

***Long Term Firm
System Impact Study Report***

For

***PJM Transmission Service Request
Queue Positions***

Z2-065 – OASIS # 4641473 – 55 MW

Z2-066 – OASIS # 4641474 – 55 MW

Z2-067 – OASIS # 4641475 – 55 MW

Revised – March 2015

October 2014

Preface

The intent of the System Impact Study is to determine a plan, with approximate cost and construction time estimates, to connect the subject generation interconnection project to the PJM network at a location specified by the New Service Customer. As a requirement for interconnection, the New Service Customer may be responsible for the cost of constructing: Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system.

In some instances a New Service Customer may not be responsible for 100% of the identified network upgrade cost because other transmission network uses, e.g. another generation interconnection, merchant transmission upgrade, or transmission service request may also contribute to the need for the same network reinforcement.

General

North Carolina Electric Membership, the New Service Customer (NSC), has requested a maximum amount of 165 MW of yearly firm network transmission service on the CPLE to PJM path, beginning June 1, 2019 and ending June 1, 2024. The Point of Receipt (POR) for this request is CPLE and the Point of Delivery (POD) is PJM. This request has been assigned PJM OASIS reference identification 4641473, 4641474, 4641475 and was submitted on the PJM OASIS per the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff (PJM OATT).

OASIS-ID	Start	Stop	Path	POR	POD	MW
4641473	06/01/2019	06/01/2024	CPLE - PJM	CPLE	PJM	55
4641474	06/01/2019	06/01/2024	CPLE - PJM	CPLE	PJM	55
4641475	06/01/2019	06/01/2024	CPLE - PJM	CPLE	PJM	55

Cost Summary

The Z2-065 / Z2-066 / Z2-067 projects will be responsible for the following costs:

Description	Total Cost
Allocation for New System Upgrades	\$ 0
Contribution for Previously Identified Upgrades	\$ 0
Total Costs	\$ 0

Service can be granted on June 1, 2019.

Network Impacts

The Queue Project #Z2-067 was studied as a 165.0 MW long term firm transfer from the Hamlet units 1, 4 and 5 in CPLE to PJM. Project Z2-067 was evaluated for compliance with applicable reliability planning criteria (PJM, NERC, NERC Regional Reliability Councils, and Transmission Owners). Project Z2-067 was studied with a commercial probability of 100%. Potential network impacts were as follows:

Contingency Descriptions

The following contingencies resulted in overloads:

None.

Summer Peak Analysis - 2018

Generator Deliverability

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)

None.

Multiple Facility Contingency

(Double Circuit Tower Line contingencies were studied for the full energy output. The contingencies of Line with Failed Breaker and Bus Fault will be performed for the Impact Study.)

None.

Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

None.

New System Reinforcements

(Upgrades required to mitigate reliability criteria violations, i.e. Network Impacts, initially caused by the addition of this project generation)

None.

Contribution to Previously Identified System Reinforcements

(Overloads initially caused by prior Queue positions with additional contribution to overloading by this project. This project may have a % allocation cost responsibility which will be calculated and reported for the Impact Study)

None.

***Long Term Firm
System Impact Study Report***

For

***PJM Transmission Service Request
Queue Positions***

Z2-065 – OASIS # 4641473 – 55 MW

Z2-066 – OASIS # 4641474 – 55 MW

Z2-067 – OASIS # 4641475 – 55 MW

October 2014

Preface

The intent of the System Impact Study is to determine a plan, with approximate cost and construction time estimates, to connect the subject generation interconnection project to the PJM network at a location specified by the New Service Customer. As a requirement for interconnection, the New Service Customer may be responsible for the cost of constructing: Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system.

In some instances a New Service Customer may not be responsible for 100% of the identified network upgrade cost because other transmission network uses, e.g. another generation interconnection, merchant transmission upgrade, or transmission service request may also contribute to the need for the same network reinforcement.

General

North Carolina Electric Membership, the New Service Customer (NSC), has requested a maximum amount of 165 MW of yearly firm network transmission service on the CPLE to PJM path, beginning June 1, 2019 and ending June 1, 2024. The Point of Receipt (POR) for this request is CPLE and the Point of Delivery (POD) is PJM. This request has been assigned PJM OASIS reference identification 4641473, 4641474, 4641475 and was submitted on the PJM OASIS per the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff (PJM OATT).

OASIS-ID	Start	Stop	Path	POR	POD	MW
4641473	06/01/2019	06/01/2024	CPLE - PJM	CPLE	PJM	55
4641474	06/01/2019	06/01/2024	CPLE - PJM	CPLE	PJM	55
4641475	06/01/2019	06/01/2024	CPLE - PJM	CPLE	PJM	55

Cost Summary

The Z2-065 / Z2-066 / Z2-067 projects will be responsible for the following costs:

Description	Total Cost
Allocation for New System Upgrades	\$ 0
Contribution for Previously Identified Upgrades	\$ 189,800,000
Total Costs	\$ 189,800,000

Cost allocations for these upgrades will be provided in a revised System Impact Study Report.

Network Impacts

The Queue Project Z2-067 was studied as a 165.0 MW injection from the Hamlet units 1, 4 and 5 in CPLE into PJM. Project Z2-067 was evaluated for compliance with applicable reliability planning criteria (PJM, NERC, NERC Regional Reliability Councils, and Transmission Owners). Project Z2-067 was studied with a commercial probability of 100%. Potential network impacts were as follows:

Contingency Descriptions

The following contingencies resulted in overloads:

Contingency Name	Description
511T595	CONTINGENCY '511T595' /*CARSON OPEN BRANCH FROM BUS 314902 TO BUS 314935 CKT 1 /*CARSON TO BRUNSWICK (LINE 595) OPEN BRANCH FROM BUS 314936 TO BUS 314902 CKT 1 /*RAWLINGS TO CARSON (LINE 511) END
LN 595	CONTINGENCY 'LN 595' OPEN BRANCH FROM BUS 314902 TO BUS 314935 CKT 1 /* 8CARSON 500.00 - 8BRUNSWICK 500.00 END

Summer Peak Analysis - 2018

Generator Deliverability

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)

None.

Multiple Facility Contingency

(Double Circuit Tower Line contingencies were studied for the full energy output. The contingencies of Line with Failed Breaker and Bus Fault will be performed for the Impact Study.)

None.

Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

#	Contingency		Affected Area	Facility Description	Bus		Circuit	Power Flow	Loading %		Rating		MW Contribution
	Type	Name			From	To			Initial	Final	Type	MVA	
1	LFFB	511T595	DVP - DVP	6PRINCE EDW-6FARMVIL 230 kV line	313802	314692	1	AC	121.88	123.82	ER	608	11.76
2	LFFB	511T595	DVP - DVP	6BRIERY-6PRINCE EDW 230 kV line	314268	313802	1	AC	122.92	124.85	ER	608	11.76
3	LFFB	511T595	DVP - DVP	6CLOVER-6BRIERY 230 kV line	314686	314268	1	AC	123.91	125.84	ER	608	11.76
4	N-1	LN 595	DVP - DVP	8RAWLINGS-8CARSON 500 kV line	314936	314902	1	AC	131.93	133.33	ER	2598	36.35

New System Reinforcements

(Upgrades required to mitigate reliability criteria violations, i.e. Network Impacts, initially caused by the addition of this project generation)

None.

Contribution to Previously Identified System Reinforcements

(Overloads initially caused by prior Queue positions with additional contribution to overloading by this project. This project may have a % allocation cost responsibility which will be calculated and reported for the Impact Study)

Violation #	Overloaded Facility	Upgrade Description	Network Upgrade Number	Upgrade Cost
#1	6PRINCE EDW-6FARMVIL 230 kV line	A double circuit 230 kV line solution between 6PRINCE EDW (bus 313802) and 6FARMVIL (bus 314692) is proposed to solve the overload. It is estimated to cost \$18,500,000 to resolve this deficiency.	n4255	\$ 18,500,000
#2	6BRIERY-6PRINCE EDW 230 kV line	A double circuit 230 kV line solution between 6BRIERY (bus 314268) and 6PRINCE EDW (bus 313802) is proposed to solve the overload. It is estimated to cost \$14,225,000 to resolve this deficiency.	n4256	\$ 14,225,000
#3	6CLOVER-6BRIERY 230 kV line	A double circuit 230 kV line solution between 6CLOVER (bus 314686) and 6BRIERY (bus 314268) is proposed to solve the overload. It is estimated to cost \$107,075,000 to resolve this deficiency.	n4257	\$ 107,075,000
#4	8RAWLINGS-8CARSON 500 kV line	The 500 kV Line section between 8RAWLINGS (bus 314936) and 8CARSON (bus 314902) is proposed to be upgraded as part of work related to X2-076. This section of 500 kV Line will have a minimum emergency rating of 4000 amps (3619 MVA) however, this line rating is not sufficient for this contingency condition. This line will be uprated as part of Z1-086 and is estimated to cost \$ 50,000,000 to resolve this contingency condition.	n4258	\$ 50,000,000
Total New Network Upgrades				\$ 189,800,000