

# Generation Interconnection System Impact Study Report for

Queue Project AE2-208

CHAVIES-BONNYMAN 69 KV

25 MW Capacity / 25 MW Energy

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#### 1 Preface

The intent of the System Impact Study is to determine a plan, with approximate cost and construction time estimates, to connect the subject generation interconnection project to the PJM network at a location specified by the Interconnection Customer. As a requirement for interconnection, the Interconnection Customer may be responsible for the cost of constructing: Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system. All facilities required for interconnection of a generation interconnection project must be designed to meet the technical specifications (on PJM web site) for the appropriate transmission owner.

In some instances, a generator interconnection may not be responsible for 100% of the identified network upgrade cost because other transmission network uses, e.g. another generation interconnection, may also contribute to the need for the same network reinforcement. Cost allocation rules for network upgrades can be found in PJM Manual 14A, Attachment B. The possibility of sharing the reinforcement costs with other projects may be identified in the feasibility study, but the actual allocation will be deferred until the impact study is performed.

The Interconnection Customer seeking to interconnect a wind generation facility shall maintain meteorological data facilities as well as provide that meteorological data which is required per Schedule H to the Interconnection Service Agreement and Section 8 of Manual 14D.

An Interconnection Customer with a proposed new Customer Facility that has a Maximum Facility Output equal to or greater than 100 MW shall install and maintain, at its expense, phasor measurement units (PMUs). See Section 8.5.3 of Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as section 4.3 of PJM Manual 14D for additional information.

PJM utilizes manufacturer models to ensure the performance of turbines is properly captured during the simulations performed for stability verification and, where applicable, for compliance with low voltage ride through requirements. Turbine manufacturers provide such models to their customers. The list of manufacturer models PJM has already validated is contained in Attachment B of Manual 14G. Manufacturer models may be updated from time to time, for various reasons such as to reflect changes to the control systems or to more accurately represent the capabilities turbines and controls which are currently available in the field. Additionally, as new turbine models are developed, turbine manufacturers provide such new models which must be used in the conduct of these studies. PJM needs adequate time to evaluate the new models in order to reduce delays to the System Impact Study process timeline for the Interconnection Customer as well

as other Interconnection Customers in the study group. Therefore, PJM will require that any Interconnection Customer with a new manufacturer model must supply that model to PJM, along with a \$10,000 fully refundable deposit, no later than three (3) months prior to the starting date of the System Impact Study (See Section 4.3 for starting dates) for the Interconnection Request which shall specify the use of the new model. The Interconnection Customer will be required to submit a completed dynamic model study request form (Attachment B-1 of Manual 14G) in order to document the request for the study.

#### 2 General

The Interconnection Customer (IC), has proposed an uprate (Storage generating facility) to an existing Solar generating facility (AD2-107) located in Perry County, Kentucky (See Figure 2). This projects requests an increase to the install capability of 25 of uprate MW with 25 of uprate MW of this output being recognized by PJM as Capacity. The installed facilities will have a total capability of 80 MW with 48.1 MW of this output being recognized by PJM as Capacity. The proposed in-service date for this project is December 30, 2020. This study does not imply AEP's commitment to this in-service date.

The Point of Interconnection for the storage facility will be the 69 kV switching station to be constructed for the 55MW (23.1 MW Capacity) AD2-107 solar project, which connects to AEP's Chavies – Bonnyman 69 kV section of the Bonnyman – Jackson 69 kV circuit. The AE2-208 project will share the generator lead, main transformer (with increased capacity from what was originally specified in AD2-107) and other facilities in addition to the POI (See Figure 1). In addition, the Interconnection Customer has indicated that at times they will charge the batteries from the grid.

The objective of this System Impact Study is to determine budgetary cost estimates and approximate construction timelines for identified transmission facilities required to connect the proposed generating facilities to the AEP transmission system. These reinforcements include the Attachment Facilities, Local Upgrades, and Network Upgrades required for maintaining the reliability of the AEP transmission system.

Queue Number	AE2-208	
Project Name	CHAVIES-BONNYMAN 69 KV	
Interconnection Customer	Invenergy Solar Project Development LLC	
State	Kentucky	
County	Perry	
Transmission Owner	AEP	
MFO	80	
MWE	25	
MWC	25	
Fuel	Storage	
Basecase Study Year	2022	

#### 2.1 Point of Interconnection

AE2-208 will interconnect with the AEP transmission system at the 69 kV switching station to be constructed for the AD2-107 project.

Note: It is assumed that the 69 kV revenue metering system, gen lead and Protection & Control Equipment that will be installed for #AD2-107 will be adequate for the additional storage facility connection requested in AE2-208. Depending on the timing of the completion of the AD2-107 interconnection construction relative to the AE2-208 completion, there may (or may not) be a need to review and revise relay settings for the increased generation of AE2-208.

#### 2.2 Cost Summary

The AE2-208 project will be responsible for the following costs:

Description	Total Cost
Attachment Facilities	\$0
Direct Connection Network Upgrade	\$0
Non Direct Connection Network Upgrades	\$0
Allocation for New System Upgrades	\$0
Contribution for Previously Identified Upgrades	\$0
Total Costs	\$0

The estimates provided in this report are preliminary in nature, as they were determined without the benefit of detailed engineering studies. Final estimates will require an on-site review and coordination to determine final construction requirements. In addition, Stability analysis will be completed during the Facilities Study stage. It is possible that a need for additional upgrades could be identified by these studies.

## 3 Transmission Owner Scope of Work

#### 4 Attachment Facilities

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Attachment work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
	\$0
<b>Total Attachment Facility Costs</b>	\$0

#### 5 Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Direct Connection work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
	\$0
Total Direct Connection Facility Costs	\$0

#### **6** Non-Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Non-Direct Connection work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost	
	\$0	
Total Non-Direct Connection Facility Costs	\$0	

#### 7 Incremental Capacity Transfer Rights (ICTRs)

Will be determined at a later study phase

#### 8 Schedule

It is anticipated that the time between receipt of executed Agreements and Commercial Operation may range from 12 to 18 months if no line work is required. If line work is required, construction time would generally be between 24 to 36 months after signing Agreement execution.

#### 9 Transmission Owner Analysis

None

#### **10** Interconnection Customer Requirements

It is understood that Invenergy Solar Project Development is responsible for all costs associated with this interconnection. The costs above are reimbursable to AEP. The cost of Invenergy Solar Project Development's generating plant and the costs for the line connecting the generating plant to the Chavies – Bonnyman 69 kV section of the Bonnyman – Jackson 69 kV circuit are not included in this report; these are assumed to be Invenergy Solar Project Development's responsibility.

The Generation Interconnection Agreement does not in or by itself establish a requirement for American Electric Power to provide power for consumption at the developer's facilities. A separate agreement may be reached with the local utility that provides service in the area to ensure that infrastructure is in place to meet this demand and proper metering equipment is installed. It is the responsibility of the developer to contact the local service provider to determine if a local service agreement is required.

Requirement from the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff:

- An Interconnection Customer entering the New Services Queue on or after October 1, 2012 with a
  proposed new Customer Facility that has a Maximum Facility Output equal to or greater than 100 MW
  shall install and maintain, at its expense, phasor measurement units (PMUs). See Section 8.5.3 of
  Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as section 4.3 of PJM Manual 14D for
  additional information.
- 2. The Interconnection Customer may be required to install and/or pay for metering as necessary to properly track real time output of the facility as well as installing metering which shall be used for billing purposes. See Section 8 of Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as Section 4 of PJM Manual 14D for additional information.

#### 11 Revenue Metering and SCADA Requirements

#### **11.1 PJM Requirements**

The Interconnection Customer will be required to install equipment necessary to provide Revenue Metering (KWH, KVARH) and real time data (KW, KVAR) for IC's generating Resource. See PJM Manuals M-01 and M-14D, and PJM Tariff Section 8 of Attachment O.

#### 11.2 AEP Requirements

The Interconnection Customer will be required to comply with all AEP Revenue Metering Requirements for Generation Interconnection Customers. The Revenue Metering Requirements may be found within the "Requirements for Connection of New Facilities or Changes to Existing Facilities Connected to the AEP Transmission System" document located at the following link:

http://www.pjm.com/~/media/planning/plan-standards/private-aep/aep-interconnection-requirements.ashx

#### **12 Network Impacts**

The Queue Project AE2-208 was evaluated as a 25.1 MW (Capacity 25.0 MW) injection into a tap of the Chavies – Bonnyman 69 kV line (at the AD2-107 interconnection substation) in the AEP area. Project AE2-208 was evaluated for compliance with applicable reliability planning criteria (PJM, NERC, NERC Regional Reliability Councils, and Transmission Owners). Project AE2-208 was studied with a commercial probability of 1.00. Potential network impacts were as follows:

**Summer Peak Load Flow** 

#### 13 Generation Deliverability

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)

None

#### 14 Multiple Facility Contingency

(Double Circuit Tower Line, Fault with a Stuck Breaker, and Bus Fault contingencies for the full energy output)

None

#### 15 Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

None

#### 16 Potential Congestion due to Local Energy Deliverability

PJM also studied the delivery of the energy portion of this interconnection request. Any problems identified below are likely to result in operational restrictions to the project under study. The developer can proceed with network upgrades to eliminate the operational restriction at their discretion by submitting a Merchant Transmission Interconnection request.

Note: Only the most severely overloaded conditions are listed below. There is no guarantee of full delivery of energy for this project by fixing only the conditions listed in this section. With a Transmission Interconnection Request, a subsequent analysis will be performed which shall study all overload conditions associated with the overloaded element(s) identified.

None

# 17 Steady-State Voltage Requirements

(Summary of the VAR requirements based upon the results of the steady-state voltage studies)

To be determined in the Facilities Study Phase

#### 18 Stability and Reactive Power Requirement for Low Voltage Ride Through

(Summary of the VAR requirements based upon the results of the dynamic studies)

To be determined in the Facilities Study Phase

# **19 Light Load Analysis**

Light Load Studies (applicable to wind, coal, nuclear, and pumped storage projects).

None

# **20 System Reinforcements**

ID	Index	Facility	Upgrade Description	Cost
			TOTAL COST	\$0

#### 21 Flow Gate Details

The following appendices contain additional information about each flowgate presented in the body of the report. For each appendix, a description of the flowgate and its contingency was included for convenience. However, the intent of the appendix section is to provide more information on which projects/generators have contributions to the flowgate in question. Although this information is not used "as is" for cost allocation purposes, it can be used to gage other generators impact. It should be noted the generator contributions presented in the appendices sections are full contributions, whereas in the body of the report, those contributions take into consideration the commercial probability of each project.

**Affected Systems** 

## **22** Affected Systems

#### 22.1 LG&E

LG&E Impacts to be determined during later study phases (as applicable).

#### **22.2 MISO**

MISO Impacts to be determined during later study phases (as applicable).

#### 22.3 TVA

None

#### 22.4 Duke Energy Progress

None

#### **22.5 NYISO**

None

**Short Circuit** 

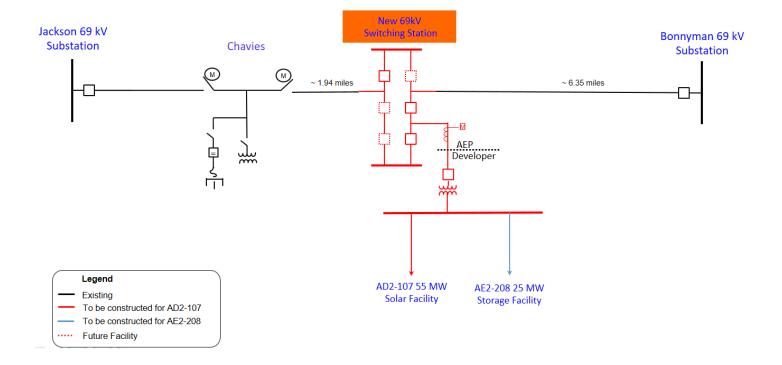
# **23 Short Circuit**

The following Breakers are overduty

None

# 24 Figure 1: AE2-208 Point of Interconnection (Chavies – Bonnyman 69 kV) Single-Line Diagram

#### AE2-208 Point of Interconnection (Chavies – Bonnyman 69KV)



# 25 Figure 2: AE2-208 Point of Interconnection (Chavies – Bonnyman 69 kV)

