

Generation Interconnection

System Impact Study Report

for

Queue Project AE2-306

GUNN ROAD 345 KV

18 MW Capacity / 30 MW Energy

February 2020

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1 Preface

The intent of the System Impact Study is to determine a plan, with approximate cost and construction time estimates, to connect the subject generation interconnection project to the PJM network at a location specified by the Interconnection Customer. As a requirement for interconnection, the Interconnection Customer may be responsible for the cost of constructing: Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system. All facilities required for interconnection of a generation interconnection project must be designed to meet the technical specifications (on PJM web site) for the appropriate transmission owner.

In some instances, a generator interconnection may not be responsible for 100% of the identified network upgrade cost because other transmission network uses, e.g. another generation interconnection, may also contribute to the need for the same network reinforcement. Cost allocation rules for network upgrades can be found in PJM Manual 14A, Attachment B. The possibility of sharing the reinforcement costs with other projects may be identified in the feasibility study, but the actual allocation will be deferred until the impact study is performed.

The System Impact Study estimates do not include the feasibility, cost, or time required to obtain property rights and permits for construction of the required facilities. The project developer is responsible for the right of way, real estate, and construction permit issues. For properties currently owned by Transmission Owners, the costs may be included in the study.

The Interconnection Customer seeking to interconnect a wind or solar generation facility shall maintain meteorological data facilities as well as provide that meteorological data which is required per Schedule H to the Interconnection Service Agreement and Section 8 of Manual 14D.

An Interconnection Customer with a proposed new Customer Facility that has a Maximum Facility Output equal to or greater than 100 MW shall install and maintain, at its expense, phasor measurement units (PMUs). See Section 8.5.3 of Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as section 4.3 of PJM Manual 14D for additional information.

2 General

EverPower Solar, LLC has proposed to install PJM project # AE2-306, a Solar generating facility located in Hardin County, Ohio (See Figure 2). The installed facilities will have a total capability of 30 MW with 18 MW of this output being recognized by PJM as Capacity. The Point of Interconnection will be the Gunn Road 345 kV switching station connecting to AEP's East Lima – Marysville 345 kV line which is to be built for PJM Project #U2-072 (See Figure 1).

The proposed in-service date for this project is August 01, 2021. This study does not imply a TO commitment to this in-service date.

The objective of this System Impact Study is to determine budgetary cost estimates and approximate construction timelines for identified transmission facilities required to connect the proposed generating facilities to the AEP transmission system. These reinforcements include the Attachment Facilities, Local Upgrades, and Network Upgrades required for maintaining the reliability of the AEP transmission system.

Queue Number	AE2-306
Project Name	GUNN ROAD 345 KV
Interconnection Customer	EverPower Solar LLC
State	Ohio
County	Hardin
Transmission Owner	AEP
MFO	30
MWE	30
MWC	18
Fuel	Solar
Basecase Study Year	2022

2.1 Primary Point of Interconnection

AE2-306 will interconnect with the AEP transmission system at Gunn Road 345 kV switching station connecting to AEP's East Lima – Marysville 345 kV line which is to be built for PJM Project #U2-072.

To accommodate the interconnection at the Gunn Road 345 kV switching station, the substation will have to be expanded requiring the installation of one (1) 345 kV circuit breaker (see Figure 1). Installation of associated protection and control equipment, 345 kV line risers, SCADA, and 345 kV revenue metering will also be required. AEP reserves the right to specify the final acceptable configuration considering design practices, future expansion, and compliance requirements.

2.2 Cost Summary

The AE2-306 project will be responsible for the following costs:

Description	Total Cost
Attachment Facilities	\$1,600,000
Direct Connection Network Upgrade	\$0
Non Direct Connection Network Upgrades	\$2,000,000
Allocation for New System Upgrades	\$0
Contribution for Previously Identified Upgrades	\$0
Total Costs	\$3,600,000

The estimates are preliminary in nature, as they were determined without the benefit of detailed engineering studies. Final estimates will require an on-site review and coordination to determine final construction requirements.

3 Transmission Owner Scope of Work

4 Attachment Facilities

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Attachment work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
345 kV Revenue metering	\$350,000
Generator lead first span exiting the POI station,	\$1,250,000
including the first structure outside the fence	
Total Attachment Facility Costs	\$1,600,000

5 Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Direct Connection work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
Total Direct Connection Facility Costs	\$0

6 Non-Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Non-Direct Connection work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

Description	Total Cost
To accommodate the interconnection at the Gunn	\$2,000,000
Road 345 kV switching station, the substation will	
have to be expanded requiring the installation of	
one (1) 345 kV circuit breaker.	
Total Non-Direct Connection Facility Costs	\$2,000,000

7 Incremental Capacity Transfer Rights (ICTRs)

None

8 Schedule

It is anticipated that the time between receipt of executed Agreements and Commercial Operation may range from 12 to 18 months if no line work is required. If line work is required, construction time would generally be between 24 to 36 months after signing Agreement execution.

9 Interconnection Customer Requirements

It is understood that EverPower Solar is responsible for all costs associated with this interconnection. The costs above are reimbursable to AEP. The cost of EverPower Solar's generating plant and the costs for the line connecting the generating plant to the Gunn Road 345 kV Switching station are not included in this report; these are assumed to be EverPower Solar's responsibility.

The Generation Interconnection Agreement does not in or by itself establish a requirement for American Electric Power to provide power for consumption at the developer's facilities. A separate agreement may be reached with the local utility that provides service in the area to ensure that infrastructure is in place to meet this demand and proper metering equipment is installed. It is the responsibility of the developer to contact the local service provider to determine if a local service agreement is required.

Requirement from the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff:

- An Interconnection Customer entering the New Services Queue on or after October 1, 2012 with a
 proposed new Customer Facility that has a Maximum Facility Output equal to or greater than 100 MW
 shall install and maintain, at its expense, phasor measurement units (PMUs). See Section 8.5.3 of
 Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as section 4.3 of PJM Manual 14D for
 additional information.
- 2. The Interconnection Customer may be required to install and/or pay for metering as necessary to properly track real time output of the facility as well as installing metering which shall be used for billing purposes. See Section 8 of Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as Section 4 of PJM Manual 14D for additional information.

10 Revenue Metering and SCADA Requirements

10.1 PJM Requirements

The Interconnection Customer will be required to install equipment necessary to provide Revenue Metering (KWH, KVARH) and real time data (KW, KVAR) for IC's generating Resource. See PJM Manuals M-01 and M-14D, and PJM Tariff Section 8 of Attachment O.

10.2 AEP Requirements

The Interconnection Customer will be required to comply with all AEP Revenue Metering Requirements for Generation Interconnection Customers. The Revenue Metering Requirements may be found within the "Requirements for Connection of New Facilities or Changes to Existing Facilities Connected to the AEP Transmission System" document located at the following link:

http://www.pjm.com/~/media/planning/plan-standards/private-aep/aep-interconnection-requirements.ashx

11 Network Impacts

The Queue Project AE2-306 was evaluated as a 30.0 MW (Capacity 18.0 MW) injection into the Gunn Road 345 kV substation in the AEP area. Project AE2-306 was evaluated for compliance with applicable reliability planning criteria (PJM, NERC, NERC Regional Reliability Councils, and Transmission Owners). Project AE2-306 was studied with a commercial probability of 1.00. Potential network impacts were as follows:

Summer Peak Load Flow

12 Generation Deliverability

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)

None

13 Multiple Facility Contingency

(Double Circuit Tower Line, Fault with a Stuck Breaker, and Bus Fault contingencies for the full energy output)

None

14 Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

None

15 Potential Congestion due to Local Energy Deliverability

PJM also studied the delivery of the energy portion of this interconnection request. Any problems identified below are likely to result in operational restrictions to the project under study. The developer can proceed with network upgrades to eliminate the operational restriction at their discretion by submitting a Merchant Transmission Interconnection request.

Note: Only the most severely overloaded conditions are listed below. There is no guarantee of full delivery of energy for this project by fixing only the conditions listed in this section. With a Transmission Interconnection Request, a subsequent analysis will be performed which shall study all overload conditions associated with the overloaded element(s) identified.

ID	FROM BUS#	FROM BUS	kV	FRO M BUS AREA	TO BUS#	TO BUS	kV	TO BUS ARE A	CK T ID	CONT NAME	Type	Ratin g MVA	PRE PROJECT LOADIN G %	POST PROJECT LOADIN G %	AC D C	MW IMPAC T
740364	24390	05HARDI N SS	345. 0	AEP	24293	05E LIMA	345. 0	AEP	1	Base	operatio	897.0	107.61	109.19	AC	14.3
9	2				5		_			Case	n					
740365	24390	05HARDI	345.	AEP	24293	05E LIMA	345.	AEP	1	AEP_P1-	operatio	1151.	112.01	114.62	AC	30.0
0	2	N SS	0		5		0			2_#1114	n	0				
										4						
740372	24390	05GUNN	345.	AEP	24293	05MARYS	345.	AEP	1	AEP_P1-	operatio	1151.	112.97	115.63	AC	30.0
9	3	RD SS	0		9	V	0			2_#6496	n	0				

16 Steady-State Voltage Requirements

(Summary of the VAR requirements based upon the results of the steady-state voltage studies)

To be evaluated during the Facilities Study Phase

17 Stability and Reactive Power Requirements for Low Voltage Ride Through

(Summary of the VAR requirements based upon the results of the dynamic studies)

To be evaluated during the Facilities Study Phase

18 Light Load Analysis

Light Load Studies (applicable to wind, coal, nuclear, and pumped storage projects).

Not required

19 System	Reinforcements
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None

Affected Systems

20 Affected Systems

20.1 LG&E

None

20.2 MISO

MISO Impacts to be determined during the Facilities Study.

20.3 TVA

None

20.4 Duke Energy Progress

None

20.5 NYISO

None

21 Contingency Descriptions

Contingency Name	Contingency Definition					
Base Case						
AEP_P1-2_#11144	CONTINGENCY 'AEP_P1-2_#11144' OPEN BRANCH FROM BUS 243903 TO BUS 242939 CKT 1 / 243903 05GUNN RD SS 345 242939 05MARYSV 345 1 END					
AEP_P1-2_#6496	CONTINGENCY 'AEP_P1-2_#6496' OPEN BRANCH FROM BUS 242935 TO BUS 243902 CKT 1 / 242935 05E LIMA 345 243902 05HARDIN SS 345 1 END					

Short Circuit

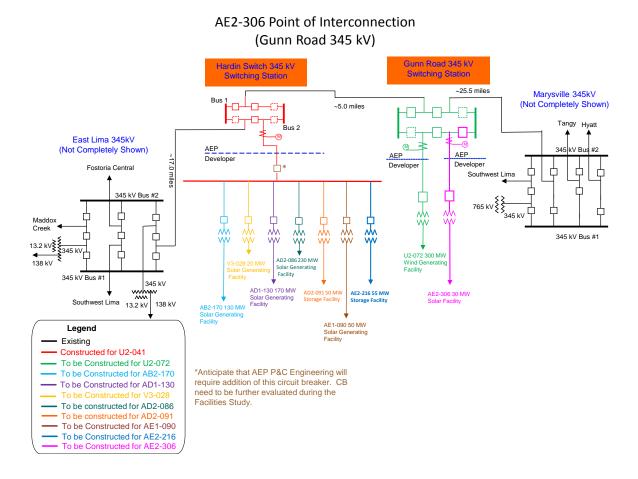
22 Short Circuit

The following Breakers are overduty

None

23 Figure 1: AE2-306 Primary Point of Interconnection (Gunn Road 345 kV)

Single-Line Diagram



24 Figure 2: AE2-306 Point of Interconnection (Gunn Road 345 kV)

