

Generation Interconnection System Impact Study Report for

Queue Project AE2-230

BARTONSVILLE-MEADOW BROOK 138 KV

42 MW Capacity / 70 MW Energy

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1 Introduction

This System Impact Study has been prepared in accordance with the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, 205, as well as the System Impact Study Agreement between Bartonsville Energy Facility, LLC, the Interconnection Customer (IC), and PJM Interconnection, LLC (PJM), Transmission Provider (TP). The Interconnected Transmission Owner (ITO) is Potomac Edison Company (part of APS).

2 Preface

The intent of the System Impact Study is to determine a plan, with approximate cost and construction time estimates, to connect the subject generation interconnection project to the PJM network at a location specified by the Interconnection Customer. As a requirement for interconnection, the Interconnection Customer may be responsible for the cost of constructing: Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system. All facilities required for interconnection of a generation interconnection project must be designed to meet the technical specifications (on PJM web site) for the appropriate transmission owner.

In some instances an Interconnection Customer may not be responsible for 100% of the identified network upgrade cost because other transmission network uses, e.g. another generation interconnection or merchant transmission upgrade, may also contribute to the need for the same network reinforcement. The possibility of sharing the reinforcement costs with other projects may be identified in the Feasibility Study, but the actual allocation will be deferred until the System Impact Study is performed.

The System Impact Study estimates do not include the feasibility, cost, or time required to obtain property rights and permits for construction of the required facilities. The project developer is responsible for the right of way, real estate, and construction permit issues. For properties currently owned by Transmission Owners, the costs may be included in the study.

The Interconnection Customer seeking to interconnect a wind or solar generation facility shall maintain meteorological data facilities as well as provide that meteorological data which is required per Schedule H to the Interconnection Service Agreement and Section 8 of Manual 14D.

3 General

The Interconnection Customer (IC), has proposed a Solar generating facility located in Frederick County, Virginia. The installed facilities will have a total capability of 70 MW with 42 MW of this output being recognized by PJM as Capacity. The proposed in-service date for this project is December 1, 2022. This study does not imply a TO commitment to this in-service date.

Queue Number	AE2-230	
Project Name	BARTONSVILLE-MEADOW BROOK 138 KV	
Interconnection Customer	Bartonsville Energy Facility, LLC	
State	VA	
County	Frederick	
Transmission Owner	APS	
MFO	70	
MWE	70	
MWC	42	
Fuel	Solar	
Basecase Study Year	2022	

4 Point of Interconnection

The interconnection of the project to the APS system will be accomplished by constructing a new 138 kV three (3) breaker ring bus substation and looping the Bartonsville-Meadow Brook 138 kV line into the new station. The new substation will be located approximately two miles from Bartonville substation and approximately four miles from Meadow Brook substation. The IC will be responsible for acquiring all easements, properties, and permits that may be required to construct both the new interconnection switching station and the associated facilities. The IC will also be responsible for the rough grade of the property and an access road to the proposed three-breaker ring bus site. The project will also require Non-Direct Connection upgrades at Bartonville and Meadow Brook substations.

Attachment 1 shows a one-line diagram of the proposed primary Direct Connection facilities for the AE2-230 generation project to connect to the FirstEnergy ("FE") transmission system. **Attachment 2** provides the proposed location for the point of interconnection. IC will be responsible for constructing the facilities on its side of the POI, including the Attachment Facilities which connect the generator to the FE transmission system's Direct Connection facilities.

5 Cost Summary

The AE2-230 project will be responsible for the following costs:

Description	Total Cost
Attachment Facilities	\$307,200
Direct Connection Network Upgrade	\$6,757,200
Non Direct Connection Network Upgrades	\$1,884,900
System Upgrades	\$0
Total Costs	\$8,949,300

The costs provided above exclude the Contribution in Aid of Construction ("CIAC") Federal Income Tax Gross Up charge. If, at a future date, it is determined that the CIAC Federal Income Tax Gross Up charge is required, the Transmission Owner shall be reimbursed by the Interconnection Customer for such taxes.

The required Attachment Facilities and Direct and Non-Direct Connection work for the interconnection of the AE2-230 generation project to the FE Transmission System is detailed in the following sections. The associated one-line with the generation project Attachment Facilities and the Primary Direct and Non-Direct Connection facilities are shown in Attachment 1.

Note: PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) section 217.3A outline cost allocation rules. The rules are further clarified in PJM Manual 14A Attachment B. The allocation of costs for a network upgrade will start with the first Queue project to cause the need for the upgrade. Later queue projects will receive cost allocation contingent on their contribution to the violation and are allocated to the queues that have not closed less than

5 years following tl upgrade.	he execution of the fi	rst Interconnectio	on Service Agreem	ent which identifi	es the need for this

6 Transmission Owner Scope of Work

The interconnection of the project to the APS system will be accomplished by constructing a new 138 kV three (3) breaker ring bus substation and looping the Bartonsville-Meadow Brook 138 kV line into the new station. The new substation will be located approximately two miles from Bartonville substation and approximately four miles from Meadow Brook substation. The IC will be responsible for acquiring all easements, properties, and permits that may be required to construct both the new interconnection switching station and the associated facilities. The IC will also be responsible for the rough grade of the property and an access road to the proposed three-breaker ring bus site. The project will also require Non-Direct Connection upgrades at Bartonville and Meadow Brook substations

6.1 Attachment Facilities

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Attachment work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
Install Attachment Facilities associated with new 138	\$247,000
kV three-breaker ring bus at Long Creek	
Review drawings, nameplates, and relay settings to	\$60,200
meet FE standards at AE2-230 customer substation	
Total Attachment Facility Costs	\$307,200

6.2 Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Direct Connection work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
Construct a new 138 kV three-breaker ring bus at	\$5,908,600
Long Creek	
Design, install, and test/commission MPLS equipment for	\$164,300
SCADA transport	
Install fiber from Long Creek to backbone for	\$92,700
communication transport	
Estimated SCADA work at Meadow Brook to support	\$80,300
updated relay settings and relay installations. Estimated	
SCADA work at AE2-230 to support updated relay settings	
Project Management, Environmental, Forestry, Real	\$511,300
Estate, and Right of Way	
Total Direct Connection Facility Costs	\$6,757,200

6.3 Non-Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Non-Direct Connection work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
Loop the Bartonville-Meadow Brook 138 kV line into the	\$1,136,800
new Long Creek substation at Bartonville-Meadow Brook	
138 kV - loop to Long Creek substation	
Line name change & retune carrier at Bartonville	\$145,800
Relay & carrier panel replacements at Meadow Brook	\$507,200
Transfer the Meadow Brook-Redbud 138 kV line onto the	\$95,100
new loop structures installed at Meadow Brook-Redbud	
138 kV - loop to Long Creek substation	
Total Non-Direct Connection Facility Costs	\$1,884,900

7 Schedule

Based on the scope of work for the Attachment Facilities and the Direct and/or Non-Direct Connection facilities, it is expected to take a minimum of **20 months** after the signing of an Interconnection Construction Service Agreement to complete the installation. This includes the requirement for the IC to make a preliminary payment that compensates FE for the first three months of the engineering design work that is related to the Attachment Facilities and Direct Connection work. Full initial deposit is required for the Non-Direct Connection work. This assumes that there will be no environmental issues with any of the new properties associated with this project, that there will be no delays in acquiring the necessary permits for implementing the defined Direct Connection and network upgrades, and that all transmission system outages will be allowed when requested.

The schedule for the required Network Impact Reinforcements will be more clearly identified in future study phases. The estimate elapsed time to complete each of the required reinforcements is identified in the "System Reinforcements" section of the report.

8 Transmission Owner Analysis

8.1 Power Flow Analysis

FE performed an analysis of its underlying transmission <100 kV system. The AE2-230 project did not contribute to any overloads on the FE transmission <100 kV system.

8.2 Stability Analysis

PJM will complete a dynamic stability analysis as an addendum to the Impact Study. The results of this analysis will be reviewed by FE. Should stability concerns be identified in PJM's study, FE will develop appropriate system reinforcement(s) and include the estimated cost of any reinforcement(s).

9 Interconnection Customer Requirements

9.1 System Protection

The IC must design its Customer Facilities in accordance with all applicable standards, including the standards in FE's "Requirements for Transmission Connected Facilities" document located at: http://www.pjm.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards/private-firstenergy.aspx.

Preliminary protection requirements will be provided as part of the Facilities Study. Detailed protection requirements will be provided once the project enters the construction phase.

9.2 Compliance Issues and Interconnection Customer Requirements

The proposed Customer Facilities must be designed in accordance with FE's "Requirements for Transmission Connected Facilities" document located at: http://www.pjm.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards/private-firstenergy.aspx. In particular, the IC is responsible for the following:

- 1. The purchase and installation of a fully rated 138 kV circuit breaker to protect the AE2-230 generator lead line. A single circuit breaker must be used to protect this line; if the project has several GSU transformers, the individual GSU transformer breakers cannot be used to protect this line.
- 2. The purchase and installation of the minimum required FE generation interconnection relaying and control facilities. This includes over/under voltage protection, over/under frequency protection, and zero sequence voltage protection relays.
- 3. The purchase and installation of supervisory control and data acquisition ("SCADA") equipment to provide information in a compatible format to the FE Transmission System Control Center.
- 4. Compliance with the FE and PJM generator power factor and voltage control requirements.
- 5. The execution of a back-up service agreement to serve the customer load supplied from the AE2-230 generation project metering point when the units are out-of-service. This assumes the intent of the IC is to net the generation with the load.

The IC will also be required to meet all PJM, ReliabilityFirst, and NERC reliability criteria and operating procedures for standards compliance. For example, the IC will need to properly locate and report the over and under voltage and over and under frequency system protection elements for its units as well as the submission of the generator model and protection data required to satisfy the PJM and ReliabilityFirst audits. Failure to comply with these requirements may result in a disconnection of service if the violation is found to compromise the reliability of the FE system.

9.3 Power Factor Requirements

The IC shall design its non-synchronous Customer Facility with the ability to maintain a power factor of at least 0.95 leading (absorbing VARs) to 0.95 lagging (supplying VARs) measured at the high-side of the facility substation transformer(s) connected to the FE transmission system.

10 Revenue Metering and SCADA Requirements

10.1 PJM Requirements

The Interconnection Customer will be required to install equipment necessary to provide Revenue Metering (KWH, KVARH) and real time data (KW, KVAR) for IC's generating Resource. See PJM Manuals M-01 and M-14D, and PJM Tariff Section 8 of Attachment O.

10.1.1 Meteorological Data Reporting Requirement

The solar generation facility shall provide the Transmission Provider with site-specific meteorological data including:

- Temperature (degrees Fahrenheit)
- Atmospheric pressure (hectopascals)
- Irradiance
- Forced outage data

10.2 APS Requirements

The IC will be required to comply with all FE revenue metering requirements for generation interconnection customers which can be found in FE's "Requirements for Transmission Connected Facilities" document located at: http://www.pjm.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards/private-firstenergy.aspx.

11 Network Impacts

The Queue Project AE2-230 was evaluated as a 70.0 MW (Capacity 42.0 MW) injection at the tap of the Bartonville to Meadow Brook 138 kV line in the APS area. Project AE2-230 was evaluated for compliance with applicable reliability planning criteria (PJM, NERC, NERC Regional Reliability Councils, and Transmission Owners). Project AE2-230 was studied with a commercial probability of 100%. Potential network impacts were as follows:

Summer Peak Load Flow

12 Generation Deliverability

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)

None

13 Multiple Facility Contingency

(Double Circuit Tower Line, Fault with a Stuck Breaker, and Bus Fault contingencies for the full energy output)

None

14 Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

None

15 Potential Congestion due to Local Energy Deliverability

PJM also studied the delivery of the energy portion of this interconnection request. Any problems identified below are likely to result in operational restrictions to the project under study. The developer can proceed with network upgrades to eliminate the operational restriction at their discretion by submitting a Merchant Transmission Interconnection request.

Note: Only the most severely overloaded conditions are listed below. There is no guarantee of full delivery of energy for this project by fixing only the conditions listed in this section. With a Transmission Interconnection Request, a subsequent analysis will be performed which shall study all overload conditions associated with the overloaded element(s) identified.

N	0	n	۵

Affected Systems

16 Affected Systems

None

Short Circuit

17 Short Circuit

The following Breakers are overduty:

None

Stability

18 Stability Analysis and Reactive Power Assessment

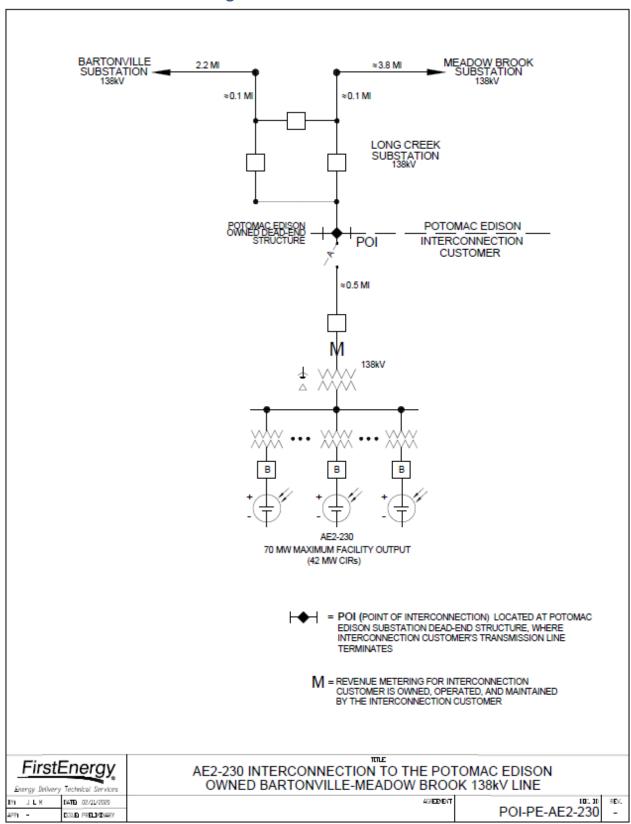
To be finalized in Facilities Study phase.

Light Load

19 Light Load Analysis

Not applicable to solar projects.

20 Attachment One: One Line Diagram



21 Attachment Two: Project Location

