

***Generation Interconnection
Combined Feasibility/System Impact Study
Report***

For

***PJM Generation Interconnection Request
Queue Position AB1-183***

“Kennedyville-Massey 69 kV”

February 2016

Preface

The intent of the Combined Feasibility/System Impact Study is to determine a plan, with approximate cost and construction time estimates, to connect the subject generation interconnection project to the PJM network at a location specified by the Interconnection Customer. As a requirement for interconnection, the Interconnection Customer may be responsible for the cost of constructing: Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system. All facilities required for interconnection of a generation interconnection project must be designed to meet the technical specifications (on PJM web site) for the appropriate Transmission Owner.

Study estimates do not include the feasibility, cost, or time required to obtain property rights and permits for construction of the required facilities. The Interconnection Customer may be responsible for the right of way, real estate, and construction permit issues. For properties currently owned by Transmission Owners, the costs may be included in the study.

General

Mills Branch Solar, LLC, the Interconnection Customer (IC), has proposed a 0 MW MFO (0 MWC) upgrade to their prior queue project Y3-033, a 100 MW MFO (13 MW Capacity) wind project. AB1-183 partially converts the Y3-033 wind project to solar. The combined project will become a 39 MW wind and 60 MW solar resource (99 MW MFO; 13 MW Capacity). The facility is located in Kent County, Maryland. PJM studied AB1-183/Y3-033 as a 99 MW injection into the Delmarva Power and Light (DPL) system at a tap of the Kennedyville-Massey 69 kV circuit and evaluated it for compliance with reliability criteria for summer peak conditions in 2019. The planned in-service date, as stated during the project kick-off call, is October, 2016.

Point of Interconnection

AB1-183 will utilize the same Point of interconnection as the Interconnection Customer's prior queue project Y3-033 (see Attachment 1).

Direct Connection Requirements

Transmission Owner Scope of Work

Addressed by queue project Y3-033.

Additional Operating Requirements

1. The Company (DPL, ACE, PEPCO) will require the capability to remotely disconnect the generator from the grid by communication from its System Operations facility. This will be accomplished with a line recloser.
2. It is the Interconnection Customer's responsibility to send the data that PJM and the Company requires directly to PJM. The Interconnection Customer will grant permission for PJM to send the Company the following telemetry that the Interconnection Customer sends to PJM: real time

MW, MVAR, volts, amperes, generator breaker status or inverter status, and interval MWH and MVARH.

3. The Interconnection Customer will be required to make provisions for a voice quality phone line within approximately 3 feet of each Company metering position to facilitate remote interrogation and data collection.
4. A mutually acceptable means of interrupting and disconnecting the generator with a visible break, able to be tagged and locked out, shall be worked out with Company Distribution Engineering.
5. Company reserves the right to charge the Interconnection Customer operation and maintenance expenses to maintain the Interconnection Customer attachment facilities, including metering and telecommunications facilities, owned by Company.

Interconnection Customer Scope of Work

The Interconnection Customer (IC) is responsible for all design and construction related to activities on their side of the point of Interconnection. Site preparation, including grading and an access road, as necessary, is assumed to be by the IC. Route selection, line design, and right-of-way acquisition of the direct connect facilities is not included in this report, and is the responsibility of the IC.

Protective relaying and metering design and installation must comply with PHI's applicable standards. The IC is also required to provide revenue metering and real-time telemetering data to PJM in conformance with the requirements contained in PJM Manuals M-01 and M-14 and the PJM Tariff.

The interconnection customer will purchase and install all metering instrument transformers as well as construct a metering structure per PHI's specifications. The secondary wiring connections at the instrument transformers will be completed by the interconnection customer's contractors and inspected by PHI, while the secondary wiring work at the metering enclosure will be completed by PHI's Meter technicians. The metering control cable and meter cabinets will be supplied by PHI and installed by the interconnection customer's contractors. PHI's meter technicians will program and install two solid state multi-function meters (Primary & Backup) for the new metering position. Each meter will be equipped with load profile, telemetry, and form-c pulse outputs. The ownership of metering equipment purchased or installed by the IC shall be transferred to the Transmission Owner at Commercial Operation, unless the IC asserts its right to install, own and operate the metering system.

Summer Peak Analysis - 2019

Transmission Network Impacts

Potential transmission network impacts are as follows:

Generator Deliverability

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)

None

Multiple Facility Contingency

(Double Circuit Tower Line, Fault with a Stuck Breaker, and Bus Fault contingencies for the full energy output)

None

Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

None

Summer Peak Load Flow Analysis Reinforcements

New System Reinforcements

(Upgrades required to mitigate reliability criteria violations, i.e. Network Impacts, initially caused by the addition of this project generation)

None

Contribution to Previously Identified System Reinforcements

(Overloads initially caused by prior Queue positions with additional contribution to overloading by this project. This project may have a % allocation cost responsibility which will be calculated and reported for the Impact Study)

(Summary form of Cost allocation for transmission lines and transformers will be inserted here if any)

None

Steady-State Voltage Requirements

To be determined in later study phases.

Short Circuit

(Summary of impacted circuit breakers)

No issues identified.

Stability and Reactive Power Requirement

To be determined in later study phases.

Delivery of Energy Portion of Interconnection Request

PJM also studied the delivery of the energy portion of this interconnection request. Any problems identified below are likely to result in operational restrictions to the project under study. The

developer can proceed with network upgrades to eliminate the operational restriction at their discretion by submitting a Merchant Transmission Interconnection request. Only the most severely overloaded conditions are listed. There is no guarantee of full delivery of energy for this project by fixing only the conditions listed in this section. With a Transmission Interconnection Request, a subsequent analysis will be performed, which will study all overload conditions associated with the overloaded element(s) identified.

None

Light Load Analysis - 2019

Light Load Studies to be conducted during later study phases (as required by PJM Manual 14B).

Facilities Study Estimate

The estimated time for PJM to issue a Facilities Study Report is 4 months.

AB1-183/Y3-033 New 69 kV Ring Bus

