



**Generation Interconnection  
Feasibility Study Report  
for**

**Queue Project AF1-286**

**EAST SAYRE 34.5 KV**

**8.1 MW Capacity / 13.6 MW Energy**

January, 2020

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## 1 Introduction

This Feasibility Study has been prepared in accordance with the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, 36.2, as well as the Feasibility Study Agreement between, the Interconnection Customer (IC), and PJM Interconnection, LLC (PJM), Transmission Provider (TP). The Interconnected Transmission Owner (ITO) Mid-Atlantic Interstate Transmission (MAIT – Penelec zone).

## 2 Preface

The intent of the feasibility study is to determine a plan, with ballpark cost and construction time estimates, to connect the subject generation to the PJM network at a location specified by the Interconnection Customer. The Interconnection Customer may request the interconnection of generation as a capacity resource or as an energy-only resource. As a requirement for interconnection, the Interconnection Customer may be responsible for the cost of constructing: (1) Direct Connections, which are new facilities and/or facilities upgrades needed to connect the generator to the PJM network, and (2) Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system.

In some instances a generator interconnection may not be responsible for 100% of the identified network upgrade cost because other transmission network uses, e.g. another generation interconnection, may also contribute to the need for the same network reinforcement. Cost allocation rules for network upgrades can be found in PJM Manual 14A, Attachment B. The possibility of sharing the reinforcement costs with other projects may be identified in the feasibility study, but the actual allocation will be deferred until the impact study is performed.

The Interconnection Customer seeking to interconnect a wind or solar generation facility shall maintain meteorological data facilities as well as provide that meteorological data which is required per Schedule H to the Interconnection Service Agreement and Section 8 of Manual 14D.

PJM utilizes manufacturer models to ensure the performance of turbines is properly captured during the simulations performed for stability verification and, where applicable, for compliance with low voltage ride through requirements. Turbine manufacturers provide such models to their customers. The list of manufacturer models PJM has already validated is contained in Attachment B of Manual 14G. Manufacturer models may be updated from time to time, for various reasons such as to reflect changes to the control systems or to more accurately represent the capabilities turbines and controls which are currently available in the field. Additionally, as new turbine models are developed, turbine manufacturers provide such new models which must be used in the conduct of these studies. PJM needs adequate time to evaluate the new models in order to reduce delays to the System Impact Study process timeline for the Interconnection Customer as well as other Interconnection Customers in the study group. Therefore, PJM will require that any Interconnection Customer with a new manufacturer model must supply that model to PJM, along with a \$10,000 fully refundable deposit, no later than three (3) months prior to the starting date of the System Impact Study (See Section 4.3 for starting dates) for the Interconnection Request which shall specify the use of the new model.

The Interconnection Customer will be required to submit a completed dynamic model study request form (Attachment B-1 of Manual 14G) in order to document the request for the study.

The Feasibility Study estimates do not include the feasibility, cost, or time required to obtain property rights and permits for construction of the required facilities. The IC is responsible for the right of way, real estate, and construction permit issues. For properties currently owned by Transmission Owners, the costs may be included in the study.

### 3 General

The IC has proposed a solar generating facility located in Bradford County, Pennsylvania. The installed facilities will have a total capability of 13.6 MW with 8.1 MW of this output being recognized by PJM as Capacity. The proposed in-service date for this project is 12/31/2021. This study does not imply a TO commitment to this in-service date.

<b>Queue Number</b>	<b>AF1-286</b>
<b>Project Name</b>	<b>EAST SAYRE 34.5 KV</b>
<b>State</b>	Pennsylvania
<b>County</b>	Bradford
<b>Transmission Owner</b>	PENELEC
<b>MFO</b>	13.6
<b>MWE</b>	13.6
<b>MWC</b>	8.1
<b>Fuel</b>	Solar
<b>Basecase Study Year</b>	2023

#### 3.1 Point of Interconnection

This project is being studied for a primary and a secondary point of interconnection (POI). The primary POI is a 34.5kV interconnection via a new 34.5 kV circuit on the #1 bus at the East Sayre substation. The secondary POI is a 34.5kV interconnection via a tap on the Milan circuit at the Penelec-owned East Sayre substation. The IC's proposed generating unit site is approximately 1.1 miles north of Sayre, PA, near Ellistown Road.

Attachment 1 shows a one-line diagram of the proposed primary direct connection facilities for the AF1-286 generation project to connect to the Penelec distribution system. Attachment 2 provides the proposed location for the point of interconnection. IC will be responsible for constructing all of the facilities on its side of the POI, including the attachment facilities which connect the generator to the Penelec distribution system's direct connection facilities.

#### 3.2 Cost Summary

The AF1-286 project will be responsible for the following costs:

Description	Total Cost
<b>Attachment Facilities</b>	\$ 261,300
<b>Direct Connection Network Upgrade</b>	\$ 981,500
<b>Non Direct Connection Network Upgrades</b>	\$ 72,800
<b>Total Costs</b>	<b>\$ 1,315,600</b>

The required Attachment Facilities and Direct and Non-Direct Connection work for the interconnection of the AF1-286 generation project to the Penelec Distribution System is detailed in the following sections. The associated one-line with the generation project Attachment Facilities and the Primary Direct Connection facilities are shown in Attachment 1.

In addition, the AF1-286 project may be responsible for a contribution to the following costs

Description	Total Cost
<b>System Upgrades</b>	\$

Cost allocations for these upgrades will be provided in the System Impact Study Report.

The costs provided above exclude the Contribution in Aid of Construction ("CIAC") Federal Income Tax Gross Up charge. If, at a future date, it is determined that the CIAC Federal Income Tax Gross charge is required, the Transmission Owner shall be reimbursed by the Interconnection Customer for such taxes.

The Feasibility Study is used to make a preliminary determination of the type and scope of Attachment Facilities, Local Upgrades, and Network Upgrades that will be necessary to accommodate the Interconnection Request and to provide the Interconnection Customer a preliminary estimate of the time that will be required to construct any necessary facilities and upgrades and the Interconnection Customer's cost responsibility. The System Impact Study provides refined and comprehensive estimates of cost responsibility and construction lead times for new facilities and system upgrades. Facilities Studies will include, commensurate with the degree of engineering specificity as provided in the Facilities Study Agreement, good faith estimates of the cost, determined in accordance with Section 217 of the Tariff,

- (a) to be charged to each affected New Service Customer for the Facilities and System Upgrades that are necessary to accommodate this queue project;
- (b) the time required to complete detailed design and construction of the facilities and upgrades; and
- (c) a description of any site-specific environmental issues or requirements that could reasonably be anticipated to affect the cost or time required to complete construction of such facilities and upgrades.

## 4 Transmission Owner Scope of Work

The AF1-286 will interconnect with the Penelec distribution system via a new 34.5 kV circuit on the #1 bus at the East Sayre substation. The IC will be responsible for acquiring all easements, properties, and permits that may be required to construct the new interconnection station and the associated facilities.

Attachment 1 shows a one-line diagram of the proposed primary direct connection facilities for the AF1-286 generation project to connect to the Penelec distribution system. The IC will be responsible for constructing all of the facilities on its side of the POI, including the attachment facilities which connect the generator to the FE distribution system's direct connection facilities.

## 5 Attachment Facilities

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Attachment work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
Install new line position for AF1-286 generator interconnection. @ East Sayre	\$ 261,300
<b>Total Attachment Facility Costs</b>	<b>\$ 261,300</b>

## 6 Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Direct Connection work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
Install new line position for AF1-286 generator interconnection. @ East Sayre	\$ 909,300
Tap interconnect pole on existing East Sayre 34.5kV line and add GOAB to interconnect queue project AF1-286. Install 34.5 kV metering in customer's facilities. The customer is responsible to build their own line from their site to Penelec's existing facilities.	\$ 72,200
<b>Total Direct Connection Facility Costs</b>	<b>\$ 981,500</b>

## 7 Non-Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Non-Direct Connection work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
NPs & Review Cust Dwgs @ AF1-286	\$ 72,800
<b>Total Non-Direct Connection Facility Costs</b>	<b>\$ 72,800</b>

## 8 Schedule

Based on the scope of work for the Direct and Non-Direct Connection facilities, it is expected to take a minimum of 24 months after the signing of an Interconnection Construction Service Agreement to complete the installation. This includes the requirement for the IC to make a preliminary payment that compensates FE for the first three months of the engineering design work that is related to the construction of the interconnection substation. This assumes that there will be no environmental issues with any of the new properties associated with this project, that there will be no delays in acquiring the necessary permits for implementing the defined direct connection and that any distribution system outages will be allowed when requested.

## 9 Transmission Owner Analysis

Penelec performed an analysis of its distribution system. The AF1-286 project did not contribute to any overloads on the distribution system for either the primary POI or the secondary POI.

## 10 Interconnection Customer Requirements

### System Protection

An analysis was conducted to assess the impact of the East Sayre 34.5 kV (AF1-286) Project on the system protection requirements in the area. The results of this review show that the following relay additions will be required:

The single line diagram in Attachment 1 shows the generation facility tapping Penelec's East Sayre 34.5kV substation through a new dedicated breaker. This breaker will be controlled and operated by a SEL-351 relay for overload, sync check dead-line closing, voltage and frequency monitoring. Anti-islanding system shall meet IEEE 1547 and UL 1741. Therefore, no Direct Transfer Trip (DTT) will be required.

The 34.5kV interconnection proposal will require IC to meet applicable "Technical Requirements" as outlined in First Energy's document titled "Technical Requirements for the Interconnection of Customer-Owned Generation to the FirstEnergy Distribution System".

### General Concerns

It is to be understood, for abnormal operation of the Penelec system, which could cause IC's generation facility to be electrically isolated from the Penelec system synchronous source via the tripping of a



interconnecting primary voltage line or device, IC will, via Penelec's direction, be required to disconnect the generation from Penelec's system and remain disconnected (**units are required to be OFF LINE**), until the Penelec system normal circuitry is restored. These abnormal conditions will be reviewed by Penelec system operators as to the need for the generation facility to be disconnected.

### Requirements for IC's generation IPP Facility

The proposed interconnection facilities must be designed in accordance with the document titled FirstEnergy Distribution Engineering Practices Interconnection of Customer-Owned Generation to the FirstEnergy Distribution System dated 11/17/14 located at the following link:

<http://www.pjm.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards/private-firstenergy.aspx>

The document is referred to as engineering practice EP(# 02-280) with section 4 part C specifically referencing the "interconnection technical requirements". Certain protection requirement are shown.

Additionally, IC is responsible to provide adequate protection (for their equipment) under any distribution system operating condition' - which includes 'Separation from supply' (i.e. tripping of F.E. circuit breakers) and 'Re-synchronizing the generation after electric restoration of the supply' (i.e. reclosing of F.E. circuit breakers).

IC's protection must be designed to coordinate with the reclosing practices of FirstEnergy line protective devices. The generator must cease to energize the FirstEnergy circuit to which it is connected prior to reclosing of any (FE) automatic reclosing devices.

IC's electrical protection and control schematics shall be provided to FE for consideration. FE may request modifications, if required, to meet the technical requirements.

### Compliance Issues

IC will be responsible for meeting a power factor between 0.90 lagging (producing MVARs) to 0.95 leading (absorbing MVARs) and assure that voltage deviation will be less than 1.0 volt as measured at the POI under all Solar Gen operating conditions due to the inherent dynamic reactive power capability of this solar facility.

Generators with no inherent VAR (reactive power) control capability, or those that have a restricted VAR capability less than the defined requirements, must provide dynamic supplementary reactive support located at the generation facility with electrical characteristics equivalent to that provided by a similar sized synchronous generator. A Dynamic Reactive Compensation (either Static VAR Compensator (SVC) or STATCOM) or other method be applied in order to maintain the required specifications at the POI. IC is responsible for the installation of equipment on its side of the POI in order to adhere to the criteria stated above by FirstEnergy.

## **11 Revenue Metering and SCADA Requirements**

### **11.1 PJM Requirements**

The Interconnection Customer will be required to install equipment necessary to provide Revenue Metering (KWH, KVARH) and real time data (KW, KVAR) for IC's generating Resource. See PJM Manuals M-01 and M-14D, and PJM Tariff Section 8 of Attachment O.

#### **1.1.1 Meteorological Data Reporting Requirement**

The solar generation facility shall provide the Transmission Provider with site-specific meteorological data including:

- Temperature (degrees Fahrenheit)
- Atmospheric pressure (hectopascals)
- Irradiance
- Forced outage data

### **11.2 PENELEC Requirements**

IC will be required to comply with all FE Revenue Metering Requirements for Generation Interconnection Customers. These FE requirements are the following:

The FE operating company (Penelec) shall provide, own, operate, test, and maintain the revenue metering equipment at the Interconnection Customer's expense. The revenue metering equipment includes, but is not limited to, current transformers, voltage transformers, secondary wires, meter socket, bidirectional revenue meter, and associated devices. The IC shall mount the instrument transformers unless otherwise agreed to by Penelec. The instrument transformers and meter socket shall be installed in a location that is readily accessible to authorized Penelec representatives. Penelec will provide the IC access to bidirectional kWh and kVARh pulses from the Penelec meter at the IC's expense if requested. The IC shall, at its expense, install, own, operate, test, and maintain any metering and telemetry equipment that may be required to provide real-time meter data to FE or PJM.

## **12 Network Impacts – Primary Point of Interconnection**

The Queue Project AF1-286 was evaluated as a 13.6 MW (Capacity 8.1 MW) injection at the East Sayre substation, 34.5 kV bus 1 in the PENELEC area. Project AF1-286 was evaluated for compliance with applicable reliability planning criteria (PJM, NERC, NERC Regional Reliability Councils, and Transmission Owners). Project AF1-286 was studied with a commercial probability of 53%. Potential network impacts were as follows:

## Summer Peak Load Flow

## 12.1 Generation Deliverability

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)

None

## 12.2 Multiple Facility Contingency

(Double Circuit Tower Line, Fault with a Stuck Breaker, and Bus Fault contingencies for the full energy output)

None

## 12.3 Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

ID	FROM BUS#	FROM BUS	kV	FROM BUS AREA	TO BUS#	TO BUS	kV	TO BUS AREA	CK T ID	CONT NAME	Type	Rating MVA	PRE PROJECT LOADIN G %	POST PROJECT LOADIN G %	AC D C	MW IMPACT
41383636	200676	26E.SAYRE	115.0	PENELEC	130836	N.WAV115	115.0	NYISO	1	AP-P1-2-WP-230-324T_FSA_A-A	single	128.0	132.41	136.24	DC	4.91
49672316	200676	26E.SAYRE	115.0	PENELEC	130836	N.WAV115	115.0	NYISO	1	20090826CHAPMAN + 230 919490 AA2-000 TAP 230 1	single	128.0	123.41	127.24	DC	4.91

## 12.4 Potential Congestion due to Local Energy Deliverability

PJM also studied the delivery of the energy portion of this interconnection request. Any problems identified below are likely to result in operational restrictions to the project under study. The IC can proceed with network upgrades to eliminate the operational restriction at their discretion by submitting a Merchant Transmission Interconnection request.

Note: Only the most severely overloaded conditions are listed below. There is no guarantee of full delivery of energy for this project by fixing only the conditions listed in this section. With a Transmission Interconnection Request, a subsequent analysis will be performed which shall study all overload conditions associated with the overloaded element(s) identified.

ID	FROM BUS#	FROM BUS	kV	FROM BUS AREA	TO BUS#	TO BUS	kV	TO BUS AREA	CK T ID	CONT NAME	Type	Rating MVA	PRE PROJECT LOADIN G %	POST PROJECT LOADIN G %	AC D C	MW IMPACT
41383260	200674	26TOWANDA	115.0	PENELEC	200677	26NOMESHO	115.0	PENELEC	1	PN-P1-2-PN-230-013A	operation	202.0	160.39	161.59	DC	2.38
41383637	200676	26E.SAYRE	115.0	PENELEC	130836	N.WAV115	115.0	NYISO	1	PN-P1-2-PN-230-101T	operation	128.0	136.31	142.36	DC	7.74

## 12.5 System Reinforcements

ID	Index	Facility	Upgrade Description	Cost
41383636,49672316	1	26E.SAYRE 115.0 kV - N.WAV115 115.0 kV Ckt 1	<p>PN-AF1-F-0026a (323) : Replace relays at East Sayre and North Waverly Project Type : FAC Cost : \$595,000 Time Estimate : 12.0 Months</p> <p>PN-AF1-F-0026b (324) : NYSEG would need to replace their section of the limiting conductor/ equipment and provide estimates for their replacement.</p> <p>Replace relay and meter at East Sayre Project Type : FAC Cost : \$297,500 Time Estimate : 12.0 Months</p> <p>NonPJM Area (443) : The external (i.e. Non-PJM) Transmission Owner, NYISO, will not evaluate this violation until the impact study phase. Project Type : FAC Cost : \$0 Time Estimate : 0.0 Months</p>	\$892,500
			TOTAL COST	\$892,500

## 12.6 Flow Gate Details

The following indices contain additional information about each flowgate presented in the body of the report. For each index, a description of the flowgate and its contingency was included for convenience. However, the intent of the appendix section is to provide more information on which projects/generators have contributions to the flowgate in question. Although this information is not used "as is" for cost allocation purposes, it can be used to gage other generators impact. It should be noted the generator contributions presented in the appendices sections are full contributions, whereas in the body of the report, those contributions take into consideration the commercial probability of each project.

### 12.6.1 Contingency Descriptions

Contingency Name	Contingency Definition
PN-P1-2-PN-230-101T	CONTINGENCY 'PN-P1-2-PN-230-101T' /* EAST TOWANDA - HILLSIDE 230KV DISCONNECT BRANCH FROM BUS 200675 TO BUS 130763 CKT 1 /* 26E.TWANDA 230 HILSD230 230 END
AP-P1-2-WP-230-324T_FSA_A-A	CONTINGENCY 'AP-P1-2-WP-230-324T_FSA_A-A' /* MOSHANNON-MARSHALL 230KV APS- PN TIE DISCONNECT BRANCH FROM BUS 235220 TO BUS 945070 CKT 1 /* 01MOSHAN 230 AF1-172 TAP 230 END

Contingency Name	Contingency Definition
<b>PN-P1-2-PN-230-013A</b>	CONTINGENCY 'PN-P1-2-PN-230-013A' /* EAST TOWANDA - NORTH MESHOPPEN 230KV DISCONNECT BRANCH FROM BUS 200675 TO BUS 200924 CKT 1 /* 26E.TWANDA 230 26CANYON 230 DISCONNECT BRANCH FROM BUS 200924 TO BUS 200706 CKT 1 /* 26CANYON 230 26N.MESHPN 230 END
<b>200908 26CHAPMAN+ 230 919490 AA2-000 TAP 230 1</b>	CONTINGENCY '200908 26CHAPMAN+ 230 919490 AA2-000 TAP 230 1' OPEN BRANCH FROM BUS 200908 TO BUS 919490 CKT 1 END

## 12.6.2 Index 1

ID	FROM BUS#	FROM BUS	FROM BUS AREA	TO BUS#	TO BUS	TO BUS AREA	CKT ID	CONT NAME	Type	Rating MVA	PRE PROJECT LOADING %	POST PROJECT LOADING %	AC DC	MW IMPACT
41383636	200676	26E.SAYRE	PENELEC	130836	N.WAV115	NYISO	1	AP-P1-2-WP-230-324T_FSA_A-A	single	128.0	132.41	136.24	DC	4.91

Bus #	Bus	MW Impact
200851	26MEHOOP3	0.4566
200898	26AA1-106	1.1932
200917	26MTNTP_P28	0.2322
200949	26X1-109	7.2995
203283	26MANOR_T86	0.0238
203347	26NME_Y1-047	0.1540
203350	26MILZ1-092	1.6832
203351	26GROZ1-110	0.1666
203352	26CANZ2-011	0.1666
203909	26Z1-038	1.2770
919201	AA1-144 OP	11.1671
919491	AA2-000	35.2111
920351	AA2-133	0.2821
930511	AB1-092	1.2928
934801	AD1-108	0.0126
934811	AD1-109	0.0092
934821	AD1-110	0.0116
935061	AD1-142	0.0930
936421	AD2-055	2.6617
941421	AE2-139 C	4.1782
943751	AF1-043	7.9852
944411	AF1-106 O1	12.1194
945071	AF1-172 C	11.6190
946211	AF1-286 C O1	4.9084
DUCKCREEK	DUCKCREEK	0.3051
NEWTON	NEWTON	0.2804
FARMERCITY	FARMERCITY	0.0144
G-007A	G-007A	1.2563
VFT	VFT	3.5540
NY	NY	0.9760
PRAIRIE	PRAIRIE	0.6612
COFFEEN	COFFEEN	0.1379
EDWARDS	EDWARDS	0.0931
CHEOAH	CHEOAH	0.1136
TILTON	TILTON	0.1669
MADISON	MADISON	0.0121
GIBSON	GIBSON	0.1431
CALDERWOOD	CALDERWOOD	0.1133
BLUEG	BLUEG	0.4531
TRIMBLE	TRIMBLE	0.1452
CATAWBA	CATAWBA	0.0707

## Short Circuit



## 12.7 Short Circuit

The following Breakers are overdutied:

None

### **13 Network Impacts – Secondary Point of Interconnection**

The Queue Project AF1-286 was evaluated as a 13.6 MW (Capacity 8.1 MW) injection at the East Sayre 34.5 kV substation, bus 2, in the PENELEC area. Project AF1-286 was evaluated for compliance with applicable reliability planning criteria (PJM, NERC, NERC Regional Reliability Councils, and Transmission Owners). Project AF1-286 was studied with a commercial probability of 53%. Potential network impacts were as follows:

## Summer Peak Load Flow

### 13.1 Generation Deliverability

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)

None

### 13.2 Multiple Facility Contingency

(Double Circuit Tower Line, Fault with a Stuck Breaker, and Bus Fault contingencies for the full energy output)

None

### 13.3 Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

ID	FROM BUS#	FROM BUS	kV	FROM BUS AREA	TO BUS#	TO BUS	kV	TO BUS AREA	CK T ID	CONT NAME	Type	Rating MVA	PRE PROJECT LOADIN G %	POST PROJECT LOADIN G %	AC D C	MW IMPAC T
41383636	200676	26E.SAYRE	115.0	PENELEC	130836	N.WAV115	115.0	NYISO	1	AP-P1-2-WP-230-324T_FSA_A-A	single	128.0	132.56	136.4	DC	4.91
49672316	200676	26E.SAYRE	115.0	PENELEC	130836	N.WAV115	115.0	NYISO	1	20090826CHAPMAN + 230919490 AA2-000 TAP 2301	single	128.0	123.57	127.4	DC	4.91

### 13.4 Potential Congestion due to Local Energy Deliverability

PJM also studied the delivery of the energy portion of this interconnection request. Any problems identified below are likely to result in operational restrictions to the project under study. The developer can proceed with network upgrades to eliminate the operational restriction at their discretion by submitting a Merchant Transmission Interconnection request.

Note: Only the most severely overloaded conditions are listed below. There is no guarantee of full delivery of energy for this project by fixing only the conditions listed in this section. With a Transmission Interconnection Request, a subsequent analysis will be performed which shall study all overload conditions associated with the overloaded element(s) identified.

ID	FROM BUS#	FROM BUS	kV	FROM BUS AREA	TO BUS#	TO BUS	kV	TO BUS AREA	CK T ID	CONT NAME	Type	Rating MVA	PRE PROJECT LOADIN G %	POST PROJECT LOADIN G %	AC D C	MW IMPAC T
41383260	200674	26TOWANDA	115.0	PENELEC	200677	26NOMESHO	115.0	PENELEC	1	PN-P1-2-PN-230-013A	operation	202.0	160.35	161.54	DC	2.38
41383637	200676	26E.SAYRE	115.0	PENELEC	130836	N.WAV115	115.0	NYISO	1	PN-P1-2-PN-230-101T	operation	128.0	136.62	142.67	DC	7.74

## 13.5 Flow Gate Details

The following indices contain additional information about each flowgate presented in the body of the report. For each index, a description of the flowgate and its contingency was included for convenience. However, the intent of the appendix section is to provide more information on which projects/generators have contributions to the flowgate in question. Although this information is not used "as is" for cost allocation purposes, it can be used to gauge other generators impact. It should be noted the generator contributions presented in the appendices sections are full contributions, whereas in the body of the report, those contributions take into consideration the commercial probability of each project.

### 13.5.1 Contingency Descriptions

Contingency Name	Contingency Definition
<b>PN-P1-2-PN-230-101T</b>	CONTINGENCY 'PN-P1-2-PN-230-101T' /* EAST TOWANDA - HILLSIDE 230KV DISCONNECT BRANCH FROM BUS 200675 TO BUS 130763 CKT 1 /* 26E.TWANDA 230 HILSD230 230 END
<b>AP-P1-2-WP-230-324T_FSA_A-A</b>	CONTINGENCY 'AP-P1-2-WP-230-324T_FSA_A-A' /* MOSHANNON-MARSHALL 230KV APS- PN TIE DISCONNECT BRANCH FROM BUS 235220 TO BUS 945070 CKT 1 /* 01MOSHAN 230 AF1-172 TAP 230 END
<b>PN-P1-2-PN-230-013A</b>	CONTINGENCY 'PN-P1-2-PN-230-013A' /* EAST TOWANDA - NORTH MESHOPPEN 230KV DISCONNECT BRANCH FROM BUS 200675 TO BUS 200924 CKT 1 /* 26E.TWANDA 230 26CANYON 230 DISCONNECT BRANCH FROM BUS 200924 TO BUS 200706 CKT 1 /* 26CANYON 230 26N.MESHPN 230 END
<b>200908 26CHAPMAN+ 230 919490 AA2-000 TAP 230 1</b>	CONTINGENCY '200908 26CHAPMAN+ 230 919490 AA2-000 TAP 230 1' OPEN BRANCH FROM BUS 200908 TO BUS 919490 CKT 1 END

### 13.5.2 Index 1

ID	FROM BUS#	FROM BUS	FROM BUS AREA	TO BUS#	TO BUS	TO BUS AREA	CKT ID	CONT NAME	Type	Rating MVA	PRE PROJECT LOADING %	POST PROJECT LOADING %	AC DC	MW IMPACT
41383636	200676	26E.SAYRE	PENELEC	130836	N.WAV115	NYISO	1	AP-P1-2-WP-230-324T_FSA_A-A	single	128.0	132.56	136.4	DC	4.91

Bus #	Bus	MW Impact
200851	26MEHOOP3	0.4566
200898	26AA1-106	1.1932
200917	26MTNTP_P28	0.2322
200949	26X1-109	7.2995
203283	26MANOR_T86	0.0238
203347	26NME_Y1-047	0.1540
203350	26MILZ1-092	1.6832
203351	26GROZ1-110	0.1666
203352	26CANZ2-011	0.1666
203909	26Z1-038	1.2770
919201	AA1-144 OP	11.1671
919491	AA2-000	35.2111
920351	AA2-133	0.2821
930511	AB1-092	1.2928
934801	AD1-108	0.0126
934811	AD1-109	0.0092
934821	AD1-110	0.0116
935061	AD1-142	0.0930
936421	AD2-055	2.6617
941421	AE2-139 C	4.1782
943751	AF1-043	7.9852
944411	AF1-106 O2	12.1194
945071	AF1-172 C	11.6190
946211	AF1-286 C O2	4.9084
DUCKCREEK	DUCKCREEK	0.3051
NEWTON	NEWTON	0.2804
FARMERCITY	FARMERCITY	0.0144
G-007A	G-007A	1.2563
VFT	VFT	3.5540
NY	NY	0.9760
PRAIRIE	PRAIRIE	0.6612
COFFEEN	COFFEEN	0.1379
EDWARDS	EDWARDS	0.0931
CHEOAH	CHEOAH	0.1136
TILTON	TILTON	0.1669
MADISON	MADISON	0.0121
GIBSON	GIBSON	0.1431
CALDERWOOD	CALDERWOOD	0.1133
BLUEG	BLUEG	0.4531
TRIMBLE	TRIMBLE	0.1452
CATAWBA	CATAWBA	0.0707

## Short Circuit

### 13.6 Short Circuit

The following Breakers are overdutied:

None



## Affected Systems

## **14 Affected Systems**

### **14.1 LG&E**

LG&E Impacts to be determined during later study phases (as applicable).

### **14.2 MISO**

MISO Impacts to be determined during later study phases (as applicable).

### **14.3 TVA**

TVA Impacts to be determined during later study phases (as applicable).

### **14.4 Duke Energy Progress**

Duke Energy Progress Impacts to be determined during later study phases (as applicable).

### **14.5 NYISO**

NYISO Impacts to be determined during later study phases (as applicable).

## **Attachment 1**

### System Configuration