on at least a quarterly basis), a list of Existing Generation Capacity Resources located in the PJM Region that are subject to the "must-offer" obligation set forth in Section 6.6 of Attachment DD.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit shall evaluate requests submitted by Capacity Market Sellers for a determination that a Generation Capacity Resource, or any portion thereof, be removed from Capacity Resource status or exempted from status as a Generation Capacity Resource subject to Section II.C.1 above and inform both the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection of such determination in writing by no later ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction. A Generation Capacity Resource located in the PJM Region shall not be removed from Capacity Resource status to the extent the resource is committed to service of PJM loads as a result of an RPM Auction, FRR Capacity Plan, Locational UCAP transaction and/or by designation as a replacement resource under this Attachment DD.

3. The Market Monitoring Unit shall evaluate the data and documentation provided to it by a potential Capacity Market Seller to establish the EFORD to be included in a Sell Offer applicable to each resource pursuant to Section 6.6(b) of Attachment DD. If a Capacity Market Seller timely submits a request for an alternative maximum level of EFORD that may be used in a Sell Offer for RPM Auctions held prior to the date on which the final EFORDs used for a Delivery Year are posted, the Market Monitoring Unit shall attempt to reach agreement with the Capacity Market Seller on the alternate maximum level of the EFORD by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the Base Residual Auction for the applicable Delivery Year. By no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the Base Residual Auction for the applicable Delivery Year, the Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Office of the Interconnection in writing, notifying the Capacity Market Seller by copy of the same, of any alternative maximum EFORD to which it and the Capacity Market Seller agree or its determination of the alternative maximum EFORD if agreement is not obtained.

4. The Market Monitoring Unit shall consider the documentation provided to it by a potential Capacity Market Seller pursuant to Section 6.6 of Attachment DD, and determine whether a resource owned or controlled by such Capacity Market Seller meets the criteria to qualify for an exception to the must-offer requirement because the resource (i) is reasonably expected to be physically unable to participate in the relevant auction; (ii) has a financially and physically firm commitment to an external sale of its capacity; or (iii) was interconnected to the Transmission System as an Energy Resource and not subsequently converted to a Capacity Resource. The Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection of its determination by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.

In order to establish that a resource is reasonably expected to be physically unable to participate in the relevant auction as set forth in (i) above, the Capacity Market Seller must demonstrate that:

A. It has a documented plan in place to retire the resource prior to or during the Delivery Year, and has submitted a notice of Deactivation to the Office of the Interconnection consistent with Section 113.1 of the PJM Tariff, without regard to whether the Office of the Interconnection has requested the Capacity Market Seller to continue to operate the resource beyond its desired deactivation date in accordance with Section 113.2 of the PJM Tariff for the purpose of maintaining the reliability of the PJM Transmission System and the Capacity Market Seller has agreed to do so;

B. Significant physical operational restrictions cause long term or permanent changes to the installed capacity value of the resource, or the resource is under major repair that will extend into the applicable Delivery Year, that will result in the imposition of RPM performance penalties pursuant to Attachment DD of the PJM Tariff;

C. The Capacity Market Seller is involved in an ongoing regulatory proceeding (e.g. – regarding potential environmental restrictions) specific to the resource and has received an order, decision, final rule, opinion or other final directive from the regulatory authority that will result in the retirement of the resource; or,

D. A resource considered an Existing Generating Capacity Resource because it cleared an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year prior to the Delivery Year of the relevant auction, but which is not yet in service, is unable to achieve full commercial operation prior to the Delivery Year of the relevant auction. The Capacity Market Seller must submit to the Office of the Interconnection and the Market Monitoring Unit a written sworn, notarized statement of a corporate officer certifying that the resource will not be in full commercial operation prior to the referenced Delivery Year.

5. If a Capacity Market Seller submits for the portion of a Generation Capacity Resource that it owns or controls, and the Office of Interconnection accepts, a Sell Offer (i) at a level of installed capacity that the Market Monitoring Unit believes is inconsistent with the level established under Section 5.6.6 of Attachment DD of the PJM Tariff, (ii) at a level of installed capacity inconsistent with its determination of eligibility for an exception listed in Section II.C.4

above, or (iii) a maximum EFORD that the Market Monitoring Unit believes is inconsistent with the maximum level determined under Section II.C.3 of this Appendix, the Market Monitoring Unit may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and/or request a determination from the Commission that would require the Generation Capacity Resource to submit a new or revised Sell Offer, notwithstanding any determination to the contrary made under Section 6.6 of Attachment DD.

The Market Monitoring Unit shall also consider the documentation provided by the Capacity Market Seller pursuant to Section 6.6 of Attachment DD, for generation resources for which the Office of the Interconnection has not approved an exception to the must-offer requirement as set forth in Section 6.6(g) of Attachment DD, to determine whether the Capacity Market Seller's failure to offer part or all of one or more generation resources into an RPM Auction would result in an increase of greater than five percent in any Zonal Capacity Price determined through such auction as required by Section 6.6(i) of Attachment DD, and shall inform both the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection of its determination by no later than two (2) business days after the close of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.

D. Unit Specific Minimum Sell Offers:

1. If a Capacity Market Seller timely submits an exemption *or exception* request, with all of the required supporting documentation as specified in section 5.14(h) of Attachment DD, the Market Monitoring Unit shall review the request and documentation and shall provide in writing to the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection by no later than forty five (45) days after receipt of the exemption *or exception* request its determination whether it believes the requested exemption *or exception* should be granted in accordance with the standards and criteria set forth in section 5.14(h). *If the Market Monitoring Unit determines that the Sell Offer proposed in a Unit-Specific Exception request raises market power concerns, it shall advise the Capacity Market Seller of the minimum Sell Offer in the relevant auction that would not raise market power concerns, with such calculation based on the data and documentation received, by no later than forty five (45) days after receipt of the request.*

2. All information submitted to the Office of the Interconnection or the Market Monitoring Unit by a Market Participant is subject to verification by the Market Monitoring Unit.

3. In the event that the Market Monitoring Unit reasonably believes that a request for a Competitive Entry Exemption or a Self-Supply Exemption that has been granted contains fraudulent or material misrepresentations or omissions such that the Capacity Market Seller would not have been eligible for the exemption for that MOPR Screened Generation Resource had the request not contained such misrepresentations or omissions, then it shall notify the Office of the Interconnection and Capacity Market Seller of its findings and provide the Office of the Interconnection with all of the data and documentation supporting its findings, and may take any other action required or permitted under Attachment M.

E. Market Seller Offer Caps:

1. Based on the data and calculations submitted by the Capacity Market Sellers for each Existing Generation Capacity Resource and the formulas specified in Section 6.7(d) of

Attachment DD, the Market Monitoring Unit shall calculate the Market Seller Offer Cap for each such resource and provide it to the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection by no later than ninety (90) days before the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit must attempt to reach agreement with the Capacity Market Seller on the appropriate level of the Market Seller Offer Cap by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction. If such agreement cannot be reached, then the Market Monitoring Unit shall inform the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection of its determination of the appropriate level of the Market Seller Offer Cap by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction, and the Market Monitoring Unit may pursue any action available to it under Attachment M.

3. Nothing herein shall preclude any Capacity Market Seller and the Market Monitoring Unit from agreeing to, nor require either such entity to agree to, an alternative market seller offer cap determined on a mutually agreeable basis. Any such alternative offer cap shall be filed with the Commission for its approval. This provision is duplicated in Section 6.4(a) of Attachment DD.

F. Mitigation of Offers from Planned Generation Capacity Resources:

Pursuant to Section 6.5 of Attachment DD, the Market Monitoring Unit shall evaluate Sell Offers for Planned Generation Capacity Resources to determine whether market power mitigation should be applied and notify in writing each Capacity Market Seller whose Sell Offer has been determined to be non-competitive and subject to mitigation, with a copy to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than one (1) business day after the close of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.

G. Data Submission:

Pursuant to Section 6.7 of Attachment DD, the Market Monitoring Unit may request additional information from any potential auction participant as deemed necessary by the Market Monitoring Unit, including, without limitation, additional cost data on resources in a class that is not otherwise expected to include the marginal price setting resource. All data submitted to the Office of the Interconnection or the Market Monitoring Unit by a Market Participant is subject to verification by the Market Monitoring Unit.

H. Determination of Default Avoidable Cost Rates:

1. The Market Monitoring Unit shall conduct an annual review of the table of default Avoidable Cost Rates included in Section 6.7(c) of Attachment DD and calculated on the bases set forth therein, and determine whether the values included therein need to be updated. If the Market Monitoring Unit determines that the Avoidable Cost Rates need to be updated, it shall provide to the Office of the Interconnection updated values or notice of its determination that updated values are not needed by no later than September 30th of each year.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit shall indicate in its posted reports on RPM performance the number of Generation Capacity Resources and megawatts per LDA that use the retirement default Avoidable Cost Rates.

3. If a Capacity Market Seller does not elect to use a default Avoidable Cost Rate and has timely provided to the Market Monitoring Unit its request to apply a unit-specific Avoidable Cost Rate, along with the data described in Section 6.7 of Attachment DD, the Market Monitoring Unit shall calculate the Avoidable Cost Rate and provide a unit-specific value to the Capacity Market Seller for each such resource, and notify the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection in writing by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction whether it agrees that the unit-specific Avoidable Cost Rate is acceptable. The Capacity Market Seller and Office of the Interconnection's deadlines relating to the submittal and acceptance of a request for a unit-specific Avoidable Cost Rate are delineated in section 6.7(d) of Attachment DD.

I. Determination of PJM Market Revenues:

The Market Monitoring Unit shall calculate the Projected PJM Market Revenues for any Generation Capacity Resource to which the Avoidable Cost Rate is applied pursuant to Section 6.8(d) of Attachment DD, and notify the Capacity Market Seller and the Office of the Interconnection of its determination in writing by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.

J. Determination of Opportunity Costs:

The Market Monitoring Unit shall review and verify the documentation of prices available to Existing Generation Capacity Resources in markets external to PJM and proposed for inclusion in Opportunity Costs pursuant to Section 6.7(d)(ii) of Attachment DD. The Market Monitoring Unit shall notify, in writing, such Generation Capacity Resource and the Office of the Interconnection if it is dissatisfied with the documentation provided and whether it objects to the inclusion of such Opportunity Costs in a Market Seller Offer by no later than ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction. If such Generation Capacity Resource submits a Market Seller Offer that includes Opportunity Costs that have not been documented and verified to the Market Monitoring Unit's satisfaction, then the Market Monitoring Unit may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and request a determination that would require the Generation Capacity Resource to remove them.

III. BLACKSTART SERVICE

A. Upon the submission by a Black Start Unit owner of a request for Black Start Service revenue requirements and changes to the Black Start Service revenue requirements for the Black Start Unit, the Black Start Unit owner and the Market Monitoring Unit shall attempt to agree to values on the level of each component included in the Black Start Service revenue requirements by no later than May 14 of each year. The Market Monitoring Unit shall calculate the revenue

requirement for each Black Start Unit and provide its calculation to the Office of the Interconnection by no later than May 14 of each year.

B. Pursuant to the terms of Schedule 6A of the PJM Tariff and the PJM Manuals, the Market Monitoring Unit will analyze any requested generator black start cost changes on an annual basis and shall notify the Office of the Interconnection of any costs to which it and the Black Start Unit owner have agreed or the Market Monitoring Unit's determination regarding any cost components to which agreement has not been obtained. If a Black Start Unit owner includes a cost component inconsistent with its agreement or inconsistent with the Market Monitoring Unit's determination regarding such cost component, and the Office of the Interconnection accepts the Black Start Service revenue requirements submitted by the Black Start Unit owner, the Market Monitoring Unit may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and request a determination that would require the Black Start Service generator to utilize the values determined by the Market Monitoring Unit or the Office of the Interconnection or such other values as determined by the Commission.

IV. DEACTIVATION RATES

1. Upon receipt of a notice to deactivate a generating unit under Part V of the PJM Tariff from the Office of the Interconnection forwarded pursuant to Section 113.1 of the PJM Tariff, the Market Monitoring Unit shall analyze the effects of the proposed deactivation with regard to potential market power issues and shall notify the Office of the Interconnection and the generator owner (of, if applicable, its designated agent) within 30 days of the deactivation request if a market power issue has been identified. Such notice shall include the specific market power impact resulting from the proposed deactivation of the generating unit, as well as an initial assessment of any steps that could be taken to mitigate the market power impact.

2. The Market Monitoring Unit and the generating unit owner shall attempt to come to agreement on the level of each component included in the Deactivation Avoidable Cost Credit. In the case of cost of service filing submitted to the Commission in alternative to the Deactivation Cost Credit, the Market Monitoring Unit shall indicate to the generating unit owner in advance of filing its views regarding the proposed method or cost components of recovery. The Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Office of the Interconnection of any costs to which it and the generating unit owner have agreed or the Market Monitoring Unit's determination regarding any cost components to which agreement has not been obtained. If a generating unit owner includes a cost component inconsistent with its agreement or inconsistent with the Market Monitoring Unit's determination regarding such cost components, the Market Monitoring Unit may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and seek a determination that would require the Generating unit to include an appropriate cost component. This provision is duplicated in Sections 114 and 119 of Part V of the PJM Tariff.

V. OPPORTUNITY COST CALCULATION

The Market Monitoring Unit shall review requests for opportunity cost compensation under Sections 3.2.3(f-3) and 3.2.3B(h) of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement, discuss with the Office of the Interconnection and individual Market Sellers the amount of compensation, and file

exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and request a determination of compensation as provided by such sections. These requirements are duplicated in Sections 3.2.3(f-3) and 3.2.3B(h) of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement.

VI. FTR FORFEITURE RULE

The Market Monitoring Unit shall calculate Transmission Congestion Credits as required under Section 5.2.1(b) of Schedule 1 of the Operating Agreement, including the determination of the identity of the holder of FTRs and an evaluation of the overall benefits accrued by an entity or affiliated entities trading in FTRs and *Virtual Transactions* in the Day-ahead Energy Market, and provide such calculations to the Office of the Interconnection. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Market Monitoring Unit from action to recover inappropriate benefits from the subject activity if the amount forfeited is less than the benefit derived by the FTR holder. If the Office of the Interconnection imposes a forfeiture of the Transmission Congestion Credit in an amount that the Market Monitoring Unit disagrees with, then it may exercise its powers to inform Commission staff of its concerns and request an adjustment.

VII. FORCED OUTAGE RULE

1. The Market Monitoring Unit shall observe offers submitted in the Day-ahead Energy Market to determine whether all or part of a generating unit's capacity (MW) is designated as Maximum Emergency and (i) such offer in the Real-time Energy Market designates a smaller amount of capacity from that unit as Maximum Emergency for the same time period, and (ii) there is no physical reason to designate a larger amount of capacity as Maximum Emergency in the offer in the Day-ahead Energy Market than in the Real-time Energy Market, the Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Office of Interconnection.

2. If the Market Monitoring Unit observes that (i) an offer submitted in the Day-ahead Energy market designates all or part of capacity (MW) of a Generating unit as economic maximum that is less than the economic maximum designated in the offer in the Real-time Energy Market, and (ii) there is no physical reason to designate a lower economic maximum in the offer in the Day-ahead Energy Market than in the offer in the Real-time Energy Market, the Market Monitoring Unit shall notify the Office of Interconnection.

VIII. DATA COLLECTION AND VERIFICATION

The Market Monitoring Unit shall gather and keep confidential detailed data on the procurement and usage of fuel to produce electric power transmitted in the PJM Region in order to assist the performance of its duties under Attachment M. To achieve this objective, the Market Monitoring Unit shall maintain on its website a mechanism that allows Members to conveniently and confidentially submit such data and develop a manual in consultation with stakeholders that describes the nature of and procedure for collecting data. Members of PJM owning a Generating unit that is located in the PJM Region (including dynamically scheduled units), or is included in a PJM Black Start Service plan, committed as a Generation Capacity Resource for the current or future Delivery Year, or otherwise subject to a commitment to provide service to PJM, shall provide data to the Market Monitoring Unit.

ATTACHMENT Q

PJM CREDIT POLICY

POLICY STATEMENT:

It is the policy of PJM Interconnection, LLC (“PJM”) that prior to an entity participating in the PJM Markets, or in order to take Transmission Service, the entity must demonstrate its ability to meet PJMSettlement’s credit requirements.

Prior to becoming a Market Participant, Transmission Customer, and/or Member of PJM, PJMSettlement must accept and approve a Credit Application (including Credit Agreement) from such entity and establish a Working Credit Limit with PJMSettlement. PJMSettlement shall approve or deny an accepted Credit Application on the basis of a complete credit evaluation including, but not be limited to, a review of financial statements, rating agency reports, and other pertinent indicators of credit strength.

POLICY INTENT:

This credit policy describes requirements for: (1) the establishment and maintenance of credit by Market Participants, Transmission Customers, and entities seeking either such status (collectively “Participants”), pursuant to one or more of the Agreements, and (2) forms of security that will be deemed acceptable (hereinafter the “Financial Security”) in the event that the Participant does not satisfy the financial or other requirements to establish Unsecured Credit.

This policy also sets forth the credit limitations that will be imposed on Participants in order to minimize the possibility of failure of payment for services rendered pursuant to the Agreements, and conditions that will be considered an event of default pursuant to this policy and the Agreements.

These credit rules may establish certain set-asides of credit for designated purposes (such as for FTR or RPM activity). Such set-asides shall be construed to be applicable to calculation of credit requirements only, and shall not restrict PJMSettlement’s ability to apply such designated credit to any obligation(s) in case of a default.

PJMSettlement may post on PJM’s web site, and may reference on OASIS, a supplementary document which contains additional business practices (such as algorithms for credit scoring) that are not included in this document. Changes to the supplementary document will be subject to stakeholder review and comment prior to implementation. PJMSettlement may specify a required compliance date, not less than 15 days from notification, by which time all Participants must comply with provisions that have been revised in the supplementary document.

APPLICABILITY:

This policy applies to all Participants.

IMPLEMENTATION:

I. CREDIT EVALUATION

Each Participant will be subject to a complete credit evaluation in order for PJMSettlement to determine creditworthiness and to establish an **Unsecured Credit Allowance**, if applicable; provided, however, that a Participant need not provide the information specified in section I.A or I.B if it notifies PJMSettlement in writing that it does not seek any Unsecured Credit Allowance. PJMSettlement will identify any necessary Financial Security requirements and establish a Working Credit Limit for each Participant. In addition, PJMSettlement will perform follow-up credit evaluations on at least an annual basis.

If a **Corporate Guaranty** is being utilized to establish credit for a Participant, the guarantor will be evaluated and the Unsecured Credit Allowance or Financial Security requirement will be based on the financial strength of the Guarantor.

PJMSettlement will provide a Participant, upon request, with a written explanation for any change in credit levels or collateral requirements. PJMSettlement will provide such explanation within ten Business Days.

If a Participant believes that either its level of unsecured credit or its collateral requirement has been incorrectly determined, according to this credit policy, then the Participant may send a request for reconsideration in writing to PJMSettlement. Such a request should include:

- A citation to the applicable section(s) of the PJMSettlement credit policy along with an explanation of how the respective provisions of the credit policy were not carried out in the determination as made
- A calculation of what the Participant believes should be the correct credit level or collateral requirement, according to terms of the credit policy

PJMSettlement will reconsider the determination and will provide a written response as promptly as practical, but no longer than ten Business Days of receipt of the request. If the Participant still feels that the determination is incorrect, then the Participant may contest that determination. Such contest should be in written form, addressed to PJMSettlement, and should contain:

- ◆ A complete copy of the Participant's earlier request for reconsideration, including citations and calculations
- ◆ A copy of PJMSettlement's written response to its request for reconsideration
- ◆ An explanation of why it believes that the determination still does not comply with the credit policy

PJMSettlement will investigate and will respond to the Participant with a final determination on the matter as promptly as practical, but no longer than 20 Business Days.

Neither requesting reconsideration nor contesting the determination following such request shall relieve or delay Participant's responsibility to comply with all provisions of this credit policy.

A. Initial Credit Evaluation

In completing the initial credit evaluation, PJMSettlement will consider:

1) Rating Agency Reports

In evaluating credit strength, PJMSettlement will review rating agency reports from Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Service, Fitch Ratings, or other nationally known rating agencies. The focus of the review will be on senior unsecured debt ratings; however, PJMSettlement will consider other ratings if senior unsecured debt ratings are not available.

2) Financial Statements and Related Information

Each Participant must submit with its application audited financial statements for the most recent fiscal quarter, as well as the most recent three fiscal years, or the period of existence of the Participant, if shorter. All financial and related information considered for a Credit Score must be audited by an outside entity, and must be accompanied by an unqualified audit letter acceptable to PJMSettlement.

The information should include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a. If publicly traded:
 - i. Annual and quarterly reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q, respectively.
 - ii. Form 8-K reports disclosing Material changes, if any.
- b. If privately held:
 - i. Management's Discussion & Analysis
 - ii. Report of Independent Accountants
 - iii. Financial Statements, including:
 - Balance Sheet
 - Income Statement
 - Statement of Cash Flows
 - Statement of Stockholder's Equity
 - iv. Notes to Financial Statements

If the above information is available on the Internet, the Participant may provide a letter stating where such statements may be located and retrieved by PJMSettlement. For certain Participants, some of the above financial submittals may not be applicable, and alternate requirements may be specified by PJMSettlement.

In its credit evaluation of Cooperatives and Municipalities, PJMSettlement may request additional information as part of the overall financial review process and may also consider qualitative factors in determining financial strength and creditworthiness.

3) References

PJMSettlement may request Participants to provide with their applications at least one (1) bank and three (3) utility credit references. In the case where a Participant does not have the required utility references, trade payable vendor references may be substituted.

4) Litigation, Commitments and Contingencies

Each Participant is also required to provide with its application information as to any known Material litigation, commitments or contingencies as well as any prior bankruptcy declarations or Material defalcations by the Participant or its predecessors, subsidiaries or Affiliates, if any. These disclosures shall be made upon application, upon initiation or change, and at least annually thereafter, or as requested by PJMSettlement.

5) Other Disclosures

Each Participant is required to disclose any Affiliates that are currently Members of PJMSettlement or are applying for membership with PJMSettlement. Each Participant is also required to disclose the existence of any ongoing investigations by the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (“FERC”), Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”), or any other governing, regulatory, or standards body. These disclosures shall be made upon application, upon initiation or change, and at least annually thereafter, or as requested by PJMSettlement.

B. Ongoing Credit Evaluation

On at least an annual basis, PJMSettlement will perform follow-up credit evaluations on all Participants. In completing the credit evaluation, PJMSettlement will consider:

1) Rating Agency Reports

In evaluating credit strength, PJMSettlement will review rating agency reports from Standard & Poor’s, Moody’s Investors Service, Fitch Ratings, or other nationally known rating agencies. The focus of the review will be on senior unsecured debt ratings; however, PJMSettlement will consider other ratings if senior unsecured debt ratings are not available.

2) Financial Statements and Related Information

Each Participant must submit audited annual financial statements as soon as they become available and no later than 120 days after fiscal year end. Each Participant is also required to provide PJMSettlement with quarterly financial statements promptly upon their issuance, but no later than 60 days after the end of each quarter. All financial and related information considered

for a Credit Score must be audited by an outside entity, and must be accompanied by an unqualified audit letter acceptable to PJMSettlement. If financial statements are not provided within the timeframe required, the Participant may not be granted an Unsecured Credit Allowance.

The information should include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a. If publicly traded:
 - i. Annual and quarterly reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q, respectively.
 - ii. Form 8-K reports disclosing Material changes, if any, immediately upon issuance.
- b. If privately held:
 - i. Management's Discussion & Analysis
 - ii. Report of Independent Accountants
 - iii. Financial Statements, including:
 - Balance Sheet
 - Income Statement
 - Statement of Cash Flows
 - Statement of Stockholder's Equity
 - iv. Notes to Financial Statements

If the above information is available on the Internet, the Participant may provide a letter stating where such statements may be located and retrieved by PJMSettlement. For certain Participants, some of the above financial submittals may not be applicable, and alternate requirements may be specified by PJMSettlement.

In its credit evaluation of Cooperatives and Municipalities, PJMSettlement may request additional information as part of the overall financial review process and may also consider qualitative factors in determining financial strength and creditworthiness.

3) Material Changes

Each Participant is responsible for informing PJMSettlement immediately, in writing, of any Material change in its financial condition. However, PJMSettlement may also independently establish from available information that a Participant has experienced a Material change in its financial condition without regard to whether such Participant has informed PJMSettlement of the same.

For the purpose of this policy, a Material change in financial condition may include, but not be limited to, any of the following:

- a. a downgrade of any debt rating by any rating agency;
- b. being placed on a credit watch with negative implications by any rating agency;
- c. a bankruptcy filing;
- d. insolvency;

- e. a report of a quarterly or annual loss or a decline in earnings of ten percent or more compared to the prior period;
- f. restatement of prior financial statements;
- g. the resignation of key officer(s);
- h. the filing of a lawsuit that could adversely impact any current or future financial results by ten percent or more;
- i. financial default in another organized wholesale electric market futures exchange or clearing house;
- j. revocation of a license or other authority by any Federal or State regulatory agency; where such license or authority is necessary or important to the Participants continued business for example, FERC market-based rate authority, or State license to serve retail load; or
- k. a significant change in credit default spreads, market capitalization, or other market-based risk measurement criteria, such as a recent increase in Moody's KMV Expected Default Frequency (EDFtm) that is noticeably greater than the increase in its peers' EDFtm rates, or a collateral default swap (CDS) premium normally associated with an entity rated lower than investment grade.

If PJMSettlement determines that a Material change in the financial condition of the Participant has occurred, it may require the Participant to provide Financial Security within two Business Days, in an amount and form approved by PJMSettlement. If the Participant fails to provide the required Financial Security, the Participant shall be in default under this credit policy.

In the event that PJMSettlement determines that a Material change in the financial condition of a Participant warrants a requirement to provide Financial Security, PJMSettlement shall provide the Participant with a written explanation of why such determination was made. However, under no circumstances shall the requirement that a Participant provide the requisite Financial Security be deferred pending the issuance of such written explanation.

4) Litigation, Commitments, and Contingencies

Each Participant is also required to provide information as to any known Material litigation, commitments or contingencies as well as any prior bankruptcy declarations or Material defalcations by the Participant or its predecessors, subsidiaries or Affiliates, if any. These disclosures shall be made upon initiation or change or as requested by PJMSettlement.

5) Other Disclosures

Each Participant is required to disclose any Affiliates that are currently Members of PJM or are applying for membership within PJM. Each Participant is also required to disclose the existence of any ongoing investigations by the SEC, FERC, CFTC or any other governing, regulatory, or standards body. These disclosures shall be made upon initiation or change, or as requested by PJMSettlement.

C. Corporate Guaranty

If a Corporate Guaranty is being utilized to establish credit for a Participant, the Guarantor will be evaluated and the Unsecured Credit Allowance or Financial Security requirement will be based on the financial strength of the Guarantor.

An irrevocable and unconditional Corporate Guaranty may be utilized as part of the credit evaluation process, but will not be considered a form of Financial Security. The Corporate Guaranty will be considered a transfer of credit from the Guarantor to the Participant. The Corporate Guaranty must guarantee the (i) full and prompt payment of all amounts payable by the Participant under the Agreements, and (ii) performance by the Participant under this policy.

The Corporate Guaranty should clearly state the identities of the “Guarantor,” “Beneficiary” (PJMSettlement) and “Obligor” (Participant). The Corporate Guaranty must be signed by an officer of the Guarantor, and must demonstrate that it is duly authorized in a manner acceptable to PJMSettlement. Such demonstration may include either a Corporate Seal on the Guaranty itself, or an accompanying executed and sealed Secretary’s Certificate noting that the Guarantor was duly authorized to provide such Corporate Guaranty and that the person signing the Corporate Guaranty is duly authorized, or other manner acceptable to PJMSettlement.

A Participant supplying a Corporate Guaranty must provide the same information regarding the Guarantor as is required in the “Initial Credit Evaluation” §I.A. and the “Ongoing Evaluation” §I.B. of this policy, including providing the Rating Agency Reports, Financial Statements and Related Information, References, Litigation Commitments and Contingencies, and Other Disclosures. A Participant supplying a Foreign or Canadian Guaranty must also satisfy the requirements of §I.C.1 or §I.C.2, as appropriate.

If there is a Material change in the financial condition of the Guarantor or if the Corporate Guaranty comes within 30 days of expiring without renewal, the Participant will be required to provide Financial Security either in the form of a cash deposit or a letter of credit. Failure to provide the required Financial Security within two Business Days after request by PJMSettlement will constitute an event of default under this credit policy. A Participant may request PJMSettlement to perform a credit evaluation in order to determine creditworthiness and to establish an Unsecured Credit Allowance, if applicable. If PJMSettlement determines that a Participant does qualify for a sufficient Unsecured Credit Allowance, then Financial Security will not be required.

The PJMSettlement Credit Application contains an acceptable form of Corporate Guaranty that should be utilized by a Participant choosing to establish its credit with a Corporate Guaranty. If the Corporate Guaranty varies in any way from the PJMSettlement format, it must first be reviewed and approved by PJMSettlement. All costs associated with obtaining and maintaining a Corporate Guaranty and meeting the policy provisions are the responsibility of the Participant.

1) Foreign Guaranties

A Foreign Guaranty is a Corporate Guaranty that is provided by an Affiliate entity that is domiciled in a country other than the United States or Canada. The entity providing a Foreign Guaranty on behalf of a Participant is a Foreign Guarantor. A Participant may provide a Foreign

Guaranty in satisfaction of part of its credit obligations or voluntary credit provision at PJMSettlement provided that all of the following conditions are met:

PJMSettlement reserves the right to deny, reject, or terminate acceptance of any Foreign Guaranty at any time, including for material adverse circumstances or occurrences.

- a. A Foreign Guaranty:
 - i. Must contain provisions equivalent to those contained in PJMSettlement's standard form of Foreign Guaranty with any modifications subject to review and approval by PJMSettlement counsel.
 - ii. Must be denominated in US currency.
 - iii. Must be written and executed solely in English, including any duplicate originals.
 - iv. Will not be accepted towards a Participant's Unsecured Credit Allowance for more than the following limits, depending on the Foreign Guarantor's credit rating:

Rating of Foreign Guarantor	Maximum Accepted Guaranty if Country Rating is AAA	Maximum Accepted Guaranty if Country Rating is AA+
A- and above	USD50,000,000	USD30,000,000
BBB+	USD30,000,000	USD20,000,000
BBB	USD10,000,000	USD10,000,000
BBB- or below	USD 0	USD 0

- v. May not exceed 50% of the Participant's total credit, if the Foreign Grantor is rated less than BBB+.
- b. A Foreign Guarantor:
 - i. Must satisfy all provisions of the PJM credit policy applicable to domestic Guarantors.
 - ii. Must be an Affiliate of the Participant.
 - iii. Must maintain an agent for acceptance of service of process in the United States; such agent shall be situated in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, absent legal constraint.
 - iv. Must be rated by at least one Rating Agency acceptable to PJMSettlement; the credit strength of a Foreign Guarantor may not be determined based on an evaluation of its financials without an actual credit rating as well.
 - v. Must have a Senior Unsecured (or equivalent, in PJMSettlement's sole discretion) rating of BBB (one notch above BBB-) or greater by any and all agencies that provide rating coverage of the entity.
 - vi. Must provide financials in GAAP format or other format acceptable to PJMSettlement with clear representation of net worth, intangible assets, and any other information PJMSettlement may require in order to determine the entity's Unsecured Credit Allowance
 - vii. Must provide a Secretary's Certificate certifying the adoption of Corporate Resolutions:

1. Authorizing and approving the Guaranty; and
 2. Authorizing the Officers to execute and deliver the Guaranty on behalf of the Guarantor.
- viii. Must be domiciled in a country with a minimum long-term sovereign (or equivalent) rating of AA+/Aa1, with the following conditions:
1. Sovereign ratings must be available from at least two rating agencies acceptable to PJMSettlement (e.g. S&P, Moody's, Fitch, DBRS).
 2. Each agency's sovereign rating for the domicile will be considered to be the lowest of: country ceiling, senior unsecured government debt, long-term foreign currency sovereign rating, long-term local currency sovereign rating, or other equivalent measures, at PJMSettlement's sole discretion.
 3. Whether ratings are available from two or three agencies, the lowest of the two or three will be used.
- ix. Must be domiciled in a country that recognizes and enforces judgments of US courts.
- x. Must demonstrate financial commitment to activity in the United States as evidenced by one of the following:
1. American Depositary Receipts (ADR) are traded on the New York Stock Exchange, American Stock Exchange, or NASDAQ.
 2. Equity ownership worth over USD100,000,000 in the wholly-owned or majority owned subsidiaries in the United States.
- xi. Must satisfy all other applicable provisions of the PJM Tariff and/or Operating Agreement, including this credit policy.
- xii. Must pay for all expenses incurred by PJMSettlement related to reviewing and accepting a foreign guaranty beyond nominal in-house credit and legal review.
- xiii. Must, at its own cost, provide PJMSettlement with independent legal opinion from an attorney/solicitor of PJMSettlement's choosing and licensed to practice law in the United States and/or Guarantor's domicile, in form and substance acceptable to PJMSettlement in its sole discretion, confirming the enforceability of the Foreign Guaranty, the Guarantor's legal authorization to grant the Guaranty, the conformance of the Guaranty, Guarantor, and Guarantor's domicile to all of these requirements, and such other matters as PJMSettlement may require in its sole discretion.

2) Canadian Guaranties

A Canadian Guaranty is a Corporate Guaranty that is provided by an Affiliate entity that is domiciled in Canada and satisfies all of the provisions below. The entity providing a Canadian Guaranty on behalf of a Participant is a Canadian Guarantor. A Participant may provide a Canadian Guaranty in satisfaction of part of its credit obligations or voluntary credit provision at PJMSettlement provided that all of the following conditions are met.

PJMSettlement reserves the right to deny, reject, or terminate acceptance of any Canadian Guaranty at any time for reasonable cause, including adverse material circumstances.

- a. A Canadian Guaranty:
 - i. Must contain provisions equivalent to those contained in PJMSettlement's standard form of Foreign Guaranty with any modifications subject to review and approval by PJMSettlement counsel.
 - ii. Must be denominated in US currency.
 - iii. Must be written and executed solely in English, including any duplicate originals.
- b. A Canadian Guarantor:
 - i. Must satisfy all provisions of the PJM credit policy applicable to domestic Guarantors.
 - ii. Must be an Affiliate of the Participant.
 - iii. Must maintain an agent for acceptance of service of process in the United States; such agent shall be situated in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, absent legal constraint.
 - iv. Must be rated by at least one Rating Agency acceptable to PJMSettlement; the credit strength of a Canadian Guarantor may not be determined based on an evaluation of its financials without an actual credit rating as well.
 - v. Must provide financials in GAAP format or other format acceptable to PJMSettlement with clear representation of net worth, intangible assets, and any other information PJMSettlement may require in order to determine the entity's Unsecured Credit Allowance.
 - vi. Must satisfy all other applicable provisions of the PJM Tariff and/or Operating Agreement, including this Credit Policy.

Ia. MINIMUM PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS

A. PJM Market Participation Eligibility Requirements

To be eligible to transact in PJM Markets, a Market Participant must demonstrate in accordance with the Risk Management and Verification processes set forth below that it qualifies in one of the following ways:

1. an "appropriate person," as that term is defined under Section 4(c)(3), or successor provision, of the Commodity Exchange Act, or;
2. an "eligible contract participant," as that term is defined in Section 1a(18), or successor provision, of the Commodity Exchange Act, or;
3. a business entity or person who is in the business of: (1) generating, transmitting, or distributing electric energy, or (2) providing electric energy services that are necessary to support the reliable operation of the transmission system, or;
4. a Market Participant seeking eligibility as an "appropriate person" providing an unlimited Corporate Guaranty in a form acceptable to PJMSettlement as described in Section I.C of Attachment Q from an issuer that has at least \$1 million of total net

worth or \$5 million of total assets per Participant for which the issuer has issued an unlimited Corporate Guaranty, or;

5. a Market Participant providing a letter of credit of at least \$5 million to PJMSettlement in a form acceptable to PJMSettlement as described in Section VI.B of Attachment Q that the Market Participant acknowledges is separate from, and cannot be applied to meet, its credit requirements to PJMSettlement.

If, at any time, a Market Participant cannot meet the eligibility requirements set forth above, it shall immediately notify PJMSettlement and immediately cease conducting transactions in the PJM Markets. PJMSettlement shall terminate a Market Participant's transaction rights in the PJM Markets if, at any time, it becomes aware that the Market Participant does not meet the minimum eligibility requirements set forth above.

In the event that a Market Participant is no longer able to demonstrate it meets the minimum eligibility requirements set forth above, and possesses, obtains or has rights to possess or obtain, any open or forward positions in PJM's Markets, PJMSettlement may take any such action it deems necessary with respect to such open or forward positions, including, but not limited to, liquidation, transfer, assignment or sale; provided, however, that the Market Participant will, notwithstanding its ineligibility to participate in the PJM Markets, be entitled to any positive market value of those positions, net of any obligations due and owing to PJM and/or PJMSettlement.

B. Risk Management and Verification

All Participants shall provide to PJMSettlement an executed copy of the annual certification set forth in Appendix 1 to this Attachment Q. This certification shall be provided before an entity is eligible to participate in the PJM Markets and shall be initially submitted to PJMSettlement together with the entity's Credit Application. Thereafter, it shall be submitted each calendar year by all Participants during a period beginning on January 1 and ending April 30, except that new Participants who became eligible to participate in PJM markets during the period of January through April shall not be required to resubmit such certification until the following calendar year. Except for certain FTR Participants (discussed below) or in cases of manifest error, PJMSettlement will accept such certifications as a matter of course and Participants will not need further notice from PJMSettlement before commencing or maintaining their eligibility to participate in PJM markets. A Participant that fails to provide its annual certification by April 30 shall be ineligible to transact in the PJM markets and PJM will disable the Participant's access to the PJM markets until such time as PJMSettlement receives the Participant's certification.

Participants acknowledge and understand that the annual certification constitutes a representation upon which PJMSettlement will rely. Such representation is additionally made under the PJM Tariff, filed with and accepted by FERC, and any inaccurate or incomplete statement may subject the Participant to action by FERC. Failure to comply with any of the criteria or requirements listed herein or in the certification may result in suspension of a Participant's transaction rights in the PJM markets.

Certain FTR Participants (those providing representations found in paragraph 3.b of the annual certification set forth in Appendix 1 to this Attachment Q) are additionally required to submit to PJMSettlement (at the time they make their annual certification) a copy of their current governing risk control policies, procedures and controls applicable to their FTR trading activities. PJMSettlement will review such documentation to verify that it appears generally to conform to prudent risk management practices for entities trading in FTR-type markets. If principles or best practices relating to risk management in FTR-type markets are published, as may be modified from time to time, by a third-party industry association, such as the Committee of Chief Risk Officers, PJMSettlement may, following stakeholder discussion and with no less than six months prior notice to stakeholders, apply such principles or best practices in determining the fundamental sufficiency of the FTR Participant's risk controls. Those FTR Participants subject to this provision shall make a one-time payment of \$1,000.00 to PJMSettlement to cover costs associated with review and verification. Thereafter, if such FTR Participant's risk policies, procedures and controls applicable to its FTR trading activities change substantively, it shall submit such modified documentation, without charge, to PJMSettlement for review and verification at the time it makes its annual certification. Such FTR Participant's continued eligibility to participate in the PJM FTR markets is conditioned on PJMSettlement notifying such FTR Participant that its annual certification, including the submission of its risk policies, procedures and controls, has been accepted by PJMSettlement. PJMSettlement may retain outside expertise to perform the review and verification function described in this paragraph, however, in all circumstances, PJMSettlement and any third-party it may retain will treat as confidential the documentation provided by an FTR Participant under this paragraph, consistent with the applicable provisions of PJM's Operating Agreement.

An FTR Participant that makes the representation in paragraph 3.a of the annual certification understand that PJMSettlement, given the visibility it has over a Participant's overall market activity in performing billing and settlement functions, may at any time request the FTR Participant provide additional information demonstrating that it is in fact eligible to make the representation in paragraph 3.a of the annual certification. If such additional information is not provided or does not, in PJMSettlement's judgment, demonstrate eligibility to make the representation in paragraph 3.a of the annual certification, PJMSettlement will require the FTR Participant to instead make the representations required in paragraph 3.b of the annual certification, including representing that it has submitted a copy of its current governing risk control policies, procedures and controls applicable to its FTR trading activities. If the FTR Participant cannot or does not make those representations as required in paragraph 3.b of the annual certification, then PJM will terminate the FTR Participant's rights to purchase FTRs in the FTR market and may terminate the FTR Participant's rights to sell FTRs in the PJM FTR market.

Through a periodic compliance verification process, PJMSettlement shall review and verify, as applicable, a Participant's risk management policies, practices, and procedures pertaining to the Participant's activities in the PJM markets. Such review shall include verification that:

1. The risk management framework is documented in a risk policy addressing market, credit and liquidity risks.

2. The Participant maintains an organizational structure with clearly defined roles and responsibilities that clearly segregates trading and risk management functions.
3. There is clarity of authority specifying the types of transactions into which traders are allowed to enter.
4. The Participant has requirements that traders have adequate training relative to their authority in the systems and PJM markets in which they transact.
5. As appropriate, risk limits are in place to control risk exposures.
6. Reporting is in place to ensure that risks and exceptions are adequately communicated throughout the organization.
7. Processes are in place for qualified independent review of trading activities.
8. As appropriate, there is periodic valuation or mark-to-market of risk positions.

If principles or best practices relating to risk management in PJM-type markets are published, as may be modified from time to time, by a third-party industry association, PJMSettlement may, following stakeholder discussion and with no less than six months prior notice to stakeholders, apply such principles or best practices in determining the sufficiency of the Participant's risk controls. PJMSettlement may select Participants for review on a random basis and/or based on identified risk factors such as, but not limited to, the PJM markets in which the Participant is transacting, the magnitude of the Participant's transactions in the PJM markets, or the volume of the Participant's open positions in the PJM markets. Those Participants notified by PJMSettlement that they have been selected for review shall, upon 14 calendar days notice, provide a copy of their current governing risk control policies, procedures and controls applicable to their PJM market activities and shall also provide such further information or documentation pertaining to the Participants' activities in the PJM markets as PJMSettlement may reasonably request. Participants selected for risk management verification through a random process and satisfactorily verified by PJMSettlement shall be excluded from such verification process based on a random selection for the subsequent two years. PJMSettlement shall annually randomly select for review no more than 20% of the Participants in each member sector.

Each selected Participant's continued eligibility to participate in the PJM markets is conditioned upon PJMSettlement notifying the Participant of successful completion of PJMSettlement's verification, provided, however, that if PJMSettlement notifies the Participant in writing that it could not successfully complete the verification process, PJMSettlement shall allow such Participant 14 calendar days to provide sufficient evidence for verification prior to declaring the Participant as ineligible to continue to participate in PJM's markets, which declaration shall be in writing with an explanation of why PJMSettlement could not complete the verification. If, prior to the expiration of such 14 calendar days, the Participant demonstrates to PJMSettlement that it has filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an appeal of PJMSettlement's risk management verification determination, then the Participant shall retain its transaction rights,

pending the Commission's determination on the Participant's appeal. PJMSettlement may retain outside expertise to perform the review and verification function described in this paragraph. PJMSettlement and any third party it may retain will treat as confidential the documentation provided by a Participant under this paragraph, consistent with the applicable provisions of the Operating Agreement. If PJMSettlement retains such outside expertise, a Participant may direct in writing that PJMSettlement perform the risk management review and verification for such Participant instead of utilizing a third party, provided however, that employees and contract employees of PJMSettlement and PJM shall not be considered to be such outside expertise or third parties.

Participants are solely responsible for the positions they take and the obligations they assume in PJM markets. PJMSettlement hereby disclaims any and all responsibility to any Participant or PJM Member associated with Participant's submitting or failure to submit its annual certification or PJMSettlement's review and verification of an FTR Participant's risk policies, procedures and controls. Such review and verification is limited to demonstrating basic compliance by an FTR Participant with the representation it makes under paragraph 3.b of its annual certification showing the existence of written policies, procedures and controls to limit its risk in PJM's FTR markets and does not constitute an endorsement of the efficacy of such policies, procedures or controls.

B. Capitalization

In addition to the Annual Certification requirements in Appendix 1 to this Attachment Q, a Participant must demonstrate that it meets the minimum financial requirements appropriate for the PJM market(s) in which it transacts by satisfying either the Minimum Capitalization or the Provision of Collateral requirements listed below:

1. Minimum Capitalization

FTR Participants must demonstrate a tangible net worth in excess of \$1 million or tangible assets in excess of \$10 million. Other Participants must demonstrate a tangible net worth in excess of \$500,000 or tangible assets in excess of \$5 million.

- a. In either case, consideration of "tangible" assets and net worth shall exclude assets (net of any matching liabilities, assuming the result is a positive value) which PJMSettlement reasonably believes to be restricted, highly risky, or potentially unavailable to settle a claim in the event of default. Examples include, but are not limited to, restricted assets and Affiliate assets, derivative assets, goodwill, and other intangible assets.
- b. Demonstration of "tangible" assets and net worth may be satisfied through presentation of an acceptable Corporate Guaranty, provided that both:

- (i) the guarantor is an affiliate company that satisfies the tangible net worth or tangible assets requirements herein, and;
- (ii) the Corporate Guaranty is either unlimited or at least \$500,000.

If the Corporate Guaranty presented by the Participant to satisfy these Capitalization requirements is limited in value, then the Participant's resulting Unsecured Credit Allowance shall be the lesser of:

- (1) the applicable Unsecured Credit Allowance available to the Participant by the Corporate Guaranty pursuant to the creditworthiness provisions of this Credit Policy, or:
- (2) the face value of the Corporate Guaranty, reduced by \$500,000 and further reduced by 10%. (For example, a \$10.5 million Corporate Guaranty would be reduced first by \$500,000 to \$10 million and then further reduced 10% more to \$9 million. The resulting \$9 million would be the Participant's Unsecured Credit Allowance available through the Corporate Guaranty).

In the event that a Participant provides collateral in addition to a limited Corporate Guaranty to increase its available credit, the value of such collateral shall be reduced by 10%. This reduced value shall be deemed Financial Security and available to satisfy the requirements of this Credit Policy.

Demonstrations of capitalization must be presented in the form of audited financial statements for the Participant's most recent fiscal year.

2. Provision of Collateral

If a Participant does not demonstrate compliance with its applicable Minimum Capitalization Requirements above, it may still qualify to participate in PJM's markets by posting additional collateral, subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

Any collateral provided by a Participant unable to satisfy the Minimum Capitalization Requirements above will be restricted in the following manner:

- i. Collateral provided by FTR Participants shall be reduced by \$500,000 and then further reduced by 10%. This reduced amount shall be considered the Financial Security provided by the Participant and available to satisfy requirements of this Credit Policy.
- ii. Collateral provided by other Participants that engage in *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* shall be reduced by \$200,000 and then further

reduced by 10%. This reduced value shall be considered Financial Security available to satisfy requirements of this Credit Policy.

- iii. Collateral provided by other Participants that do not engage in *Virtual Transactions* shall be reduced by 10%, and this reduced value shall be considered Financial Security available to satisfy requirements of this Credit Policy.

In the event a Participant that satisfies the Minimum Participation Requirements through provision of collateral also provides a Corporate Guaranty to increase its available credit, then the Participant's resulting Unsecured Credit Allowance conveyed through such Guaranty shall be the lesser of:

- (1) the applicable Unsecured Credit Allowance available to the Participant by the Corporate Guaranty pursuant to the creditworthiness provisions of this credit policy, or,
- (2) the face value of the Guaranty, reduced by 10%.

II. CREDIT ALLOWANCE AND WORKING CREDIT LIMIT

PJMSettlement's credit evaluation process will include calculating a Credit Score for each Participant. The credit score will be utilized to determine a Participant's Unsecured Credit Allowance.

Participants who do not qualify for an Unsecured Credit Allowance will be required to provide Financial Security based on their Peak Market Activity, as provided below.

A corresponding Working Credit Limit will be established based on the Unsecured Credit Allowance and/or the Financial Security provided.

Where Participant of PJM are considered Affiliates, Unsecured Credit Allowances and Working Credit Limits will be established for each individual Participant, subject to an aggregate maximum amount for all Affiliates as provided for in §II.F of this policy.

In its credit evaluation of Cooperatives and Municipalities, PJMSettlement may request additional information as part of the overall financial review process and may also consider qualitative factors in determining financial strength and creditworthiness.

A. Credit Score

For participants with credit ratings, a Credit Score will be assigned based on their senior unsecured credit rating and credit watch status as shown in the table below. If an explicit senior unsecured rating is not available, PJMSettlement may impute an equivalent rating from other ratings that are available. For Participants without a credit rating, but who wish to be considered for unsecured Credit, a Credit Score will be generated from PJMSettlement's review and analysis of various factors that are predictors of financial strength and creditworthiness. Key factors in the scoring process include, financial ratios, and years in business. PJMSettlement will

consistently apply the measures it uses in determining Credit Scores. The credit scoring methodology details are included in a supplementary document available on OASIS.

Rated Entities Credit Scores

Rating	Score	Score Modifier	
		Credit Watch Negative	Credit Watch Positive
AAA	100	-1.0	0.0
AA+	99	-1.0	0.0
AA	99	-1.0	0.0
AA-	98	-1.0	0.0
A+	97	-1.0	0.0
A	96	-2.0	0.0
A-	93	-3.0	1.0
BBB+	88	-4.0	2.0
BBB	78	-4.0	2.0
BBB-	65	-4.0	2.0
BB+ and below	0	0.0	0.0

B. Unsecured Credit Allowance

PJMSettlement will determine a Participant's Unsecured Credit Allowance based on its Credit Score and the parameters in the table below. The maximum Unsecured Credit Allowance is the lower of:

- 1) A percentage of the Participant's Tangible Net Worth, as stated in the table below, with the percentage based on the Participant's credit score; and
- 2) A dollar cap based on the credit score, as stated in the table below:

Credit Score	Tangible Net Worth Factor	Maximum Unsecured Credit Allowance (\$ Million)
91-100	2.125 – 2.50%	\$50
81-90	1.708 – 2.083%	\$42
71-80	1.292 – 1.667%	\$33
61-70	0.875 – 1.25%	\$7
51-60	0.458 – 0.833%	\$0-\$2
50 and Under	0%	\$0

If a Corporate Guaranty is utilized to establish an Unsecured Credit Allowance for a Participant, the value of a Corporate Guaranty will be the lesser of:

- The limit imposed in the Corporate Guaranty;
- The Unsecured Credit Allowance calculated for the Guarantor; and
- A portion of the Unsecured Credit Allowance calculated for the Guarantor in the case of Affiliated Participants.

PJMSettlement has the right at any time to modify any Unsecured Credit Allowance and/or require additional Financial Security as may be deemed reasonably necessary to support current market activity. Failure to pay the required amount of additional Financial Security within two Business Days shall be an event of default.

PJMSettlement will maintain a posting of each Participant's unsecured Credit Allowance, along with certain other credit related parameters, on the PJM web site in a secure, password-protected location. Such information will be updated at least weekly. Each Participant will be responsible for monitoring such information and recognizing changes that may occur.

C. Seller Credit

Participants that have maintained a Net Sell Position for each of the prior 12 months are eligible for Seller Credit, which is an additional form of Unsecured Credit. A Participant's Seller Credit will be equal to sixty percent of the Participant's thirteenth smallest weekly Net Sell Position invoiced in the past 52 weeks.

Each Participant receiving Seller Credit must maintain both its Seller Credit and its Total Net Sell Position equal to or greater than the Participant's aggregate credit requirements, less any Financial Security or other sources of credit provided.

For Participants receiving Seller Credit, PJMSettlement may forecast the Participant's Total Net Sell Position considering the Participant's current Total Net Sell Position, recent trends in the Participant's Total Net Sell Position, and other information available to PJMSettlement, such as, but not limited to, known generator outages, changes in load responsibility, and bilateral transactions impacting the Participant. If PJMSettlement's forecast ever indicates that the Participant's Total Net Sell Position may in the future be less than the Participant's aggregate credit requirements, less any Financial Security or other sources of credit provided, then PJMSettlement may require Financial Security as needed to cover the difference. Failure to pay the required amount of additional Financial Security within two Business Days shall be an event of default.

Any Financial Security required by PJMSettlement pursuant to these provisions for Seller Credit will be returned once the requirement for such Financial Security has ended. Seller Credit may not be conveyed to another entity through use of a guaranty. Seller Credit shall be subject to the cap on available Unsecured Credit set forth in Section II.F.

D. Peak Market Activity and Financial Security Requirement

A PJM Participant or Applicant that has an insufficient Unsecured Credit Allowance to satisfy its Peak Market Activity will be required to provide Financial Security such that its Unsecured Credit Allowance and Financial Security together are equal to its Peak Market Activity in order to secure its transactional activity in the PJM Market.

Peak Market Activity for Participants will be determined semi-annually beginning in the first complete billing week in the months of April and October. Peak Market Activity shall be the greater of the initial Peak Market Activity, as explained below, or the greatest amount invoiced for the Participant's transaction activity for all PJM markets and services, excluding FTR Net Activity, in any rolling one, two, or three week period, ending within a respective semi-annual period. However, Peak Market Activity shall not exceed the greatest amount invoiced for the Participant's transaction activity for all PJM markets and services, excluding FTR Net Activity, in any rolling one, two or three week period in the prior 52 weeks.

The initial Peak Market Activity for Applicants will be determined by PJMSettlement based on a review of an estimate of their transactional activity for all PJM markets and services, excluding FTR Net Activity, over the next 52 weeks, which the Applicant shall provide to PJMSettlement.

The initial Peak Market Activity for Participants, calculated at the beginning of each respective semi-annual period, shall be the three-week average of all non-zero invoice totals, excluding FTR Net Activity, over the previous 52 weeks. This calculation shall be performed and applied within three business days following the day the invoice is issued for the first full billing week in the current semi-annual period.

Prepayments shall not affect Peak Market Activity unless otherwise agreed to in writing pursuant to this Credit Policy.

All Peak Market Activity calculations shall take into account reductions of invoice values effectuated by early payments which are applied to reduce a Participant's Peak Market Activity as contemplated by other terms of the Credit Policy; provided that the initial Peak Market Activity shall not be less than the average value calculated using the weeks for which no early payment was made.

A Participant may reduce its Financial Security Requirement by agreeing in writing (in a form acceptable to PJMSettlement) to make additional payments, including prepayments, as and when necessary to ensure that such Participant's Total Net Obligation at no time exceeds such reduced Financial Security Requirement.

PJMSettlement may, at its discretion, adjust a Participant's Financial Security Requirement if PJMSettlement determines that the Peak Market Activity is not representative of such Participant's expected activity, as a consequence of known, measurable, and sustained changes. Such changes may include the loss (without replacement) of short-term load contracts, when such contracts had terms of three months or more and were acquired through state-sponsored retail load programs, but shall not include short-term buying and selling or *Virtual Transactions*.

PJMSettlement may waive the Financial Security Requirement for a Participant that agrees in writing that it shall not, after the date of such agreement, incur obligations under any of the Agreements. Such entity's access to all electronic transaction systems administered by PJM shall be terminated.

PJMSettlement will maintain a posting of each Participant's Financial Security Requirement on the PJM web site in a secure, password-protected location. Such information will be updated at least weekly. Each Participant will be responsible for monitoring such information and recognizing changes that may occur.

E. Working Credit Limit

PJMSettlement will establish a Working Credit Limit for each Participant against which its **Total Net Obligation** will be monitored. The Working Credit Limit is defined as 75% of the Financial Security provided to PJMSettlement and/or 75% of the Unsecured Credit Allowance determined by PJMSettlement based on a credit evaluation. A Participant's Total Net Obligation should not exceed its Working Credit Limit.

Example: After a credit evaluation by PJMSettlement, a Participant is deemed able to support an Unsecured Credit Allowance of \$10.0 million. The Participant will be assigned a Working Credit Limit of \$8.5 million. PJMSettlement will monitor the Participant's Total Net Obligations against the Working Credit Limit.

A Participant with an Unsecured Credit Allowance may choose to provide Financial Security in order to increase its Working Credit Limit. A Participant with no Unsecured Credit Allowance may also choose to increase its Working Credit Limit by providing Financial Security in an amount greater than its Peak Market Activity.

If a Participant's Total Net Obligation approaches its Working Credit Limit, PJMSettlement may require the Participant to make an advance payment or increase its Financial Security in order to maintain its Total Net Obligation below its Working Credit Limit. Except as explicitly provided below, advance payments shall not serve to reduce the Participant's Peak Market Activity for the purpose of calculating credit requirements.

Example: After 10 days, and with 5 days remaining before the bill is due to be paid, a Participant approaches its \$4.0 million Working Credit Limit. PJMSettlement may require a prepayment of \$2.0 million in order that the Total Net Obligation will not exceed the Working Credit Limit.

If a Participant exceeds its Working Credit Limit or is required to make advance payments more than ten times during a 52-week period, PJMSettlement may require Financial Security in an amount as may be deemed reasonably necessary to support its Total Net Obligation.

A Participant receiving unsecured credit may make early payments up to ten times in a rolling 52-week period in order to reduce its Peak Market Activity for credit requirement purposes. Imputed Peak Market Activity reductions for credit purposes will be applied to the billing period for which the payment was received. Payments used as the basis for such reductions must be received prior to issuance or posting of the invoice for the relevant billing period. The imputed

Peak Market Activity reduction attributed to any payment may not exceed the amount of Unsecured Credit for which the Participant is eligible.

F. Credit Limit Setting For Affiliates

If two or more Participants are Affiliates and each is being granted an Unsecured Credit Allowance and a corresponding Working Credit Limit, PJMSettlement will consider the overall creditworthiness of the Affiliated Participants when determining the Unsecured Credit Allowances and Working Credit Limits in order not to grant more Unsecured Credit than the overall corporation could support.

Example: Participants A and B each have a \$10.0 million Corporate Guaranty from their common parent, a holding company with an Unsecured Credit Allowance calculation of \$12.0 million. PJMSettlement may limit the Unsecured Credit Allowance for each Participant to \$6.0 million, so the total Unsecured Credit Allowance does not exceed the corporate total of \$12.0 million.

PJMSettlement will work with Affiliated Participants to allocate the total Unsecured Credit Allowance among the Affiliates while assuring that no individual Participant, nor common guarantor, exceeds the Unsecured Credit Allowance appropriate for its credit strength. The aggregate Unsecured Credit for a Participant, including Unsecured Credit Allowance granted based on its own creditworthiness and any Unsecured Credit Allowance conveyed through a Guaranty shall not exceed \$50 million. The aggregate Unsecured Credit for a group of Affiliates shall not exceed \$50 million. A group of Affiliates subject to this cap shall request PJMSettlement to allocate the maximum Unsecured Credit and Working Credit Limit amongst the group, assuring that no individual Participant or common guarantor, shall exceed the Unsecured Credit level appropriate for its credit strength and activity.

G. Working Credit Limit Violations

1) Notification

A Participant is subject to notification when its Total Net Obligation to PJMSettlement approaches the Participant's established Working Credit Limit.

2) Suspension

A Participant that exceeds its Working Credit Limit is subject to suspension from participation in the PJM markets and from scheduling any future Transmission Service unless and until Participant's credit standing is brought within acceptable limits. A Participant will have two Business Days from notification to remedy the situation in a manner deemed acceptable by PJMSettlement. Additionally, PJMSettlement, in coordination with PJM, will take such actions as may be required or permitted under the Agreements, including but not limited to the termination of the Participant's ongoing Transmission Service and participation in PJM Markets. Failure to comply with this policy will be considered an event of default under this credit policy.

H. PJM Administrative Charges

Financial Security held by PJMSettlement shall also secure obligations to PJM for PJM administrative charges.

I. Pre-existing Financial Security

PJMSettlement's credit requirements are applicable as of the effective date of the filing on May 5, 2010 by PJM and PJMSettlement of amendments to Attachment Q. Financial Security held by PJM prior to the effective date of such amendments shall be held by PJM for the benefit of PJMSettlement.

III. INCREMENT OFFER AND DECREMENT BID SCREENING

A. Credit and Financial Security

PJMSettlement does not require a Participant to establish separate or additional credit for *submitting Increment Offers and Decrement Bids*. A Participant's ability to submit *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* into the spot market will be governed, however, by the terms of this section, so a Participant may choose to establish such additional credit in order to expand its ability to undertake *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* in the PJM spot market.

If a Participant chooses to provide additional Financial Security in order to increase its **Credit Available for Increment Offers and Decrement Bids PJMSettlement** may establish a reasonable timeframe, not to exceed three months, for which such Financial Security must be maintained. PJMSettlement will not impose such restriction on a deposit unless a Participant is notified prior to making the deposit. Such restriction, if applied, shall be applied to all future deposits by all *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* participants.

A Participant wishing to increase its Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* by providing additional Financial Security may make the appropriate arrangements with PJMSettlement. PJMSettlement will make a good faith effort to make new Financial Security available as Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* as soon as practicable after confirmation of receipt. In any event, however, Financial Security received and confirmed by noon on a business day will be applied (as provided under this policy) to Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* no later than 10:00 am on the following business day. Receipt and acceptance of wired funds for cash deposit shall mean actual receipt by PJMSettlement's bank, deposit into PJMSettlement's customer deposit account, and confirmation by PJMSettlement that such wire has been received and deposited. Receipt and acceptance of letters of credit shall mean receipt of the original letter of credit or amendment thereto, and confirmation from PJMSettlement's credit and legal staffs that such letter of credit or amendment thereto conforms to PJMSettlement's requirements, which confirmation shall be made in a reasonable and practicable timeframe. To facilitate this process, bidders wiring funds for the purpose of increasing their Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* are advised to specifically notify PJMSettlement that a wire is being sent for such purpose.

B. Increment Offer and Decrement Bid Screening Process

All *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* submitted to PJM shall be subject to a credit screen prior to acceptance in the Day-ahead Energy Market auction. The credit screen process will automatically reject *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* submitted by the PJM market participant if the participant's Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* is exceeded by the **Virtual Credit Exposure** that is calculated based on the participant's submitted bids and offers as described below.

A Participant's Virtual Credit Exposure will be calculated on a daily basis for all *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* submitted by the market participant for the next operating day using the following equation:

Virtual Credit Exposure = the lesser of:

(i) ((total MWh bid or offered, whichever is greater, hourly at each node) x Nodal Reference Price x 2 days) summed over all nodes and all hours; or

(ii) (a) ((the total MWh bid or offered, whichever is greater, hourly at each node) x the Nodal Reference Price x 1 day) summed over all nodes and all hours; plus (b) ((the difference between the total bid MWh cleared and total offered MWh cleared hourly at each node) x Nodal Reference Price) summed over all nodes and all hours for the previous three cleared day-ahead markets.

A Participant's Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* will be the Participant's Working Credit Limit less any unpaid billed and unbilled amounts owed to PJMSettlement, plus any unpaid billed and unbilled amounts owed by PJMSettlement to the Participant, less any credit required for FTR or other credit requirement determinants as defined in this policy.

If a Market Participant's *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* are rejected as a result of the credit screen process, the Market Participant will be notified via an eMKT error message. A Market Participant whose *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* are rejected may alter its *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* so that its Virtual Credit Exposure does not exceed its Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids*, and may resubmit them. Bids may be submitted in one or more groups during a day. If one or more groups of bids is submitted and accepted, and a subsequent group of submitted bids causes the total submitted bids to exceed the Virtual Credit Exposure, then only that subsequent set of bids will be rejected. Previously accepted bids will not be affected, though the Market Participant may choose to withdraw them voluntarily.

IV. RELIABILITY PRICING MODEL AUCTION AND PRICE RESPONSIVE DEMAND CREDIT REQUIREMENTS

Settlement during any Delivery Year of cleared positions resulting or expected to result from any Reliability Pricing Model Auction shall be included as appropriate in Peak Market Activity, and

the provisions of this Attachment Q shall apply to any such activity and obligations arising therefrom. In addition, the provisions of this section shall apply to any entity seeking to participate in any RPM Auction, to address credit risks unique to such auctions. The provisions of this section also shall apply under certain circumstances to PRD Providers that seek to commit Price Responsive Demand pursuant to the provisions of the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

A. Applicability

A Market Seller seeking to submit a Sell Offer in any Reliability Pricing Model Auction based on any Capacity Resource for which there is a materially increased risk of non-performance must satisfy the credit requirement specified in section IV.B before submitting such Sell Offer. A PRD Provider seeking to commit Price Responsive Demand for which there is a materially increased risk of non-performance must satisfy the credit requirement specified in section IV.B before it may commit the Price Responsive Demand. Credit must be maintained until such risk of non-performance is substantially eliminated, but may be reduced commensurate with the reduction in such risk, as set forth in Section IV.C.

For purposes of this provision, a resource for which there is a materially increased risk of non-performance shall mean: (i) a Planned Generation Capacity Resource; (ii) a Planned Demand Resource or an Energy Efficiency Resource; (iii) a Qualifying Transmission Upgrade; (iv) an existing or Planned Generation Capacity Resource located outside the PJM Region that at the time it is submitted in a Sell Offer has not secured firm transmission service to the border of the PJM Region sufficient to satisfy the deliverability requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement; or (v) Price Responsive Demand to the extent the responsible PRD Provider has not registered PRD-eligible load at a PRD Substation level to satisfy its Nominal PRD Value commitment, in accordance with Schedule 6.1 of the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

B. Reliability Pricing Model Auction and Price Responsive Demand Credit Requirement

Except as provided for Credit-Limited Offers below, for any resource specified in Section IV.A, other than Price Responsive Demand, the credit requirement shall be the RPM Auction Credit Rate, as provided in Section IV.D, times the megawatts to be offered for sale from such resource in a Reliability Pricing Model Auction. The RPM Auction Credit Requirement for each Market Seller shall be the sum of the credit requirements for all such resources to be offered by such Market Seller in the auction or, as applicable, cleared by such Market Seller from the relevant auctions. For Price Responsive Demand specified in section IV.A, the credit requirement shall be based on the Nominal PRD Value (stated in Unforced Capacity terms) times the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate as set forth in section IV.E.

Except for Credit-Limited Offers, the RPM Auction Credit Requirement for a Market Seller will be reduced for any Delivery Year to the extent less than all of such Market Seller's offers clear in the Base Residual Auction or any Incremental Auction for such Delivery Year. Such reduction shall be proportional to the quantity, in megawatts, that failed to clear in such Delivery Year.

A Sell Offer based on a Planned Generation Capacity Resource, Planned Demand Resource, or Energy Efficiency Resource may be submitted as a Credit-Limited Offer. A Market Seller electing this option shall specify a maximum amount of Unforced Capacity, in megawatts, and a maximum credit requirement, in dollars, applicable to the Sell Offer. A Credit-Limited Offer shall clear the RPM Auction in which it is submitted (to the extent it otherwise would clear based on the other offer parameters and the system's need for the offered capacity) only to the extent of the lesser of: (i) the quantity of Unforced Capacity that is the quotient of the division of the specified maximum credit requirement by the Auction Credit Rate resulting from section IV.D.b.; and (ii) the maximum amount of Unforced Capacity specified in the Sell Offer. For a Market Seller electing this alternative, the RPM Auction Credit Requirement applicable prior to the posting of results of the auction shall be the maximum credit requirement specified in its Credit-Limited Offer, and the RPM Auction Credit Requirement subsequent to posting of the results will be the Auction Credit Rate, as provided in Section IV.D.b, c. or d., as applicable, times the amount of Unforced Capacity from such Sell Offer that cleared in the auction. The availability and operational details of Credit-Limited Offers shall be as described in the PJM Manuals.

As set forth in Section IV.D, a Market Seller's Auction Credit Requirement shall be determined separately for each Delivery Year.

C. Reduction in Credit Requirement

As specified in Section IV.D, the RPM Auction Credit Rate may be reduced under certain circumstances after the auction has closed.

The Price Responsive Demand credit requirement shall be reduced as and to the extent the PRD Provider registers PRD-eligible load at a PRD Substation level to satisfy its Nominal PRD Value commitment, in accordance with Schedule 6.1 of the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

In addition, the RPM Auction Credit Requirement for a Participant for any given Delivery Year shall be reduced periodically, provided the Participant successfully meets progress milestones that reduce the risk of non-performance, as follows:

- a. For Planned Demand Resources and Energy Efficiency Resources, the RPM Auction Credit Requirement will be reduced in direct proportion to the megawatts of such Demand Resource that the Resource Provider qualifies as a Capacity Resource, in accordance with the procedures established under the Reliability Assurance Agreement.
- b. For Existing Generation Capacity Resources located outside the PJM Region that have not secured sufficient firm transmission to the border of the PJM Region prior to the auction in which such resource is first offered, the RPM Credit Requirement shall be reduced in direct proportion to the megawatts of firm transmission service secured by the Market Seller that qualify such resource under the deliverability requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

c. For Planned Generation Capacity Resources, the RPM Credit Requirement shall be reduced to 50% of the amount calculated under Section IV.B beginning as of the effective date of an Interconnection Service Agreement, and shall be reduced to zero on the date of commencement of Interconnection Service.

d. For Planned Generation Capacity Resources located outside the PJM Region, the RPM Credit Requirement shall be reduced once the conditions in both b and c above are met, i.e., the RPM Credit Requirement shall be reduced to 50% of the amount calculated under Section IV.B when 1) beginning as of the effective date of the equivalent Interconnection Service Agreement, and 2) when 50% or more megawatts of firm transmission service have been secured by the Market Seller that qualify such resource under the deliverability requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement. The RPM Credit Requirement for a Planned Generation Capacity Resource located outside the PJM Region shall be reduced to zero when 1) the resource commences Interconnection Service and 2) 100% of the megawatts of firm transmission service have been secured by the Market Seller that qualify such resource under the deliverability requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement.

e. For Qualifying Transmission Upgrades, the RPM Credit Requirement shall be reduced to 50% of the amount calculated under Section IV.B beginning as of the effective date of the latest associated Interconnection Service Agreement (or, when a project will have no such agreement, an Upgrade Construction Service Agreement), and shall be reduced to zero on the date the Qualifying Transmission Upgrade is placed in service. In addition, a Qualifying Transmission Upgrade will be allowed a reduction in its RPM Credit Requirement equal to the amount of collateral currently posted with PJM for the facility construction when the Qualifying Transmission Upgrade meets the following requirements: the Upgrade Construction Service Agreement has been fully executed, the full estimated cost to complete as most recently determined or updated by PJM has been fully paid or collateralized, and all regulatory and other required approvals (except those that must await construction completion) have been obtained. Such reduction in RPM Credit Requirement may not be transferred across different projects.

D. RPM Auction Credit Rate

As set forth in the PJM Manuals, a separate Auction Credit Rate shall be calculated for each Delivery year prior to each Reliability Pricing Model Auction for such Delivery Year, as follows:

For Delivery Years through the Delivery Year that ends on May 31, 2012, the Auction Credit Rate for any resource for a Delivery Year shall be (the greater of \$20/MW-day or 0.24 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the resource is located) times the number of days in such Delivery Year.

For Delivery Years beginning with the Delivery Year that commences on June 1, 2012:

a. Prior to the posting of the results of a Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, the Auction Credit Rate shall be (the greater of (i) 0.3 times the Net Cost of New Entry for the PJM

Region for such Delivery Year, in MW-day or (ii) \$20 per MW-day) times the number of days in such Delivery Year.

b. Subsequent to the posting of the results from a Base Residual Auction, the Auction Credit Rate used for ongoing credit requirements for supply committed in such auction shall be (the greater of (i) \$20/MW-day or (ii) 0.2 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price in such auction for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the resource is located) times the number of days in such Delivery Year; provided, however, that the Auction Credit Rate for Capacity Resources to the extent committed in the Base Residual Auction for the 2012-2013 Delivery Year shall be as determined under the provisions of this Attachment Q in effect at the time of such Base Residual Auction.

c. For any resource not previously committed for a Delivery Year that seeks to participate in an Incremental Auction, the Auction Credit Rate shall be (the greater of (i) 0.3 times the Net Cost of New Entry for the PJM Region for such Delivery Year, in MW-day or (ii) 0.24 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price in the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the resource is located or (iii) \$20 per MW-day) times the number of days in such Delivery Year.

d. Subsequent to the posting of the results of an Incremental Auction, the Auction Credit Rate used for ongoing credit requirements for supply committed in such auction shall be (the greater of (i) \$20/MW-day or (ii) 0.2 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price in such auction for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the resource is located) times the number of days in such Delivery Year, but no greater than the Auction Credit Rate previously established for such resource's participation in such Incremental Auction pursuant to subsection (c) above) times the number of days in such Delivery Year.

E. Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate

a. Prior to the posting of the results of a Base Residual Auction for a Delivery Year, the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate shall be (the greater of (i) 0.3 times the Net Cost of New Entry for the PJM Region for such Delivery Year, in MW-day or (ii) \$20 per MW-day) times the number of days in such Delivery Year;

b. Subsequent to the posting of the results from a Base Residual Auction, the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate used for ongoing credit requirements for Price Responsive Demand registered prior to such auction shall be (the greater of (i) \$20/MW-day or (ii) 0.2 times the Capacity Resource Clearing Price in such auction for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the PRD load is located) times the number of days in such Delivery Year times a final price uncertainty factor of 1.05;

c. For any additional Price Responsive Demand that seeks to commit in a Third Incremental Auction in response to a qualifying change in the final LDA load forecast, the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate shall be the same as the rate for Price Responsive Demand that had cleared in the Base Residual Auction;

d. Subsequent to the posting of the results of the Third Incremental Auction, the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate used for ongoing credit requirements for all Price Responsive Demand, shall be (the greater of (i) \$20/MW-day or (ii) 0.2 times the Final Zonal Capacity Price for the Locational Deliverability Area within which the Price Responsive Demand is located) times the number of days in such Delivery Year, but no greater than the Price Responsive Demand Credit Rate previously established under subsections (a), (b), or (c) of this section for such Delivery Year.

F. RPM Seller Credit - Additional Form of Unsecured Credit for RPM

In addition to the forms of credit specified elsewhere in this Attachment Q, RPM Seller Credit shall be available to Market Sellers, but solely for purposes of satisfying RPM Auction Credit Requirements. If a supplier has a history of being a net seller into PJM markets, on average, over the past 12 months, then PJMSettlement will count as available Unsecured Credit twice the average of that participant's total net monthly PJMSettlement bills over the past 12 months. This RPM Seller Credit shall be subject to the cap on available Unsecured Credit as established in Section II.F.

G. Credit Responsibility for Traded Planned RPM Capacity Resources

PJMSettlement may require that credit and financial responsibility for planned RPM Capacity Resources that are traded remain with the original party (which for these purposes, means the party bearing credit responsibility for the planned RPM Capacity Resource immediately prior to trade) unless the receiving party independently establishes consistent with the PJM credit policy, that it has sufficient credit with PJMSettlement and agrees by providing written notice to PJMSettlement that it will fully assume the credit responsibility associated with the traded planned RPM Capacity Resource.

V. FINANCIAL TRANSMISSION RIGHT AUCTIONS

A. FTR Credit Limit.

PJMSettlement will establish an FTR Credit Limit for each Participant. Participants must maintain their FTR Credit Limit at a level equal to or greater than their FTR Credit Requirement. FTR Credit Limits will be established only by a Participant providing Financial Security.

B. FTR Credit Requirement.

For each Participant with FTR activity, PJMSettlement shall calculate an FTR Credit Requirement based on FTR cost less a discounted historical value. FTR Credit Requirements shall be further adjusted by ARR credits available and by an amount based on portfolio diversification, if applicable. The requirement will be based on individual monthly exposures which are then used to derive a total requirement.

The FTR Credit Requirement shall be calculated by first adding for each month the FTR Monthly Credit Requirement Contribution for each submitted, accepted, and cleared FTR and

then subtracting the prorated value of any ARRs held by the Participant for that month. The resulting twelve monthly subtotals represent the expected value of net payments between PJMSettlement and the Participant for FTR activity each month during the Planning Period. Subject to later adjustment by an amount based on portfolio diversification, if applicable, the FTR Credit Requirement shall be the sum of the individual positive monthly subtotals, representing months in which net payments to PJMSettlement are expected.

C. Rejection of FTR Bids.

Bids submitted into an auction will be rejected if the Participant's FTR Credit Requirement including such submitted bids would exceed the Participant's FTR Credit Limit, or if the Participant fails to establish additional credit as required pursuant to provisions related to portfolio diversification.

D. FTR Credit Collateral Returns.

A Market Participant may request from PJMSettlement the return of any collateral no longer required for the FTR auctions. PJMSettlement is permitted to limit the frequency of such requested collateral returns, provided that collateral returns shall be made by PJMSettlement at least once per calendar quarter, if requested by a Market Participant.

E. Credit Responsibility for Traded FTRs.

PJMSettlement may require that credit responsibility associated with an FTR traded within PJM's eFTR system remain with the original party (which for these purposes, means the party bearing credit responsibility for the FTR immediately prior to trade) unless and until the receiving party independently establishes, consistent with the PJM credit policy, sufficient credit with PJMSettlement and agrees through confirmation of the FTR trade within the eFTR system that it will meet in full the credit requirements associated with the traded FTR.

F. Portfolio Diversification.

Subsequent to calculating a tentative cleared solution for an FTR auction (or auction round), PJM shall both:

1. Determine the FTR Portfolio Auction Value, including the tentative cleared solution. Any Participants with such FTR Portfolio Auction Values that are negative shall be deemed FTR Flow Undiversified.
2. Measure the geographic concentration of the FTR Flow Undiversified portfolios by testing such portfolios using a simulation model including, one at a time, each planned transmission outage or other network change which would substantially affect the network for the specific auction period. A list of such planned outages or changes anticipated to be modeled shall be posted prior to commencement of the auction (or auction round). Any FTR Flow Undiversified portfolio that experiences a net reduction in calculated congestion credits as a

result of any one or more of such modeled outages or changes shall be deemed FTR Geographically Undiversified.

For portfolios that are FTR Flow Undiversified but not FTR Geographically Undiversified, PJMSettlement shall increment the FTR Credit Requirement by an amount equal to twice the absolute value of the FTR Portfolio Auction Value, including the tentative cleared solution. For Participants with portfolios that are both FTR Flow Undiversified and FTR Geographically Undiversified, PJMSettlement shall increment the FTR Credit Requirement by an amount equal to three times the absolute value of the FTR Portfolio Auction Value, including the tentative cleared solution. For portfolios that are FTR Flow Undiversified in months subsequent to the current planning year, these incremental amounts, calculated on a monthly basis, shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount up to 25% of the monthly value of ARR credits that are held by a Participant. Subsequent to the ARR allocation process preceding an annual FTR auction, such ARR credits shall be reduced to zero for months associated with that ARR allocation process. PJMSettlement may recalculate such ARR credits at any time, but at a minimum shall do so subsequent to each annual FTR auction. If a reduction in such ARR credits at any time increases the amount of credit required for the Participant beyond its credit available for FTR activity, the Participant must increase its credit to eliminate the shortfall.

If the FTR Credit Requirement for any Participant exceeds its credit available for FTRs as a result of these diversification requirements for the tentatively cleared portfolio of FTRs, PJMSettlement shall immediately issue a demand for additional credit, and such demand must be fulfilled before 4:00 p.m. on the business day following the demand. If any Participant does not timely satisfy such demand, PJMSettlement, in coordination with PJM, shall cause the removal that Participant's entire set of bids for that FTR auction (or auction round) and a new cleared solution shall be calculated for the entire auction (or auction round).

If necessary, PJM shall repeat the auction clearing calculation. PJM shall repeat these portfolio diversification calculations subsequent to any such secondary clearing calculation, and PJMSettlement shall require affected Participants to establish additional credit.

G. FTR Administrative Charge Credit Requirement

In addition to any other credit requirements, PJMSettlement may apply a credit requirement to cover the maximum administrative fees that may be charged to a Participant for its bids and offers.

H. Long-Term FTR Credit Recalculation

Long-term FTR Credit Requirement calculations shall be updated annually for known history, consistent with updating of historical values used for FTR Credit Requirement calculations in the annual auctions.

VI. FORMS OF FINANCIAL SECURITY

Participants that provide Financial Security must provide the security in a PJMSettlement approved form and amount according to the guidelines below.

Financial Security which is no longer required to be maintained under provisions of the Agreements shall be returned at the request of a participant no later than two Business Days following determination by PJMSettlement within a commercially reasonable period of time that such collateral is not required.

Except when an event of default has occurred, a Participant may substitute an approved PJMSettlement form of Financial Security for another PJMSettlement approved form of Financial Security of equal value. The Participant must provide three (3) Business Days notice to PJMSettlement of its intent to substitute the Financial Security. PJMSettlement will release the replaced Financial Security with interest, if applicable, within (3) Business Days of receiving an approved form of substitute Financial Security.

A. Cash Deposit

Cash provided by a Participant as Financial Security will be held in a depository account by PJMSettlement with interest earned at PJMSettlement's overnight bank rate, and accrued to the Participant. PJMSettlement also may establish an array of investment options among which a Participant may choose to invest its cash deposited as Financial Security. Such investment options shall be comprised of high quality debt instruments, as determined by PJMSettlement, and may include obligations issued by the federal government and/or federal government sponsored enterprises. These investment options will reside in accounts held in PJMSettlement's name in a banking or financial institution acceptable to PJMSettlement. Where practicable, PJMSettlement may establish a means for the Participant to communicate directly with the bank or financial institution to permit the Participant to direct certain activity in the PJMSettlement account in which its Financial Security is held. PJMSettlement will establish and publish procedural rules, identifying the investment options and respective discounts in collateral value that will be taken to reflect any liquidation, market and/or credit risk presented by such investments. PJMSettlement has the right to liquidate all or a portion of the account balances at its discretion to satisfy a Participant's Total Net Obligation to PJMSettlement in the event of default under this credit policy or one or more of the Agreements.

B. Letter Of Credit

An unconditional, irrevocable standby letter of credit can be utilized to meet the Financial Security requirement. As stated below, the form, substance, and provider of the letter of credit must all be acceptable to PJMSettlement.

- The letter of credit will only be accepted from U.S.-based financial institutions or U.S. branches of foreign financial institutions ("financial institutions") that have a minimum corporate debt rating of "A" by Standard & Poor's or Fitch Ratings, or "A2" from Moody's Investors Service, or an equivalent short term rating from one of these agencies. PJMSettlement will consider the lowest applicable rating to be the rating of the financial institution. If the rating of a financial institution providing a letter of credit is lowered

below A/A2 by any rating agency, then PJMSettlement may require the Participant to provide a letter of credit from another financial institution that is rated A/A2 or better, or to provide a cash deposit. If a letter of credit is provided from a U.S. branch of a foreign institution, the U.S. branch must itself comply with the terms of this credit policy, including having its own acceptable credit rating.

- The letter of credit shall state that it shall renew automatically for successive one-year periods, until terminated upon at least ninety (90) days prior written notice from the issuing financial institution. If PJM or PJMSettlement receives notice from the issuing financial institution that the current letter of credit is being cancelled, the Participant will be required to provide evidence, acceptable to PJMSettlement, that such letter of credit will be replaced with appropriate Financial Security, effective as of the cancellation date of the letter of credit, no later than thirty (30) days before the cancellation date of the letter of credit, and no later than ninety (90) days after the notice of cancellation. Failure to do so will constitute a default under this credit policy and one of more of the Agreements.
- The letter of credit must clearly state the full names of the "Issuer", "Account Party" and "Beneficiary" (PJMSettlement), the dollar amount available for drawings, and shall specify that funds will be disbursed upon presentation of the drawing certificate in accordance with the instructions stated in the letter of credit. The letter of credit should specify any statement that is required to be on the drawing certificate, and any other terms and conditions that apply to such drawings.
- The PJMSettlement Credit Application contains an acceptable form of a letter of credit that should be utilized by a Participant choosing to meet its Financial Security requirement with a letter of credit. If the letter of credit varies in any way from the PJMSettlement format, it must first be reviewed and approved by PJMSettlement. All costs associated with obtaining and maintaining a letter of credit and meeting the policy provisions are the responsibility of the Participant
- PJMSettlement may accept a letter of credit from a Financial Institution that does not meet the credit standards of this policy provided that the letter of credit has third-party support, in a form acceptable to PJMSettlement, from a financial institution that does meet the credit standards of this policy.

VII. POLICY BREACH AND EVENTS OF DEFAULT

A Participant will have two Business Days from notification of Breach (including late payment notice) or notification of a Collateral Call to remedy the Breach or satisfy the Collateral Call in a manner deemed acceptable by PJMSettlement. Failure to remedy the Breach or satisfy such Collateral Call within such two Business Days will be considered an event of default. If a Participant fails to meet the requirements of this policy but then remedies the Breach or satisfies a Collateral Call within the two Business Day cure period, then the Participant shall be deemed to have complied with the policy. Any such two Business Day cure period will expire at 4:00 p.m. eastern prevailing time on the final day.

Only one cure period shall apply to a single event giving rise to a breach or default. Application of Financial Security towards a non-payment Breach shall not be considered a satisfactory cure of the Breach if the Participant fails to meet all requirements of this policy after such application.

Failure to comply with this policy (except for the responsibility of a Participant to notify PJMSettlement of a Material change) shall be considered an event of default. Pursuant to § 15.1.3(a) of the Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. and § I.7.3 of the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, non-compliance with the PJMSettlement credit policy is an event of default under those respective Agreements. In event of default under this credit policy or one or more of the Agreements, PJMSettlement, in coordination with PJM, will take such actions as may be required or permitted under the Agreements, including but not limited to the termination of the Participant's ongoing Transmission Service and participation in PJM Markets. PJMSettlement has the right to liquidate all or a portion of a Participant's Financial Security at its discretion to satisfy Total Net Obligations to PJMSettlement in the event of default under this credit policy or one or more of the Agreements.

PJMSettlement may hold a defaulting Participant's Financial Security for as long as such party's positions exist and consistent with the PJM credit policy in this Attachment Q, in order to protect PJM's membership from default.

No payments shall be due to a Participant, nor shall any payments be made to a Participant, while the Participant is in default or has been declared in Breach of this policy or the Agreements, or while a Collateral Call is outstanding. PJMSettlement may apply towards an ongoing default any amounts that are held or later become available or due to the defaulting Participant through PJM's markets and systems.

In order to cover Obligations, PJMSettlement may hold a Participant's Financial Security through the end of the billing period which includes the 90th day following the last day a Participant had activity, open positions, or accruing obligations (other than reconciliations and true-ups), and until such Participant has satisfactorily paid any obligations invoiced through such period. Obligations incurred or accrued through such period shall survive any withdrawal from PJM. In event of non-payment, PJMSettlement may apply such Financial Security to such Participant's Obligations, even if Participant had previously announced and effected its withdrawal from PJM.

VIII. DEFINITIONS:

Affiliate

Affiliate is defined in the PJM Operating Agreement, §1.2.

Agreements

Agreements are the Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, the Reliability Assurance Agreement, the Reliability Assurance Agreement – West, and/or other agreements between PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. and its Members.

Applicant

Applicant is an entity desiring to become a PJM Member, or to take Transmission Service that has submitted the PJMSettlement Credit Application, PJMSettlement Credit Agreement and other required submittals as set forth in this policy.

Breach

Breach is the status of a Participant that does not currently meet the requirements of this policy or other provisions of the Agreements.

Business Day

A Business Day is a day in which the Federal Reserve System is open for business and is not a scheduled PJM holiday.

Canadian Guaranty

Canadian Guaranty is a Corporate Guaranty provided by an Affiliate of a Participant that is domiciled in Canada, and meets all of the provisions of this credit policy.

Capacity

Capacity is the installed capacity requirement of the Reliability Assurance Agreement or similar such requirements as may be established.

Collateral Call

Collateral Call is a notice to a Participant that additional Financial Security, or possibly early payment, is required in order to remain in, or to regain, compliance with this policy.

Corporate Guaranty

Corporate Guaranty is a legal document used by one entity to guaranty the obligations of another entity.

Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids*

Credit Available for *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* is a Participant's Working Credit Limit, less its Total Net Obligation.

Credit-Limited Offer

Credit-Limited Offer shall mean a Sell Offer that is submitted by a Market Seller in an RPM Auction subject to a maximum credit requirement specified by such Market Seller.

Credit Score

Credit Score is a composite numerical score scaled from 0-100 as calculated by PJMSettlement that incorporates various predictors of creditworthiness.

Financial Security

Financial Security is a cash deposit or letter of credit in an amount and form determined by and acceptable to PJMSettlement, provided by a Participant to PJMSettlement as security in order to participate in the PJM Markets or take Transmission Service.

Foreign Guaranty

Foreign Guaranty is a Corporate Guaranty provided by an Affiliate of a Participant that is domiciled in a foreign country, and meets all of the provisions of this credit policy.

FTR Credit Limit

FTR Credit Limit will be equal to the amount of credit established with PJMSettlement that a Participant has specifically designated to PJMSettlement to be set aside and used for FTR activity. Any such credit so set aside shall not be considered available to satisfy any other credit requirement the Participant may have with PJMSettlement.

FTR Credit Requirement

FTR Credit Requirement is the amount of credit that a Participant must provide in order to support the FTR positions that it holds and/or is bidding for. The FTR Credit Requirement shall not include months for which the invoicing has already been completed, provided that PJMSettlement shall have up to two Business Days following the date of the invoice completion to make such adjustments in its credit systems.

FTR Flow Undiversified

FTR Flow Undiversified shall have the meaning established in section V.G of this Attachment Q.

FTR Geographically Undiversified

FTR Geographically Undiversified shall have the meaning established in section V.G of this Attachment Q.

FTR Historical Value

FTR Historical Value – For each FTR for each month, this is the historical weighted average value over three years for the FTR path using the following weightings: 50% - most recent year; 30% - second year; 20% - third year. FTR Historical Values shall be calculated separately for on-peak, off-peak, and 24-hour FTRs for each month of the year. FTR Historical Values shall be adjusted by plus or minus ten percent (10%) for cleared counterflow or normal flow FTRs, respectively, in order to mitigate exposure due to uncertainty and fluctuations in actual FTR value.

FTR Monthly Credit Requirement Contribution

FTR Monthly Credit Requirement Contribution - For each FTR for each month, this is the total FTR cost for the month, prorated on a daily basis, less the FTR Historical Value for the month. For cleared FTRs, this contribution may be negative; prior to clearing, FTRs with negative contribution shall be deemed to have zero contribution.

FTR Net Activity

FTR Net Activity shall mean the aggregate net value of the billing line items for auction revenue rights credits, FTR auction charges, FTR auction credits, and FTR congestion credits, and shall also include day-ahead and balancing/real-time congestion charges up to a maximum net value of the sum of the foregoing auction revenue rights credits, FTR auction charges, FTR auction credits and FTR congestion credits.

FTR Participant

FTR Participant shall mean any Market Participant that is required to provide Financial Security in order to participate in PJM's FTR auctions.

FTR Portfolio Auction Value

FTR Portfolio Auction Value shall mean for each Participant (or Participant account), the sum, calculated on a monthly basis, across all FTRs, of the FTR price times the FTR volume in MW.

Increment Offer and Decrement Bid Screening

Increment Offer and Decrement Bid Screening is the process of reviewing the Virtual Credit Exposure of submitted Day-Ahead market bids, as defined in this policy, against the Credit Available for Increment Offers and Decrement Bids. If the credit required is greater than credit available, then the bids will not be accepted.

Market Participant

Market Participant shall have the meaning provided in the Operating Agreement.

Material

For these purposes, material is defined in §I.B.3, Material Changes. For the purposes herein, the use of the term "material" is not necessarily synonymous with use of the term by governmental agencies and regulatory bodies.

Member

Member shall have the meaning provided in the Operating Agreement.

Minimum Participation Requirements

A set of minimum training, risk management, communication and capital or collateral requirements required for Participants in the PJM markets, as set forth herein and in the Form of Annual Certification set forth as Appendix 1 to this Attachment Q. Participants transacting in FTRs in certain circumstances will be required to demonstrate additional risk management procedures and controls as further set forth in the Annual Certification found in Appendix 1 to this Attachment Q.

Net Obligation

Net Obligation is the amount owed to PJMSettlement and PJM for purchases from the PJM Markets, Transmission Service, (under both Part II and Part III of the O.A.T.T.), and other services pursuant to the Agreements, after applying a deduction for amounts owed to a Participant by PJMSettlement as it pertains to monthly market activity and services. Should other markets be formed such that Participants may incur future Obligations in those markets, then the aggregate amount of those Obligations will also be added to the Net Obligation.

Net Sell Position

Net Sell Position is the amount of Net Obligation when Net Obligation is negative.

Nodal Reference Price

The Nodal Reference Price at each location is the 97th percentile price differential between hourly day-ahead and real-time prices experienced over the corresponding two-month reference

period in the prior calendar year. In order to capture seasonality effects and maintain a two-month reference period, reference months will be grouped by two, starting with January (e.g., Jan-Feb, Mar-Apr, ... , Jul-Aug, ... Nov-Dec). For any given current-year month, the reference period months will be the set of two months in the prior calendar year that include the month corresponding to the current month. For example, July and August 2003 would each use July-August 2002 as their reference period.

Obligation

Obligation is all amounts owed to PJMSettlement for purchases from the PJM Markets, Transmission Service, (under both Part II and Part III of the O.A.T.T.), and other services or obligations pursuant to the Agreements. In addition, aggregate amounts that will be owed to PJMSettlement in the future for Capacity purchases within the PJM Capacity markets will be added to this figure. Should other markets be formed such that Participants may incur future Obligations in those markets, then the aggregate amount of those Obligations will also be added to the Net Obligation.

Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., (“Operating Agreement”)

The Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., dated as of June 2, 1997, on file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and as revised from time to time.

Participant

A Participant is a Market Participant and/or Transmission Customer and/or Applicant.

Peak Market Activity

Peak Market Activity is a measure of exposure for which credit is required, involving peak exposures in rolling three-week periods over a year timeframe, with two semi-annual reset points, pursuant to provisions of section II.D of this Credit Policy.

PJM Markets

The PJM Markets are the PJM Interchange Energy Market and the PJM Capacity markets as established by the Operating Agreement. Also any other markets that exist or may be established in the future wherein Participants may incur Obligations to PJMSettlement.

PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff (“O.A.T.T.”)

The Open Access Transmission Tariff of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., on file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and as revised from time to time.

Reliability Assurance Agreement (“R.A.A.”)

See the definition of the Reliability Assurance Agreement (“R.A.A.”) in the Operating Agreement.

RPM Seller Credit

RPM Seller Credit is an additional form of Unsecured Credit defined in section IV of this document.

Seller Credit

A Seller Credit is a form of Unsecured Credit extended to Participants that have a consistent long-term history of selling into PJM Markets, as defined in this document.

Tangible Net Worth

Tangible Net Worth is all assets (not including any intangible assets such as goodwill) less all liabilities. Any such calculation may be reduced by PJMSettlement upon review of the available financial information.

Total Net Obligation

Total Net Obligation is all unpaid billed Net Obligations plus any unbilled Net Obligation incurred to date, as determined by PJMSettlement on a daily basis, plus any other Obligations owed to PJMSettlement at the time.

Total Net Sell Position

Total Net Sell Position is all unpaid billed Net Sell Positions plus any unbilled Net Sell Positions accrued to date, as determined by PJMSettlement on a daily basis.

Transmission Customer

Transmission Customer is a Transmission Customer is an entity taking service under Part II or Part III of the O.A.T.T.

Transmission Service

Transmission Service is any or all of the transmission services provided by PJM pursuant to Part II or Part III of the O.A.T.T.

Uncleared Bid Exposure

Uncleared Bid Exposure is a measure of exposure from *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* activity relative to a Participant's established credit as defined in this policy. It is used only as a pre-screen to determine whether a Participant's *Increment Offers and Decrement Bids* should be subject to *Increment Offer and Decrement Bid Screening*.

Unsecured Credit

Unsecured Credit is any credit granted by PJMSettlement to a Participant that is not secured by a form of Financial Security.

Unsecured Credit Allowance

Unsecured Credit Allowance is Unsecured Credit extended by PJMSettlement in an amount determined by PJMSettlement's evaluation of the creditworthiness of a Participant. This is also defined as the amount of credit that a Participant qualifies for based on the strength of its own financial condition without having to provide Financial Security. See also: "Working Credit Limit."

Virtual Credit Exposure

Virtual Credit Exposure is the amount of potential credit exposure created by a market participant's bid submitted into the Day-ahead market, as defined in this policy.

Working Credit Limit

Working Credit Limit amount is 75% of the Participant's Unsecured Credit Allowance and/or 75% of the Financial Security provided by the Participant to PJMSettlement. The Working Credit Limit establishes the maximum amount of Total Net Obligation that a Participant may have outstanding at any time.

Appendix 1 to Attachment Q

**PJM MINIMUM PARTICIPATION CRITERIA
OFFICER CERTIFICATION FORM**

Participant Name: _____ ("**Participant**")

I, _____, a duly authorized officer of Participant, understanding that PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. and PJM Settlement, Inc. ("PJMSettlement") are relying on this certification as evidence that Participant meets the minimum requirements set forth in Attachment Q to the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff ("PJM Tariff"), hereby certify that I have full authority to represent on behalf of Participant and further represent as follows, as evidenced by my initialing each representation in the space provided below:

1. All employees or agents transacting in markets or services provided pursuant to the PJM Tariff or PJM Amended and Restated Operating Agreement ("PJM Operating Agreement") on behalf of the Participant have received appropriate¹ training and are authorized to transact on behalf of Participant. _____
2. Participant has written risk management policies, procedures, and controls, approved by Participant's independent risk management function² and applicable to transactions in the PJM markets in which it participates and for which employees or agents transacting in markets or services provided pursuant to the PJM Tariff or PJM Operating Agreement have been trained, that provide an appropriate, comprehensive risk management framework that, at a minimum, clearly identifies and documents the range of risks to which Participant is exposed, including, but not limited to credit risks, liquidity risks and market risks. _____
3. An FTR Participant (as defined in Attachment Q to the PJM Tariff) must make either the following 3.a. or 3.b. additional representations, evidenced by the undersigned officer initialing either the one 3.a. representation or the five 3.b. representations in the spaces provided below:
 - 3.a. Participant transacts in PJM's FTR markets with the sole intent to hedge congestion risk in connection with either obligations Participant has to serve load or rights Participant has to generate electricity in the PJM Region ("physical transactions") and monitors all of the Participant's FTR market activity to endeavor to ensure that its FTR positions, considering both the size and pathways of the positions, are either generally

¹ As used in this representation, the term "appropriate" as used with respect to training means training that is (i) comparable to generally accepted practices in the energy trading industry, and (ii) commensurate and proportional in sophistication, scope and frequency to the volume of transactions and the nature and extent of the risk taken by the participant.

² As used in this representation, a Participant's "independent risk management function" can include appropriate corporate persons or bodies that are independent of the Participant's trading functions, such as a risk management committee, a risk officer, a Participant's board or board committee, or a board or committee of the Participant's parent company.

proportionate to or generally do not exceed the Participant's physical transactions, and remain generally consistent with the Participant's intention to hedge its physical transactions._____

- 3.b. On no less than a weekly basis, Participant values its FTR positions and engages in a probabilistic assessment of the hypothetical risk of such positions using analytically based methodologies, predicated on the use of industry accepted valuation methodologies._____

Such valuation and risk assessment functions are performed either by persons within Participant's organization independent from those trading in PJM's FTR markets or by an outside firm qualified and with expertise in this area of risk management._____

Having valued its FTR positions and quantified their hypothetical risks, Participant applies its written policies, procedures and controls to limit its risks using industry recognized practices, such as value-at-risk limitations, concentration limits, or other controls designed to prevent Participant from purposefully or unintentionally taking on risk that is not commensurate or proportional to Participant's financial capability to manage such risk._____

Exceptions to Participant's written risk policies, procedures and controls applicable to Participant's FTR positions are documented and explain a reasoned basis for the granting of any exception._____

Participant has provided to PJMSettlement, in accordance with Section I A. of Attachment Q to the PJM Tariff, a copy of its current governing risk management policies, procedures and controls applicable to its FTR trading activities._____

4. Participant has appropriate personnel resources, operating procedures and technical abilities to promptly and effectively respond to all PJM communications and directions._____
5. Participant has demonstrated compliance with the Minimum Capitalization criteria set forth in Attachment Q of the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff that are applicable to the PJM market(s) in which Participant transacts, and is not aware of any change having occurred or being imminent that would invalidate such compliance._____
6. All Participants must certify and initial in at least one of the four sections below:

1. I certify that Participant qualifies as an “appropriate person” as that term is defined under Section 4(c)(3), or successor provision, of the Commodity Exchange Act or an “eligible contract participant” as that term is defined under Section 1a(18), or successor provision, of the Commodity Exchange Act. I certify that Participant will cease transacting in PJM’s Markets and notify PJMSettlement immediately if Participant no longer qualifies as an “appropriate person” or “eligible contract participant.” _____

If providing financial statements to support Participant’s certification of qualification as an “appropriate person:”

I certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the financial statements provided to PJMSettlement present fairly, pursuant to such disclosures in such financial statements, the financial position of Participant as of the date of those financial statements. Further, I certify that Participant continues to maintain the minimum \$1 million total net worth and/or \$5 million total asset levels reflected in these financial statements as of the date of this certification. I acknowledge that both PJM and PJMSettlement are relying upon my certification to maintain compliance with federal regulatory requirements. _____

If providing financial statements to support Participant’s certification of qualification as an “eligible contract participant:”

I certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the financial statements provided to PJMSettlement present fairly, pursuant to such disclosures in such financial statements, the financial position of Participant as of the date of those financial statements. Further, I certify that Participant continues to maintain the minimum \$1 million total net worth and/or \$10 million total asset levels reflected in these financial statements as of the date of this certification. I acknowledge that both PJM and PJMSettlement are relying upon my certification to maintain compliance with federal regulatory requirements. _____

- b. I certify that Participant has provided an unlimited Corporate Guaranty in a form acceptable to PJM as described in Section I.C of Attachment Q from an issuer that has at least \$1 million of total net worth or \$5 million of total assets per Participant per Participant for which the issuer has issued an unlimited Corporate Guaranty. I certify that Participant will cease transacting PJM’s Markets and notify PJMSettlement immediately if issuer of the unlimited Corporate Guaranty for Participant no longer has at least \$1 million of total net worth or \$5 million of total assets per Participant for which the issuer has issued an unlimited Corporate Guaranty. _____

I certify that the issuer of the unlimited Corporate Guaranty to Participant continues to have at least \$1 million of total net worth or \$5 million of total assets per Participant for which the issuer has issued an unlimited Corporate Guaranty. I

acknowledge that PJM and PJMSettlement are relying upon my certifications to maintain compliance with federal regulatory requirements._____

c. I certify that Participant fulfills the eligibility requirements of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission exemption order (78 F.R. 19880 – April 2, 2013) by being in the business of at least one of the following in the PJM Region as indicated below (initial those applicable):

1. Generating electric energy, including Participants that resell physical energy acquired from an entity generating electric energy:_____
2. Transmitting electric energy:_____
3. Distributing electric energy delivered under Point-to-Point or Network Integration Transmission Service, including scheduled import, export and wheel through transactions:_____
4. Other electric energy services that are necessary to support the reliable operation of the transmission system:_____

Description only if c(4) is initialed:

Further, I certify that Participant will cease transacting in PJM's Markets and notify PJMSettlement immediately if Participant no longer performs at least one of the functions noted above in the PJM Region. I acknowledge that PJM and PJMSettlement are relying on my certification to maintain compliance with federal energy regulatory requirements._____

- d. I certify that Participant has provided a letter of credit of \$5 million or more to PJMSettlement in a form acceptable to PJMSettlement as described in Section VI.B of Attachment Q that the Participant acknowledges cannot be utilized to meet its credit requirements to PJMSettlement. I acknowledge that PJM and PJMSettlement are relying on the provision of this letter of credit and my certification to maintain compliance with federal regulatory requirements._____
7. I acknowledge that I have read and understood the provisions of Attachment Q of the PJM Tariff applicable to Participant's business in the PJM markets, including those provisions describing PJM's minimum participation requirements and the enforcement actions available to PJMSettlement of a Participant not satisfying those requirements. I acknowledge that the information provided herein is true and accurate to the best of my belief and knowledge after due investigation. In addition, by signing this Certification, I acknowledge the potential consequences of making incomplete or false statements in this Certification._____

Date: _____

(Signature)

Print Name: _____

Title: _____

Subscribed and sworn before me _____, a notary public of the State
of _____, in and for the County of _____, this _____
day of _____, 20____.

(Notary Public Signature)

My commission expires: ____ / ____ / ____

Section(s) of the
PJM Operating Agreement
(Clean Format)

15.2 Enforcement of Obligations.

If the Office of the Interconnection sends a notice to the PJM Board that a Member has failed to perform an obligation under this Agreement, the PJM Board, on behalf of the LLC and PJMSettlement, shall initiate such action against such Member to enforce such obligation as the PJM Board shall deem appropriate. Subject to the procedures specified in Section 15.1, a Member's failure to perform such obligation shall be deemed to be a default under this Agreement. In order to remedy a default, but without limiting any rights the LLC or PJMSettlement may have against the defaulting Member, the PJM Board may assess against, and collect from, the Members not in default, in proportion to their Default Allocation Assessment, an amount equal to the amount that the defaulting Member has failed to pay to PJMSettlement or the LLC (less amounts covered by Financial Security, as defined in Attachment Q to the PJM Tariff, held by PJMSettlement, on behalf of itself and as agent for the LLC, or indemnifications paid to the LLC or PJMSettlement), along with appropriate interest. Such assessment shall in no way relieve the defaulting Member of its obligations. In addition to any amounts in default, the defaulting Member shall be liable to the LLC and PJMSettlement for all reasonable costs incurred in enforcing the defaulting Member's obligations.

15.2.1 Collection by the Office of the Interconnection.

PJMSettlement is authorized to pursue collection through such actions, legal or otherwise, as it reasonably deems appropriate, including but not limited to the prosecution of legal actions and assertion of claims on behalf of the affected Members in the state and federal courts as well as under the United States Bankruptcy Code. Prior to initiating formal legal action in state or federal court to pursue collection, PJMSettlement shall provide to the Members Committee an explanation of its intended action. Upon the duly seconded motion of any Member, the Members Committee may conduct a vote to afford PJMSettlement a sense of the membership as regards to PJMSettlement's intended action to pursue collection. PJMSettlement shall consider any such vote before initiating formal legal action and at all times during the course of any collection effort evaluate the expected benefits in pursuing such effort in light of any changed circumstances. After deducting the costs of collection, any amounts recovered by PJMSettlement shall be distributed to the Members who have paid their Default Allocation Assessment in proportion to the Default Allocation Assessment paid by each Member.

15.2.2 Default Allocation Assessment.

(a) "Default Allocation Assessment" shall be equal to $(0.1(1/N) + 0.9(A/Z))$, where:

N = the total number of Members, calculated as of five o'clock p.m. eastern prevailing time on the date PJM declares a Member in default, excluding ex officio Members, State Consumer Advocates, Emergency and Economic Load Response Program Special Members, and municipal electric system Members that have been granted a waiver under section 17.2 of this Agreement.

A = for Members comprising factor "N" above, the Member's gross activity as determined by summing the absolute values of the charges and credits for each of the Activity

Line Items identified in section 15.2.2(b) of this Agreement as accounted for and billed pursuant to section 3 of Schedule 1 of this Agreement for the month of default and the two previous months.

$Z =$ the sum of factor A for all Members excluding ex officio Members, State Consumer Advocates, Emergency and Economic Load Response Program Special Members, and municipal electric system Members that have been granted a waiver under section 17.2 of this Agreement.

The assessment value of $(0.1(1/N))$ shall not exceed \$10,000 per Member per calendar year, cumulative of all defaults. If one or more defaults arise that cause the value to exceed \$10,000 per Member, then the excess shall be reallocated through the gross activity factor.

(b) Activity Line Items shall be each of the line items on the PJM monthly bills net of load reconciliation adjustments and adjustments applicable to activity for the current billing month appearing on the same bill.

18.17 Confidentiality.

18.17.1 Party Access.

(a) No Member shall have a right hereunder to receive or review any documents, data or other information of another Member, including documents, data or other information provided to the Office of the Interconnection, to the extent such documents, data or information have been designated as confidential pursuant to the procedures adopted by the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor or to the extent that they have been designated as confidential by such other Member; provided, however, a Member may receive and review any composite documents, data and other information that may be developed based on such confidential documents, data or information if the composite does not disclose any individual Member's confidential data or information.

(b) Except as may be provided in this Agreement or in the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, the Office of the Interconnection shall not disclose to its Members or to third parties, any documents, data, or other information of a Member or entity applying for Membership, to the extent such documents, data, or other information has been designated confidential pursuant to the procedures adopted by the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor or by such Member or entity applying for membership; provided that nothing contained herein shall prohibit the Office of the Interconnection from providing any such confidential information to its agents, representatives, or contractors to the extent that such person or entity is bound by an obligation to maintain such confidentiality; provided further that nothing contained herein shall prohibit the Office of the Interconnection from providing Member confidential information to the NERC, any Applicable Regional Entity, or to any reliability coordinator, to the extent that (i) the Office of the Interconnection determines in its reasonable discretion that the exchange of such information is required to enhance and/or maintain reliability within the Members' Applicable Regional Entities and their neighboring Regional Entities, or within the region of any reliability coordinator, (ii) such entity is bound by a written agreement to maintain such confidentiality, and (iii) the Office of the Interconnection has notified the affected party of its intention to release such information no less than five business days prior to the release. The Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor shall collect and use confidential information only in connection with its authority under this Agreement and the Open Access Transmission Tariff and the retention of such information shall be in accordance with PJM's data retention policies.

(c) Nothing contained herein shall prevent the Office of the Interconnection from releasing a Member's confidential data or information to a third party provided that the Member has delivered to the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor specific, written authorization for such release setting forth the data or information to be released, to whom such release is authorized, and the period of time for which such release shall be authorized. The Office of the Interconnection shall limit the release of a Member's confidential data or information to that specific authorization received from the Member. Nothing herein shall prohibit a Member from withdrawing such authorization upon written notice to the Office of the Interconnection, who shall cease such release as soon as practicable after receipt of such withdrawal notice.

(d) Reciprocal provisions to Sections 18.17.1, 18.17.2, 18.17.3, 18.17.4 and 18.17.5 hereof, delineating the confidentiality requirements of PJM's Market Monitoring Unit, are set forth in Attachment M – Appendix, section I.

(e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or in the PJM Tariff, to allow the tracking of Market Participants' non-aggregated bids and offers over time as required by FERC Order No. 719, the Office of the Interconnection shall post on its Web site the non-aggregated bid data and Offer Data submitted by Market Participants (for participation on the PJM Interchange Energy Market) approximately four months after the bid or offer was submitted to the Office of the Interconnection. However, to protect the confidential, market sensitive and/or proprietary bidding strategies of Market Participants as well as the identity of Market Participants from being discernible from the published data, the posted information will not reveal the (a) name of the resource, (b) characteristics of a specific resource, (c) identity of the load, (d) name of the individual or entity submitting the data, (e) identity of the resource owner, or (f) location of the resource at a level lower than its Zone. The Office of the Interconnection also reserves the right to take any other precautionary measures that it deems appropriate to preserve the confidential, market sensitive and/or proprietary bidding strategies of Market Participants to the extent not specifically set forth herein.

18.17.2 Required Disclosure.

(a) Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing Section to the contrary, and subject to the provisions of Section 18.17.3, if a Member, the Office of the Interconnection is required by applicable law, or in the course of administrative or judicial proceedings, to disclose to third parties, information that is otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to this Agreement, that Member, the Office of the Interconnection may make disclosure of such information; provided, however, that as soon as the Member, the Office of the Interconnection learns of the disclosure requirement and prior to making disclosure, that Member, the Office of the Interconnection shall notify the affected Member or Members of the requirement and the terms thereof and the affected Member or Members may direct, at their sole discretion and cost, any challenge to or defense against the disclosure requirement. The disclosing Member, the Office of the Interconnection shall cooperate with such affected Members to the maximum extent practicable to minimize the disclosure of the information consistent with applicable law. Each Member, the Office of the Interconnection shall cooperate with the affected Members to obtain proprietary or confidential treatment of such information by the person to whom such information is disclosed prior to any such disclosure.

(b) Nothing in this Section 18.17 shall prohibit or otherwise limit the Office of the Interconnection's use of information covered herein if such information was: (i) previously known to the Office of the Interconnection without an obligation of confidentiality; (ii) independently developed by or for the Office of the Interconnection using nonconfidential information; (iii) acquired by the Office of the Interconnection from a third party which is not, to the Office of the Interconnection's knowledge, under an obligation of confidence with respect to such information; (iv) which is or becomes publicly available other than through a manner inconsistent with this Section 18.17.

(c) The Office of the Interconnection shall impose on any contractors retained to provide technical support or otherwise to assist with the implementation or administration of this Agreement or of the Open Access Transmission Tariff a contractual duty of confidentiality consistent with this Agreement. A Member shall not be obligated to provide confidential or proprietary information to any contractor that does not assume such a duty of confidentiality, and the Office of the Interconnection shall not provide any such information to any such contractor without the express written permission of the Member providing the information.

18.17.3 Disclosure to FERC and CFTC.

(a) Notwithstanding anything in this Section to the contrary, if the FERC, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”), or the staff of those commissions, during the course of an investigation or otherwise, requests information from the Office of the Interconnection that is otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to this Agreement, the Office of the Interconnection shall provide the requested information to the FERC, CFTC or their respective staff, within the time provided for in the request for information. In providing the information to the FERC or its staff, the Office of the Interconnection may request, consistent with 18 C.F.R. §§ 1b.20 and 388.112, or to the CFTC or its staff, the Office of the Interconnection may request, consistent with 17 C.F.R. §§ 11.3 and 145.9, that the information be treated as confidential and non-public by the respective commission and its staff and that the information be withheld from public disclosure. The Office of the Interconnection shall promptly notify any affected Member(s) if the Office of the Interconnection receives from the FERC, CFTC or its staff written notice that the commission has decided to release publicly, or has asked for comment on whether such commission should release publicly, confidential information previously provided to a commission by the Office of the Interconnection.

(b) Section 18.17.3(a) shall not apply to requests for production of information under Subpart D of the FERC’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR Part 385) in proceedings before FERC and its administrative law judges. In all such proceedings, PJM shall follow the procedures in Section 18.17.2.

(c) Pursuant to the FERC Order No. 760, as codified under 18 C.F.R. § 35.28(g)(4), to the extent that PJM already collects such data described in Order No. 760, PJM shall electronically deliver to the FERC, on an ongoing basis and in a form and manner consistent with its own collection of data and in a form and manner acceptable to the FERC, data related to the markets that PJM administers. Section 18.17.3(a) shall not apply to data supplied to the FERC under this subsection (c) to satisfy the FERC Order No. 760 requirements.

18.17.4 Disclosure to Authorized Commissions.

(a) Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the Office of the Interconnection shall disclose confidential information, otherwise required to be maintained in confidence pursuant to this Agreement, to an Authorized Commission under the following conditions:

- i) The Authorized Commission has provided the FERC with a properly-executed Certification in the form attached hereto as Schedule 10A. Upon receipt of the Authorized Commission's Certification, the FERC shall provide public notice of the Authorized Commission's filing pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 385.2009. If any interested party disputes the accuracy and adequacy of the representations contained in the Authorized Commission's Certification, that party may file a protest with the Commission within 14 days of the date of such notice, pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 385.211. The Authorized Commission may file a response to any such protest within seven days. Each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such a FERC protest proceeding. If there are material changes in law that affect the accuracy and adequacy of the representations in the Certification filed with the Commission, the Authorized Commission shall, within thirty (30) days, submit an amended Certification identifying such changes. Any such amended Certification shall be subject to the same procedures for comment and review by the Commission as set forth above in this paragraph.

The Office of the Interconnection may not disclose data to an Authorized Commission during the Commission's consideration of the Certification and any filed protests. If the Commission does not act upon an Authorized Commission's Certification within 90 days of the date of filing, the Certification shall be deemed approved and the Authorized Commission shall be permitted to receive confidential information pursuant to this section. In the event that an interested party protests the Authorized Commission's Certification and the Commission approves the Certification, that party may not challenge any Information Request made by the Authorized Commission on the grounds that the Authorized Commission is unable to protect the confidentiality of the information requested, in the absence of a showing of changed circumstances.

- ii) Any confidential information provided to an Authorized Commission pursuant to this section shall not be further disclosed by the recipient Authorized Commission except by order of the Commission.
- iii) The Office of the Interconnection shall be expressly entitled to rely upon such Authorized Commission Certifications in providing confidential information to the Authorized Commission, and shall in no event be liable, or subject to damages or claims of any kind or nature hereunder, due to the ineffectiveness or inaccuracy of such Authorized Commission Certifications.
- iv) The Authorized Commission may provide confidential information obtained from the Office of the Interconnection to such of its employees, attorneys and contractors as needed to examine or handle that information in the course and scope of their work on behalf of the Authorized

Commission, provided that (a) the Authorized Commission has internal procedures in place, pursuant to the Certification, to ensure that each person receiving such information agrees to protect the confidentiality of such information (such employees, attorneys or contractors to be defined hereinafter as “Authorized Persons”); (b) the Authorized Commission provides, pursuant to the Certification, a list of such Authorized Persons to the Office of the Interconnection and the PJM Market Monitor and updates such list, as necessary, every ninety (90) days; and (c) any third-party contractors provided access to confidential information sign a non-disclosure agreement in the form attached hereto as Schedule 10 before being provided access to any such confidential information.

- v) The Office of the Interconnection shall maintain a schedule of all Authorized Persons and the Authorized Commissions they represent, which shall be made publicly available on its website, or by written request. Such schedule shall be compiled by the Office of the Interconnection, based on information provided by any Authorized Commission. The Office of the Interconnection shall update the schedule promptly upon receipt of information from an Authorized Commission, but shall have no obligation to verify or corroborate any such information, and shall not be liable or otherwise responsible for any inaccuracies in the schedule due to incomplete or erroneous information conveyed to and relied upon by the Office of the Interconnection in the compilation and/or maintenance of the schedule.

(b) The Office of the Interconnection may, in the course of discussions with an Authorized Person, orally disclose information otherwise required to be maintained in confidence, without the need for a prior Information Request. Such oral disclosures shall provide enough information to enable the Authorized Person or the Authorized Commission with which that Authorized Person is associated to determine whether additional Information Requests are appropriate. The Office of the Interconnection will not make any written or electronic disclosures of confidential information to the Authorized Person pursuant to this Section 18.17.4(b). In any such discussions, the Office of the Interconnection shall ensure that the individual or individuals receiving such confidential information are Authorized Persons as defined herein, orally designate confidential information that is disclosed, and refrain from identifying any specific Affected Member whose information is disclosed. The Office of the Interconnection shall also be authorized to assist Authorized Persons in interpreting confidential information that is disclosed. The Office of the Interconnection shall provide any Affected Member with oral notice of any oral disclosure immediately, but not later than one (1) business day after the oral disclosure. Such oral notice to the Affected Member shall include the substance of the oral disclosure, but shall not reveal any confidential information of any other Member and must be received by the Affected Member before the name of the Affected Member is released to the Authorized Person; provided however, disclosure of the identity of the Affected Party must be made to the Authorized Commission with which the Authorized Person is associated within two (2) business days of the initial oral disclosure.

(c) As regards Information Requests:

- (i) Information Requests to the Office of the Interconnection and/or PJM Market Monitor by an Authorized Commission shall be in writing, which shall include electronic communications, addressed to the Office of the Interconnection, and shall: (a) describe the information sought in sufficient detail to allow a response to the Information Request; (b) provide a general description of the purpose of the Information Request; (c) state the time period for which confidential information is requested; and (d) re-affirm that only Authorized Persons shall have access to the confidential information requested. The Office of the Interconnection shall provide an Affected Member with written notice, which shall include electronic communication, of an Information Request by an Authorized Commission as soon as possible, but not later than two (2) business days after the receipt of the Information Request.
- (ii) Subject to the provisions of section (c)(iii), the Office of the Interconnection shall supply confidential information to the Authorized Commission in response to any Information Request within five (5) business days of the receipt of the Information Request, to the extent that the requested confidential information can be made available within such period; provided however, that in no event shall confidential information be released prior to the end of the fourth (4th) business day without the express consent of the Affected Member. To the extent that the Office of the Interconnection cannot reasonably prepare and deliver the requested confidential information within such five (5) day period, it shall, within such period, provide the Authorized Commission with a written schedule for the provision of such remaining confidential information. Upon providing confidential information to the Authorized Commission, the Office of the Interconnection shall either provide a copy of the confidential information to the Affected Member(s), or provide a listing of the confidential information disclosed; provided, however, that the Office of the Interconnection shall not reveal any Member's confidential information to any other Member.
- (iii) Notwithstanding section (c)(ii), above, should the Office of the Interconnection or an Affected Member object to an Information Request or any portion thereof, any of them may, within four (4) business days following the Office of the Interconnection's receipt of the Information Request, request, in writing, a conference with the Authorized Commission to resolve differences concerning the scope or timing of the Information Request; provided, however, nothing herein shall require the Authorized Commission to participate in any conference. Any party to the conference may seek assistance from FERC staff in resolution of the dispute or terminate the conference process at any time. Should such conference be refused or terminated by any participant or should such

conference not resolve the dispute, then the Office of the Interconnection or the Affected Member may file a complaint with the Commission pursuant to Rule 206 objecting to the Information Request within ten (10) business days following receipt of written notice from any conference participant terminating such conference. Any complaints filed at FERC objecting to a particular Information Request shall be designated by the party as a “fast track” complaint and each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such FERC proceeding. The grounds for such a complaint shall be limited to the following: (a) the Authorized Commission is no longer able to preserve the confidentiality of the requested information due to changed circumstances relating to the Authorized Commission’s ability to protect confidential information arising since the filing of or rejection of a protest directed to the Authorized Commission’s Certification; (b) complying with the Information Request would be unduly burdensome to the complainant, and the complainant has made a good faith effort to negotiate limitations in the scope of the requested information; or (c) other exceptional circumstances exist such that complying with the Information Request would result in harm to the complainant. There shall be a presumption that “exceptional circumstances,” as used in the prior sentence, does not include circumstances in which an Authorized Commission has requested wholesale market data (or PJM Market Monitor workpapers that support or explain conclusions or analyses) generated in the ordinary course and scope of the operations of the Office of the Interconnection and/or the PJM Market Monitor. There shall be a presumption that circumstances in which an Authorized Commission has requested personnel files, internal emails and internal company memos, analyses and related work product constitute “exceptional circumstances” as used in the prior sentence. If no complaint challenging the Information Request is filed within the ten (10) day period defined above, the Office of the Interconnection shall utilize its best efforts to respond to the Information Request promptly. If a complaint is filed, and the Commission does not act on that complaint within ninety (90) days, the complaint shall be deemed denied and the Office of Interconnection shall use its best efforts to respond to the Information Request promptly.

- (iv) Any Authorized Commission may initiate appropriate legal action at FERC within ten (10) business days following receipt of information designated as “Confidential,” challenging such designation. Any complaints filed at FERC objecting to the designation of information as “Confidential” shall be designated by the party as a “fast track” complaint and each party shall bear its own costs in connection with such FERC proceeding. The party filing such a complaint shall be required to prove that the material disclosed does not merit “Confidential” status because it is publicly available from other sources or contains no trade secret or other sensitive commercial information (with “publicly available” not being

deemed to include unauthorized disclosures of otherwise confidential data).

(d) In the event of any breach of confidentiality of information disclosed pursuant to an Information Request by an Authorized Commission or Authorized Person:

- (i) The Authorized Commission or Authorized Person shall promptly notify the Office of the Interconnection, who shall, in turn, promptly notify any Affected Member of any inadvertent or intentional release, or possible release, of confidential information provided pursuant to this section.
- (ii) The Office of the Interconnection shall terminate the right of such Authorized Commission to receive confidential information under this section upon written notice to such Authorized Commission unless: (i) there was no harm or damage suffered by the Affected Member; or (ii) similar good cause is shown. Any appeal of the Office of the Interconnection's and/or the PJM Market Monitor's actions under this section shall be to FERC. An Authorized Commission shall be entitled to reestablish its certification as set forth in Section 18.17.4(a) by submitting a filing with the Commission showing that it has taken appropriate corrective action. If the Commission does not act upon an Authorized Commission's re-certification filing with sixty (60) days of the date of the filing, the re-certification shall be deemed approved and the Authorized Commission shall be permitted to receive confidential information pursuant to this section.
- (iii) The Office of the Interconnection and/or the Affected Member shall have the right to seek and obtain at least the following types of relief: (a) an order from FERC requiring any breach to cease and preventing any future breaches; (b) temporary, preliminary, and/or permanent injunctive relief with respect to any breach; and (c) the immediate return of all confidential information to the Office of the Interconnection.
- (iv) No Authorized Person or Authorized Commission shall have responsibility or liability whatsoever under this section for any and all liabilities, losses, damages, demands, fines, monetary judgments, penalties, costs and expenses caused by, resulting from, or arising out of or in connection with the release of confidential information to persons not authorized to receive it, provided that such Authorized Person is an agent, servant, employee or member of an Authorized Commission at the time of such unauthorized release. Nothing in this Section (d)(iv) is intended to limit the liability of any person who is not an agent, servant, employee or member of an Authorized Commission at the time of such unauthorized release for any and all economic losses, damages, demands, fines, monetary judgments, penalties, costs and expenses caused by, resulting from, or arising out of or in connection with such unauthorized release.

- (v) Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in section (d)(ii) or (d)(iii)(a) above, shall be submitted to FERC for hearing and resolution. Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in section (d)(iii)(c) above may be submitted to FERC or any court of competent jurisdiction for hearing and resolution.

18.17.5 Market Monitoring.

a) Subject to the requirements of section 18.17.5(b), PJM may release confidential information of Public Service Electric & Gas Company (“PSE&G”), Consolidated Edison Company of New York (“ConEd”), and their affiliates, and the confidential information of any Member regarding generation and/or transmission facilities located within the PSE&G Zone to the New York Independent System Operator, Inc. (“New York ISO”), the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor to the limited extent that PJM or its Market Monitoring Unit determines necessary to carry out the responsibilities of PJM, the New York ISO and the market monitoring units of PJM and the New York ISO under FERC Opinion No. 476 (see Consolidated Edison Company v. Public Service Electric and Gas Company, et al., 108 FERC ¶ 61,120, at P 215 (2004)) to conduct joint investigations to ensure that gaming, abuse of market power, or similar activities do not take place with regard to power transfers under the contracts that are the subject of FERC Opinion No. 476.

b) PJM may release a Member’s confidential information pursuant to section 18.17.5(a) to the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor only if the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO and the New York ISO Market Advisor are subject to obligations limiting the disclosure of such information that are equivalent to or greater than the limitations on disclosure specified in this section 18.17. Information received from the New York ISO, the market monitoring unit of the New York ISO, or the New York ISO Market Advisor under section 18.17.5(a) that is designated as confidential shall be protected from disclosure in accordance with this section 18.17.

18.17.6 Disclosure of EMS Data to Transmission Owners

a) While the Office of the Interconnection has overall power system reliability in the Office of the Interconnection region, Transmission Owners within the Office of the Interconnection region perform certain reliability functions with respect to their individual Transmission Facilities and distribution systems. In order to facilitate reliable operations between the Office of the Interconnection and the Transmission Owners, the Office of the Interconnection may, without written authorization from any Member, install a read-only terminal in any Transmission Owner’s secure control room facility, with access to Office of the Interconnection’s Energy Management System (EMS) and its associated data transmission and generation data under the terms and conditions set forth in this section 18.17.6.

b) The data and information produced by the Office of the Interconnection’s EMS are confidential and/or commercially sensitive because it will display the real-time status of electric transmission lines and generation facilities, the disclosure of which could impact the market and

the commercial interests of its participants. In addition, the responsive information will contain detailed information about real-time grid conditions, transmission lines, power flows, and outages, which may fall within the definition of Critical Energy Infrastructure Information (CEII) as set forth in 18 CFR § 388.112. The Office of the Interconnection shall not release any generator cost, price or other market information without written authorization pursuant to section § 18.17.1 (c) supra. The only generator information that will be made available is real-time MW/MVAR output and Minimum/Maximum MW Range.

c) The confidential or CEII information provided to the Transmission Owner on a read-only PJM EMS terminal shall only be held in the secure control room facility of the Transmission Owner. Such data shall be used for informational and operational purposes within the control room by Transmission Function employees as defined in the FERC's rules and regulations, 18 C.F.R. § 358.3 (j). No "screen-scraping" or other data transfer of information from the read-only terminal to other Transmission Owner systems or databases shall be permitted. No storage of information from the read-only terminal shall be permitted. The data shall be held confidential within the transmission function environment and not be disclosed to other personnel within the Transmission Owners' company, subsidiaries, marketing organizations, energy affiliates or independent third parties. The Transmission Owner may use the confidential or CEII information only for the purpose of performing Transmission Owner's Reliability Function and shall not otherwise use the confidential information for its own benefit or for the benefit of any other person.

d) In the event of any breach:

- (i) The Transmission Owners shall promptly notify the Office of the Interconnection, which shall, in turn, promptly notify FERC and any Affected Member(s) of any inadvertent or intentional release, or possible release, of confidential or CEII information disclosed as provided above.
- (ii) The Office of the Interconnection shall terminate all rights of the Transmission Owner to receive confidential or CEII information as provided in this section 18.17.6; provided, however, that the Office of the Interconnection may restore a Transmission Owners' status after consulting with the Affected Member(s) and to the extent that: (a) the Office of the Interconnection determines that the disclosure was not due to the intentional, reckless or negligent action or omission of the Authorized Person; (b) there were no harm or damages suffered by the Affected Member(s); or (c) similar good cause shown. Any appeal of the Office of the Interconnection's actions under this section shall be to FERC.
- (iii) The Office of the Interconnection and/or the Affected Member(s) shall have the right to seek and obtain at least the following types of relief: (a) an order from FERC requiring any breach to cease and preventing any future breaches; (b) temporary, preliminary, and/or permanent injunctive relief and/or damages with respect to any breach; and (c) the immediate

return of all confidential or CEII information to the Office of the Interconnection.

- (iv) Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in section (d)(ii) or (d)(iii)(a) above, shall be submitted to FERC for hearing and resolution. Any dispute or conflict requesting the relief in section (d)(iii)(b) and (c) above may be submitted to FERC or any court of competent jurisdiction for hearing and resolution.