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October 9, 2026

The Honorable Debbie-Anne A. Reese, Secretary
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
888 First Street, N.E. Room 1A
Washington, D.C. 20426

*Re: PJM Interconnection L.L.C., Docket No. ER26-3734-001
Amendment to Governing Document Enhancements and Clarifications of the Tariff,
Operating Agreement and Reliability Assurance Agreement regarding Markets Rule
Revisions*

Dear Secretary Reese,

On September 8, 2026, PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. (“PJM”) filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission’s (“Commission”), in Docket No. ER26-3734-000,¹ clerical and ministerial revisions to correct, clarify, and/or make consistent certain provisions of the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff (“Tariff”), the Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. (“Operating Agreement”) and the Reliability Assurance Agreement among Load Serving Entities in the PJM Region (“RAA”) pertaining to Markets revisions. However, PJM inadvertently omitted deleting “Energy Efficiency Resources,” from Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A(c) as cited in Row 11 of Attachment C (GDECS Chart of Tariff Revisions) to the Sept. 8 Filing.

To resolve this issue, PJM submits this Amendment to the Sept. 8 Filing, which includes a revised and updated version of Tariff, Attachment DD, Section 10A.

¹ *PJM Interconnection L.L.C.*, GDECS Revisions to PJM Tariff, Operating Agreement and RAA. Docket No. ER26-3734-000 (Sept. 8, 2026) (the “Sept. 8 Filing”).

I. DOCUMENTS ENCLOSED

PJM encloses the following as part of this Amendment filing:

1. This transmittal letter;
2. Attachment A: revisions to the Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A in marked format;
3. Attachment B: revisions to the Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A in clean format; and
4. Attachment C: original chart of revisions from the Sept. 8 Filing.

II. SERVICE

PJM has served a copy of this filing on all PJM Members and on all state utility regulatory commissions in the PJM Region by posting this filing electronically. In accordance with the Commission's regulations,² PJM will post a copy of this filing to the FERC filings section of its internet site, located at the following link: <https://www.pjm.com/library/filing-order> with a specific link to the newly-filed document, and will send an e-mail on the same date as this filing to all PJM Members and all state utility regulatory commissions in the PJM Region³ alerting them that this filing has been made by PJM and is available by following such link. If the document is not immediately available by using the referenced link, the document will be available through the referenced link within 24 hours of the filing. Also, a copy of this filing will be available on the FERC's eLibrary website located at the following link: <http://www.ferc.gov/docsfiling/elibrary.asp> in accordance with the Commission's regulations and Order No. 714.

² See 18 C.F.R §§ 35.2(e) and 385.2010(f)(3).

³ PJM already maintains updates and regularly uses e-mail lists for all PJM Members and affected state commissions.

III. CONCLUSION

In accordance with the foregoing, PJM respectfully reiterates its request that the Commission accept PJM's ministerial corrections to the PJM Tariff, Operating Agreement and RAA effective November 8, 2026., as discussed herein.

Respectfully submitted,

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On behalf of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I have this day, October 9, 2026, served the foregoing document on those parties on the official Service List compiled by the Secretary in these proceedings.

/s/ Erin Lai

Erin Lai
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Attachment A

Revisions to the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, Attachment DD, Section 10A

(Marked Format)

10A. CHARGES FOR NON-PERFORMANCE AND CREDITS FOR PERFORMANCE

(a) For the 2018/2019 Delivery Year and any subsequent Delivery Year (and for certain purposes for the 2016/2017 and 2017/2018 Delivery Years as provided in subsections (h) and (i) hereof), each Capacity Market Seller that commits a Capacity Resource for a Delivery Year (whether through an RPM Auction, a bilateral transaction, or as Locational UCAP), each Locational UCAP Seller that sells Locational UCAP from a Capacity Resource for a Delivery Year, and for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years each PRD Provider that commits Price Responsive Demand for a Delivery Year, shall be charged to the extent the performance of each of its committed Capacity Resources or Price Responsive Demand during all or any part of a clock-hour when an Emergency Action is in effect falls short of the expected performance of such resources (as determined herein) and the revenue from such charges shall be provided to Market Participants with generation, demand response resources, or Price Responsive Demand that perform during such hour in excess of the level expected based on commitments (if any) of such resources.

(b) Performance shall be measured for purposes of this assessment during each Performance Assessment Interval.

(c) For each Performance Assessment Interval, the Office of the Interconnection shall determine whether, and the extent to which, the actual performance of each Capacity Resource and Locational UCAP has fallen short of the performance expected of such committed Capacity Resource, and the magnitude of any such shortfall, based on the following formula:

Performance Shortfall = Expected Performance - Actual Performance

Where the result of such formula is a positive number and where:
Expected Performance =

for Generation Capacity Resources (including external Generation Capacity Resources for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by such external resource would have helped resolve a declared Emergency Action; provided, however, that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, performance of external Generation Capacity Resources shall be assessed only during Performance Assessment Hours for Emergency Actions declared for the entire PJM Region) and Capacity Storage Resources: [(Resource Committed Capacity * the Balancing Ratio)];

where

Resource Committed Capacity = the total megawatts of Unforced Capacity of the Capacity Resource committed by such Capacity Market Seller or Locational UCAP Seller; and

The Balancing Ratio = (All Actual Generation Performance, Storage Resource Performance, Net Energy Imports, Price Responsive Demand Bonus Performance

effective with the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, and Demand Response Bonus Performance) / (All Committed Generation and Storage Capacity); provided, however, that Net Energy Imports shall be included in the calculation of the Balancing Ratio only for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by any external Generation Capacity Resource would have helped resolve the Emergency Action that was the subject to the Performance Assessment Hour; and provided further that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, Net Energy Imports shall be included in the calculation of the Balancing Ratio only for any Performance Assessment Hour for which the Emergency Action was declared for the entire PJM Region; and provided further that the Balancing Ratio shall not exceed a value of 1.0.

for purposes of which

All Committed Generation and Storage Capacity = the total megawatts of Unforced Capacity of all Generation Capacity Resources (including external Generation Capacity Resources for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by such external resource would have helped resolve the declared Emergency Action that was the subject to the Performance Assessment Hour; provided, however, that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, performance of external Generation Capacity Resources shall be assessed only during Performance Assessment Hours for Emergency Actions declared for the entire PJM Region) and all Capacity Storage Resources committed by all Capacity Market Sellers, FRR Entities, Locational UCAP Sellers;

All Actual Generation Performance and Storage Resource Performance = the total amount of Actual Performance for all generation resources (including external Generation Capacity Resources for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by such external resource would have helped resolve the declared Emergency Action that was the subject to the Performance Assessment Hour; provided, however, that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, performance of external Generation Capacity Resources shall be assessed only during Performance Assessment Hours for Emergency Actions declared for the entire PJM Region) and storage resources during the interval;

Net Energy Imports = the sum of interchange transactions importing energy into PJM (not including those associated with external Generation Capacity Resources and therefore included in All Actual Generation Performance) minus the sum of interchange transactions exporting energy out of PJM, but not less than zero;

Demand Response Bonus Performance = the sum of Bonus performance provided by Demand Response resources as calculated in (g) below;

Price Responsive Demand Bonus Performance = the sum of Bonus performance

provided by Price Responsive Demand as calculated in (g) below;

and for Demand Resources, ~~Energy Efficiency Resources~~, and Qualifying Transmission Upgrades: Resource Committed Capacity;

where

Resource Committed Capacity = the total megawatts of capacity committed from such Capacity Resource, where such capacity shall be in installed capacity terms for Demand Resources ~~committed capacity without making any adjustment for the Forecast Pool Requirement~~

and for PRD Provider: Price Responsive Demand Committed

where

Price Responsive Demand Committed = the Nominal PRD Value committed by the PRD Provider in the area defined by the Performance Assessment Interval, adjusted to account for any PRD registrations in such area that were not subject to compliance measurement.

and

Actual Performance =

for each generation resource, the metered output of energy delivered to PJM by such resource plus the resource's real-time reserve or regulation assignment, if any, during the Performance Assessment Interval;

for each storage resource, the metered output of energy delivered to PJM by such resource plus the resource's real-time reserve or regulation assignment, if any, during the Performance Assessment Interval;

for each Demand Resource, the demand response provided to PJM by such resource, plus such resource's real-time reserve or regulation assignment, if any, during the Performance Assessment Interval, as established through the PJM demand response settlement procedure consistent with the standards specified in RAA, Schedule 6;

for each PRD Provider, the actual load reduction provided by the PRD Provider during a Performance Assessment Interval, determined in accordance with RAA, Schedule 6.1.N and the PJM Manuals;

for each Energy Efficiency Resource, the load reduction quantity approved by PJM subsequent to the pre-delivery year submittal of a post-installation measurement and verification report; and

for each Qualified Transmission Upgrade, the megawatt quantity cleared by such Qualified Transmission Upgrade if it is in service during the Performance Assessment Interval, and zero if it is not in service during such Performance Assessment Interval.

Such calculation shall encompass all resources and Price Responsive Demand located in the area defined by the Emergency Action; provided, however, that Performance Shortfall shall be calculated for external Generation Capacity Resources for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by such external resource would have helped resolve the declared Emergency Action that was the subject to the Performance Assessment Hour; provided, however, that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, Performance Shortfall shall be calculated for external Generation Capacity Resources only during Performance Assessment Hours which the Emergency Action was declared for the entire PJM Region. At the start of the Delivery Year, PJM will inform the Capacity Market Seller of an external resource as to which Locational Deliverability Area it has been assigned. For purposes of this provision, Qualifying Transmission Upgrades shall be deemed to be located in the Locational Deliverability Area into which such upgrade increased the Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit, and a Qualifying Transmission Upgrade shall be included in calculations of Expected Performance and Actual Performance only if, and to the extent that, the declared Emergency Action encompasses the Locational Deliverability Area into which such upgrade increased the Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit. The Performance Shortfall shall be calculated for each Performance Assessment Interval, and any committed Capacity Resource for which the above calculation produces a negative number for a Performance Assessment Interval shall not have a Performance Shortfall for such Performance Assessment Interval.

(d) Notwithstanding subsection (c) above, a Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP of a Capacity Market Seller or Locational UCAP Seller shall not be considered in the calculation of a Performance Shortfall for a Performance Assessment Interval to the extent such Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP was unavailable during such Performance Assessment Interval solely because the resource on which such Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP is based was on a Generator Planned Outage or Generator Maintenance Outage approved by the Office of the Interconnection, or was not scheduled to operate by the Office of the Interconnection, or was online but was scheduled down, by the Office of the Interconnection, based on a determination by the Office of the Interconnection that such scheduling action was appropriate to the security-constrained economic dispatch of the PJM Region. Such a resource shall be considered in the calculation of a Performance Shortfall if it otherwise was needed and would have been scheduled by the Office of the Interconnection to perform, but was not scheduled to operate, or was scheduled down, solely due to: (i) any operating parameter limitations submitted in the resource's offer, or (ii) the seller's submission of a market-based offer higher than its cost-based. In addition, notwithstanding subsection (c) above, a Price Responsive Demand registration shall not be considered in the calculation of a Performance Shortfall or Bonus Performance for a Performance Assessment Interval when the PRD Curve associated with such registration in the PJM Real-time Energy Market indicates a price point where no demand reduction is expected at the real-time LMP recorded during the Performance Assessment Interval.

(e) Subject to the Non-Performance Charge Limit specified in subsection (f) hereof, each Capacity Market Seller and Locational UCAP Seller shall be assessed a Non-Performance Charge for each of its Capacity Resources or Locational UCAP that has a Performance Shortfall for a Performance Assessment Interval based on the following formula, applied to each such resource:

$$\text{Non-Performance Charge} = \text{Performance Shortfall} * \text{Non-Performance Charge Rate}$$

Where

For Capacity Performance Resources and Seasonal Capacity Performance Resources, the Non-Performance Charge Rate = (Net Cost of New Entry (stated in terms of installed capacity) for the LDA and Delivery Year for which such calculation is performed * (the number of days in the Delivery Year / 30) / (the number of Real-Time Settlement Intervals in an hour).

(f) Reserved.

(f-1) The Non-Performance Charges and Non-Curtailment Charges for each Capacity Performance Resource (including Locational UCAP from such a resource) and each PRD Provider for a Delivery Year shall not exceed a Non-Performance Charge Limit equal to 1.5 times the RPM Base Residual Auction clearing price for the applicable Delivery Year and for the LDA where the resource resides, times the megawatts of Unforced Capacity committed by such resource or such PRD Provider, where such megawatts shall be based on the maximum Unforced Capacity committed up through the end of the month in which the PAI or Non-PAI Event occurs, times the number of days in the Delivery Year. The Non-Performance and Non-Curtailment Charges for each Seasonal Capacity Performance Resource for a Delivery Year shall not exceed a Non-Performance Charge Limit equal to 1.5 times the RPM Base Residual Auction clearing price times the number of days in the Delivery Year for the applicable Delivery Year and for the LDA where the resource resides, times the megawatts of Unforced Capacity committed by such resource, where such megawatts shall be based on maximum Unforced Capacity committed up through the end of the month in which the Performance Assessment Interval or Non-PAI Event occurs, times the number of days in the season applicable to such resource.

(g) Revenues collected from assessment of Non-Performance Charges for a Performance Assessment Interval shall be distributed to each Market Participant, whether or not such Market Participant committed a Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP for a Performance Assessment Interval, that provided energy or load reductions above the levels expected for such resource during such interval. For purposes of this provision, the performance expected of a resource, and the revenue distribution payment, if any, for a resource, shall be determined in accordance with the following formulae:

Formula 1: Market Participant Bonus Performance = Actual Performance – Expected Performance

and

Formula 2: Performance Payment = (Market Participant Bonus Performance / All Market Participants Bonus Performance) * Non-Performance Charge Revenues.

Where the result of Formula 1 is a positive number and where:

Actual Performance is as defined in subsection (c), provided, however, that Actual Performance for purposes of this calculation shall not exceed the megawatt level at which such resource was scheduled by the Office of the Interconnection during the Performance Assessment Intervals; and provided further that Actual Performance for a Market Participant that imports energy into the PJM Region during such Performance Assessment Interval shall be the net import, if any, from all interchange transactions scheduled by such Market Participant during such Performance Assessment Interval;

Expected Performance is as defined in subsection (c), provided, however, that for purposes of this calculation, Expected Performance shall be zero for any resource that is not a Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP, or that is a Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP, but for which the Performance Assessment Interval occurs outside the resource's capacity obligation period; and

All Market Participants Bonus Performance is the sum of the results of calculating Formula 1 of this subsection (g) for all Market Participants that have Bonus Performance during such Performance Assessment Interval.

(h) The provisions of this section 10A shall apply during the 2016/2017 Delivery Year, provided that:

- (i) Non-Performance Charges shall be determined solely for and assessed solely on, Capacity Performance Resources committed for such Delivery Year;
- (ii) The Non-Performance Charge shall be 0.5 times the Non-Performance Charge calculated under subsection (e) hereof; and
- (iii) The Non-Performance Charge Limit for a Delivery Year shall be 0.75 times Net Cost of New Entry times the megawatts of Unforced Capacity committed by such resource times 365.

(i) The provisions of this section 10A shall apply during the 2017/2018 Delivery Year, provided that:

- (i) Non-Performance Charges shall be determined solely for, and assessed solely on, Capacity Performance Resources committed for such Delivery Year;
- (ii) The Non-Performance Charge shall be 0.6 times the Non-Performance Charge calculated under subsection (e) hereof; and

- (iii) The Non-Performance Charge Limit for a Delivery Year shall be 0.9 times Net Cost of New Entry times the megawatts of Unforced Capacity committed by such resource times 365.

(j) The Office of the Interconnection shall bill charges and credits for performance during Performance Assessment Intervals within three calendar months after the calendar month that included such Performance Assessment Intervals, provided, for any Non-Performance Charge, the amount shall be divided by the number of months remaining in the Delivery Year for which no invoice has been issued, and the resulting amount shall be invoiced each such remaining month in the Delivery Year. Notwithstanding, if there are less than six months remaining in the current Delivery Year for which no invoice has been issued, the Office of the Interconnection may, with prior notice to PJM Members, allocate in equal amounts any Non-Performance Charge in the remaining monthly bills for the current Delivery Year plus up to six monthly bills into the following Delivery Year for all Capacity Market Sellers that incur such a Non-Performance Charge (but in no event shall the total Non-Performance Charge be divided in more than nine monthly bills). Provided, for any Non-Performance Charges associated with Performance Assessment Intervals from December 23, 2022 and December 24, 2022, a Capacity Market Seller may elect, by providing notice to the Office of Interconnection by March 17, 2023, to divide the total amount of Non-Performance Charges by either (i) the number of remaining monthly bills in the current Delivery Year (i.e., 3 bills) or (ii) the number of remaining monthly bills in the current Delivery Year plus six additional monthly bills into the following Delivery Year (i.e., 9 bills); provided further, however, that for an election under subsection (ii) above, the monthly Non-Performance Charge shall be levelized to include interest for the six month period following the current Delivery Year, such interest amount being determined at the electric interest rate established by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission at the time of such election. All interest collected in accordance with this provision shall be allocated to the total pool of bonus performance payments and distributed in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A(g).

Attachment B

Revisions to the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, Attachment DD, Section 10A

(Clean Format)

10A. CHARGES FOR NON-PERFORMANCE AND CREDITS FOR PERFORMANCE

(a) For the 2018/2019 Delivery Year and any subsequent Delivery Year (and for certain purposes for the 2016/2017 and 2017/2018 Delivery Years as provided in subsections (h) and (i) hereof), each Capacity Market Seller that commits a Capacity Resource for a Delivery Year (whether through an RPM Auction, a bilateral transaction, or as Locational UCAP), each Locational UCAP Seller that sells Locational UCAP from a Capacity Resource for a Delivery Year, and for the 2022/2023 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years each PRD Provider that commits Price Responsive Demand for a Delivery Year, shall be charged to the extent the performance of each of its committed Capacity Resources or Price Responsive Demand during all or any part of a clock-hour when an Emergency Action is in effect falls short of the expected performance of such resources (as determined herein) and the revenue from such charges shall be provided to Market Participants with generation, demand response resources, or Price Responsive Demand that perform during such hour in excess of the level expected based on commitments (if any) of such resources.

(b) Performance shall be measured for purposes of this assessment during each Performance Assessment Interval.

(c) For each Performance Assessment Interval, the Office of the Interconnection shall determine whether, and the extent to which, the actual performance of each Capacity Resource and Locational UCAP has fallen short of the performance expected of such committed Capacity Resource, and the magnitude of any such shortfall, based on the following formula:

Performance Shortfall = Expected Performance - Actual Performance

Where the result of such formula is a positive number and where:
Expected Performance =

for Generation Capacity Resources (including external Generation Capacity Resources for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by such external resource would have helped resolve a declared Emergency Action; provided, however, that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, performance of external Generation Capacity Resources shall be assessed only during Performance Assessment Hours for Emergency Actions declared for the entire PJM Region) and Capacity Storage Resources: [(Resource Committed Capacity * the Balancing Ratio)];

where

Resource Committed Capacity = the total megawatts of Unforced Capacity of the Capacity Resource committed by such Capacity Market Seller or Locational UCAP Seller; and

The Balancing Ratio = (All Actual Generation Performance, Storage Resource Performance, Net Energy Imports, Price Responsive Demand Bonus Performance

effective with the 2022/2023 Delivery Year, and Demand Response Bonus Performance) / (All Committed Generation and Storage Capacity); provided, however, that Net Energy Imports shall be included in the calculation of the Balancing Ratio only for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by any external Generation Capacity Resource would have helped resolve the Emergency Action that was the subject to the Performance Assessment Hour; and provided further that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, Net Energy Imports shall be included in the calculation of the Balancing Ratio only for any Performance Assessment Hour for which the Emergency Action was declared for the entire PJM Region; and provided further that the Balancing Ratio shall not exceed a value of 1.0.

for purposes of which

All Committed Generation and Storage Capacity = the total megawatts of Unforced Capacity of all Generation Capacity Resources (including external Generation Capacity Resources for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by such external resource would have helped resolve the declared Emergency Action that was the subject to the Performance Assessment Hour; provided, however, that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, performance of external Generation Capacity Resources shall be assessed only during Performance Assessment Hours for Emergency Actions declared for the entire PJM Region) and all Capacity Storage Resources committed by all Capacity Market Sellers, FRR Entities, Locational UCAP Sellers;

All Actual Generation Performance and Storage Resource Performance = the total amount of Actual Performance for all generation resources (including external Generation Capacity Resources for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by such external resource would have helped resolve the declared Emergency Action that was the subject to the Performance Assessment Hour; provided, however, that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, performance of external Generation Capacity Resources shall be assessed only during Performance Assessment Hours for Emergency Actions declared for the entire PJM Region) and storage resources during the interval;

Net Energy Imports = the sum of interchange transactions importing energy into PJM (not including those associated with external Generation Capacity Resources and therefore included in All Actual Generation Performance) minus the sum of interchange transactions exporting energy out of PJM, but not less than zero;

Demand Response Bonus Performance = the sum of Bonus performance provided by Demand Response resources as calculated in (g) below;

Price Responsive Demand Bonus Performance = the sum of Bonus performance

provided by Price Responsive Demand as calculated in (g) below;

and for Demand Resources and Qualifying Transmission Upgrades: Resource Committed Capacity;

where

Resource Committed Capacity = the total megawatts of capacity committed from such Capacity Resource, where such capacity shall be in installed capacity terms for Demand Resources

and for PRD Provider: Price Responsive Demand Committed

where

Price Responsive Demand Committed = the Nominal PRD Value committed by the PRD Provider in the area defined by the Performance Assessment Interval, adjusted to account for any PRD registrations in such area that were not subject to compliance measurement.

and

Actual Performance =

for each generation resource, the metered output of energy delivered to PJM by such resource plus the resource's real-time reserve or regulation assignment, if any, during the Performance Assessment Interval;

for each storage resource, the metered output of energy delivered to PJM by such resource plus the resource's real-time reserve or regulation assignment, if any, during the Performance Assessment Interval;

for each Demand Resource, the demand response provided to PJM by such resource, plus such resource's real-time reserve or regulation assignment, if any, during the Performance Assessment Interval, as established through the PJM demand response settlement procedure consistent with the standards specified in RAA, Schedule 6;

for each PRD Provider, the actual load reduction provided by the PRD Provider during a Performance Assessment Interval, determined in accordance with RAA, Schedule 6.1.N and the PJM Manuals;

for each Energy Efficiency Resource, the load reduction quantity approved by PJM subsequent to the pre-delivery year submittal of a post-installation measurement and verification report; and

for each Qualified Transmission Upgrade, the megawatt quantity cleared by such Qualified Transmission Upgrade if it is in service during the Performance Assessment Interval, and zero if it is not in service during such Performance Assessment Interval.

Such calculation shall encompass all resources and Price Responsive Demand located in the area defined by the Emergency Action; provided, however, that Performance Shortfall shall be calculated for external Generation Capacity Resources for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by such external resource would have helped resolve the declared Emergency Action that was the subject to the Performance Assessment Hour; provided, however, that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, Performance Shortfall shall be calculated for external Generation Capacity Resources only during Performance Assessment Hours which the Emergency Action was declared for the entire PJM Region. At the start of the Delivery Year, PJM will inform the Capacity Market Seller of an external resource as to which Locational Deliverability Area it has been assigned. For purposes of this provision, Qualifying Transmission Upgrades shall be deemed to be located in the Locational Deliverability Area into which such upgrade increased the Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit, and a Qualifying Transmission Upgrade shall be included in calculations of Expected Performance and Actual Performance only if, and to the extent that, the declared Emergency Action encompasses the Locational Deliverability Area into which such upgrade increased the Capacity Emergency Transfer Limit. The Performance Shortfall shall be calculated for each Performance Assessment Interval, and any committed Capacity Resource for which the above calculation produces a negative number for a Performance Assessment Interval shall not have a Performance Shortfall for such Performance Assessment Interval.

(d) Notwithstanding subsection (c) above, a Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP of a Capacity Market Seller or Locational UCAP Seller shall not be considered in the calculation of a Performance Shortfall for a Performance Assessment Interval to the extent such Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP was unavailable during such Performance Assessment Interval solely because the resource on which such Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP is based was on a Generator Planned Outage or Generator Maintenance Outage approved by the Office of the Interconnection, or was not scheduled to operate by the Office of the Interconnection, or was online but was scheduled down, by the Office of the Interconnection, based on a determination by the Office of the Interconnection that such scheduling action was appropriate to the security-constrained economic dispatch of the PJM Region. Such a resource shall be considered in the calculation of a Performance Shortfall if it otherwise was needed and would have been scheduled by the Office of the Interconnection to perform, but was not scheduled to operate, or was scheduled down, solely due to: (i) any operating parameter limitations submitted in the resource's offer, or (ii) the seller's submission of a market-based offer higher than its cost-based. In addition, notwithstanding subsection (c) above, a Price Responsive Demand registration shall not be considered in the calculation of a Performance Shortfall or Bonus Performance for a Performance Assessment Interval when the PRD Curve associated with such registration in the PJM Real-time Energy Market indicates a price point where no demand reduction is expected at the real-time LMP recorded during the Performance Assessment Interval.

(e) Subject to the Non-Performance Charge Limit specified in subsection (f) hereof,

each Capacity Market Seller and Locational UCAP Seller shall be assessed a Non-Performance Charge for each of its Capacity Resources or Locational UCAP that has a Performance Shortfall for a Performance Assessment Interval based on the following formula, applied to each such resource:

$$\text{Non-Performance Charge} = \text{Performance Shortfall} * \text{Non-Performance Charge Rate}$$

Where

For Capacity Performance Resources and Seasonal Capacity Performance Resources, the Non-Performance Charge Rate = (Net Cost of New Entry (stated in terms of installed capacity) for the LDA and Delivery Year for which such calculation is performed * (the number of days in the Delivery Year / 30) / (the number of Real-Time Settlement Intervals in an hour).

(f) Reserved.

(f-1) The Non-Performance Charges and Non-Curtailment Charges for each Capacity Performance Resource (including Locational UCAP from such a resource) and each PRD Provider for a Delivery Year shall not exceed a Non-Performance Charge Limit equal to 1.5 times the RPM Base Residual Auction clearing price for the applicable Delivery Year and for the LDA where the resource resides, times the megawatts of Unforced Capacity committed by such resource or such PRD Provider, where such megawatts shall be based on the maximum Unforced Capacity committed up through the end of the month in which the PAI or Non-PAI Event occurs, times the number of days in the Delivery Year. The Non-Performance and Non-Curtailment Charges for each Seasonal Capacity Performance Resource for a Delivery Year shall not exceed a Non-Performance Charge Limit equal to 1.5 times the RPM Base Residual Auction clearing price times the number of days in the Delivery Year for the applicable Delivery Year and for the LDA where the resource resides, times the megawatts of Unforced Capacity committed by such resource, where such megawatts shall be based on maximum Unforced Capacity committed up through the end of the month in which the Performance Assessment Interval or Non-PAI Event occurs, times the number of days in the season applicable to such resource.

(g) Revenues collected from assessment of Non-Performance Charges for a Performance Assessment Interval shall be distributed to each Market Participant, whether or not such Market Participant committed a Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP for a Performance Assessment Interval, that provided energy or load reductions above the levels expected for such resource during such interval. For purposes of this provision, the performance expected of a resource, and the revenue distribution payment, if any, for a resource, shall be determined in accordance with the following formulae:

Formula 1: Market Participant Bonus Performance = Actual Performance – Expected Performance

and

Formula 2: Performance Payment = (Market Participant Bonus Performance / All Market Participants Bonus Performance) * Non-Performance Charge Revenues.

Where the result of Formula 1 is a positive number and where:

Actual Performance is as defined in subsection (c), provided, however, that Actual Performance for purposes of this calculation shall not exceed the megawatt level at which such resource was scheduled by the Office of the Interconnection during the Performance Assessment Intervals; and provided further that Actual Performance for a Market Participant that imports energy into the PJM Region during such Performance Assessment Interval shall be the net import, if any, from all interchange transactions scheduled by such Market Participant during such Performance Assessment Interval;

Expected Performance is as defined in subsection (c), provided, however, that for purposes of this calculation, Expected Performance shall be zero for any resource that is not a Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP, or that is a Capacity Resource or Locational UCAP, but for which the Performance Assessment Interval occurs outside the resource's capacity obligation period; and

All Market Participants Bonus Performance is the sum of the results of calculating Formula 1 of this subsection (g) for all Market Participants that have Bonus Performance during such Performance Assessment Interval.

(h) The provisions of this section 10A shall apply during the 2016/2017 Delivery Year, provided that:

- (i) Non-Performance Charges shall be determined solely for and assessed solely on, Capacity Performance Resources committed for such Delivery Year;
- (ii) The Non-Performance Charge shall be 0.5 times the Non-Performance Charge calculated under subsection (e) hereof; and
- (iii) The Non-Performance Charge Limit for a Delivery Year shall be 0.75 times Net Cost of New Entry times the megawatts of Unforced Capacity committed by such resource times 365.

(i) The provisions of this section 10A shall apply during the 2017/2018 Delivery Year, provided that:

- (i) Non-Performance Charges shall be determined solely for, and assessed solely on, Capacity Performance Resources committed for such Delivery Year;
- (ii) The Non-Performance Charge shall be 0.6 times the Non-Performance Charge calculated under subsection (e) hereof; and
- (iii) The Non-Performance Charge Limit for a Delivery Year shall be 0.9 times Net Cost of New Entry times the megawatts of Unforced Capacity committed by such resource times 365.

(j) The Office of the Interconnection shall bill charges and credits for performance during Performance Assessment Intervals within three calendar months after the calendar month that included such Performance Assessment Intervals, provided, for any Non-Performance Charge, the amount shall be divided by the number of months remaining in the Delivery Year for which no invoice has been issued, and the resulting amount shall be invoiced each such remaining month in the Delivery Year. Notwithstanding, if there are less than six months remaining in the current Delivery Year for which no invoice has been issued, the Office of the Interconnection may, with prior notice to PJM Members, allocate in equal amounts any Non-Performance Charge in the remaining monthly bills for the current Delivery Year plus up to six monthly bills into the following Delivery Year for all Capacity Market Sellers that incur such a Non-Performance Charge (but in no event shall the total Non-Performance Charge be divided in more than nine monthly bills). Provided, for any Non-Performance Charges associated with Performance Assessment Intervals from December 23, 2022 and December 24, 2022, a Capacity Market Seller may elect, by providing notice to the Office of Interconnection by March 17, 2023, to divide the total amount of Non-Performance Charges by either (i) the number of remaining monthly bills in the current Delivery Year (i.e., 3 bills) or (ii) the number of remaining monthly bills in the current Delivery Year plus six additional monthly bills into the following Delivery Year (i.e., 9 bills); provided further, however, that for an election under subsection (ii) above, the monthly Non-Performance Charge shall be levelized to include interest for the six month period following the current Delivery Year, such interest amount being determined at the electric interest rate established by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission at the time of such election. All interest collected in accordance with this provision shall be allocated to the total pool of bonus performance payments and distributed in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A(g).

Attachment C

GDEC Chart of Revisions to the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, Operating Agreement and Reliability Assurance Agreement

GDECS Chart of Tariff Revisions

	Governing Document, Agreement, Attachment, Section, Title	Current Language	Proposed Revisions	Rationale/Notes
1	Tariff, Section 4.2	Pursuant to the Commission’s May 21, 2021 Final Rule, Order No. 676-J (175 FERC ¶ 61,139) amending its regulations under the Federal Power Act, and the grant of waivers from specified provisions of WEQ-001, WEQ-002 and WEQ-003 approved by the Commission in <i>PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.</i> , 151 FERC ¶ 61,141 (May 18, 2015), <i>PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.</i> , 178 FERC ¶ 61,163 (March 7, 2022)	Pursuant to the Commission’s May 21, 2021 Final Rule, Order No. 676-J (175 FERC ¶ 61,139) amending its regulations under the Federal Power Act, and the grant of waivers from specified provisions of WEQ-001, WEQ-002 and WEQ-003 approved by the Commission in <i>PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.</i> , 151 FERC ¶ 61,141 (May 18, 2015), <i>PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.</i> , 169 FERC ¶ 61,226 (Dec. 19, 2019), <i>PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.</i> , 178 FERC ¶ 61,163 (March 7, 2022)	Adding the missing reference to one of the relevant NITS practices and procedures, Standard 001-13.1.3.
2	Tariff, Section 4.2(3)	To the extent not inconsistent with Transmission Provider’s current NITS practices and procedures, WEQ-001, Open Access Same-Time Information System (OASIS), ([WEQ] Version 003.3, March 30, 2020); excluding Standards 001-9.5, 001-10.5, 001-14.1.3, 001-15.1.2, 001-106.2.5, 001-25 in its entirety	To the extent not inconsistent with Transmission Provider’s current NITS practices and procedures, WEQ-001, Open Access Same-Time Information System (OASIS), ([WEQ] Version 003.3, March 30, 2020); excluding Standards 001-9.5, 001-10.5, 001-13.1.3, 001-14.1.3, 001-15.1.2, 001-106.2.5, 001-25 in its entirety	Adding the missing reference to one of the relevant NITS practices and procedures, Standard 001-13.1.3.
3	Tariff, Attachment C	Determining AFC and ATC using the Flowgate Methodology is a multi-step integrated process which is described in detail in the ATCID. PJM uses the following mathematical algorithms to calculate AFC and ATC. The actual detailed AFC and ATC algorithms are available on the PJM OASIS at the following link: ftp://ftp.pjm.com/oasis/afc-atc-algorithms.pdf	Determining AFC and ATC using the Flowgate Methodology is a multi-step integrated process which is described in detail in the ATCID. PJM uses the following mathematical algorithms to calculate AFC and ATC. The actual detailed AFC and ATC algorithms are available on the PJM OASIS. at the following link:— ftp://ftp.pjm.com/oasis/afc-atc-algorithms.pdf	The website hyperlink is no longer valid.
4	Tariff, Attachment C	Transmission Provider uses TRM in all AFC calculations. Transmission Provider includes TRM in the AFC/ATC calculation to provide a reasonable level of assurance that the interconnected transmission network will be secure. TRM is not scheduled against or explicitly used for the delivery of energy. It is preserved as a reliability margin to reflect the uncertainty of the operation of the electric system (i.e., to prevent oversubscription of the transmission system). Transmission Provider flowgates with their TRM, CBM, and ratings are posted on the PJM OASIS page under ATC Information at:	Transmission Provider uses TRM in all AFC calculations. Transmission Provider includes TRM in the AFC/ATC calculation to provide a reasonable level of assurance that the interconnected transmission network will be secure. TRM is not scheduled against or explicitly used for the delivery of energy. It is preserved as a reliability margin to reflect the uncertainty of the operation of the electric system (i.e., to prevent oversubscription of the transmission system). Transmission Provider flowgates with their TRM, CBM, and ratings are posted on the PJM OASIS page. d- under ATC Information at:	The website hyperlink is no longer valid.

GDECS Chart of Tariff Revisions

	Governing Document, Agreement, Attachment, Section, Title	Current Language	Proposed Revisions	Rationale/Notes
		ftp://ftp.pjm.com/oasis/fgates-definitions-posting.csv	ftp://ftp.pjm.com/oasis/fgates-definitions-posting.csv	
5	Tariff, Attachment K Appendix, section 1.4B (k) and Operating Agreement, Schedule 1, section 1.4B (k)	(k) A DER Capacity Aggregation Resource shall be subject to a MOPR Floor Offer Price in accordance with the provisions applicable to MOPR Floor Offer Price for Generation Capacity Resources, as described in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(h-2), and Market Seller Offer Cap for Generation Capacity Resources in a manner consistent with the provisions applicable to Market Seller Offer Cap for Generation Capacity Resources, as described in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 6.4 and Tariff, Attachment M-Appendix, section II.E, based on the underlying technology of the Component DER.	(k) A DER Capacity Aggregation Resource shall be subject to a MOPR Floor Offer Price in accordance with the provisions applicable to MOPR Floor Offer Price for Generation Capacity Resources, as described in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(h-2), and Market Seller Offer Cap for Generation Capacity Resources in a manner consistent with the provisions applicable to Market Seller Offer Cap for Generation Capacity Resources, as described in Tariff, Attachment DD, section 6-4 and Tariff, Attachment M-Appendix, section II.E, based on the underlying technology of the Component DER.	Paragraph #87 of the March 1, 2023 FERC Order indicates that PJM's existing capacity market mitigation rules are to apply to DER Capacity Aggregation Resources based on the composition of the DER Capacity Aggregation Resource and consistent with such requirements applied to all resources in PJM. The existing mitigation rules regarding Market Seller Offer Cap are not solely in section 6.4 of Tariff, Attachment DD and appear throughout Attachment DD, Section 6.
6	Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.3A	A Member that has committed capacity through an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year may purchase Locational UCAP as replacement capacity from a Member with available uncommitted capacity for such Delivery Year in accordance with the terms of this section and the PJM Manuals. Locational UCAP may not be sold or purchased prior to the date that the final Accredited UCAP Factor is established for such Delivery Year, and if designated to PJM by the Locational UCAP Seller as sold prior to the Third Incremental Auction for a Delivery Year must be confirmed by the buyer prior to such Third Incremental Auction as purchased for replacement capacity, or such transaction shall be rejected. In accordance with procedures specified in the PJM Manuals, the parties to a Locational UCAP transaction must notify PJM of such transaction, which notification must specify: i) the buyer, ii) the Locational UCAP Seller, iii) the start and end dates of the transaction (which may not be retroactive), iv) the Locational UCAP amount (no less than 0.1 megawatts), v) the demand or generation resource with available uncommitted capacity that is the basis for the sale, vi) the Locational Delivery Area in	A Member that has committed capacity through an RPM Auction for a Delivery Year may purchase Locational UCAP as replacement capacity from a Member with available uncommitted capacity for such Delivery Year in accordance with the terms of this section and the PJM Manuals. Locational UCAP may not be sold or purchased prior to the date that the final Accredited UCAP Factor is established for such Delivery Year, and if designated to PJM by the Locational UCAP Seller as sold prior to the Third Incremental Auction for a Delivery Year must be confirmed by the buyer prior to such Third Incremental Auction as purchased for replacement capacity, or such transaction shall be rejected. In accordance with procedures specified in the PJM Manuals, the parties to a Locational UCAP transaction must notify PJM of such transaction, which notification must specify: i) the buyer, ii) the Locational UCAP Seller, iii) the start and end dates of the transaction (which may not be retroactive), iv) the Locational UCAP amount (no less than 0.1 megawatts), v) the demand or generation resource with available uncommitted capacity that is the basis for the sale, vi)	DER Capacity Aggregation Resources that are used as the basis of a Location UCAP bilateral transaction are subject to DER Capacity Aggregation Test Failure Charges (section 11B of Tariff, Att DD). Section 5.3A is currently missing a reference to Tariff, Att DD, section 11B, which details the DER Capacity Aggregation Resource Test Failure Charge and is scheduled to become effective on February 1, 2028.

GDECS Chart of Tariff Revisions

	Governing Document, Agreement, Attachment, Section, Title	Current Language	Proposed Revisions	Rationale/Notes
		which the resource is located. The Locational UCAP Seller shall be responsible for any charges imposed under sections 7, 7A, 8, 10A, 11A, or 13, as applicable, for such Delivery Year, with respect to the increment of capacity sold as Locational UCAP; any other settlement of charges under the Locational UCAP transaction shall be between the parties. A purchaser of Locational UCAP may not offer such capacity into an RPM Auction	the Locational Delivery Area in which the resource is located. The Locational UCAP Seller shall be responsible for any charges imposed under sections 7, 7A, 8, 10A, 11A, 11B , or 13, as applicable, for such Delivery Year, with respect to the increment of capacity sold as Locational UCAP; any other settlement of charges under the Locational UCAP transaction shall be between the parties. A purchaser of Locational UCAP may not offer such capacity into an RPM Auction	
7	Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.6 (g)	(g) A Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls one or more Capacity Storage Resources, Intermittent Resources, Demand Resources, or Energy Efficiency Resources may submit a Sell Offer as a Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with their average expected output during peak-hour periods, not to exceed the Accredited UCAP of such resource, as applicable. Alternatively, a Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls one or more Capacity Storage Resources, Intermittent Resources, Demand Resources, Energy Efficiency Resources, or Environmentally-Limited Resources may submit a Sell Offer which represents the aggregated Unforced Capacity value of such resources, where such Sell Offer shall be considered to be located in the smallest modeled LDA common to the aggregated resources. Such aggregated resources shall be owned by or under contract to the Capacity Market Seller, including all such resources obtained through bilateral contract and reported to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the Office of the Interconnection’s rules related to its Capacity Exchange tools. If any of the commercially aggregated resources in such Sell Offer are subject to the Minimum Floor Offer Price pursuant to Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(h-2), the Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls such resources may submit a Sell Offer with a Minimum Floor Offer Price of no lower than the time and MW-weighted average of the applicable MOPR	(g) A Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls one or more Capacity Storage Resources, Intermittent Resources, or Demand Resources, or Energy Efficiency Resources may submit a Sell Offer as a Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with their average expected output during peak-hour periods, not to exceed the Accredited UCAP of such resource, as applicable. Alternatively, a Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls one or more Capacity Storage Resources, Intermittent Resources that has been granted additional Capacity Interconnection Rights related to the winter-period and Summer-Period Demand Resources, Energy Efficiency Resources, or Environmentally-Limited Resources may submit a Sell Offer which represents the aggregated Unforced Capacity value of such resources, where such Sell Offer shall be considered to be located in the smallest modeled LDA common to the aggregated resources. Such aggregated resources shall be owned by or under contract to the Capacity Market Seller, including all such resources obtained through bilateral contract and reported to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the Office of the Interconnection’s rules related to its Capacity Exchange tools. If any of the commercially aggregated resources in such Sell Offer are subject to the Minimum Floor Offer Price pursuant to Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(h-2), the Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls such resources may submit a Sell Offer with a Minimum Floor Offer Price of no lower than the time and MW-weighted average of the applicable MOPR	Participation of Energy Efficiency Resources sunset with the 2026/2027 Delivery Year per ER24-2995. Commercial aggregation is now limited to Intermittent Resources that have granted additional CIRs related to the winter-period and Summer Period Demand Resources. Revisions are consistent with the removal of the categorical must-offer exception for Capacity Storage Resources and Intermittent Resources, which the Commission accepted in <i>PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.</i> , 190 FERC ¶ 61,117 (2025). Capacity Storage Resources and Intermittent Resources must now be offered into the Reliability Pricing Model (“RPM”) Auctions as annual resources and cannot just meet the capacity must-offer requirement by offering as a seasonal capacity resource. As a result, only those incremental additional winter Capacity Interconnection Rights that are granted to an Intermittent Resource would have the ability to aggregate with a Summer-Period Demand Resource.

GDECS Chart of Tariff Revisions

	Governing Document, Agreement, Attachment, Section, Title	Current Language	Proposed Revisions	Rationale/Notes
		Floor Offer Prices (zero if not applicable) of the aggregated resources in such Sell Offer.	Floor Offer Prices (zero if not applicable) of the aggregated resources in such Sell Offer.	
8	Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.6 (i)	(i) For the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls a resource that qualifies as a Summer-Period Capacity Performance Resource may submit a Sell Offer as a Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with the average expected output of such resource during peak-hour periods, and may submit a separate Sell Offer as a Summer-Period Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with the average expected output of such resource during summer peak hour periods, provided the total Sell Offer MW quantity submitted as both a Capacity Performance Resource and a Summer-Period Capacity Performance Resource does not exceed the Unforced Capacity value of the resource. For the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls a resource that qualifies as a Winter-Period Capacity Performance Resource may submit a Sell Offer as a Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with the average expected output of such resource during peak-hour periods, and may submit a separate Sell Offer as a Winter-Period Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with the average expected output of such resource during winter peak-hour periods, provided the total Sell Offer MW quantity submitted as both a Capacity Performance Resource and a Winter-Period Capacity Performance Resource does not exceed the Unforced Capacity value of the resource. Each segment of a Seasonal Capacity Performance Resource Sell Offer must be submitted as a flexible Sell Offer segment with the minimum MW quantity offered set to zero.	(i-h) For the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a A Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls a resource that qualifies as a Summer-Period Capacity Performance Resource may submit a Sell Offer as a Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with the average expected output of such resource during peak-hour periods, and may submit a separate Sell Offer as a Summer-Period Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with the average expected output of such resource during summer peak hour periods, provided the total Sell Offer MW quantity submitted as both a Capacity Performance Resource and a Summer-Period Capacity Performance Resource does not exceed the Unforced Capacity value of the resource. For the 2020/2021 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a A Capacity Market Seller that owns or controls a resource that qualifies as a Winter-Period Capacity Performance Resource may submit a Sell Offer as a Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with the average expected output of such resource during peak-hour periods, and may submit a separate Sell Offer as a Winter-Period Capacity Performance Resource in a MW quantity consistent with the average expected output of such resource during winter peak-hour periods, provided the total Sell Offer MW quantity submitted as both a Capacity Performance Resource and a Winter-Period Capacity Performance Resource does not exceed the Unforced Capacity value of the resource. Each segment of a Seasonal Capacity Performance Resource Sell Offer must be submitted as a flexible Sell Offer segment with the minimum MW quantity offered set to zero.	Corrects the label for subsection (i) to (h) and deletes obsolete language that refers to a Delivery Year that has passed.

GDECS Chart of Tariff Revisions

	Governing Document, Agreement, Attachment, Section, Title	Current Language	Proposed Revisions	Rationale/Notes
9	Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(h-2)(4)	(4) Unit-Specific Exception. A Capacity Market Seller intending to submit a Sell Offer in any RPM Auction for a Generation Capacity Resource that is subject to the provisions of the Minimum Offer Price Rule below the applicable default MOPR Floor Offer Price may, at its election, submit a request for a unit-specific exception for such Capacity Resource. A Capacity Market Seller intending to submit a Sell Offer in any RPM Auction for a Generation Capacity Resource that is under a fact-specific review for Buyer-Side Market Power pursuant to Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(h-2)(2)(B)(ii), and where the offer is below the applicable default MOPR Floor Offer Price may, at its election, submit a request for a unit-specific exception for such Generation Capacity Resource. A Sell Offer below the default MOPR Floor Offer Price, but no lower than the unit-specific MOPR Floor Offer Price, shall be permitted if the Capacity Market Seller obtains approval from the Office of the Interconnection or the Commission, prior to the RPM Auction in which it seeks to submit the Sell Offer. The unit-specific MOPR Floor Offer Price determined under this provision shall be based on the unit-specific Accredited UCAP value for battery energy storage resource types and for solar and wind generation resource types (appropriately time-weighted for any winter Capacity Interconnection Rights) or on the unit-specific EFORd for all other generation resource types, and shall be applied to each MW offered by the resource regardless of actual Sell Offer quantity and regardless of whether the Sell Offer is for a Seasonal Capacity Performance Resource. Such Sell Offer is permissible because it is consistent with the competitive, cost-based, fixed, net cost of the resource.	(4) Unit-Specific Exception. A Capacity Market Seller intending to submit a Sell Offer in any RPM Auction for a Generation Capacity Resource that is subject to the provisions of the Minimum Offer Price Rule below the applicable default MOPR Floor Offer Price may, at its election, submit a request for a unit-specific exception for such Capacity Resource. A Capacity Market Seller intending to submit a Sell Offer in any RPM Auction for a Generation Capacity Resource that is under a fact-specific review for Buyer-Side Market Power pursuant to Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(h-2)(2)(B)(ii), and where the offer is below the applicable default MOPR Floor Offer Price may, at its election, submit a request for a unit-specific exception for such Generation Capacity Resource. A Sell Offer below the default MOPR Floor Offer Price, but no lower than the unit-specific MOPR Floor Offer Price, shall be permitted if the Capacity Market Seller obtains approval from the Office of the Interconnection or the Commission, prior to the RPM Auction in which it seeks to submit the Sell Offer. The unit-specific MOPR Floor Offer Price determined under this provision shall be based on the unit-specific Accredited UCAP value for battery energy storage resource types and for solar and wind generation resource types (appropriately time-weighted for any winter Capacity Interconnection Rights) or on the unit-specific EFORd Accredited UCAP value for all other generation resource types, and shall be applied to each MW offered by the resource regardless of actual Sell Offer quantity and regardless of whether the Sell Offer is for a Seasonal Capacity Performance Resource. Such Sell Offer is permissible because it is consistent with the competitive, cost-based, fixed, net cost of the resource.	Updates the language in the unit-specific MOPR Floor Offer Price section to use Accredited UCAP value since that has replaced EFORd under the ELCC construct in accordance with <i>PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.</i> , 186 FERC ¶ 61,080 (2024).
10	Tariff, Attachment DD, section 6.5(a)(ii)(C)	Where the two conditions stated in subsection (B) above are not met, or the Sell Offer is pivotal, the Sell Offer shall be rejected if it exceeds 140 percent of: 1) the average of location-adjusted Sell Offers for Planned Generation Capacity Resources from the same	Where the two conditions stated in subsection (B) above are not met, or the Sell Offer is pivotal, the Sell Offer shall be rejected if it exceeds 140 percent of: 1) the average of location-adjusted Sell Offers for Planned Generation Capacity Resources from the same	This update adds a clarification that when a Sell Offer for a planned resource is rejected because the MOPR Floor Price is higher than the mitigated price for planned resources, no

GDECS Chart of Tariff Revisions

	Governing Document, Agreement, Attachment, Section, Title	Current Language	Proposed Revisions	Rationale/Notes
		asset class as such Sell Offer, submitted (and not rejected) (Asset-Class New Plant Offers) for such Delivery Year; or 2) if there are no Asset-Class New Plant Offers for such Delivery Year, the average of Asset-Class New Plant Offers for all prior Delivery Years; or 3) if there are no Asset-Class New Plant Offers for any prior Delivery Year, the Net CONE applicable for such Delivery Year in the LDA for which such Sell Offer was submitted. For purposes of this section, asset classes shall be as stated in section 6.7(c) below as effective for such Delivery Year, and Asset-Class New Plant Offers shall be location-adjusted by the ratio between the Net CONE effective for such Delivery Year for the LDA in which the Sell Offer subject to this section was submitted and the average, weighted by installed capacity, of the Net CONEs for all LDAs in which the units underlying such Asset Class New Plant Offers are located. Following the conduct of the applicable auction and before the final determination of clearing prices, in accordance with Section 6.2(b) above, each Capacity Market Seller whose Sell Offer is so rejected shall be notified in writing by the Office of the Interconnection by no later than one (1) Business Day after the close of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction and allowed an opportunity to submit a revised Sell Offer that does not exceed such threshold within one (1) Business Day of the Office of the Interconnection's rejection of such Sell Offer. If such revised Sell Offer is accepted by the Office of the Interconnection, the Office of the Interconnection then shall clear the auction with such revised Sell Offer in place. Pursuant to Tariff, Attachment M-Appendix, Section II.F, the Market Monitoring Unit shall notify in writing each Capacity Market Seller whose Sell Offer has been determined to be non-competitive and subject to mitigation, with a copy to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than one (1) Business Day after the close of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.	asset class as such Sell Offer, submitted (and not rejected) (Asset-Class New Plant Offers) for such Delivery Year; or 2) if there are no Asset-Class New Plant Offers for such Delivery Year, the average of Asset-Class New Plant Offers for all prior Delivery Years; or 3) if there are no Asset-Class New Plant Offers for any prior Delivery Year, the Net CONE applicable for such Delivery Year in the LDA for which such Sell Offer was submitted. For purposes of this section, asset classes shall be as stated in section 6.7(c) below as effective for such Delivery Year, and Asset-Class New Plant Offers shall be location-adjusted by the ratio between the Net CONE effective for such Delivery Year for the LDA in which the Sell Offer subject to this section was submitted and the average, weighted by installed capacity, of the Net CONEs for all LDAs in which the units underlying such Asset Class New Plant Offers are located. Following the conduct of the applicable auction and before the final determination of clearing prices, in accordance with Section 6.2(b) above, each Capacity Market Seller whose Sell Offer is so rejected (except for those Sell Offers that are rejected because the MOPR Floor Price is higher than the mitigated offer price in accordance with Tariff, Attachment DD, section 5.14(h-2)) shall be notified in writing by the Office of the Interconnection by no later than one (1) Business Day after the close of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction and allowed an opportunity to submit a revised Sell Offer that does not exceed such threshold within one (1) Business Day of the Office of the Interconnection's rejection of such Sell Offer. If such revised Sell Offer is accepted by the Office of the Interconnection, the Office of the Interconnection then shall clear the auction with such revised Sell Offer in place. Pursuant to Tariff, Attachment M-Appendix, Section II.F, the Market Monitoring Unit shall notify in writing each Capacity Market Seller whose Sell Offer has been determined to be non-competitive and subject to mitigation, with a	notice is required since the impacted Capacity Market Seller would not be able to reduce such Sell Offer when it is subject to the MOPR Floor Price.

GDECS Chart of Tariff Revisions

	Governing Document, Agreement, Attachment, Section, Title	Current Language	Proposed Revisions	Rationale/Notes
			copy to the Office of the Interconnection, by no later than one (1) Business Day after the close of the offer period for the applicable RPM Auction.	
11	Tariff, Attachment DD, section 10A(c)	All Actual Generation Performance and Storage Resource Performance = the total amount of Actual Performance for all generation resources (including external Generation Capacity Resources for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by such external resource would have helped resolve the declared Emergency Action that was the subject to the Performance Assessment Hour; provided, however, that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, performance of external Generation Capacity Resources shall be assessed only during Performance Assessment Hours for Emergency Actions declared for the entire PJM Region) and storage resources during the interval; Net Energy Imports = the sum of interchange transactions importing energy into PJM (not including those associated with external Generation Capacity Resources and therefore included in All Actual Generation Performance) minus the sum of interchange transactions exporting energy out of PJM, but not less than zero; Demand Response Bonus Performance = the sum of Bonus performance provided by Demand Response resources as calculated in (g) below; Price Responsive Demand Bonus Performance = the sum of Bonus performance provided by Price Responsive Demand as calculated in (g) below; and for Demand Resources, Energy Efficiency Resources, and Qualifying Transmission Upgrades: Resource Committed Capacity; where Resource Committed Capacity = the total megawatts of capacity committed from such Capacity Resource committed capacity without making any adjustment for the Forecast Pool Requirement	All Actual Generation Performance and Storage Resource Performance = the total amount of Actual Performance for all generation resources (including external Generation Capacity Resources for any Performance Assessment Interval for which performance by such external resource would have helped resolve the declared Emergency Action that was the subject to the Performance Assessment Hour; provided, however, that for any Delivery Year up to and including the 2019/2020 Delivery Year, performance of external Generation Capacity Resources shall be assessed only during Performance Assessment Hours for Emergency Actions declared for the entire PJM Region) and storage resources during the interval; Net Energy Imports = the sum of interchange transactions importing energy into PJM (not including those associated with external Generation Capacity Resources and therefore included in All Actual Generation Performance) minus the sum of interchange transactions exporting energy out of PJM, but not less than zero; Demand Response Bonus Performance = the sum of Bonus performance provided by Demand Response resources as calculated in (g) below; Price Responsive Demand Bonus Performance = the sum of Bonus performance provided by Price Responsive Demand as calculated in (g) below; and for Demand Resources, Energy Efficiency Resources, and Qualifying Transmission Upgrades: Resource Committed Capacity; where Resource Committed Capacity = the total megawatts of capacity committed from such Capacity Resource, where such committed capacity shall be in installed capacity terms committed capacity without making any adjustment for the Forecast Pool Requirement	Revision clarifies that the Resource Committed Capacity in Performance Assessment Interval Expected Performance calculation is based on installed capacity terms for Demand Resources and Qualifying Transmission Upgrades. The phrase “committed capacity without making any adjustment for Forecast Pool Requirement” is no longer necessary since the proposed revision makes it clear that committed capacity shall be in installed capacity terms and the reference to “without making any adjustment for the Forecast Pool Requirement” no longer applies since the Forecast Pool Requirement is no longer used to convert an installed capacity commitment to an unforced capacity commitment for Demand Resources. This also removes Energy Efficiency Resources from this section given that such resources no longer qualify as capacity as of the 2026/2027 Delivery Year.

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	Governing Document, Agreement, Attachment, Section, Title	Current Language	Proposed Revisions	Rationale/Notes
		and ...	and ...	
12	RAA, Article 1, Definitions – Capacity Resources	"Capacity Resources" shall mean megawatts of (i) net capacity from Existing Generation Capacity Resources or Planned Generation Capacity Resources meeting the requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedules 9 and Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 10 that are or will be owned by or contracted to a Party and that are or will be committed to satisfy that Party's obligations under the Reliability Assurance Agreement, or to satisfy the reliability requirements of the PJM Region, for a Delivery Year; (ii) net capacity from Existing Generation Capacity Resources or Planned Generation Capacity Resources not owned or contracted for by a Party which are accredited to the PJM Region pursuant to the procedures set forth in such Schedules 9 and 10; or (iii) load reduction capability provided by Demand Resources or Energy Efficiency Resources that are accredited to the PJM Region pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6; or (iv) generation and load reduction capability provided by a DER Capacity Aggregation Resource, pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.2 and the PJM Manuals.	"Capacity Resources" shall mean megawatts of (i) net capacity from Existing Generation Capacity Resources or Planned Generation Capacity Resources meeting the requirements of the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedules 9 and Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 10 that are or will be owned by or contracted to a Party and that are or will may be committed to satisfy that Party's obligations under the Reliability Assurance Agreement, or to satisfy the reliability requirements of the PJM Region, for a Delivery Year; (ii) net capacity from Existing Generation Capacity Resources or Planned Generation Capacity Resources not owned or contracted for by a Party which are accredited to the PJM Region pursuant to the procedures set forth in such Schedules 9 and 10; or (iii) load reduction capability provided by Demand Resources or Energy Efficiency Resources that are accredited to the PJM Region pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6; or (iv) generation and load reduction capability provided by a DER Capacity Aggregation Resource, pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Reliability Assurance Agreement, Schedule 6.2 and the PJM Manuals.	While a Capacity Resource could be committed as capacity, this clarification makes clear that not all Capacity Resource have or will have a capacity commitment.
13	RAA, Article 1, Definitions – Existing Generation Capacity Resources	"Existing Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean, for purposes of the must-offer requirement and mitigation of offers for any RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource that, as of the date on which bidding commences for such auction: (a) is in service; or (b) is not yet in service, but has cleared any RPM Auction for any prior Delivery Year. A Generation Capacity Resource shall be deemed to be in service if interconnection service has ever commenced (for resources located in the PJM Region), or if it is physically and electrically interconnected to an external Control	"Existing Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean, for purposes of the must-offer requirement and mitigation of offers for any RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource that, as of the date on which bidding commences for such auction: (a) is in service; or (b) is not yet in service, but has cleared any RPM Auction for any prior Delivery Year. A Generation Capacity Resource shall be deemed to be in service if interconnection service has ever commenced (for resources located in the PJM Region), or if it is physically and electrically interconnected to an external Control Area and is in full	Update to make clear that a resource that already cleared a prior RPM Auction for a relevant Delivery Year should be considered an Existing Generation Capacity Resource for subsequent RPM Auctions associated with such Delivery Year. This would make clear that a Planned Generation Capacity Resource that clears in the Base Residual Auction would not need to submit a binding notice of intent to

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		Area and is in full commercial operation (for resources not located in the PJM Region). The additional megawatts of a Generation Capacity Resource that is being, or has been, modified to increase the number of megawatts of available installed capacity thereof shall not be deemed to be an Existing Generation Capacity Resource until such time as those megawatts (a) are in service; or (b) are not yet in service, but have cleared any RPM Auction for any prior Delivery Year.	commercial operation (for resources not located in the PJM Region). The additional megawatts of a Generation Capacity Resource that is being, or has been, modified to increase the number of megawatts of available installed capacity thereof shall not be deemed to be an Existing Generation Capacity Resource until such time as those megawatts (a) are in service; or (b) are not yet in service, but have cleared any RPM Auction for any prior Delivery Year or has cleared a prior RPM Auction associated with the same Delivery Year in which the resource is to be offered in an Incremental Auction.	offer in subsequent Incremental Auctions associated with the same Delivery Year since such a resource would be included in the planning models once it is already cleared in the Base Residual Auction.
14	RAA, Article 1, Definitions – Planned Generation Capacity Resources	"Planned Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean a Generation Capacity Resource, or additional megawatts to increase the size of a Generation Capacity Resource that is being or has been modified to increase the number of megawatts of available installed capacity thereof, participating in the generation interconnection process under Tariff, Part IV, Subpart A, as applicable, for which: (i) Interconnection Service is scheduled to commence on or before the first day of the Delivery Year for which such resource is to be committed to RPM or to an FRR Capacity Plan; (ii) for any such resource seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction, or for any such resource of 20 MWs or less seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction, a System Impact Study Agreement (or, for resources for which a System Impact Study Agreement is not required, has such other agreement or documentation that is functionally equivalent to a System Impact Study Agreement) has been executed prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year; (iii) for any such resource of more than 20 MWs seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction for the 2019/2020 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Facilities Study Agreement (or, for resources for which a Facilities Study Agreement is not required, has such other agreement or documentation that is functionally equivalent to a Facility Studies Agreement) has been executed prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year; and (iv) an	"Planned Generation Capacity Resource" shall mean a Generation Capacity Resource, or additional megawatts to increase the size of a Generation Capacity Resource that is being or has been modified to increase the number of megawatts of available installed capacity thereof, participating in the generation interconnection process under Tariff, Part IV, Subpart A, as applicable, for which: (i) Interconnection Service is scheduled to commence on or before the first day of the Delivery Year for which such resource is to be committed to RPM or to an FRR Capacity Plan; (ii) for any such resource seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction, or for any such resource of 20 MWs or less seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction, a System Impact Study Agreement (or, for resources for which a System Impact Study Agreement is not required, has such other agreement or documentation that is functionally equivalent to a System Impact Study Agreement) has been executed prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year; (iii) for any such resource of more than 20 MWs seeking to offer into a Base Residual Auction for the 2019/2020 Delivery Year and subsequent Delivery Years, a Facilities Study Agreement (or, for resources for which a Facilities Study Agreement is not required, has such other agreement or documentation that is functionally equivalent to a Facility Studies Agreement) has been executed prior to the Base Residual Auction for such Delivery Year; and (iv) an Interconnection Service Agreement	Update to make clear that a resource that already cleared a prior RPM Auction for a relevant Delivery Year should be considered Existing Generation Capacity Resource for subsequent RPM Auctions associated with such Delivery Year. This would make clear that a Planned Generation Capacity Resource that clears in the Base Residual Auction would not need to submit a binding notice of intent to offer in subsequent Incremental Auctions associated with the same Delivery Year since such a resource would be included in the planning models once it is already cleared in the Base Residual Auction.

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		Interconnection Service Agreement has been executed prior to any Incremental Auction for such Delivery Year in which such resource plans to participate. For purposes of the must-offer requirement and mitigation of offers for any RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource shall cease to be considered a Planned Generation Capacity Resource as of the earlier of (i) the date that Interconnection Service commences as to such resource; or (ii) the resource has cleared an RPM Auction for any Delivery Year, in which case it shall become an Existing Generation Capacity Resource for any RPM Auction for all subsequent Delivery Years.	has been executed prior to any Incremental Auction for such Delivery Year in which such resource plans to participate. For purposes of the must-offer requirement and mitigation of offers for any RPM Auction for a Delivery Year, a Generation Capacity Resource shall cease to be considered a Planned Generation Capacity Resource as of the earlier of (i) the date that Interconnection Service commences as to such resource; or (ii) the resource has cleared an RPM Auction for any Delivery Year, in which case it shall become an Existing Generation Capacity Resource for any RPM Auction for all subsequent Delivery Years and for subsequent Incremental Auctions associated with the Delivery Year that a resource first clears an RPM Auction.	
15	RAA, Article 1, Definitions - Unforced Capacity	"Unforced Capacity" shall mean installed capacity rated at summer conditions that is not on average experiencing a forced outage or forced derating, calculated for each Capacity Resource on the 12-month period from October to September without regard to the ownership of or the contractual rights to the capacity of the unit.	"Unforced Capacity" shall mean installed capacity rated at summer conditions the capacity value as determined by the effective load carrying capability analysis for the Delivery Year, as further described in Schedule 9.2, that is not on average experiencing a forced outage or forced derating, calculated for each Capacity Resource on the 12-month period from October to September without regard to the ownership of or the contractual rights to the capacity of the unit.	The existing definition describes the use of EFORD, which has been replaced with ELCC. This update aligns the definition of Unforced Capacity with how capacity resources are now accredited under ELCC.
16	RAA, Schedule 9.2 (B) (6)	(6) Mixed-technology resources are composed of components with different generation technologies, at least one of which would be an ELCC Resource, behind a single Point of Interconnection. For a mixed-technology resource composed of components that do not have significant interaction, the components are eligible to participate as separate resources. A mixed-technology resource composed of components that have significant interaction must participate as a single Combination Resource (or, if the components would all be Variable Resources, then as a single Variable Resource). The Capacity Resource Provider of a mixed-technology resource eligible to participate as either a single ELCC Resource or as multiple stand-alone resources shall elect, for a term of five	(6) Mixed-technology resources Mixed-Technology Facility are is composed of components with different generation technologies, at least one of which would be an ELCC Resource, behind a single Point of Interconnection. For a mixed-technology resource Mixed-Technology Facility composed of components that do not have significant interaction, the components are eligible to participate as separate resources. A mixed-technology resource Mixed-Technology Facility composed of components that have significant interaction must participate as a single Combination Resource (or, if the components would all be Variable Resources, then as a single Variable Resource). The Capacity Resource Provider of a mixed-technology resource Mixed-Technology Facility eligible to participate as either a	The defined term in the OA & Tariff is "Mixed-Technology Facility" so this update utilizes the defined term in RAA, Schedule 9.2(b)(6). Mixed Technology Facility" is defined as a facility composed of distinct generation and/or electric storage technology types behind the same Point of Interconnection. Co-Located Resources and Hybrid Resources form all or part of Mixed Technology Facilities.

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		consecutive Delivery Years, whether PJM is to model it as a single ELCC Resource or as multiple stand-alone resources. After such five Delivery Year period, a Capacity Resource Provider may request a change in such modelling approach by submitting to the Office of the Interconnection a written request to change the modelling approach and provide documentation supporting such change. A Capacity Resource Provider must submit such a request, and supporting documentation, by August 1 prior to the calendar year for the RPM Auction in which the ELCC Resource(s) intend(s) to submit a Sell Offer or otherwise commit to provide capacity, except for 2025/2026 Delivery Year such required information must be provided to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the PJM Manuals. The Office of the Interconnection shall provide no later than following November 15 written notification to the Capacity Resource Provider of its determination. If the request is granted, the ELCC Resource(s) shall be modelled as requested starting with the next Delivery Year for which no RPM Auction has been conducted and for subsequent Delivery Years. If the request is denied, the Office of the Interconnection shall include in the notice a written explanation for the denial.	single ELCC Resource or as multiple stand-alone resources shall elect, for a term of five consecutive Delivery Years, whether PJM is to model it as a single ELCC Resource or as multiple stand-alone resources. After such five Delivery Year period, a Capacity Resource Provider may request a change in such modelling approach by submitting to the Office of the Interconnection a written request to change the modelling approach and provide documentation supporting such change. A Capacity Resource Provider must submit such a request, and supporting documentation, by August 1 prior to the calendar year for the RPM Auction in which the ELCC Resource(s) intend(s) to submit a Sell Offer or otherwise commit to provide capacity, except for 2025/2026 Delivery Year such required information must be provided to the Office of the Interconnection in accordance with the PJM Manuals. The Office of the Interconnection shall provide no later than following November 15 written notification to the Capacity Resource Provider of its determination. If the request is granted, the ELCC Resource(s) shall be modelled as requested starting with the next Delivery Year for which no RPM Auction has been conducted and for subsequent Delivery Years. If the request is denied, the Office of the Interconnection shall include in the notice a written explanation for the denial.	