# Generation Interconnection System Impact Study Report

# For

PJM Generation Interconnection Request Queue Position AC2-112

Stuarts Draft – Stuarts Draft DP 115kV 103.1 MW Capacity / 150 MW Energy

#### Introduction

This System Impact Study (SIS) has been prepared in accordance with the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, Section 205, as well as the System Impact Study Agreement between Augusta Solar LLC, the Interconnection Customer (IC) and PJM Interconnection, LLC (PJM), Transmission Provider (TP). The Interconnected Transmission Owner (ITO) is Virginia Electric and Power Company (VEPCO).

#### **Preface**

The intent of the System Impact Study is to determine a plan, with approximate cost and construction time estimates, to connect the subject generation interconnection project to the PJM network at a location specified by the IC. As a requirement for interconnection, the IC may be responsible for the cost of constructing Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system. All facilities required for interconnection of a generation interconnection project must be designed to meet the technical specifications (on PJM web site) for the appropriate transmission owner.

In some instances an IC may not be responsible for 100% of the identified network upgrade cost because other transmission network uses, e.g. another generation interconnection or merchant transmission upgrade, may also contribute to the need for the same network reinforcement. The possibility of sharing the reinforcement costs with other projects may be identified in the Feasibility Study, but the actual allocation will be deferred until the System Impact Study is performed.

The System Impact Study estimates do not include the feasibility, cost, or time required to obtain property rights and permits for construction of the required facilities. The IC is responsible for the right of way, real estate, and construction permit issues. For properties currently owned by Transmission Owners, the costs may be included in the study.

#### General

The IC has proposed a solar generating facility located east of Stuarts Draft, VA (Augusta County). The installed facilities will have a total capability of 150 MW with 103.1 MW of this output being recognized by PJM as capacity. The proposed in-service date for this project is 10/31/2018. **This study does not imply an ITO commitment to this in-service date.** 

#### **Point of Interconnection**

AC2-112 will interconnect with the ITO transmission system via a new three breaker ring bus switching station that connects on the Stuarts Draft – Stuarts Draft DP 115kV line #117.

# **Cost Summary**

The AC2-112 interconnection request will be responsible for the following costs:

Description	<b>Total Cost</b>				
Attachment Facilities	\$1,550,000				
Direct Connection Network Upgrades	\$5,500,000				
Non Direct Connection Network Upgrades	\$ 800,000				
Allocation for New System Upgrades	\$0				
Contribution for Previously Identified Upgrades	\$0				
Total Costs	\$7,850,000				

#### **Attachment Facilities**

<u>Generation Substation:</u> Install metering and associated protection equipment. Estimated Cost \$550,000.

<u>Transmission:</u> Construct approximately one span of 115 kV Attachment line between the generation substation and the new AC2-112 115 kV Substation. The estimated cost for this work is \$1,000,000.

The estimated total cost of the Attachment Facilities is \$1,550,000. It is estimated to take 18-24 months to complete this work. These preliminary cost estimates are based on typical engineering costs. A more detailed engineering cost estimates are normally done when the IC provides an exact site plan location for the generation substation during the Facility Study phase. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up. The single line is shown below in Attachment 1.

#### **Direct Connection Cost Estimate**

<u>Substation:</u> Establish a new 115 kV AC2-112 three-breaker ring bus Switching Substation. The estimated cost of this work scope is \$5,500,000. It is estimated to take 24-36 months to complete this work.

#### **Non-Direct Connection Cost Estimate**

<u>Transmission</u>: Install transmission structure in-line with transmission line to allow the proposed interconnection switching station to be interconnected with the transmission system. Estimated cost is \$800,000 dollars and is estimated to take 24-30 months to complete.

Remote Terminal Work: During the Facilities Study, ITO's System Protection Engineering Department will review transmission line protection as well as anti-islanding required to accommodate the new generation and interconnection substation. System Protection Engineering will determine the minimal acceptable protection requirements to reliably interconnect the proposed generating facility with the transmission system. The review is based on maintaining system reliability by reviewing ITO's protection requirements with the known transmission system configuration which includes generating facilities in the area. This review may determine that transmission line protection and communication upgrades are required at remote substations.

# **Interconnection Customer Requirements**

ITO's Facility Interconnection Requirements as posted on PJM's website <a href="http://www.pjm.com/~/media/planning/plan-standards/private-dominion/facility-connection-requirements1.ashx">http://www.pjm.com/~/media/planning/plan-standards/private-dominion/facility-connection-requirements1.ashx</a>

An Interconnection Customer entering the New Services Queue on or after October 1, 2012 with a proposed new Customer Facility that has a Maximum Facility Output equal to or greater than 100 MW shall install and maintain, at its expense, phasor measurement units (PMUs). See Section 8.5.3 of Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as section 4.3 of PJM Manual 14D for additional information.

Voltage Ride Through Requirements - The Customer Facility shall be designed to remain in service (not trip) for voltages and times as specified for the Eastern Interconnection in Attachment 1 of NERC Reliability Standard PRC-024-1, and successor Reliability Standards, for both high and low voltage conditions, irrespective of generator size, subject to the permissive trip exceptions established in PRC-024-1 (and successor Reliability Standards).

Frequency Ride Through Requirements - The Customer Facility shall be designed to remain in service (not trip) for frequencies and times as specified in Attachment 2 of NERC Reliability Standard PRC-024-1, and successor Reliability Standards, for both high and low frequency condition, irrespective of generator size, subject to the permissive trip exceptions established in PRC-024-1 (and successor Reliability Standards).

Reactive Power - The Generation Interconnection Customer shall design its non-synchronous Customer Facility with the ability to maintain a power factor of at least 0.95 leading to 0.95 lagging measured at the generator's terminals.

Meteorological Data Reporting Requirement - The solar generation facility shall, at a minimum, be required to provide the Transmission Provider with site-specific meteorological data including:

- Temperature (degrees Fahrenheit)
- Atmospheric pressure (hectopascals)
- Irradiance
- Forced outage data

## **Revenue Metering and SCADA Requirements**

### **PJM Requirements**

The Interconnection Customer will be required to install equipment necessary to provide Revenue Metering (KWH, KVARH) and real time data (KW, KVAR) for IC's generating Resource. See PJM Manuals M-01 and M-14D, and PJM Tariff Sections 24.1 and 24.2.

## **Interconnected Transmission Owner Requirements**

Metering and SCADA/Communication equipment must meet the requirements outlined in section 3.1.6 Metering and Telecommunications of ITO's Facility Connection Requirement NERC Standard FAC-001 which is publically available at www.dominionenergy.com.

# **Network Impacts**

The Queue Project AC2-112 was evaluated as a 150.0 MW (Capacity 103.1 MW) injection at Stuarts Draft 115 kV substation in the ITO area. Project AC2-112 was evaluated for compliance with applicable reliability planning criteria (PJM, NERC, NERC Regional Reliability Councils, and Transmission Owners). Project AC2-112 was studied with a commercial probability of 100%. Potential network impacts were as follows:

PJM assessed the impact of the proposed Queue Project as an injection into the ITO, for compliance with NERC Reliability Criteria. The system was assessed using the summer 2021 RTEP case. When performing analysis, ITO Criteria considers a transmission facility overloaded if it exceeds 94% of its emergency rating under single contingency (normal and stressed system conditions). A full listing of the ITO's Planning Criteria and interconnection requirements can be found in the ITO's Facility Connection Requirements which are publicly available at: <a href="http://www.dominionenergy.com">http://www.dominionenergy.com</a>.

The results of these studies evaluate the system under a limited set of operating conditions and do not guarantee the full delivery of the capacity and associated energy of this proposed generation facility under all operating conditions. NERC Planning and Operating Reliability Criteria allow for the re-dispatch of generating units to resolve projected and actual deficiencies in real time and planning studies. Specifically NERC Category C Contingency Conditions (Bus Fault, Tower Line, N-1-1, and Stuck Breaker scenarios) allow for re-dispatch of generating units to resolve potential reliability deficiencies. For ITO Planning Criteria the re-dispatch of generating units for these contingency conditions is allowed as long as the projected loading does not exceed 100% of a facility Load Dump Rating. The results of these studies are discussed in more detail below.

#### **Contingency Descriptions**

The following contingencies resulted in overloads:

<b>Contingency Name</b>	Description	
LN 550	CONTINGENCY 'LN 550'	
	OPEN BRANCH FROM BUS 314926 TO BUS 314917 CKT 1	/* 8VALLEY
	500.00 - 8MT STM 500.00	
	END	

# Summer Peak Analysis – 2020

#### **Generator Deliverability**

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)

None

#### **Multiple Facility Contingency**

(Double Circuit Tower Line, Fault with a Stuck Breaker, and Bus Fault contingencies for the full energy output).

None

#### **Short Circuit**

(Summary of impacted circuit breakers)

New circuit breakers found to be over-duty:

None

Contributions to previously identified circuit breakers found to be over-duty:

None

#### **Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads**

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

None

# **Steady-State Voltage Requirements**

(Summary of the VAR requirements based upon the results of the steady-state voltage studies)

None

#### Stability and Reactive Power Requirement for Low Voltage Ride Through

(Summary of the VAR requirements based upon the results of the dynamic studies)

No mitigations were found to be required.

#### **New System Reinforcements**

(Upgrades required to mitigate reliability criteria violations, i.e. Network Impacts, initially caused by the addition of this interconnection request)

None

#### **Contribution to Previously Identified System Reinforcements**

(Overloads initially caused by prior Queue positions with additional contribution to overloading by this project. This project may have a % allocation cost responsibility which is calculated and reported for in the Impact Study)

None

#### Potential Congestion due to Local Energy Deliverability

PJM also studied the delivery of the energy portion of this interconnection request. Any problems identified below are likely to result in operational restrictions to the project under study. The IC can proceed with network upgrades to eliminate the operational restriction at their discretion by submitting a Merchant Transmission Interconnection request.

Note: Only the most severely overloaded conditions are listed below. There is no guarantee of full delivery of energy for this interconnection request by addressing only the conditions listed in this section. With a Transmission Interconnection Request, a subsequent analysis will be performed which shall study all overload conditions associated with the overloaded element(s) identified.

Contingency Affect			ntingency	Affected		Bus				Power Loading %		Rating		MW
	#	Type	Name	Area	<b>Facility Description</b>	From	To	Circuit	Flow	Initial	Final	Type	MVA	Contribution
	1	N-1	LN 550	DVP - DVP	8ELMONT-8LDYSMTH 500 kV line	314908	314911	1	AC	143.18	144.23	ER	2442	30.07

# **Light Load Analysis in 2020**

Not required

# **Affected System Analysis & Mitigation**

#### **Duke Energy:**

None identified

### Attachment 1.

#### System Configuration

